## شكراً لتحميلك هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية





### حل مراجعة هامة امتحانية نهائية

موقع المناهج ← المناهج الإماراتية ← الصف السادس ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الثاني ← الملف

## التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السادس









## روابط مواد الصف السادس على تلغرام

التربية الاسلامية اللغة العربية العربية الاسلامية النجليزية الرياضيات

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السادس والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني							
حل أسئلة الامتحان النهائي - جينرال	1						
حل أوراق عمل مراجعة قراءة وقواعد	2						
مراجعة قراءة وقواعد متبوعة بالإجابات	3						
مراجعة نهائية امتحانية	4						
مراجعة نهائية على قواعد الفصل الثاني	5						

# Baraem Al Ain private school Department of English



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# Final revision GRADE (6)

Prepared by MR. Ahmed

#### The Sun

The sun is a star in the solar system. It is quite near to our planet so it is big and bright. The sun is about 4,000,000 km round. It helps us by giving us light and keeping us warm. However, it is dangerous and can burn us.

Most pictures have a yellow sun, but not many people know that the sun's real colour is white. The sun's light has a mix of all the colours and they join together to make white light. If we look at the sun from space, we see white. If we look at the sun from our planet, the colours are no longer mixed. When that happens, we see the sun as yellow.

Our planet is is very big but smaller than the sun. Our planet needs the sun. Without it, our planet would be dark and cold. There would be no life without the sun.

The text says the sun is\_\_\_\_\_the Earth.

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- 1 far from
- 2. near to
- 3. next to

#### The sun is bad for us because it can\_\_\_\_\_.

- 1. hurt us
- 2. warm us
- 3. light us

#### The sun's real colour is \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1. white
- 2. red
- 3. yellow

What happens when the colours of the sunlight are not mixed?

- 1. We see the sun as bright red.
- 2. We see the sun as orange.
- 3. We see the sun as yellow.

#### When comparing the size of the sun to our planet,\_\_\_\_\_

- 1. the sun is smaller
- 2. the sun is bigger
- 3. both are the same size

#### What is another title for this text?

- 1. The Bright Star
- 2. The Dark Moon
- 3. The Yellow Earth

#### **Hide and Seek**

It is a nice day, so the children are playing outside. "What do you want to play? Catch?" asks Rashid.

"No, we don't have a ball," says Hassan.

"Why don't we play hide and seek?" says Ahmed. "I'll find you!"

He puts his hands over his eyes so he cannot see. Everyone runs away. Salim goes behind a big tree and puts his arms by his sides. Hassan goes between the flower beds. Rashid goes under a small chair, but his head won't fit. Ahmed sees him first. His hand touches Rashid's arm. "Caught you!" he cries. Then, he hears a sound near the flowers. Hassan's nose is busy smelling the flowers and he doesn't see Ahmed. "I caught you!" Ahmed shouts as he touches Hassan's back.

That leaves Salim. Ahmed looks for him under chairs, behind trees, even in Salim's house. He is so good at hiding that Ahmed shouts, "Salim, where are you?" Salim runs out from behind the biggest tree. All the boys laugh and run home.

#### Why did the children play outside?

- 1. They were playing hide and seek.
- 2. The weather was good.
- 3. Ahmed wants to find them.

#### Ahmed wants to play hide and seek because\_\_\_\_\_.

- 1. they couldn't play the other game
- 2. Hassan doesn't like playing catch
- 3. Rashid wants to play another game

## What part of Rashid helps Ahmed find him?

- 1. his arms
- 2. his nose
- 3. his head

#### Where did Salim go?

- 1. under a chair
- behind a tree
- 3. between the flower beds

#### In the text, which senses did Ahmed use to find his friends?

- 1. He used three senses: touching, seeing and hearing.
- 2. He used two senses: hearing and smelling.
- 3. He used one sense which was touching.

#### The text is about how\_\_\_\_\_.

- 1. the boys spent their evening
- 2. to use your senses to play a game
- 3. Rashid found all the boys

## Read the text and choose the correct word(s) to complete the sentences.

#### The Weather

1 (At / By / In) the weekends, the weather in the UAE is usually the same every day. The sky is blue, and the sun is 2 (come / coming / comes) through the clouds. In winter, it is good to go to the beach on a sunny day. 3 (What / Why / When) it's summer, the weather is very hot. Most people can't stand it when the weather's too warm. They stay 4 (inside / outside / beside) their houses until the night, when it gets cooler. The sun can hurt people if they go out in the middle of the day.

