

شكراً لتحميلك هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية



## مراجعة عامة للامتحان النهائي

[موقع المناهج](#) ← [المناهج الإماراتية](#) ← [الصف الرابع](#) ← [لغة انجليزية](#) ← [الفصل الثاني](#) ← [الملف](#)

## التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الرابع



## روابط مواد الصف الرابع على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

[التربية الاسلامية](#)

## المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الرابع والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

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## الضمير

هو كلمة تستخدم بدلا من الاسم وذلك لكي نتجنب تكرار الاسم, وتنقسم الضمائر إلى عدة أنواع ومن أهمها **الضمائر الشخصية** وهي

### ضمائر الفاعل Subject Pronouns

(أنا) للمتكلم المفرد المذكر والمؤنث العاقل

I

→ **I** play football. أنا لعبت الكرة

(نحن) للمتكلمين الجمع المذكر والمؤنث العاقل

We

→ **We** play football.

(أنت, أنتِ, أنتما, أنتم, أنتن) للمخاطب المفرد والجمع المذكر والمؤنث العاقل

You

→ **You** play football.

(هو) للغائب المفرد المذكر العاقل

He

→ **He** plays football.

(هي) للغائبة المفردة المؤنثة العاقلة

She

→ **She** plays football

(هو أو هي) للغائب المفرد والمؤنث المذكر والمؤنث الغير العاقل

It

→ **It** is a dog.

(هما, هم, هن) للغائب الجمع المذكر والمؤنث العاقل

They

→ **They** play football.



# Sentence building

❁ The sentence begins with a **capital letter**

الجملة تبدأ بحرف كبير.

❁ The sentence ends with a **full stop.**

الجملة تنتهي بنقطة.

Read then underline the **capital letters** and **full stops**:

( the first one is done for you):

1- This is my friend .

2- This is my teacher.

3- Jack is my pet dog.

4- My dad is tall.

5- I am six years old.



MR.AHMED SHABAAN ELSHESHTAWY

**Punctuate** ( the first one is done for you):

1- she is my sister  
She is my sister.

2- she is my teacher

.....

3- this is my friend

.....

4- i am mona

.....

5- he is my grandpa



# Grammar Time

Hello



Hi

To ask about names, say:

لکي تسأل عن الأسماء.. قل

What is your name ?

ما اسمك ؟

I am Ahmed.

أنا اسمي أحمد.

To ask about ages, say:

لکي تسأل عن العمر.. قل

How old are you ?

كم عمرك ؟

I am eight years old.

أنا عمري ٨ سنوات.



في حالة السؤال في المضارع البسيط نستخدم التالي

**Do** { you - they - I - we } .....?

**Does** { he - she - it } .....?



**Do you** want a parrot ?

الإجابة - Yes, I do / No, I don't.

**Does she** want a lizard ?

الإجابة - Yes, she does / No, she doesn't.

1 - I **want** a parrot.

النفي →

I **don't** want a rabbit.

2 - He **wants** a cat.

النفي →

He **doesn't** want a lizard.

← نستخدم **don't** مع { they - we - you - I } و الاسم الجمع

← نستخدم **doesn't** مع { He - She - It } و الاسم المفرد





فى زمن المضارع البسيط يتم إضافة { **s - es - ies** } إلى نهاية الفعل إذا كان الفاعل مفرد غائب مثل :- { **it - she - he** } أو أى أسم مفرد

- 1 - **He** wants **s** a parrot .  
3 - **Kareem** wants **s** a parrot .

- 2 - **She** wants **s** fish .  
4 - **Hoda** wants **s** a canary .



لاحظ انه تم إضافة حرف **S** إلى نهاية كل فعل لأن **الفاعل مفرد**

أما إذا كان الفاعل **جمع** مثل { **they - we - you - I** } فيكون الفعل بدون **S**

- 1 - **We** want a lizard .

- 2 - **They** want a rabbit .



## الـنـفـى

بدون **S**

تأتى ( **don't** ) مع **I - you - we - they** - و يأتى بعدها مصدر الفعل

تأتى ( **doesn't** ) مع **He - she - it** - و يأتى بعدها مصدر الفعل

**I want** a fish .

**I don't want** a fish .

**He wants** a rabbit .

**He doesn't want** a rabbit .



# 1- زمن المضارع البسيط

اسم جمع ( I / We / You / They )

فعل في المصدر

I play tennis in the evening.

