# شكراً لتحميلك هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية





## مراجعة قراءة وقواعد متبوعة بالإجابات

موقع المناهج ← المناهج الإماراتية ← الصف السادس ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الثاني ← الملف

## التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السادس









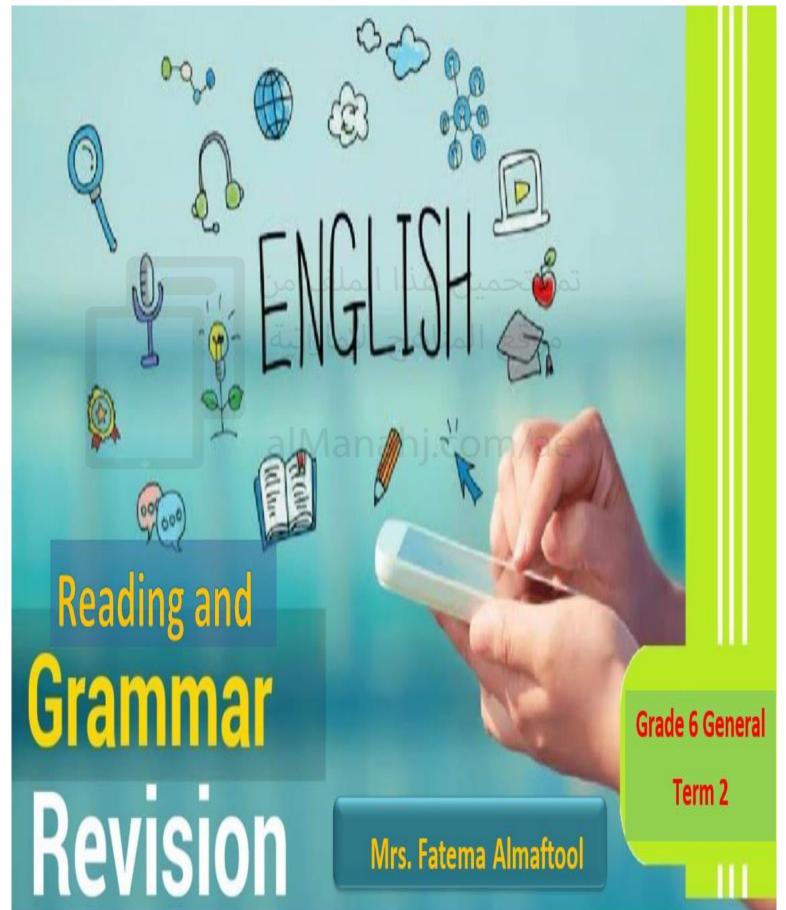
## روابط مواد الصف السادس على تلغرام

التربية الاسلامية اللغة العربية العربية الانجليزية الرياضيات

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السادس والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني						
حل أسئلة الامتحان النهائي - جينرال	1					
حل أوراق عمل مراجعة قراءة وقواعد	2					
مراجعة قراءة وقواعد متبوعة بالإجابات	3					
مراجعة نهائية امتحانية	4					
مراجعة نهائية على قواعد الفصل الثاني	5					











Term 2

# اختبار اللغة الإنجليزية للفصل الدراسي الثاني

### الية اختبار اللغة الإنجليزية

### الاختبار مقسم الى قسمين

اولا: الجزء الاول ورقي (كتابة موضوع) تختلف المعايير حسب كل مرحله25% و يقوم معلم المادة بتصحيحه و يعقد الاختبار بتاريخ 7/3/2023 لمدة ساعة و نصف من 8:30 – 10:00 صباحا

ثانيا: الاختبار الالكتروني ويتكون من 6 نصوص قرائية 375 (3 maze - 3 reading texts)

الجزء الاول ( reading 1 - maze 1 )في متناول الطلاب 30% يتم اختبار الطلاب في مهارات سابقه يتكون من 5 أسئلة maze و 5 أسئلة reading

الجزء الثاني (reading 2 - maze 2) يراعي المهارات التي تمت دراستها خلال الفصل 50% و يكون من 5 أسئلة maze أسئلة reading و يكون من 5 أسئلة reading و أسئلة reading

الجزء الثالث (reading 3 - maze 3) يراعي مهارات تفكير عليا 20% و يتكون من 5 أسئلة maze و 5 أسئلة freading الجزء الثالث (reading 3 - maze 3) يوجد سؤالين بونس 10% ب 10 علامات

