

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية



حل مراجعة الوحدة الأولى منهج انسابير

موقع المناهج ← المناهج الإماراتية ← الصف السادس ← علوم ← الفصل الأول ← حلول ← الملف

تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 2024-10-25 17:48:12

ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب | اختبارات الكترونية | اختبارات | حلول | عروض بوربوينت | أوراق عمل
منهج انجليزي | ملخصات وتقارير | مذكرات وبنوك | الامتحان النهائي للمدرس

المزيد من مادة
علوم:

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السادس



صفحة المناهج
الإماراتية على
فيسبوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السادس والمادة علوم في الفصل الأول

اختبار قصير درس المواد وخواصها	1
حل مراجعة درس earth on energy Solar من الوحدة الثالثة منهج انسابير	2
مراجعة درس earth on energy Solar من الوحدة الثالثة منهج انسابير	3
حل أسئلة الدرس الثالث Earth on Energy Solar من القسم الثالث الوحدة الثالثة منهج انسابير	4
حل أوراق عمل الدرسين الأول والثاني من قسم cycle water من الوحدة الثالثة منهج انسابير	5

Student Name:

Grade 6

REVISION WS 1

1) A snow-covered mountain has a _____ **higher** _____ albedo than a dark-colored corn field. Therefore, it will reflect _____ **more** _____ solar energy than the field.

2) When Earth receives energy from the Sun, _____.

A) Some energy is reflected back into space

B) Some is absorbed by the atmosphere

C) Some is absorbed by land and water on Earth's surface

D) **all of the above**

3) Which sentence correctly compares temperatures in rural and urban areas?

A) Rural areas are usually cooler because trees and water absorb more sunlight than concrete surfaces.

B) Rural areas are usually warmer because grasses and other plants absorb sunlight to grow.

C) Urban areas are usually cooler because buildings absorb sun light before it reaches the ground.

D) **Urban areas are usually warmer because streets have surfaces that absorb sunlight.**

4) The Sun's energy hits the surface of Earth most directly at the poles.

A-True

B-False

5) The specific heat of water is higher than the specific heat of sand. That is why water heats up more slowly than sand.

A- True

B-False

6) The Coriolis Effect helps distribute heat around the surface of Earth.

A-True

B-False

7) Which sentence about an ocean current is correct?

A) **Upwelling is caused by winds that blow on the ocean's surface.**

B) Upwelling moves water horizontally.

C) Surface currents are caused by differences in water density.

D) Surface currents move vertically through the water.

8) When cool, dense air from over the water flows inland, it's called a ____.

- A) land breeze
- B) Polar easterly
- C) Jet stream
- D) Sea breeze

9) The prevailing westerlies is the wind system responsible for the movement of weather from west to east across most of the continental United States.

10) Steady winds between the equator and 30° latitude north or south are known as the ____.

- A) Prevailing westerlies
- B) Jet stream
- C) Polar easterlies
- D) Trade winds

11) An increase in ocean salinity can change _____ and create a current.

- A) The temperature near the poles
- B) The density of water
- C) The Coriolis Effect
- D) The wind speed across the surface

12) Which of the following occurs when wind blows across the ocean's surface, pushing water away from an area?

- A) Upwelling
- B) Surface current
- C) Density current
- D) Salinity current

13) Explain why it is colder at the north and south poles than at the equator.

There is less sunlight near the poles, the land, water and air do not warm as much. Even the sunlight hit directly at the equator.

14) What area of Earth is receiving the most solar radiation?

The Equator

15) What three things can happen to the radiation that Earth receives from the Sun?

1) Reflected back into the space.

2) Absorbed by the Atmosphere

3) Absorbed by Earth's surface

16) Write the full form of NASA.

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

17) Monsoons are seasonal winds that affect some parts of the world. Winds have Circulation patterns during monsoons. What causes these patterns?

Differences between the temperature of the land and the ocean.

18) What are the 3 major wind systems?

A) Prevailing westerlies

B) Polar easterlies

C) Trade winds