اسم مفرد He / She / It

فعل مضاف له (s-es)

He / She / It + **الفعل** **sh, ch, ss, x, o (es)**  
اسم مفرد **معظم الافعال يضاف لها (s)**

She plays tennis in the morning.

**Key words:**

usually – always – every ( day – week – month – year ) – often – never  
- sometimes – on (days) – in the ( morning / afternoon / evening )



**6- Choose the correct answer:**

- 1- We ( go – goes ) to school on foot.
- 2- She ( do – does ) sport every morning.
- 3- I ( watch – teaches ) T.V. in the afternoon.
- 4- She ( teach – teaches ) English.
- 5- I ( brush – brushes ) my teeth every day.
- 6- We ( do – does ) our H.W at school.

**7- Answer with ( Yes , No ) :**

1- Do you get up at six o'clock?

.....

2- Do you play tennis every day?

.....

3- Do they have lunch at one o'clock?

.....

4- Does she eat sandwiches at one o'clock?

.....

5- Does he have breakfast at seven o'clock?

.....

6- Does she walk to school with her mom?





## **2- Choose the correct answer:**

- 1- He always ( sleep – sleeps ) early.
- 2- She often ( get – gets ) up early.
- 3- The boy ( ride – rides ) his bike every week.
- 4- It never ( rain – rains ) in summer.
- 5- A rabbit ( eat – eats ) carrots every morning.
- 6- I usually ( write – writes ) letters to my friends.
- 7- The children ( drink – drinks ) milk every day.
- 8- Ahmed ( play – plays ) tennis every week.
- 9- We usually ( play – plays ) tennis at the club.
- 10- Heba ( live – lives ) in a big house.

## **3- Correct the verbs between brackets:**

- 1- He usually ( like ) ..... painting at home.
- 2- She often ( write ) ..... her name wrong.
- 3- The cat usually ( chase ) ..... the mouse.
- 4- Mai always ( arrive ) ..... at the lesson on time.
- 5- He ( take ) ..... his car to work every day.
- 6- They ( help ) ..... their mother in the kitchen.
- 7- We ( buy ) ..... cheese from the market.



# Exercises

## 1- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- A pride of lions ( live – lives – living ) in the forest.
- 2- The bird ( build – builds – building ) her nest in the tree.
- 3- The cub ( like – likes – eat ) meat.
- 4- My mum ( bake – bakes – baking ) a delicious cake.
- 5- My parents ( don't – doesn't – isn't ) go to work on Fridays.
- 6- He ( don't – doesn't – aren't ) play football.
- 7- My sister always ( rides – ride – riding ) her bike.
- 8- Dad usually ( read – reads – reading ) newspaper in the morning.
- 9- I often ( go – goes – going ) to the club.
- 10- ( Do – Does – Is ) you eat your sandwich?
- 11- ( Do – Does – are ) she want a new dress?
- 12- Do your family have a car? Yes, they ( do – does – don't ) .
- 13- Does your mother bake a cake? No, she ( doesn't – don't – do ) .



V . To Be ( am, is ,are )	Negative with النفي ( not )
المفرد I am = 'm He She is='s It We They =are you المجموع	I'm not is not = isn't are not = aren't

am - is - are بعد not عند التحويل إلى النفي فأنا نضع كلمة

EX :- I am playing . → I am not playing .

He is reading . → He is not reading .

They are singing . → They are not singing .