عدد الاسئلة 30 و 2 بونس

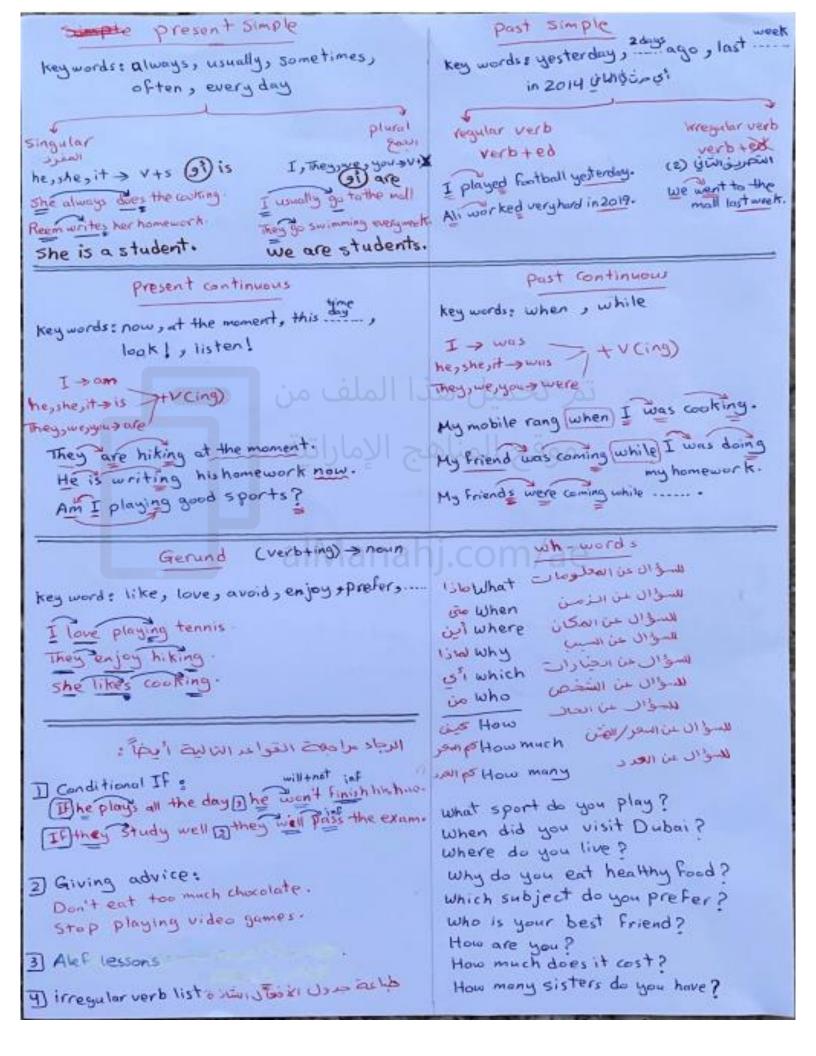
مدة الامتحان الالكتروني ساعتين من 8:30 – 10:30 يوم الثلاثاء 21/3/2023

#### نصائح هامة

- . المراجعة الجيدة من الأوراق والتركيز على القواعد وحفظ جدول الأفعال الشاذة
- التدريب على النماذج الاختبارية practice 1 + practice 2 ساعة لاختبار maze وساعة لاختبار reading
- لن يسمح للطالبات بإدخال أي أوراق أو تدريبات داخل لجنة الاختبار حيث أن الاختبار الكتروني على سويفت و لا يستعدي وجود أوراق للكتابة

### **Term 2 Final Exam Vocabulary**

	Words	Meaning and Example
1	Painting (n)	a picture that someone has painted.
	رسمة	Ex: This is a beautiful painting of some flowers.
2	art (n)	paintings, drawings and other objects made by people.
	فن	Ex. He has a lot of art in his house.
3	building (n)	a place people visit or where people stay.
	مبنى	Ex: The Burj Khalifa is a very tall building.
4	museum (n)	a building where you can look at important things about art, history
	متحف	or science.
		Ex: There are old books about the UAE in the history museum.
5	meeting (v)	coming together with other people.
	اجتماع - مقابلة	Ex: My dad enjoys meeting new people at work.
6	Prefer (v)	to like doing something more than other things.
	يفضل	Ex: Hassan liked to read books, but he preferred to play outside.
7	sunset (n)	the time in the evening when you last see the sun in the sky.
	غروب الشمس	Ex: I love watching the sunset in the evening.
8	reply (v)	to answer.
	یرد	Ex: "My name is Ahmed," he replied.
9	cross (v)	to go from one side of a place to another.
	يقطع الشارع –	Ex: Look both sides before you cross the road.
	يتنقل بين الأماكن و	
	المناطق	
10	carry (v)	to hold something as you go somewhere.
	يحمل	Ex: He likes to carry the bags for his mother when they go home.
11	dry (adj)	with little or no rain, an area is dry.
	جفاف	Ex: The desert is very dry because there is no water.



