

تجميعة أسئلة وفق الهيكل الوزاري منهج ريفيل

موقع المناهج ← المناهج الإماراتية ← الصف العاشر المتقدم ← رياضيات ← الفصل الأول ← الملف

تاريخ نشر الملف على موقع المناهج: 09:07:51 2023-11-08



المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف العاشر المتقدم والمادة رياضيات في الفصل الأول		
<u>نموذج الهيكل الوزاري الجديد ريغيل</u>	1	
نموذج الهيكل الوزاري الجديد بريدج	2	
ورقة عمل الدرس السابع ضرب المصفوفات	3	
ورقة عمل الدرس الثالث إيجاد الحل الأمثل بالبرمجة الخطية من <u>الوحدة الأولى</u>	4	
حل أسئلة امتحان وفق الهيكل الوزاري ريغيل	5	

Grade 10 ADV EOT Review – Al Jahili School Ms. Sara Al Shamsi

Multiple Choice Questions

Q1	Subtract polynomials		15 to 26	Pg 635
	Find each sum or difference. 15. (2 <i>x</i> + 3 <i>y</i>) + (4 <i>x</i> + 9 <i>y</i>)	16. (6 <i>s</i> + 5 <i>t</i>) + (4 <i>t</i> + 8 <i>s</i>)		
	17. (5 <i>a</i> + 9 <i>b</i>) – (2 <i>a</i> + 4 <i>b</i>)	18. (11 <i>m</i> – 7 <i>n</i>) – (2 <i>m</i> + 6 <i>n</i>)		
	19. (<i>m</i> ² – <i>m</i>) + (2 <i>m</i> + <i>m</i> ²)	20. $(x^2 - 3x) - (2x^2 + 5x)$		
	21. (<i>d</i> ² – <i>d</i> + 5) – (2 <i>d</i> + 5)	22. $(2h^2 - 5h) + (7h - 3h^2)$		
	23. (5 <i>f</i> + <i>g</i> – 2) + (–2 <i>f</i> + 3)	24. $(6k^2 + 2k + 9) + (4k^2 - 5k)$		
	25. $(2c^2 + 6c + 4) + (5c^2 - 7)$	26. $(2x + 3x^2) - (7 - 8x^2)$		

Pg 649, 650

Examples 1–3 Find each product. 1. (3 <i>c</i> – 5)(<i>c</i> + 3)	2. (<i>g</i> + 10)(2 <i>g</i> – 5)
3. (6 <i>a</i> + 5)(5 <i>a</i> + 3)	4. (4 <i>x</i> + 1)(6 <i>x</i> + 3)
5. (5 <i>y</i> −4)(3 <i>y</i> −1)	6. (6 <i>d</i> −5)(4 <i>d</i> −7)
7. (3 <i>m</i> + 5)(2 <i>m</i> + 3)	8. (7 <i>n</i> −6)(7 <i>n</i> −6)
9. (12 <i>t</i> – 5)(12 <i>t</i> + 5)	10. (5 <i>r</i> + 7)(5 <i>r</i> – 7)

Example 4

11. (8w + 4x)(5w - 6x)

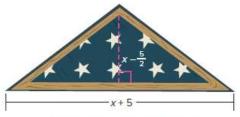
13. PLAYGROUND The dimensions of a playground are represented by a width of 9x + 1 feet and a length of 5x - 2 feet. Write an expression that represents the area of the playground.

12. (11z - 5y)(3z + 2y)

14. THEATER The Loft Theater has a center seating section with 3c + 8 rows and 4c - 1 seats in each row. Write an expression for the total number of seats in the center section.

15. CRAFTS Suppose a rectangular quilt made up of squares has a length-to-width ratio of 5 to 4. The length of the quilt is 5*x* inches. The quilt can be made slightly larger by adding a border of 1-inch squares all the way around the perimeter of the quilt. Write a polynomial expression for the area of the larger quilt.

16. FLAG CASE A United States flag is sometimes folded into a triangle shape and displayed in a triangular display case. If a display case has dimensions shown in inches, write a polynomial expression that represents the area of wall space covered by the display case.



Source: American Flag Store

17. NUMBER THEORY Think of a whole number. Subtract 2. Write down this number. Take the original number and add 2. Write down this number. Find the product of the numbers you wrote down. Subtract the square of the original number. The result is always –4. Use polynomials to show how this number trick works.