1 - Change into negative :- حول الى النفي

1-Alaa is singing a song

2-Aya and Eman are eating

3-Asmaa is writing

4-The girls are waving



# 1 Put ( am - is - are ) :

1. She ..... my sister.

2. I ..... in junior one.

3. It ..... a cat.

4. You ..... a pupil.

5. They ..... friends.

6. He ..... my dad.

7. We ..... at school.

8. I ..... tall.

9. It ..... little.

10. We ..... happy.

لاحظ

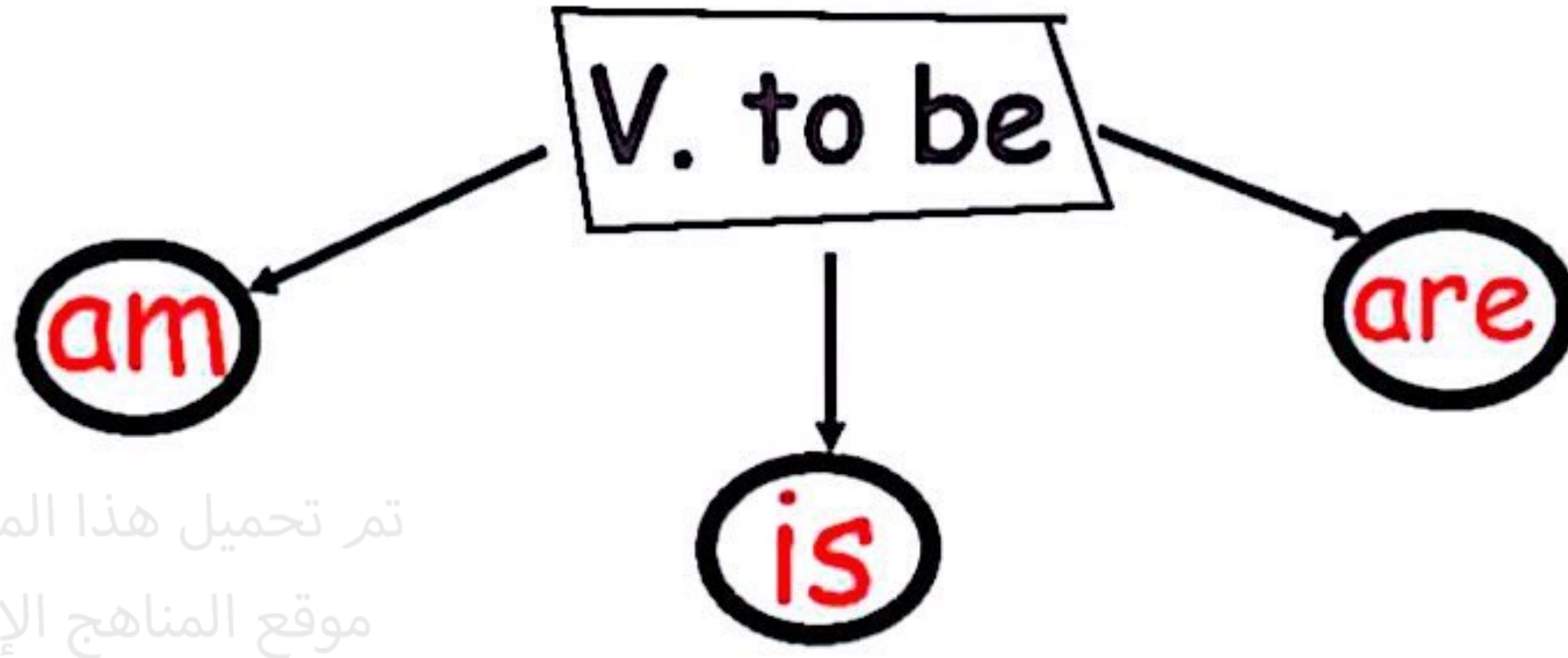
He's = He is

We're = We are

I'm = I am



# فعل يكون في المضارع



تم تحميل هذا الملف من  
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- I → am
- (He - She - It) → is
- (They - We - You) → are

I → am

He, She, It → is

We, You, They → are

انا أكون  
هو يكون - هي تكون - غير العاقل يكون  
نحن نكون انتم تكونوا

I am	أنا أكون
He is	هو يكون
She is	هي تكون
It is	هو... هي (غير العاقل)
They are	هم يكونوا
We are	نحن نكون
You are	أنت تكون... أنتم تكونون... أنتما تكونان... أنتن تكونن

am = 'm    is = 's    are = 're



### **3- Correct the verb between brackets:**

- 1- My father ( travel ) ..... to Paris last week.
  - 2- I ( visit ) ..... my grandma last Friday.
  - 3- My sister ( wash ) ..... her clothes yesterday.
  - 4- The children ( do ) ..... their H.W. at school yesterday.
  - 5- He ( post ) ..... the letter last week.
  - 6- The girl ( walk ) ..... to school two days ago.
- 