In winter, the 5 (UAE / UAEs / UAE's) weather changes. One day, the weather can be 6 (sunny / sunned / suns). The next day, it can rain. Most people 7 (likes / like / liked) the rain in the UAE. The winter 8 (is / was / it) cool in the UAE and everyone can go outside all day. I 9 (thinks / think / thank) the winter in the UAE is great. Everyone has a lot of fun 10 (doing / do / done) activities outdoors.

#### Choose the correct word(s) to complete the sentences.

<b>b.</b> By	c. In
alMab.coming.com/ae	c. comes
<b>b.</b> Why	$\mathbf{c}.$ When
<b>b.</b> outside	c. beside
b. UAEs	c. UAE's
b.sunned	c.suns
<b>b.</b> like	<b>c.</b> liked
<b>b.</b> was	c.it
<b>b.</b> think	c.thank
<b>b.</b> do	<b>c.</b> done
	b. Why b. outside b. UAEs b.sunned b.like b.was b. think

My name is Ahmed. I 1 (is come / am live / was born) on 7th August. I 2 (like go / love goes / enjoy going) to school every day. I 3 (usually / ever / never) get up early in the morning at about 6am. I brush my teeth and wash my face. Then, I put on my school uniform. The best thing in the morning is having breakfast with my 4 (exciting / beautiful / different) mum. Finally, I go to school by bus.

Yesterday in class, I **5** (sit / sat / sitting) at the front because I really **6** (like listening / enjoys watching / loved hearing) to my teacher. At 2pm, I went back home and had my lunch. My mum told me that I looked **7** (strong / happy / tired) so I had a rest. Later, I **8** (played / play / plays) with my **9** (big / lovely / bad) friends in the park which I visit twice a week. I came back home in the evening, had my bath and did my homework. At around 8pm, I had dinner with my family and finally went to bed at 9pm.

#### Q.17: 1.

- 1. is come
- 2. am live
- 3. was born

#### Q.18: 2.

- 1. like go
- 2. love goes
- 3. enjoy going

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#### Q.19: 3.\*\*\*\* BONUS \*\*\*\*\*