Example 5 Find each product. **18.** $(2y - 11)(y^2 - 3y + 2)$

19. $(4a + 7)(9a^2 + 2a - 7)$

20.
$$(m^2 - 5m + 4)(m^2 + 7m - 3)$$
 21. $(x^2 + 5x - 1)(5x^2 - 6x + 1)$

22. $(3b^3 - 4b - 7)(2b^2 - b - 9)$ **23.** $(6z^2 - 5z - 2)(3z^3 - 2z - 4)$

Pg 657

Examples 1 and 3 Find each product. 1. $(a + 10)(a - 10)$	2. (<i>b</i> − 6)(<i>b</i> − 6)
3. (<i>h</i> + 7) ²	4. (<i>x</i> + 6) ²
5 . (8 – <i>m</i>) ²	6. $(9-2y)^2$
7. (2 <i>b</i> + 3) ²	8. (5 <i>t</i> − 2) ²

9. (8*h* – 4*n*)²

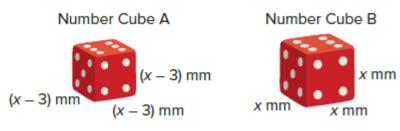
10. $(4m - 5n)^2$

4

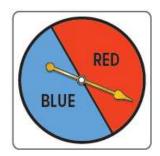
11. ROUNDABOUTS A city planner is proposing a roundabout to improve traffic flow at a busy intersection. Write a polynomial equation for the area *A* of the traffic circle if the radius of the outer circle is *r* and the width of the road is 18 feet.



12. NUMBER CUBES Kivon has two number cubes. Each edge of number cube A is 3 millimeters less than each edge of number cube B. Each edge of number cube B is *x* millimeters. Write an equation that models the surface area of number cube A.



13. PROBABILITY The spinner has two equal sections, blue (*B*) and red (*R*). Use the square of a sum to determine the possible combinations of spinning the spinner two times.



14. BUSINESS The Combo Lock Company finds that its profit data from 2015 to the present can be modeled by the function $y = (2n + 11)^2$, where y is the profit, in thousands of dollars, n years since 2015. Which special product does this polynomial demonstrate? Simplify the polynomial.

Q4

Examples 3 and 4 Factor each polynomial. 11. $fg - 5g + 4f - 20$	12. $a^2 - 4a - 24 + 6a$	13. <i>hj</i> – 2 <i>h</i> + 5 <i>j</i> – 10
14. <i>xy</i> – 2 <i>x</i> – 2 + <i>y</i>	15. 45 <i>pq</i> – 27 <i>q</i> – 50 <i>p</i> + 30	16. 24 <i>ty</i> – 18 <i>t</i> + 4 <i>y</i> – 3
17. 3 <i>dt</i> – 21 <i>d</i> + 35 – 5 <i>t</i>	18. 8 <i>r</i> ² + 12 <i>r</i>	19. 21 <i>th</i> – 3 <i>t</i> – 35 <i>h</i> + 5
20. <i>vp</i> + 12 <i>v</i> + 8 <i>p</i> + 96	21. 5 <i>br</i> – 25 <i>b</i> + 2 <i>r</i> – 10	22. 2 <i>nu</i> – 8 <i>u</i> + 3 <i>n</i> – 12

23. $b^2 - 2b + 3b - 6$ **24.** $2j^2 + 2j + 3j + 3$ **25.** $2a^2 - 4a + a - 2$

Q5	Factor trinomials that are pe	erfect squares	18 to 41	Pg 679, 680
Eve	amples 4 and 5			
		is a neufact course trip and a Muite use on as	If an factor it	
De	termine whether each trinomial	is a perfect square trinomial. Write yes or no.	. If so, factor it.	
18.	$4x^2 - 42x + 110$	19. $16x^2 - 56x + 49$		

20. $81x^2 - 90x + 25$ 2	1. <i>x</i> ² + 26 <i>x</i> + 168
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Mixed Exercises

Mixed Exercises Factor each polynomial, if possible. If the polynomial cannot be factored using integers, write			
prime. 22. 36t ² – 24t + 4	23. $4h^2 - 56$		
24. 17 <i>a</i> ² – 24 <i>ab</i>	25. $q^2 - 14q + 36$		
26. <i>y</i> ² + 24 <i>y</i> + 144	27. 6 <i>d</i> ² – 96		
28. 1 – 49 <i>d</i> ²	29. –16 + <i>p</i> ²		
30. <i>k</i> ² + 25	31. $36 - 100w^2$		
32. 64 <i>m</i> ² – 9 <i>y</i> ²	33. $4h^2 - 25g^2$		
,			
34. $x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x - 12$	35. $8x^2 - 72p^2$		
36. $20q^2 - 5r^2$	37. $32a^2 - 50b^2$		
	e		
38. $16b^2 - 100$	39. $49x^2 - 64y^2$		
30. 100 - 100	33. 43x - 04y		