Nationality Junion

She's Emirati . / She's from the UAE.

He (3) Egyptian / He (live) in Egypt.

They are Italian They are From Italy.

your writing looks perfect. The writing is purfect.

The perfume smells good. / It's again perfume.

The found tastest delicious. / It is a delicious foed.

more + long adj -> than short adj+er -> than

My house is bigger than yours.

I am taller than my sister.

She is more beautiful than her brother.

superlative adjectives The ← most + long adj The ← short adj + est

My house is the biggest.

I amois the tallest.

She is the most beautiful.

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she likes football and climbs the trees.

Football, basketball and tennis are the best sports.

I cooked the food but burned the cake.

Prepositions : in , at , on

## 100 MOST COMMON ESL IRREGULAR VERBS LIST

Base Form	Past Simple	Participle	Se.	Base Form	Past Simple	Participie		
awake	awoke	awaken	Col (1)	lie	lay	lain		
be	was/were	re been 🖓 🐠 lose			lost	lost		
beat	beat	beaten		make	made	made		
begin	began	begun	4014	mean	meant	meant		
bite	bit	bitten	21	meet	met	met		
blow	blew	blown	65	pay	paid	paid		
break	broke	broken	10 月	put	put	put		
bring	brought	brought	Value	quit	quit	quit		
build	built	built	1	read	read	read		
buy	bought	bought	700	ride	rode	ridden		
catch	caught	caught	Total Control	ring	rang	rung		
choose	chose	chosen	3.2	rise	rose	risen		
come	came	come	diam'r.	run	ran	run		
cost	cost	cost	183	say	said	said		
cut	cut	cut	-	see	saw	seen		
do	did	done	-	seek	sought	sought		
deal	dealt	dealt		sell	sold	sold		
dig	dug	dug		send	sent	sent		
dream	dreamt	dreamt	- design	set	set	set		
draw	drew	drawn	V. Of	sew	sewed	sewn		
drink	drank	drunk	90	shake	shook	shaken		
drive	drove	driven	CG.	shine	shone	shone		
eat	ate	eaten	1	shoot	shot	shot		
fall	fell	fallen	as to	show	showed	shown		
feed	fed	fed	sale	sing	sang	sung		
feel	felt	felt	9	sink	sank	sunk		
fight	fought	fought	26	sit	sat	sat		
find	found	found	Land of	sleep	slept	slept		
fly	flew	flown	400	slide	slid	slid		
forget	forgot	forgotten	1	speak	spoke	spoken		
forgive	forgave	forgiven	A	spend	spent	spent		
freeze	froze	frozen	26	spread	spread	spread		
get	got	gotten	-	stand	stood	stood		
give	gave	given	and the same	steal	stole	stolen		
go	went	gone		stick	stuck	stuck		
grow	grew	grown		strike	struck	stricken		
hang	hung	hung		swear	swore	sworn		
have	had	had	The state of the s	sweep	swept	swept		
hear	heard	heard	-	swell	swelled	swept		
hide	hid	hidden	2	swim	swam	swum		
hit	hit	hit	7	swing	swung	swum		
hold	held	held	44	take	took	taken		
hurt	hurt	hurt	25	teach	taught	taken		
	Schlieb	THE STREET	8 8	5330000	100 To 10	10000010000		
keep	kept	kept	200	tear	tore	torn		
know	knew	known	The Day	tell	told	told		
ay	laid	laid	100	think	thought	thought		
lead	led	led	12	wear	wore	worn		
leave	left	left	1	weep	wept	wept		
lend	lent	lent		win	won	won		
let	let	let	ALL ST	write	wrote	written		

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### **Grade 6 Level 3.2 Term 2 Maze**