### **4- Choose the correct answer:**

- 1- It ( rains – rained ) heavily two weeks ago.
- 2- She ( stayed – stays ) in a hotel yesterday.
- 3- Last Saturday, my family ( go – went ) to the zoo.
- 4- ( Yesterday – Today ) , the children won a football match.
- 5- We ( ask – asked ) Mrs. Sara to explain the lesson last week.
- 6- I ( saw – see ) the bear at the zoo two days ago.
- 7- I ( enjoy – enjoyed ) reading this story last summer.
- 8- Yesterday ( is – was ) hot.
- 9- Jane ( has – had ) a bad dream yesterday.
- 10- I ( go – went ) to London in 2015.
- 11- Ali ( ate – eat ) all the apples yesterday.
- 12- She ( see – saw ) her friends an hour ago.
- 13- Yesterday, the girl ( is – was ) tired and didn't do her H.W.
- 14- We ( did – do ) our H.W. last Tuesday.









# The Present Continuous

زمن المضارع المستمر

زمن المضارع المستمر يعني شئ يحصل الان

وما زال مستمرا .

يتكون من :

تم تحميل هذا الملف من

اسم مفرد He / She / It

اسم جمع We / You / They

am

is + فعل + ing

are

I am reading

He is writing

We are drawing.

النفى = لا = محصلش  
am/ is /are **not** بعد

I

He / She / It

We / You / they

am

is

are

not + فعل +

+ ing

I am not reading.

He is not writing

We are not drawing.

لاحظ الاختصارات الاتية :

I'm = I am

He's = He is

She's = She is

We're = We are

You're = You are

They're = They are

isn't = is not

aren't = are not



### **3- Correct the verb between brackets:**

- 1- My father ( travel ) ..... to Paris last week.
  - 2- I ( visit ) ..... my grandma last Friday.
  - 3- My sister ( wash ) ..... her clothes yesterday.
  - 4- The children ( do ) ..... their H.W. at school yesterday.
  - 5- He ( post ) ..... the letter last week.
  - 6- The girl ( walk ) ..... to school two days ago.
- 

### **4- Choose the correct answer:**

- 1- It ( rains – rained ) heavily two weeks ago.
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- 3- Last Saturday, my family ( go – went ) to the zoo.
- 4- ( Yesterday – Today ) , the children won a football match.
- 5- We ( ask – asked ) Mrs. Sara to explain the lesson last week.
- 6- I ( saw – see ) the bear at the zoo two days ago.
- 7- I ( enjoy – enjoyed ) reading this story last summer.
- 8- Yesterday ( is – was ) hot.
- 9- Jane ( has – had ) a bad dream yesterday.
- 10- I ( go – went ) to London in 2015.
- 11- Ali ( ate – eat ) all the apples yesterday.
- 12- She ( see – saw ) her friends an hour ago.
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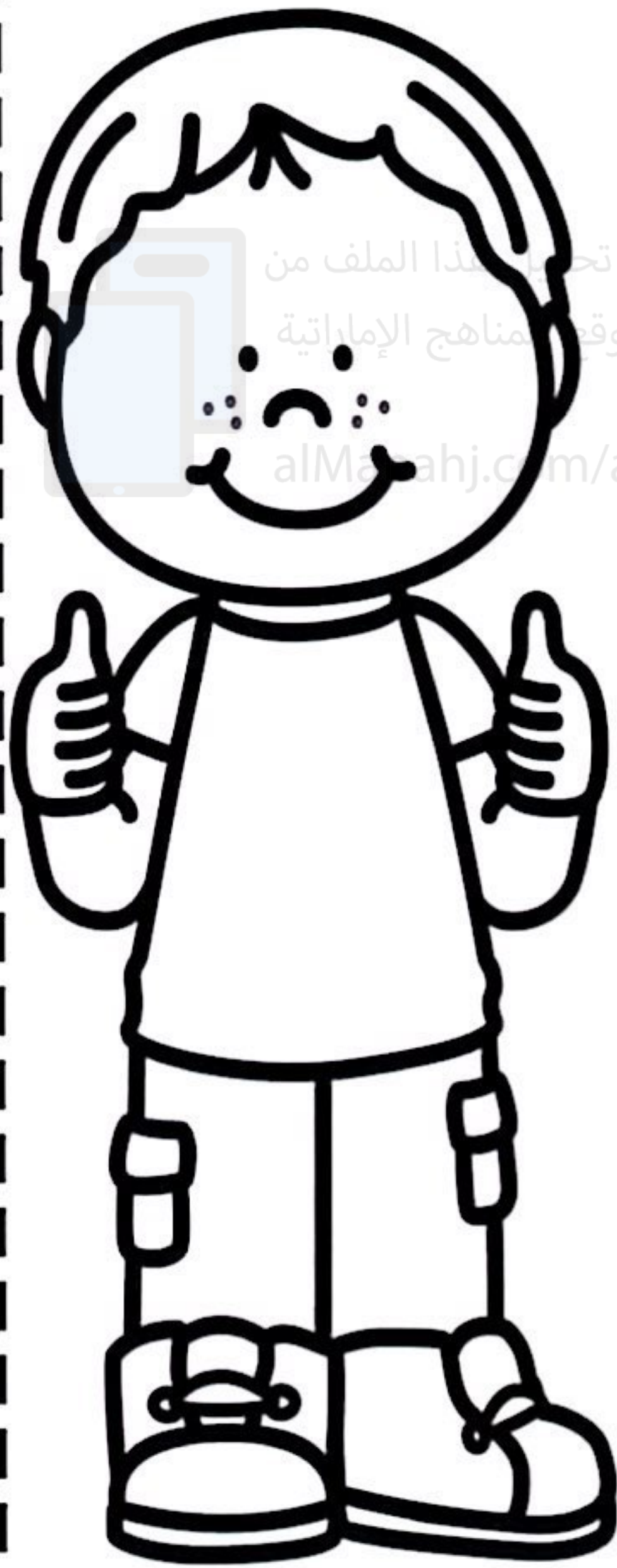
## Exercise:

### - Underline the correct word(s) in brackets:

- 1- Ali (arrive – arrives – arrived) late yesterday.
- 2- The children ( visit – visits – visited) the museum last week.
- 3- Mona (study – studies – studied) her lessons last night.
- 4- Dad (travel – travels – travelled) to London 3 days ago.
- 5- They (play – played – plays) football yesterday.
- 6- I (watch – watched – watching) TV last night.
- 7- Mum (clean – cleans – cleaned) the room last week.
- 8- They (go – went – going) to the park yesterday.
- 9- Asmaa (watch – watched – watches) a video two hours ago.
- 10- The teacher (correct – corrected – correcting) our homework.
- 11- The children (walked – walk – walks) to school yesterday.
- 12- It (rain – rains – rained) yesterday.
- 13- Dinosaur (lives – living – lived) millions of years ago.
- 14- (Next - Last – This) year, I travelled to Japan .
- 15- He didn't (plays – play – played) the piano.
- 16- I didn't go to the cinema (next – last – this) night.
- 17- She (doesn't – didn't – don't) see him last night.
- 18- Mona didn't (come – comes – came) to the party yesterday.
- 19- They (don't – didn't – doesn't) play football last week.
- 20- Mum didn't (cook – cooks – cooked) chicken .
- 21- Did you watch TV? Yes, I (do – did – are).
- 22- Did he arrive early? No, he (did – didn't – don't).
- 23- Maram didn't (help – helps – helped) her mum.
- 24- She didn't (making – make – makes) a cake.
- 25- Yesterday, he (see – sees – saw) a scary film.
- 26- Where (do – does – did) they go yesterday?
- 27- What time did he (arrive – arrived – arrives)?
- 28- How did she go to school (today – yesterday – tomorrow)?
- 29- They didn't (enjoy – enjoys – enjoyed) the party.



# Reading Comprehension



Mark is a fitness enthusiast who likes to exercise every day. His exercise routine helps him to stay healthy and energized.

Every day, Mark spends about an hour at the gym. He does a mix of cardio and strength training exercises to keep his body in shape.

After his workout, he takes a quick shower and gets dressed. Then, he spends some time preparing a healthy breakfast to fuel his body for the day.

Finally, Mark spends about 15 minutes practicing some stretching and mobility exercises to keep his muscles loose and limber.

## Questions:

How long does Mark spend at the gym every day?

---

What does Mark do after his workout?

---

Why does Mark practice stretching and mobility exercises?