40. $3n^4 - 42n^3 + 147n^2$

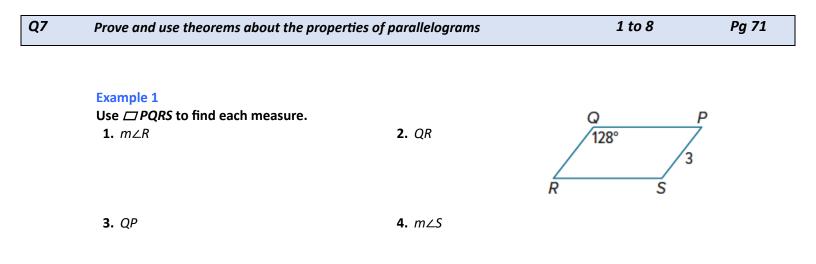
Examples 1 and 2 Factor each polynomial. 1. $q^2 - 121$	2. $r^4 - k^4$
3. w ⁴ – 625	4. $r^2 - 9t^2$
5. <i>h</i> ⁴ – 256	6. $2x^3 - x^2 - 162x + 81$
7. $x^2 - 4y^2$	8. $3c^3 + 2c^2 - 147c - 98$
9. <i>f</i> ³ + 2 <i>f</i> ² – 64 <i>f</i> – 128	10. $r^3 - 5r^2 - 100r + 500$
11. $3t^3 - 7t^2 - 3t + 7$	12. <i>a</i> ² – 49
13. $4m^3 + 9m^2 - 36m - 81$	14. $3x^3 + x^2 - 75x - 25$

15. TICKETING A ticketing company for sporting events analyzes the ticket purchasing patterns. The expression $9a^2 - 4b^2$ is developed to help officials calculate the likely number of people who will buy tickets for a certain sporting event. Factor the expression.

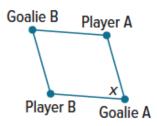
16. BINGO A bingo card contains 25 square spaces arranged into a larger square. 24 of the squares are labeled with numbers and the center square is labeled as a free space. The expression $16 - x^2$ represents total area of the squares labeled with numbers. Factor the expression.

- **17. DECORATING** Marvin saw a rug in a store that he would like to purchase. It has an area represented by the expression shown on the rug. He cannot remember the length and width, but he remembers that the length and the width were the same.
 - a. Factor the expression that represents the area of the rug.
 - **b.** What do the factors in the factored expression represent?

*x*² — 16*x* + 64

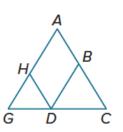


5. SOCCER Four soccer players are practicing a drill. Goalie A is facing Player B to receive the ball. Goalie A then turns x° to face Player A to pass her the ball. If Goalie B is facing Player A to receive the ball, then through what angle measure should Goalie B turn to pass the ball to Player B?

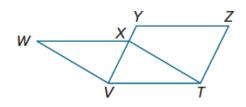


Example 2 PROOF For 6-7, Write a two-column proof.

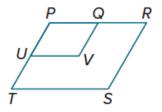
6. Given: $\square BDHA$, $\overline{CA} \cong \overline{CG}$ **Prove:** $\angle BDH \cong \angle G$



7. Given: *WXYV* and *YZTV* are parallelograms. Prove: $\overline{WX} \cong \overline{YZ}$



8. Write a paragraph proof.
Given: □PRST and □PQVU
Prove: ∠V ≅ ∠S



Recognize and apply the properties of rectangles

Example 1

Q8

FENCING X-braces are also used to provide support in rectangular fencing. If AB = 6 feet, AD = 2 feet, and $m \angle DAE = 65^{\circ}$, find each measure. Round to the nearest tenth, if necessary.

2. DB

4. *m*∠*EDC*

6. *GE*

8. *m*∠*HEF*

1. BC

3. *m∠CEB*

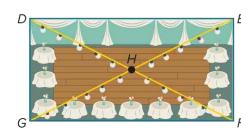
PROM The prom committee is decorating the venue for prom and wants to hang lights above the diagonals of the rectangular room. If DH = 44.5 feet, EF = 39 feet, and $m \angle GHF = 128^\circ$, find each measure.

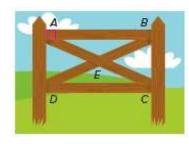
5. DG

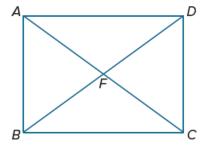
7. m∠EHF

Example 2

9. Quadrilateral *ABCD* is a rectangle. If $m \angle ADB = (4x + 8)^\circ$ and $m \angle DBA = (6x + 12)^\circ$, find the value of x.





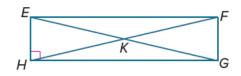


1 to 14

Pg 87

Quadrilateral *EFGH* is a rectangle. Use the given information to find each measure.

10. If $m \angle FEG = 57^\circ$, find $m \angle GEH$.



11. If $m \angle HGE = 13^\circ$, find $m \angle FGE$.

12. If *FK* = 32 feet, find *EG*.

13. Find $m \angle HEF + m \angle EFG$.

14. If *EF* = 4*x* – 6 and *HG* = *x* + 3, find *EF*.

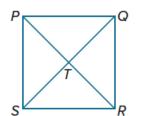
Q9	Recognize and apply the properties of rhombi and squares		1 to 10	Pg 95
	Examples 1 and 2			
	Quadrilateral ABCD is a rhombus. Find each value or measure.		B	C
	1. If $m \angle ABD = 60^\circ$, find $m \angle BDC$.	2. If <i>AE</i> = 8, find <i>AC</i> .	E	
	3. If <i>AB</i> = 26 and <i>BD</i> = 20, find <i>AE</i> .	4. Find <i>m∠CEB</i> .	A	Δ_D