- 1. usually
- 2. ever
- 3. never

#### Q.20: 4.

- 1. exciting
- 2. beautiful
- 3. different

#### Q.21: 5.

- **1.** sit
- **2.** sat
- **3.** sitting

#### Q.22: 6.\*\*\*\* BONUS \*\*\*\*\*

<del>1 liko lietonino</del>

- 2. enjoys watching
- 3. loved hearing

#### Q.23: 7.

- 1. strong
- 2. happy
- **3.** tired

#### Q.24: 8.

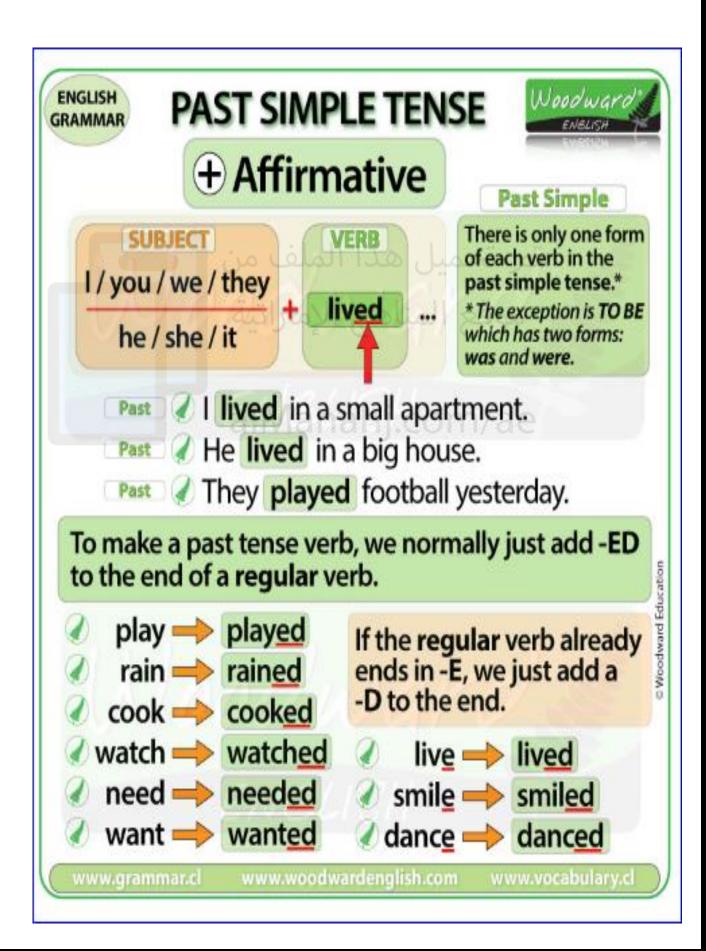
- 1. played
- **2.** play
- 3. plays

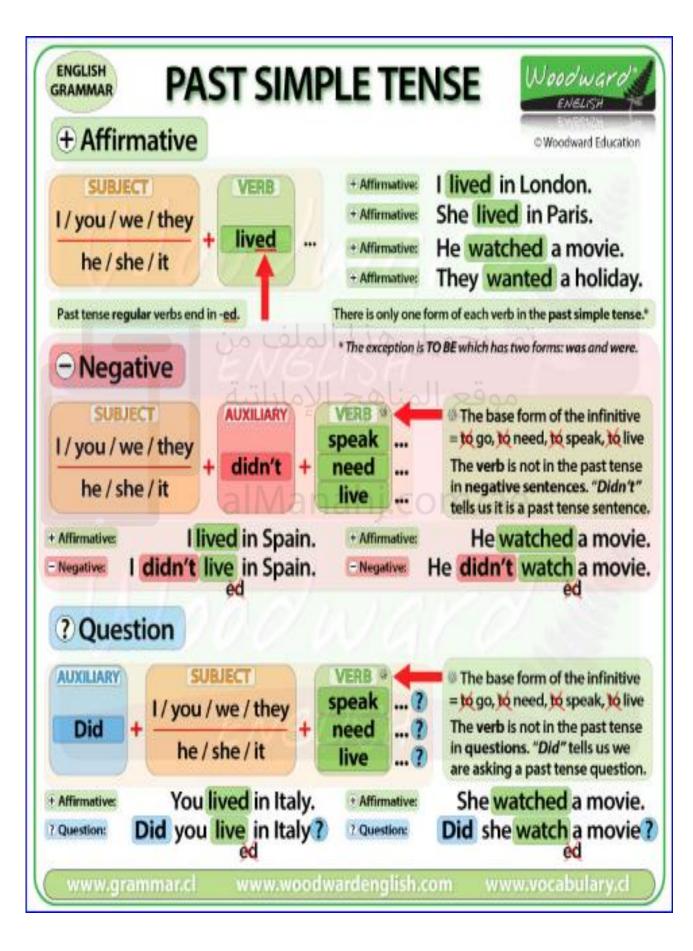
#### Q.25: 9.

- **1.** big
- 2. lovely
- **3.** bad

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a)	They	(watch) TV last night.	
		(talk) to her friends all day.	
c)		(have) a terrible headache yesterday.	
d)	Bob	(come) home from school late.	
		(arrive) late and	(miss) the bus.
	She		(pass) the exam
g)	He	(call) the office to tell them he was sick.	
1)	11	(speak) to the director as he was leaving the	room.
)	Dr. Johnson	(get up) early this morning.	
)	Mary	(do) her homework and	(go) to
	school.		
()	Chris	(find) a ten-dollar bill.	
)	The dog	(follow) us down the road.	
m)	Those students	(work) hard last semester.	
1)	Lúcio	(stop) at the corner and	(call) us.
0)		(try) to talk to Helen last night.	
p)		(pay) the phone bill yesterday.	
4)	My dad	(catch) a cold when he	(be) in
	Canada.		Action

Write questions or negatives sentences:

b)	He cleaned his room before school.	2
	Question:	
c)	The teacher found the missing exams.	
	Negative:	?
	تم تحميل هذا الملف من	
d)	Tom wanted to go to the movies alone.	
	موقع المناهج الإماراتية Question:	?
9)	Helena offered Henrique a piece of cake.	23
	Negative: al Manahj.com/ae	?
f)	I knew what to do.	?
F)		?
f)	I knew what to do.	?
20	I knew what to do. Negative:	
20	I knew what to do.  Negative:  Alexandre helped Anita with her homework.	