#### Practice 1

Jama	l is (1)	about the kind of work he want	s to do when he leaves
schoo	ol. He wants a jol	b that is not (2) His f	amily suggest different
jobs t	hat they think he	e could do well.	
His n	nother thinks he	could be a science (3)	because he likes
		mal agrees that they are interesting, bu	
		ese subjects. He isn't (5)	
this jo		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
1.	A) think	b) thought	c) thinking
	A) bored	b) boring	c) bore
	A) teach	<ul><li>b) thought</li><li>b) boring</li><li>b) teaching</li></ul>	c) teacher
4.	A) at	b) in	c) on
5.	A) confident	b) interesting	c) calm
		alManahj.com/	
There	e (1)	some strange animals in the world. I	Elephant seals (2)
		ld places like the Arctic. They use (3)	
noses	to find food in t	he sea.	
The s	loth likes (4)	a lot. It uses its strong arms	to hold on the tree
		loth looks very strange when it walks	
(5)	very sl	lowly.	
1.	A) is	b) are	c) am
2.	A) live	b) lives	c) living
3.	A) they	b) them	c) their
4.	A) slept	b) sleeps	c) sleeping
5.	A) move	b) moves	c) moving

I play many sports, but m	y favorite one is badmi	nton. I play it once (1)					
You need a (2)	to play badminton.	My friend can't (3)					
racquet sports. (4) in the spot to warm up before you play. I want to							
win a gold (5)	old (5) in the next sports competition.						
1. A) week	b) weeks	c) a week					
2. A) shuttlecock	b) goggles	c) swimwear					
3. A) plays	b) play	c) to play					
4. A) Run	b) Runs	c) Ran					
5. A) sport	b) silver	c) medal					
Read the text and choose		om a, b or c.					
		ool so much. He (2)					
goes to school. At school,							
There are some flowers of		chairs and the wall is blue too. table.					
1. A) like	b) liking	c) likes					
2. A) sometimes	b) always	c) never					
3. A) plays	b) play	c) playing					
4. A) is	b) are	c) am					
5. A) teacher's	5. A) teacher's b) teach c) teachers						

### Read the text and choose the right word to fill in the gaps. Write A, B or C in each gap.

В	larger	C large	
В	than	C the	
В	face	C faces	
B	offers	C offer	
الإماراتية	المناهي <sub>ان</sub>	C can to	
S	cientist		
I want to tell you a	bout my iob as	a scientist. I usually work in	1
_			
_			
where	<b>B</b> Which	C WIIO	
noisy	<b>B</b> noisiest	<b>c</b> noisier	
good	R better	C hest	
9000		<b>C</b> 5031	
v do o	D 11 1	<b>2</b> Ha	
WHO	<b>b</b> indt	<b>C</b> mose	
	imah along the long coas visit the Al Badiya AE.  B I B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	imah along the long coastline (4) lus visit the Al Badiyah Mosque, which is AE.  B larger  B than  B face  B offers  B will  Scientist  I want to tell you about my job as is very big and new, but some shnology. The hospitals are 2 than are something called a 'brain scan'. If r head. The pictures, 4 are the images 5 than the ones where  B which  B better	B larger C large  B than C the  B face C faces  B offers C offer  B will C can to  Scientist  I want to tell you about my job as a scientist. I usually work in is very big and new, but sometimes I visit hospitals to show thnology. The hospitals are 2 than the laboratory but being a scientist is 3 than any other job. At the moment, something called a 'brain scan'. This is a picture of a patient's in head. The pictures, 4 are taken with this 'brain scan' the images 5 than the ones doctors use at the moment, where B which C who  B possible C noisier  B better C best

## Grade 6 Level 3.2 Term 2 Reading Comprehensions

**Practice 1** 

## Saeed's summer vacation

Last summer, Saeed went to Oman on vacation with his father. He went in July and stayed for two weeks. They went by car and drove past the mountains and the desert. At the resort, Saeed went kayaking and took a boat ride to watch sharks.

One day Saeed went to an amusement park. The first ride Saeed went on was the carousel, he did not enjoy it because it was very slow. Next, he went in the scary hotel. It was exciting because of the strange sounds. Then, Saeed went on the water rapid ride, he got very wet. Finally, he went on the rollercoaster, it was amazing because it was really fast. His father didn't like the rollercoaster, it made him feel sick!