5. If $m \angle CBD = 58^\circ$, find $m \angle ACB$. **6.** If AE = 3x - 1 and AC = 16, find x.

7. If $m \angle CDB = 6y^{\circ}$ and $m \angle ACB = (2y + 10)^{\circ}$, find the value of y.

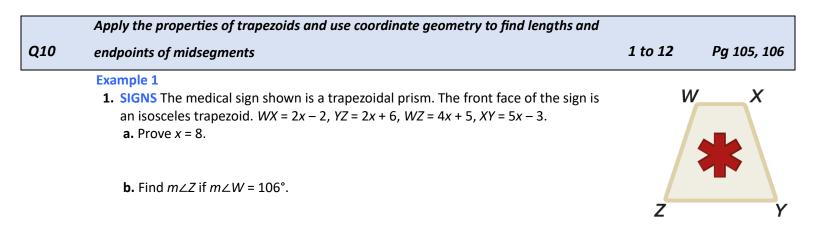
8. If AD = 2x + 4 and CD = 4x - 4, find the value of x.

9. *PQRS* is a square. If *PR* = 42, find *TR*.



Н

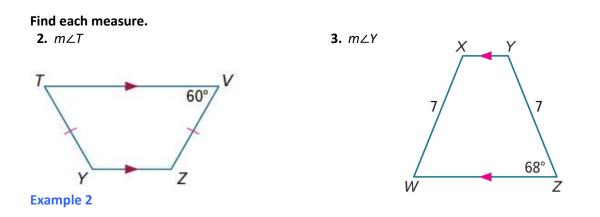
10. *GHJK* is a square. If *KM* = 26.5, find *KH*.



G

М

c. Find the perimeter of the front face of the sign in inches.



- **4.** *RSTU* is a quadrilateral with vertices *R*(-3, -3), *S*(5, 1), *T*(10, -2), and *U*(-4, -9).
 - **a.** Verify that *RSTU* is a trapezoid.
 - **b.** Is *RSTU* an isosceles trapezoid? Explain.

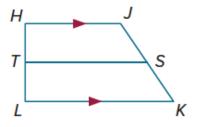
5. *ABCD* is a quadrilateral with vertices *A*(-1, 5), *B*(3, 2), *C*(-8, 2), and *D*(-4, 5).

- **a.** Verify that *ABCD* is a trapezoid.
- **b.** Is ABCD an isosceles trapezoid? Explain.

Examples 3 and 4

\overline{TS} is the midsegment of trapezoid *HJKL*.

- **6.** If *HJ* = 14 and *LK* = 42, find *TS*.
- **7.** If *LK* = 19 and *TS* = 15, find *HJ*.



- **8.** If *HJ* = 7 and *TS* = 10, find *LK*.
- **9.** If *KL* = 17 and *JH* = 9, find *ST*.

10. If *TS* = 24 and *LK* = 27.4, find *HJ*.

Example 5 11. In trapezoid *ABCD*, $\overline{AD} \parallel \overline{BC}$. Find the endpoints of the midsegment.

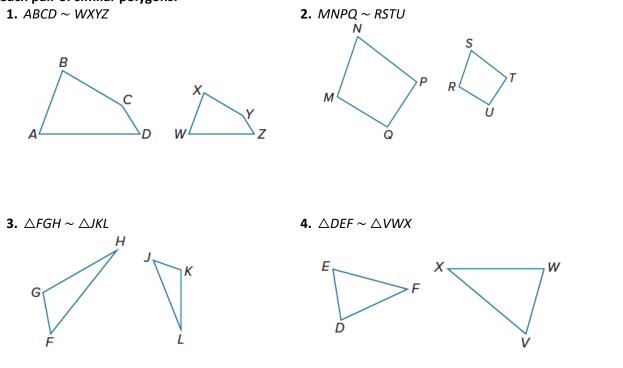
12. In trapezoid *PQRS*, $\overline{PQ} \parallel \overline{SR}$. Find the endpoints of the midsegment.

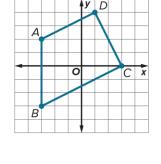
Determine whether two figures are similar

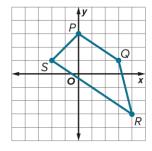
Example 1

Q11

List all pairs of congruent angles, and write a proportion that relates the corresponding sides for each pair of similar polygons.









В

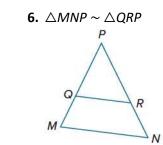
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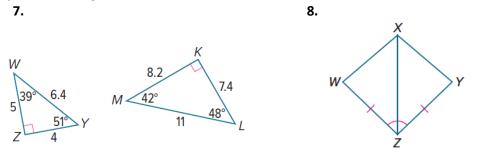
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С



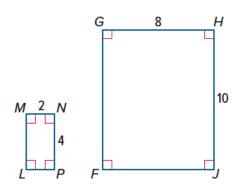


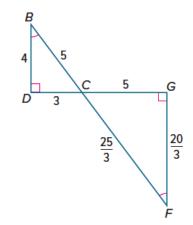
Determine whether each pair of figures is similar. If so, find the scale factor. Explain your reasoning.