#### **Asking questions**

The basic rule for asking questions in English is straightforward: Invert the order of the subject and the first auxiliary verb.

- It is snowing. = Is it snowing?
- He can speak German. = Can he speak German?
- They have lived here a long time. = Have they lived here a long time?
- She will arrive at ten o'clock. = Will she arrive at ten o'clock?
- He was driving fast. = Was he driving fast?
- You have been smoking. = Have you been smoking?

#### If there is no auxiliary, use part of the verb 'to do'.

- You speak fluent French. = Do you speak fluent French?
- She lives in Brussels. = Does she live in Brussels?
- They lived in Manchester. = Did they live in Manchester?
- He had an accident. = Did he have an accident?

#### Most questions with question words are made in the same way:

- How often does she use it?
- Why don't you come?
- Where do you work?
- How many did you buy?
- What time did you go?
- Which one do you like?
- Whose car were you driving?

#### Note *who* and *what* can be the subject. Compare:

- Who is coming to lunch? (who is the subject of the verb)
- Who do you want to invite to lunch? (you is the subject of the verb)
- What happened? (what is the subject of the verb)
- What did you do? (you is the subject of the verb)Note

#### the position of the prepositions in these questions:

- Who did you speak to?
- What are you looking at?
- Where does he come from?

#### 1) Yes/No questions

Subject and verb change their position in statement and question.

statement	You are from Germany.		
question	Are you from Germany?		

We always use the short answer, not only "Yes" or "No". This sounds rude.

#### NOTE:

If the answer is "Yes", we always use the long form.

Example: Yes, I am.

If the answer is "No", we either use the long or the contracted form (short form).

Example: No, I am not - No, I'm not.

			Yes,	I	am.
Are	you	from Germany?	No,	I	am not. 'm not.
Is	he	your friend?	Yes,	he	is.
Are	Peter and John	from England?	Yes,	they	are.

#### 2) Questions with question words

Question word	Verb	4 Rest	Answer 9 00	
Where	are	you from?	I'm from Stuttgart.	
What	is	your name?	My name is Peter.	
How	are	Pat and Sue?	They're fine.	
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#### 3) Yes/No Questions and short answers with the verb have

Auxiliary	Subject	Verb	Rest	Yes/No	Subject	Auxiliary (+ n't)
Have	you	got	a cat?	Yes,	I	have.
Have	you	got	a new car?	No,	we	haven't.
Has	your brother	got	a bike?	Yes,	he	has.

#### 4) Questions with question words and the verb have

Question word	Auxiliary	Subject	Verb	Rest	Answer
Where	have	you	got	your ruler?	I've got it in my pencil case.
Where	do	you	have	your ruler?	I have it in my pencil case.

#### 5) Questions without question words in the Simple Present

Auxiliary	Subject	Verb	Rest	Yes/No	Subject	Auxiliary (+ n't)
Do	vou	read	books?	Yes,	I	do.
	you	read	DOOKS:	No,	I	don't.
Does	Peter	play	football?	Yes,	he	does.

#### 6) Questions with question words in the Simple Present

Question word	Auxiliary	Subject	Verb	Rest	Answer
What	do	you	play	on your computer?	I play games on my computer.
When	does	your mother	go	to work?	She goes to work at 6 o'clock.
Where	do	you	meet	your friends?	I meet them at the bus stop.

## 7) Questions without question words in the Simple Past

Auxiliary	Subject	Verb	Rest	Yes/No	Subject	Auxiliary (+ n't)
Did	Max	play	football?	Yes,	he	did.
Dia .	Max	piwy		No,	he	didn't.
Did	l l	watch the film vectorder 2		Yes,	I	did.
Did	you	watch	the film yesterday?	No,	I	didn't.

#### **BUT:**

to be	Subject	xxx	Rest	Yes/No	Subject	Auxiliary (+ n't)
Were you	vou		in Leipzig last week?	Yes,	I	was.
	you in Loipzig last week:		No,	I	wasn't.	

