

شكراً لتحميلك هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية



أوراق عمل مراجعة الوجدتين التاسعة والعاشره متبوعه بمفاتيح الإجابات

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**Term (3) – 2021/2022**

Teacher: Arwa Abdelmoneim

Revision Unit 9 – Unit 10 – G11

Health Sciences

1.	How can you make sure your personal information is safe and secure online?	
	(A)	Share personal information with people you do not know
	(B)	Use strong passwords that are difficult for other people to guess
	(C)	Use public social media settings so that anyone can see what you do
	(D)	Write negative comments about others online

2.	What information should be shared on social media by healthcare providers?	
	(A)	Patients' medical reports and contact details
	(B)	Details about services provided in the clinic
	(C)	Private information about the doctors and nurses
	(D)	False information about medical conditions

3.	What is the meaning of your 'digital footprint'?	
	(A)	A list of social media accounts that you have
	(B)	A digital safety service in the UAE
	(C)	Any action that you take online
	(D)	A way to keep personal information safe

4.	Which of the following sources of information is most reliable?	
	(A)	An essay written by a student in your class
	(B)	Information in a medical journal from 1995
	(C)	An up-to-date government website
	(D)	Social media such as Snapchat

5.	What is a negative effect of social media?	
	(A)	Learning new information and skills
	(B)	Making a social support network online
	(C)	Reduced isolation by connecting with others
	(D)	Feeling inadequate about your life

6.	How can you maintain a positive online presence?	
	(A)	Share negative things about other people
	(B)	Use public social media settings
	(C)	Share your private and personal information online
	(D)	Use social media to communicate with friends

7.	What is a negative effect of social media?	
	(A)	It helps connect people who have similar interests
	(B)	It can be used to educate and learn new skills
	(C)	It can cause people to feel insecure about themselves
	(D)	It is an outlet for individual creativity and self-expression

8.	Which of the following refers to the use of technology to threaten, embarrass, or target another person?	
	(A)	Cyberbullying
	(B)	Malware
	(C)	Bullying
	(D)	Digital footprint

9.	Which of the following is an example of cyberbullying?	
	(A)	Using social media to promote your new business
	(B)	Searching for health information online
	(C)	Sending hateful messages to someone online
	(D)	Connecting with people who have similar interests

10.	How do you know if health information you find online is reliable?	
	(A)	The information is published in a medical journal
	(B)	The information is shared on a government website
	(C)	The information is written by a medical professional
	(D)	All of the above

11.	What information should healthcare providers share on social media?	
	(A)	Patients' personal information and medical records
	(B)	Opening times of hospital clinics
	(C)	Doctor's home address and phone numbers
	(D)	Hateful messages about patients and staff

12.	What is cyberbullying?	
	(A)	Any action that you take online
	(B)	The use of technology to threaten other people
	(C)	A way of positively communicating with others
	(D)	The use of technology to help other people

13.	How can your future employer access to your digital footprint?	
	(A)	Request your health records
	(B)	Search your name online
	(C)	Read the newspaper
	(D)	Ask someone who knows you

14.	Which source of online information is the most reliable?	
	(A)	Some thing that was written 2002 and has not been updates since
	(B)	Something that was written by grade 12 student
	(C)	Something that was posted on the ministry of health and prevention website
	(D)	Something that was shared in WhatsApp group by your cousin

15.	How can social media positively affect health and wellbeing?	
	(A)	Inspire healthy lifestyle change
	(B)	It can cause people to feel insecure about themselves
	(C)	Feeling inadequate about your life
	(D)	All of the above

16.	What is psychology?	
	(A)	The study of people's actions online
	(B)	The study of mind and behaviour
	(C)	The study of disease prevalence
	(D)	The study of body movements

17.	Which type of psychology studies how people interact with others?	
	(A)	Developmental psychology
	(B)	Forensic psychology
	(C)	Cognitive psychology
	(D)	Social psychology

18.	Which of the following is a basic cognitive process?	
	(A)	Thinking
	(B)	Intelligence
	(C)	Sensation
	(D)	Memory

19.	Which type of intelligence helps people to be interact well with other people?	
	(A)	Analytical intelligence
	(B)	Verbal intelligence
	(C)	Interpersonal intelligence
	(D)	Practical intelligence

20.	Which higher cognitive process allows you to recall information from the past?	
	(A)	Memory
	(B)	Consciousness
	(C)	Language
	(D)	Intelligence

21.	Which of the following best describes consciousness?	
	(A)	The ability to adapt to new conditions or situations
	(B)	The way a person interprets and understands the world
	(C)	A state of awareness of yourself and environment
	(D)	The amount of time that a person or animal lives

22.	In psychology, which of the following focuses on how the unconscious mind influences behaviour?	
	(A)	Structuralism school of thought
	(B)	Behaviourism school of thought
	(C)	Humanistic school of thought
	(D)	Psychoanalytic school of thought

23.	In a scientific report, which section provides details about the exact process that was followed to do the research?	
	(A)	Hypothesis
	(B)	Abstract
	(C)	Methods
	(D)	Conclusion