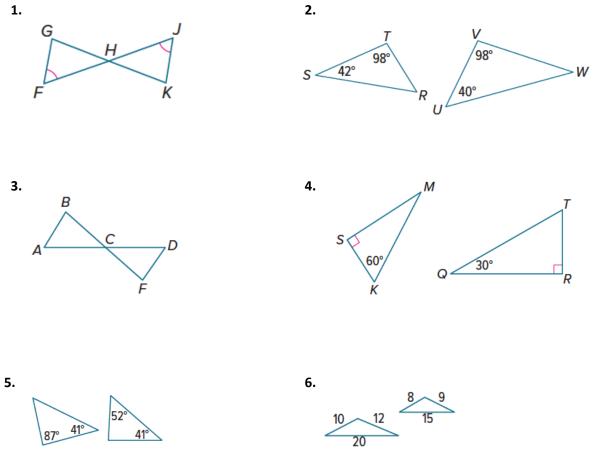
9.







Determine whether each pair of triangles is similar. Explain your reasoning.



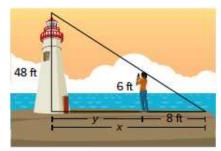
Example 2

7. CELL TOWERS A cell phone tower casts a shadow that is 100 feet long. At the same time, Lia stands near the tower and casts a shadow that is 3 feet 4 inches long. If Lia is 4 feet 6 inches tall, how tall is the cell phone tower?

- 8. LIGHTHOUSE Maya wants to know how far she is standing from a lighthouse. The end of Maya's shadow coincides with the end of the lighthouse's shadow.
 - **a.** What is the distance from the lighthouse to the end of the lighthouse's shadow, *x*?

10. JL

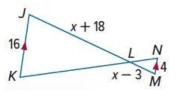
b. What is the distance from Maya to the lighthouse, *y*?



Mixed Exercises

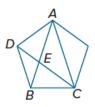
Identify the similar triangles. Then find each measure.

9. AC $E \xrightarrow{15 B} x + 1$ $E \xrightarrow{15 B} 12 C$ $x + 5 \xrightarrow{D} D$

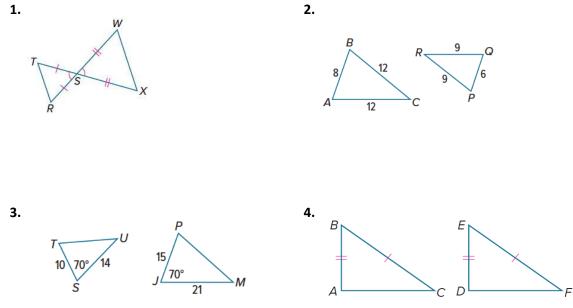




13. Olivia draws a regular pentagon and starts connecting its vertices to make a 5-pointed star. After drawing three of the lines in the star, she becomes curious about two triangles that appear in the figure, $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle CEB$. They look similar to her. Prove that this is the case.



Determine whether each pair of triangles is similar. Explain your reasoning.

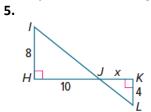


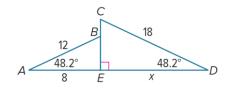
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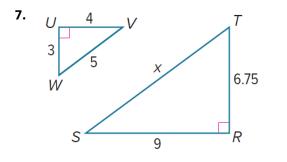
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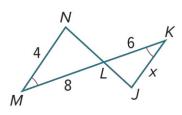
Example 2

Identify the similar triangles. Then find the value of x.

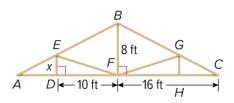






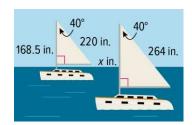


Example 39. ROOFING The skeleton of a roof is shown. Find the value of *x* such that triangles *DEF* and *FBC* in the outline of the roof are similar.

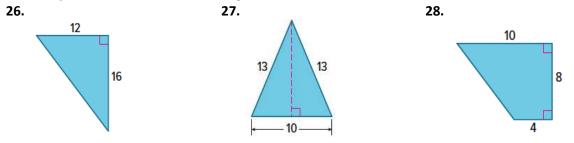


10. RADIO A radio tower casts an 8-foot-long shadow at the same time that a vertical yardstick casts a shadow one half inch long. If the triangles formed by the objects and their shadows are similar, how tall is the radio tower?

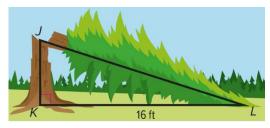
11. SAILING The two sailboats shown are participating in a regatta. If the sails are similar, what is the value of *x*?



Find the perimeter and area of each figure.