#### 8) Questions with question words in the Simple Past

Question word	Auxiliary	Subject	Verb	Rest	Answer
What	did	you	do	yesterday evening?	I did my homework.
When	did	she	meet	her boyfriend?	She <b>met</b> him yesterday.
Where	did	they	go	after the match?	They went to a café.

#### **BUT:**

Question word	to be	Subject	xxxxx	Rest	Answer
Where	were	you		yesterday?	I was at the cinema.

#### 9) Subject question

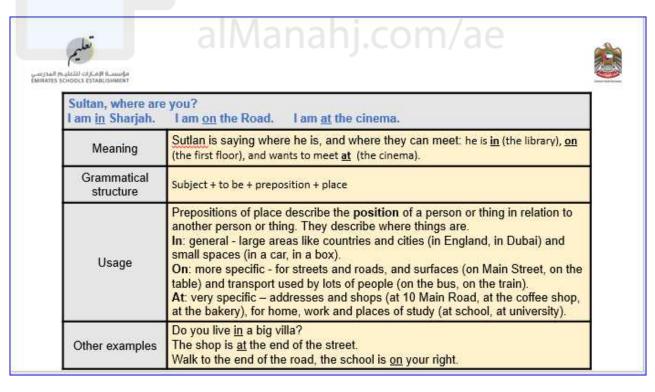
Question word Verb Rest		Subject Verb		Object - Place - Time	
Who	runs	to the shop?	Peter	runs	to the shop.

#### 10) Object question

Question word	Auxiliary Subject		Verb Rest		Answer	
Who	do	you	like?	10 10	I like my mum.	
Who	did	Mandy	phone	last Monday?	Mandy phoned her uncle.	

#### NOTE!

Subject question		Object question				
Who	phoned	John?	Who	did	John	phone?



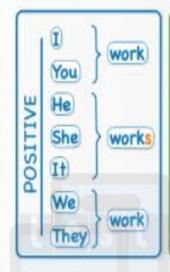




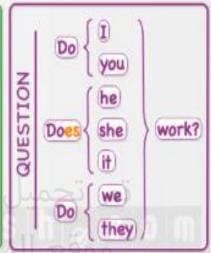
Where was the scho What made that noi Who broke the wind	se? Why did you go to the museum?
Meaning	Wh - words are used to ask questions to find information. The first list of questions are subject questions, the second list are object questions.
Gramma <mark>tic</mark> al structu <mark>re</mark>	Wh- questions Wh- + auxiliary verb + subject + main verb (object question) Wh- + main verb + object (subject question)
Usage	Where - to ask about place  Who - to ask about people  Why - to ask about reason  What - to ask about people, things and animals  Wh-questions can be used to ask about the subject or object of the verb.  In a subject question, there is no auxiliary, just a main verb. "Be" is a main verb – Where was Ahmed?  In an object question, an auxiliary verb (do, has, etc.) goes before the subject and it has to have a main verb in the sentence too – What did you do?
Other examples	When did you finish your exam? Who went to the beach? Why did you not do your homework?

## PRESENT SIMPLE FOR

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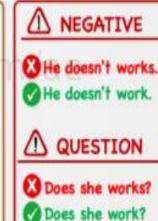












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# Present simple tense

## **Key words**

Always - Often - Usually Never - Ever - Sometimes Seldom - Every - Normally

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# Present Simple Tense

Click on the correct option.
1. Bob always drink / drinks tea in the morning.
2. What do / does she like / likes?
3. My sister don't / doesn't play tennis.
<ol> <li>They often visit / visits their grandparents at weekends.</li> </ol>
<ol><li>We sometimes go / goes to the ice rink.</li></ol>
6. Where do / does your parents come / comes from?
7. Do / Does you want / wants to go home?
8. I don't / doesn't watch television after school.
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Complete. Use the Present Simple.
1. Who Sally in Spain? (visit)
She her aunt and uncle. (visit)
2. Tom to school by bus? (go)
No, he doesn't. He to school on foot. (go)
3. What she on TV? (watch)
She the news but she soap operas.  (watch) (not watch)
4 they swimming? (like)
Yes, they do, but they running. (not like)
5. When you to a football match? (go)
to a football match on Sundays. (go)