---



## Pictorial Reading Comprehension

Choose the correct answer from a, b and c :



Read the passage to answer the questions:

Ahmed and his sister Nada visits their grandmother every Friday. They like eating breakfast with her in the morning. Ahmed helps her to tidy the house. Then , their grandmother goes to the kitchen to make lunch for them. She cooks delicious soup and chicken for them. Nada helps her in the kitchen. In the evening, **She** tells them stories. They like her very much.

Choose the correct answer

1- The best title of this passage is:

a- Our garden

b- Our grandmother

c- Our father

2-The underlined word (**she**) in line 5 refers to :

a- Ahmed

b- Nada

c- grandmother

3- Ahmed's grandmother cooks delicious ----- :

a- house

b- soup

c-kitchen

4- The grandmother is ----- in the picture.

a- sitting

b. writing

c.standing



## Pictorial Reading Comprehension

Choose the correct answer from a,b and c :



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Read the passage to answer the questions:

Ali went to the zoo with his family last weekend. He got up early in the morning. Then he ate his breakfast with his family. They went to the zoo at 9 o'clock. They saw the lions , the elephants and the tigers. Ali went to the monkey and gave it some bananas. They had lunch at 3 o'clock. They came back home very happy.

Choose the correct answer:

1- The best title of this passage is:

a- The zoo

b- The beach

c- The park

2-The underlined word (He) in line 1 refers to :

a- father

b- Ali

c- lion

3- Ali gave some ----- to the monkey. :

a- tigers

b- elephants

c-bananas

4- What can you see in the picture?

a- trees

b. animals

c.cars



# Language

تم تحميل هذا الملف من  
موقع من هج الإماراتية

## The Past Simple Tense

زمن الماضي البسيط

### Form

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The second form of the verb

التصريف الثاني للفعل

### Regular verbs

الزمن البسيط المنتظم:

نضيف (ed) للفعل المنتظم.



pull → pulled

cook → cooked

### Spelling Notes:

إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بـ (e) يضاف (d) فقط.



like → liked

live → lived

إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بـ (y) و يسبقه حرف ساكن، نحذف (y) ثم نضيف (ied).



bury → buried

study → studied

إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بـ (y) و يسبقه حرف متحرك، نضيف (ed) للفعل.



play → played

stay → stayed

### Irregular verbs

الزمن البسيط غير المنتظم (وهي أشكال مختلفة) كما هي.

am / is → was

are → were

swim → swam

see → saw

### Usage

الاستخدام:

- We **played** football yesterday.
- He **pulled** out an old, metal box.

للتعبير عن فعل حدث وانتهى في الماضي.



### 1. Complete the text by choosing the correct word:

There 1 (a. is / b. are / c. am) fifteen students in my classroom. There is a 2 (a. door/ b. doores/ c. doors). I 3 (a. has /b. have/ c. had) two friends. We 4 (a. play/ b. plays/ c. playing) football every day. My best friend is Ahmed. 5 (a. He/ b. She/ c. They) lives in the UAE.

### 2. Complete the text by choosing the correct word:

1 (a. I / b. My / c. Me) name is Sara. I 2 (a. lives/ b. live/ c. living) in the UAE. I 3 (a. has /b. have/ c. had) two brothers. We 4 (a. play/ b. plays/ c. playing) tennis at the weekend. My father 5 (a. is/ b. are/ c. am) a doctor.

### 3. Complete the text by choosing the correct word:

We go camping in 1 (a. Summer / b. Winter/ c. Spring). My mother 2 (a. cooks/ b. cook/ c. cooking) delicious food. My father makes 3 (a. campfire /b. play/ c. read). We 4 (a. sleeps/ b. sleep/ c. sleeping) in the tent. I feel 5 (a. sad/ b. angry/ c. happy).

### 4. Complete the text by choosing the correct word:

There 1 (a. is / b. are / c. am) twenty students in the classroom. There is a 2 (a. board / b. boards / c. boardes ). There are some 3 (a. bus / b. buss / c. buses) outside the school. My teacher 4 (a. is / b. are / c. am) kind. The students 5 (a. studied / b. study / c. studying) in the class.

### 5. Complete the text by choosing the correct word:

There 1 (a. is / b. are / c. am) fourteen students in my class. There are six 2 (a. boys / b. boy / c. boyes) and eight 3 (a. girl / b. a girl / c. girls). I 4 (a. like / b. likes/ c. liked) my classroom. There 5 (a. is /b. are / c. am) a big window with trees outside.