- **29.** The sides of a triangle have measures of x, x + 5, and 25. If the measure of the longest side is 25, what value of x makes the triangle a right triangle?
- **30. PRECISION** The sides of a triangle have measures of 2x, 8, and 12. If the measure of the longest side is 2x, what values of x make the triangle acute?
 - **31. REASONING** A redwood tree in a national park is 20 meters tall. After it is struck by lightning, the tree breaks and falls over, as shown in the figure. The top of the tree lands at a point 16 feet from the centerline of the tree. A park ranger wants to know the height of the remaining stump of the tree.
 - **a.** The ranger lets *x* represents the height of the stump, \overline{JK} . Explain how the ranger can write an expression for the length of \overline{JL} . Then write an equation that can be used to solve the problem.

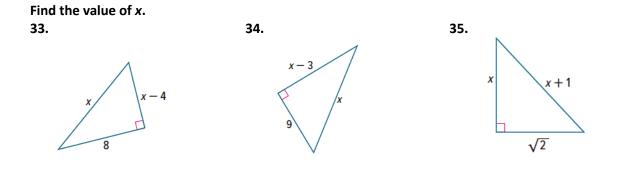


b.Show how to solve the equation from part **a** to find the height of the stump.

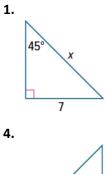
32. CONSTRUCT ARGUMENTS Valeria and Sanjia are staking out a garden that has one pair of opposite sides measuring 30 feet and the other pair of sides measuring 40 feet. Using only a 60-foot-long tape measure, how can they be sure that their garden is a rectangle?
a. Draw a model of the garden with diagonal *t*. Let *p* = 30 and *q* = 40.

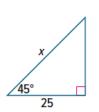
b.If the garden is a rectangle, what must be true about *p*, *q*, and *t*? Why?

c. Sanjia measures the diagonal and finds that it is 50 feet long. Is there enough information to determine whether their garden is a rectangle? Explain.



Example 1 REGULARITY Find the value of *x*.





Example 2

7.

10.

Find the value of x.

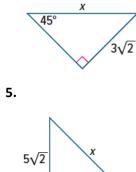
18

Х

X

18

22



45°

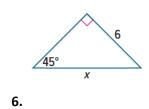
9√2

2.

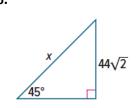
8.

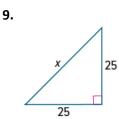
11.

 $\sqrt{2}$

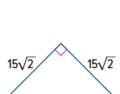


3.







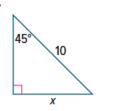


х

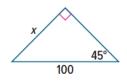


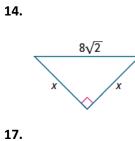
22

Find the value of *x*. 13.



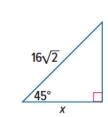
16.

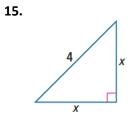




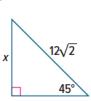
 $\sqrt{2}$

9√2

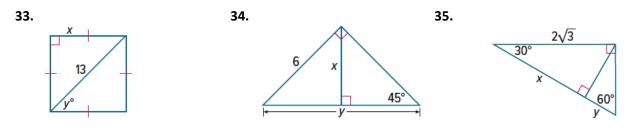


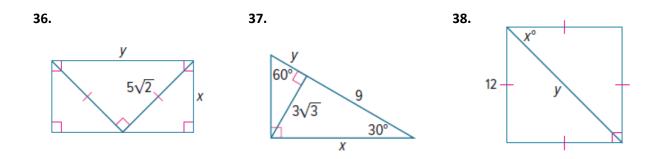


18.



Find the values of x and y.





Free Response Questions (Paper-Based)

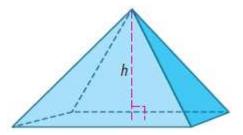
Q16	Multiply polynomials by monomials		1 to 22	Pg 641,642
	Example 1 Simplify each expression. 1. $b(b^2 - 12b + 1)$	2. <i>f</i> (<i>f</i> ² + 2 <i>f</i> + 25)		
	3. $-3m^3(2m^3 - 12m^2 + 2m + 25)$	4. $2j^2(5j^3 - 15j^2 + 2j + 2)$		
	5. $2pr^2(2pr + 5p^2r - 15p)$	6. $4t^3u(2t^2u^2-10tu^4+2)$		
	Example 2 Simplify each expression. 7. $-3(5x^2 + 2x + 9) + x(2x - 3)$	8. $a(-8a^2 + 2a + 4) + 3(6a^2 - 4)$		
	9. -4 <i>d</i> (5 <i>d</i> ² - 12) + 7(<i>d</i> + 5)	10. -9g(-2g + g ²) + 3(g ³ + 4)		
	11. $2j(7j^2k^2 + jk^2 + 5k) - 9k(-2j^2k^2 + 2k^2 + 3j)$			

12. $4n(2n^3p^2 - 3np^2 + 5n) + 4p(6n^2p - 2np^2 + 3p)$

13. NUMBER THEORY The sum of the first *n* whole numbers is given by the expression $\frac{1}{2}(n^2 + n)$.

Expand the equation by multiplying, then find the sum of the first 12 whole numbers.

