

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية



ورقة عمل درس tense simple perfect Present المضارع التام البسيط

[موقع المناهج](#) ⇨ [المناهج الإماراتية](#) ⇨ [الصف الحادي عشر](#) ⇨ [لغة انجليزية](#) ⇨ [الفصل الأول](#) ⇨ [الملف](#)

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التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الحادي عشر



اضغط هنا للحصول على جميع روابط "الصف الحادي عشر"

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[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

[التربية الاسلامية](#)

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الحادي عشر والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

[أوراق عمل جميع الأزمنة متبوعة بالإجابات](#)

1

[أوراق عمل مقارنة الزمن الماضي البسيط مع الزمن الماضي المستمر متبوعة بالإجابات](#)

2

[ورقة عمل عن درس tense continuous Past الزمن الماضي المستمر](#)

3

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الحادي عشر والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

ورقة عمل عن درس tense simple perfect Past الزمن الماضي التام	4
عرض بوربوينت حل الدرسين الخامس والسادس in Education الثانية الوحدة من الإمارات في التعليم the UAE	5

Present perfect simple tense

Recent events and news

We use the present perfect to talk about recent events or news. We don't say when these events happened.

- *I've **passed** the test!*
- *She's **broken** her arm.*
- *The president **has travelled** to Cuba.*

Just, yet, already

We often use the present perfect with the words **just, yet, already**.

We use **just** in affirmative sentences to say that something happened very recently (like minutes ago).

- *I've **just seen** Peter in the street.*
- *He looks happy because he's **just got married**.*

We use **yet** in (negative) and (question) sentences. We put it at the end of the sentence.

- ***Have** you **washed** the dishes **yet**?*
- *I **haven't called** him **yet**.*
- *She **hasn't arrived yet**.*

We use **already** in (affirmative) sentences to say that something happened before now (usually earlier than we expected).

- *I **have already finished**.*
- *We **have already arrived**.*

Life experiences

We often use the present perfect to talk about past experiences in our lives. We don't say when these experiences happened.

- *I've **run** the Boston Marathon twice.*
- *She's never **been** on a cruise.*

- *I've been here before.*

❓ Never, ever, before

When we ask about someone's life experiences, we often use the word **ever**.

- *Have you ever read this book?*
- *Have you ever been to India?*

When we talk about life experiences, we often use the words **never** or **before**.

- *She has never been late.*
- *I think I have seen this film before.*

Unfinished actions

⇒ How long, for, since

We use the present perfect with the words **how long**, **for**, **since** to talk about actions or situations that started in the past and still continue or are still true now.

- *I've lived in Oslo since I was born.* (=I was born in Oslo and I still live in Oslo)
- *They have been married for 25 years.* (=They got married 25 years ago and they are still married)

We use **how long** in questions to ask about the duration of an action or situation.

- *How long has she been a teacher?*
- *How long has she had her car?*

We use **for** + a period of time, e.g. **for** two weeks, **for** ten years, **for** ten days, **for** a few hours, etc.

- *We've been here for a few hours.*
- *They've been married for 10 years.*

We use **since** + a moment in the past (the beginning of a period of time), e.g. **since** I was born, **since** 10 o'clock, **since** last Wednesday, etc.

- *We've been here since 4 o'clock.*
- *They've been married since 2010.*

Be careful with these common mistakes!

We use the present perfect, and not the present simple for actions or situations that started in the past and are still true now.

- We **are** friends since first grade. ✘
- We've **been** friends since first grade. ✔

We use **for...** and NOT **since...ago** to introduce a period of time.

- They've been married **since 10 years ago**. ✘
- They've been married **for 10 years**. ✔

Present perfect form:

POSITIVE	I	} have seen her. 've seen her.	
	You		
	We		
	They		
	He	} has seen her. 's seen her.	
	She		
	It		
	NEGATIVE	I	} have not seen her. haven't seen her.
		You	
We			
They			
He		} has not seen her. hasn't seen her.	
She			
It			

QUESTION	Have	I	} seen her?	
		you		
		we		
		they		
	Has	he	} seen her?	
		she		
		it		
	SHORT ANSWER	Yes,	I	} have.
			you	
we				
they				
No,		he	} have not. haven't.	
		she		
		it		

More practice

Draw a circle round the letter of the best answer: -

- Have you ever _____ to Japan?
 - be
 - were
 - been
 - was
- Some students _____ finished their home works yet.
 - has
 - hasn't
 - haven't
 - were

3- _____his father been to London before?

- a. Has b. Have c. Was d. Were

4- The police _____the thief yet.

- a. haven't caught b. weren't caught
c. hasn't caught d. have catch

5 - I _____the difference between the simple past tense and the present perfect tense yet.

- a. wasn't understood b. am not understand
c. haven't understand d. haven't understood

6 - They _____together since last year.

- a. worked b. work c. have worked d. has working

7 - My brother _____to study for his exam yet.

- a. has started b. hasn't started c. has start d. was started

8 - I still _____him for a long times.

- a. haven't saw b. seen c. saw d. haven't seen

9 - I know what happened there. I _____about it since I arrived.

- a. haven't heard b. heard c. have heard d. hear

10 - I am very tired. I _____just_____six pizzas.

- a. am/delivered b. have/ delivered
c. has /delivering d. is/deliver

11 - She needs to take a bus because she still _____a car.

- a. haven't had b. have had c. hasn't had d. has

12 - I am so happy because I _____my English exam recently.

- a. Passed b. passes c. have passed d. didn't pass

13 - She is unhappy because she _____her keys for a week.

- a. losing b. lost c. have lost d. has lost

14 - I am hungry because I _____anything yet.

- a. have eaten b. haven't eaten
c. hadn't eaten d. has already eaten

15 - The boy _____seven ice creams since morning.

- a. eats b. eaten c. have eaten d. has eaten

16 - Why haven't you _____your work? You have plenty of time.

- a. finished b. finish c. finishing d. were finish

17 - The children _____enough recently. This is why they feel terrible.

- a. hasn't eaten b. not eaten
c. didn't eat d. haven't eaten