24.	Which type of psychology studies the processes of the brain?	
	(A)	Cognitive psychology
	(B)	Developmental psychology
	(C)	Forensic psychology
	(D)	Social psychology

25.	Which of the following is a higher cognitive process?	
	(A)	Sensation
	(B)	Memory
	(C)	Perception
	(D)	Consciousness

26.	Which type of intelligence refers to the ability to solve problems?	
	(A)	Interpersonal
	(B)	Verbal
	(C)	Emotional
	(D)	Analytical

27.	Which stage of cognitive development involves infants building an understanding of the world by touching, grasping, watching and listening to things around them?	
	(A)	Sensorimotor
	(B)	Pre-operational
	(C)	Concrete operational
	(D)	Formal operational

28.	Which of the following is an example of the social cognitive theory?	
	(A)	When pupils in the eyes get smaller to allow less light in
	(B)	When an infant learns about the world by grasping objects
	(C)	When a child learns how to cook by imitating their mother
	(D)	When an adult learns new information by reading a book

29.	When writing a scientific report, which part provides a brief summary of the report?	
	(A)	Hypothesis
	(B)	Discussion
	(C)	Abstract
	(D)	Results

30.	Which of the following is a higher cognitive process?	
	(A)	Perception
	(B)	Intelligence
	(C)	Sensation
	(D)	Consciousness

31.	Being able to remember exactly how you celebrate Eid 2019 is an example of .....	
	(A)	Short-term memory
	(B)	Sensory memory
	(C)	Sensory adaptation
	(D)	Long-term memory

32.	Sensory receptors found in the ..... allow you to smell.	
	(A)	Eyes
	(B)	Ears
	(C)	Nose
	(D)	Tongue

33.	What is the aim of forensic psychology?	
	(A)	Used to diagnose and treat mental illness
	(B)	Examines how people learn
	(C)	Examines the behaviour of people
	(D)	Investigate criminal cases

34.	..... is the first school of thoughts in psychology and it studies?	
	(A)	Behaviorism psychology
	(B)	Structuralism school of thoughts
	(C)	Humanistic school of thought
	(D)	Psychoanalytic school of thought

35.	Which cognitive process allows people to communicate?	
	(A)	Learning
	(B)	Memory
	(C)	Language
	(D)	Thinking

36.	Which type of memory allow you to remember things from around 30 seconds to a few days?	
	(A)	Short-term memory
	(B)	Sensory memory
	(C)	Sensory adaptation
	(D)	Long-term memory

37.	..... the process of getting, selecting and organizing the information that is being sent from the five senses?	
	(A)	Sensation
	(B)	Perception
	(C)	Intelligence
	(D)	Thinking

38.	What allow the senses to transfer information from the environment, through the spinal cord to the brain?	
	(A)	Sensory receptors
	(B)	Perception
	(C)	Intelligence
	(D)	Senses

39.	Which cognitive process allows us to see?	
	(A)	Consciousness
	(B)	Sensation
	(C)	Perception
	(D)	Thinking

40.	Children develop language skills during which stage of cognitive development?	
	(A)	Sensorimotor
	(B)	Pre-operational
	(C)	Concrete operational
	(D)	Formal operational

41.	At what age does the formal operational stage of cognitive development occur?	
	(A)	0 – 2 years
	(B)	2 – 7 years
	(C)	7 – 11 years
	(D)	+ 11 years

42.	What is fight and flight response?	
	(A)	Automatic or natural reaction when something is scary or stressful
	(B)	Biological response which increased the chance of human survival during dangerous situations
	(C)	It happens when we see an angry dog barking and approaching us
	(D)	All of the above

43.	The strategies people use to deal with stress?	
	(A)	Coping mechanisms
	(B)	Adapting mechanisms
	(C)	Solutions for stress
	(D)	All of the above



## Answers Key

1	B – use strong passwords that are difficult for other people to guess
2	B – details about services provided in the clinic
3	C – any action that you take online
4	C – an up-to-date government website
5	D – feeling inadequate about your life
6	B - use strong passwords that are difficult for other people to guess
7	C - it can cause people to feel insecure about themselves
8	A - cyberbullying
9	C - sending hateful messages to someone online
10	D - all of the above
11	B - opening times of hospital clinics
12	B - The use of technology to threaten other people
13	B - Search your name online
14	C - Something that was posted on the ministry of health and prevention website
15	A - Inspire healthy lifestyle change
16	B - The study of mind and behaviour
17	D - Social psychology
18	C - Sensation
19	C - Interpersonal intelligence
20	A - Memory
21	C - A state of awareness of yourself and environment
22	D - Psychoanalytic school of thought

23	C - Methods
24	A - Cognitive psychology
25	B - Memory
26	D - Analytical
27	A - Sensorimotor
28	C - When a child learns how to cook by imitating their mother
29	C - Abstract
30	B - Intelligence
31	D - Long-term memory
32	C - Nose
33	D - Investigate criminal cases
34	B - Structuralism school of thoughts
35	C - Language
36	A - Short-term memory
37	B - Perception
38	A - Sensory receptors
39	B - Sensation
40	B - Pre-operational
41	D - + 11 years
42	D - All of the above
43	A - Coping mechanisms

**Believe in yourself, stay strong, do the impossible**