- 14. COLLEGE Troy's grandfather gave him \$700 to start his college savings account. Troy's grandfather also gives him \$40 each month to add to the account. Troy's mother gives him \$50 each month, but has been doing so for 4 fewer months than Troy's grandfather. Write a simplified expression for the amount of money Troy has received *m* months after his mother started giving him money.
- **15.** MARKET Sophia went to the farmers' market to purchase some vegetables. She bought peppers and potatoes. The peppers were \$0.39 each and the potatoes were \$0.29 each. She spent \$3.88 on vegetables, and bought 4 more potatoes than peppers. If x = the number of peppers, write and solve an equation to find out how many of each vegetable Sophia bought.
- **16. GEOMETRY** The volume of a pyramid can be found by multiplying the area of its base *B* by one-third of its height. The area of the rectangular base of a pyramid is given by the polynomial equation $B = x^2 4x 12$.
 - **a.** Write a polynomial equation to represent the volume of the pyramid *V* if its height is 10 meters.



b. Find the volume of the pyramid if *x* = 12 m.

Solve each equation.

17. $7(t^2 + 5t - 9) + t = t(7t - 2) + 13$

18. $w(4w + 6) + 2w = 2(2w^2 + 7w - 3)$

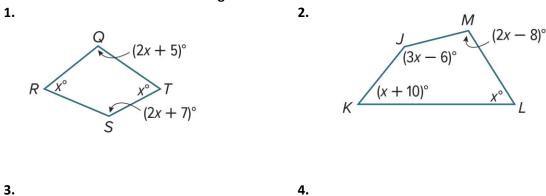
19.
$$5(4z + 6) - 2(z - 4) = 7z(z + 4) - z(7z - 2) - 48$$

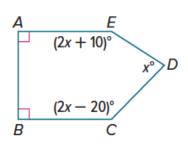
20. 9c(c-11) + 10(5c-3) = 3c(c+5) + c(6c-3) - 30

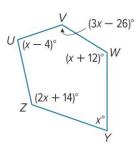
21. $2f(5f-2) - 10(f^2 - 3f + 6) = -8f(f + 4) + 4(2f^2 - 7f)$

22. $2k(-3k+4) + 6(k^2 + 10) = k(4k+8) - 2k(2k+5)$

Find the measure of each interior angle.





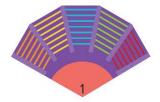


Example 2

5. ARCHITECTURE In the Uffizi gallery in Florence, Italy, there is a room built by Buontalenti called the Tribune (*La Tribuna* in Italian). This room is shaped like a regular octagon. What is the measure of the angle formed by two consecutive walls of the Tribune.



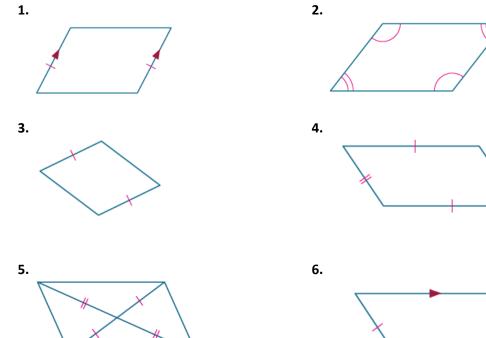
6. THEATER A theater floor plan is shown. The upper five sides are part of a regular dodecagon. Find $m \ge 1$.



Q18 parallelograms

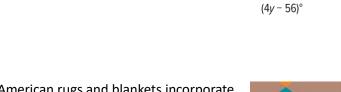
Example 1

Determine whether each quadrilateral is a parallelogram. Justify your answer.

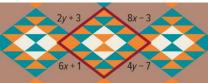


Example 2

7. ORGANIZATION The space between the hinges and trays of a collapsible tray organizer appears to be a parallelogram. Find the values of *x* and *y* so that the trays and hinges of the organizer form a parallelogram.



8. PATTERNS Many Native American rugs and blankets incorporate parallelograms into the designs. Find the values of *x* and *y* so that the quadrilateral shown is a parallelogram.

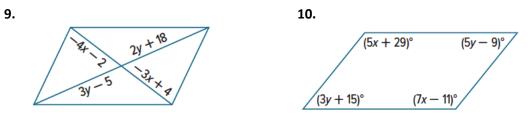


 $(2y + 34)^{\circ}$

(2x + 16)°

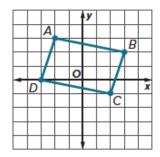
 $(3x - 4)^{\circ}$

Find the values of x and y so that each quadrilateral is a parallelogram.