The last day was very hot, so Saeed and his father stayed at the resort and played board games. After that, they were hungry. For lunch they shared a pizza. Then they got into the car and came home

1. Where did Saeed go on vacation	alManahj.com	
A the mountains	B Oman	C the desert
2. When did Saeed go on vacatio	n?	
A two weeks ago	B in July	C last week
3. Saeed watched sharks from	?	
A a car	B a boat	C a kayak
4. Which ride didn't Saeed like?		
A the carousel	B the rollercoaster	C the Ferris wheel
5. Why was the scary hotel excit	ng?	
A he got very wet	B it was really fast	C there were strange sounds

#### Read the story about Ahmed's camping trip.

Ahmed and his brothers went on a camping trip before school started. They found the perfect place to camp! It was where a small river joined a lake. The area was ideal. Ahmed and his brothers could swim all day. It was a perfect place to fish or relax.

For two days, the trip was great but on the third day it began to rain. Everyone joked, laughed and played in the rain.

One night, Ahmed woke to hear a loud crash. He realised that the tent was floating! The rain had flooded the river and their tent had fallen into it. Ahmed shouted and woke his brothers and they swam to safety. Lightning flashed across the sky. Thunder shook the ground. The storm lasted all night. It was like a bad dream.

The next morning, the lightning and thunder stopped. They worked hard all morning to fix their campsite. During lunch, a policeman came to ask if they were okay. He told them a camper had been hurt when a tree fell on his tent. Ahmed and his brothers felt lucky to escape unhurt.

Read the questions and answer a, b or c.

- 1. Why was the campsite perfect?
  - a. They could fish and relax.
  - b. They were near the school.
  - c. It was far from the lake.
- 2. What woke Ahmed late that night?
  - a. the sound of the storm
  - b. his brother shouting
  - c. a bad dream
- 3. Why was their tent in the river?
  - a. The wind blew it in.
  - b. The river was bigger.
  - They wanted to make a boat.

- \*\*\* Bonus\*\*\*
- 6. Who got hurt in the camping trip?
  - a. Ahmed
  - b. Ahmed's brother
  - c. a camper
- \*\*\* Bonus\*\*\*
- 7. Why should people find a perfect place for camping?
  - a. To be safe
  - b. To enjoy every time
  - c. To practice more activities
- 4. Why did the policeman come to the campsite?
  - a. to talk to Ahmed and his brothers
  - b. to swim in the lake
  - c. to help them clean their campsite
- 5. When did Ahmed and his brothers go to the camping trip?
  - a. on summer vacation
  - b. at the weekend
  - c. in a school trip

#### A Famous Explorer

Roald Amundsen was a famous explorer from Norway. He is most famous for his expedition to the continent of Antarctica. In fact, he was the first man to reach the South Pole. This was a very big achievement. First, he had to sail from Norway to Antarctica - that voyage took six months. Then there was another journey over land to the South Pole - that journey took almost two months. It started on the 19th of October and he reached the South Pole on the 14th of December, 1911. They had a lot of equipment to carry over land, so Amundsen's team needed four sledges. As well as the sledges, the team also had to wear skis. There was also no modern technology in 1911 so they had to use a compass to find the South Pole. They took tents to sleep in and they wore thick fur coats.

1. Roald Amundsen a. inventor b. scientist c. explorer	was a famous from Norway.
2. He was the a. first b. Second c. fifth	person to reach the South Pole.
3. It took six months a. run b. fly c. sail	s to on a ship from Norway to Antarctica.
4. Then thea. journey b. expedition c. exploration	over land began on October 19 <sup>th</sup> .
5. Amundsen and hi a. hotel b. house	s team used a compass and slept in a

c. tent

#### Practice 2

#### Read the text below and answer the following questions.

I am Mohamed. I am Emirati. I am in grade six. When I grow up, I want to be a pilot because I love planes. My dad says that you have to be good at maths and science to be a pilot. That's OK because I'm quite good at Science but I'm better at Maths.

I have been on a plane twice now and I really love flying. I'm braver than my dad though. He can't stand heights and hated it when the plane took off and landed. For me, it was the opposite. I didn't mind at all! I prefer flying to any other way of travelling.

I remember the first time I saw a plane, I looked at it in amazement. I was only four years old and I thought it was a metal bird flying in the sky. And I remember the feeling of excitement the first time I went to an airport and saw the planes close up — they were so huge and powerful and I couldn't wait to get in one!

Part 1: (1-5) Choose the correct answer.