Example 3

11. Determine whether *ABCD* is a parallelogram. Justify your answer.



CONSTRUCT ARGUMENTS For exercises 12-15, graph each quadrilateral with the given vertices. Determine whether the figure is a parallelogram. Justify your answer with the method indicated. 12. P(0, 0), Q(3, 4), S(7, 4), Y(4, 0); Slope Formula

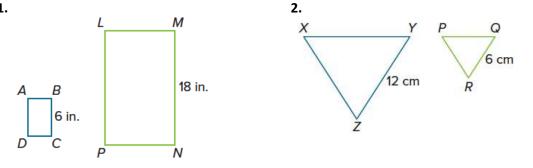
13. *S*(-2, 1), *R*(1, 3), *T*(2, 0), *Z*(-1, -2); Distance and Slope Formulas

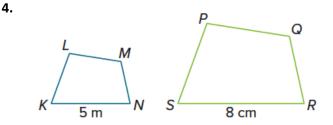
14. W(2, 5), R(3, 3), Y(-2, -3), N(-3, 1); Midpoint Formula

15. *W*(1, -4), *X*(-4, 2), *Y*(1, -1), and *Z*(-2, -3); Slope Formula

	Use scale factors to calculate the dimensions of dilated images		Pg
Q19	Represent dilations as functions and find the scale factors of dilations	1 to 18	119,120

Determine whether the dilation from the figure on the left to the figure on the right is an *enlargement* or a *reduction*. Then find the scale factor of the dilation. 1. 2.

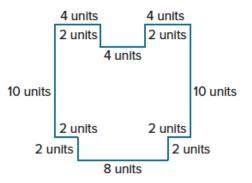




Example 2

3.

5. BLUEPRINTS Ezra is redrawing the blueprint shown of a stage he is planning to build for his band. By what percentage should he multiply the dimensions of the stage so that the dimensions of the image are $\frac{1}{2}$ the size of the original blueprint? What will be the perimeter of the updated blueprint?



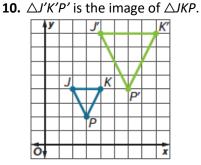
For each set of triangle vertices, find and graph the coordinates of the vertices of the image after a dilation of the triangle by the given scale factor.

6. *J*(-8, 0), *K*(-4, 4), *L*(-2, 0), *k* = 0.5 **7.***S*(0, 0), *T*(-4, 0), *V*(-8, -8), *k* = 1.25

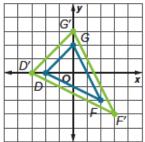
8. $A(9, 9), B(3, 3), C(6, 0), k = \frac{1}{3}$ **9.** D(4, 4), F(0, 0), G(8, 0), k = 0.75

Example 4

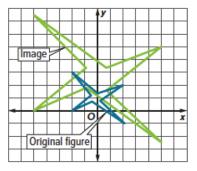
Find the scale factor of the dilation.



11. $\triangle D'F'G'$ is the image of $\triangle DFG$.



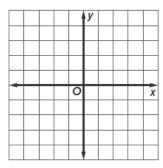
12. Tyrone drew a logo and a dilation of the same logo on the coordinate plane. What is the scale factor of the dilation?

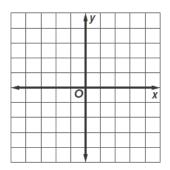


Mixed Exercises

Graph the image of each polygon with the given vertices after a dilation centered at the origin with the given scale factor.

13.
$$F(-10, 4), G(-4, 4), H(-4, -8), k = 0.2$$
 14. $X(2, -1), Y(-6, 4), Z(-2, -5), k = \frac{5}{4}$





15. $M(4, 6), N(-6, 2), P(0, -8), k = \frac{3}{4}$

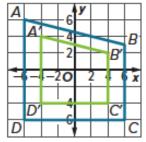
			y		
-					
		0			
		0			x
		0			x
		0			x

		y		
	_			-
	0			X

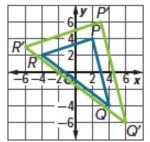
16.*R*(-2, 6), *S*(0, -1), *T*(-5, 3), *k* = 1.5

Find the scale factor of the dilation.

17. *A'B'C'D'* is the image of *ABCD*.



18. $\triangle P'Q'R'$ is the image of $\triangle PQR$.



Determine whether the points X, Y, and Z can be the vertices of a triangle. If so, classify the triangle as *acute, right*, or *obtuse*. Justify your answer. **15.** X(-3, -2), Y(-1, 0), Z(0, -1)**16.** X(-7, -3), Y(-2, -5), Z(-4, -1)

17. *X*(1, 2), *Y*(4, 6), *Z*(6, 6)

18. *X*(3, 1), *Y*(3, 7), *Z*(11, 1)

Mixed Exercises

19. TETHERS To help support a flag pole, a 50-foot-long tether is tied to the pole at a point 40 feet above the ground. The tether is pulled taut and tied to an anchor in the ground. How far away from the base of the pole is the anchor?



Determine whether each se	et of measures can be the measu	res of the sides of a			
triangle. If so, classify the triangle as <i>acute, obtuse,</i> or <i>right</i> . Justify your answer.					
20. √5, √12, √13	21. 2, $\sqrt{8}$, $\sqrt{12}$	22. 9, 40, 41			