1. What is the best title for this text?

A. My first visit to the airport

B. My favorite toy

C. My favorite future job

D. My favorite subjects

2	2.	V	V	h	ıy	d	lo	es	M	0	h	an	ne	$\mathbf{d}$	W	a	nt	1	O	be	a	рi	lot	į?	
_			_		_																	_			۰

B. his father is a pilot
D. he loves planes
been on a plane?
B. twice
D. three times
then he first went to the airport?
B. excited

D. afraid

#### 5 What subject are necessary for being a pilot?

A. history and maths

B. Arabic and English

C. math and science

C. interested

D. Social studies and English

#### Omar's school

Omar is 13 years old and he goes to school in Dubai. His family is from Ras Al Khaimah, but they live in Dubai now. Ahmed and Mohamed are his best friends. They are in the same class. They always have lessons together and they sometimes do homework together after school in Ahmed's house.

Ahmed and Mohamed sometimes talk in science class. They don't like science. Omar never talks in class. He studies very hard because he wants to go to a good university. He likes math and science, but he does not like reading. They have math at 8 am on Sunday, but Omar is never late. He never forgets his books and he always does his homework.

Ahmed and Mohamed do not talk in Arabic class. They like Arabic. They read in Arabic every day. Omar, Ahmed and Mohamed do their Arabic homework very carefully. They have Arabic on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday at 11 am.

Mohamed likes PE. They have PE lessons on Monday and Wednesday. Mohamed likes playing football very much. He always plays football after school. He wants to start a football club and play with his classmates.

Ahmed likes English class very much because he can talk loudly in English class. He wants to start an English club and talk to his classmates in English after school

1- Where does Omar live?

a-Ras Al Khaimah **b-** Abu Dhabi c-Dubai

2-Where do Omar, Ahmed and Mohamed go to school? a-Dubai b-Abu Dhabi c-Ras Al Khaimah

3-What lesson do they have on Sunday 8 am?

a-Islamic studies b-Science

c-Math

4-Ahmed, Omar and Mohamed do homework together after class:

**b-** sometimes a-always c-never

5-Who never talks in science class?

a-Mohamed c- Ahmed b-Omar

\*\*\* Bonus\*\*\*

6-How do Ahmed, Mohamed and Omar do their Arabic homework?

a-carefully b- loudly c- badly

7-When do they have an Arabic class?

a-Monday b-Sunday c-Wednesday Read the paragraph. For numbers **1-5** choose the answer **A**, **B** or **C**.

There is **one** example.

#### Eating customs around the world

We are learning all about different countries in science this term. It is interesting learning about different customs for eating that they have in other countries. That is, the food they eat and the way they eat it.

Did you know that in Japan, people don't eat soup with a spoon? They pick up the bowl of soup and drink it, like drinking from a cup. In Mexico, they eat tacos with their hands, but in Chile they prefer fried chips, and they eat them with a knife and fork.

In Alaska people wear gloves when it's cold, but they never eat food with their gloves on! When in China, you should leave some food on the plate to show that you are full and not hungry anymore.

In Ethiopia, they don't even have plates when they eat. They put all the food onto some large round bread and then use it to pick up the food with their hands. That sounds really interesting and quite delicious. I would like to try eating that food.

<ol> <li>The students are studying in different countries.</li> </ol>
A science
B how people learn
B how people learn C eating customs C eating customs
2. In Japan, people drink soup from a
A spoon
B bowl
C cup
3. People in Chile eat chips with
A knives and forks
B their gloves on
C their hands
4. In, you should leave food on the plate when you finish eating.

A Chile

B China

C Ethiopia

A bread

B hands

C chips

In Ethiopia, people use \_\_\_\_\_ as plates.

### Answer Key

#### Maze

### Practice 1

1. c	1. b	1. c
2. b	2. a	2. a
3. c	3. c	3. b
4. a	4. c	4. a
5. a	5. b	5. c

### Practice 2

Practice 2	من ا	يا ، هذا الملف	
1. a	1	. a	1. b
2. b	2	المناهج الإماط	2. c
3. c	3	. c	3. b
4. b	4	. b	4. b
5. c	5	·alanahi.co	5. a

### Reading

### Practice 1

1. b	1. a	1. c
2. b	2. a	2. a
3. b	3. b	3. c
4. a	4. a	4. a
5. c	5. a	5. c
	6. c	
	7. a	

#### Practice 2

1. c	1. c	1. c
2. d	2. a	2. b
3. b	3. c	3. a
4. b	4. b	4. b
5. c	5. b	5. a
	6. a	
	7.c	

موقع المناهج الإماراتية

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