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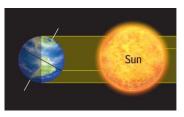


Grade 6 Chapter 10 Test Questions

Bahebic ya ommy Section A: Multiple choice

Circle the correct option.

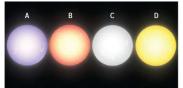
1. Which season is illustrated below?



- a) fall in the northern hemisphere; spring in the southern hemisphere
 - b) summer in the northern hemisphere winter in the southern hemisphere
 - c) spring in the northern hemisphere; fall in the southern hemisphere
 - d) winter in the northern hemisphere; summer in the southern hemisphere
- 2. When is a solar eclipse visible?
 - a) only when the moon is waning
 - b) only when the moon is waxing
 - c) only when the moon is full
 - d) only when the moon is new
- 3. Where is the solar system located?
 - a) near a spiral arm of the Milky Way
 - b) outside the Milky Way
 - c) in the center of the Milky Way
 - d) in the halo of the Milky Way
- 4. Which statement about the moon is true?
- a) The Moon does not rotate.
- b) The Moon orbits the Sun.
- c) The Moon has one side that never faces the Sun.
- d) The Moon has one side that never faces the Earth.
- 5. Which is the property of the outer planets?
 - a) few moons
 - b) ring systems
 - c) rocky surfaces



- d) short orbits
- 6. What objects in the solar system are larger than Earth?
 - a) Neptune, Pluto and Uranus
 - b) Mars, Mercury and Venus
 - c) The outer planets and the Sun
 - d) The inner planets and the Sun
- 7. Which star below is the coolest?



- a) A
- <mark>b) B</mark>
- c) C
- d) D
- 8. Which solar system objects have orbits that take them furthest from the sun?
 - a) asteroids
 - b) meteoroids
 - c) planet
 - <mark>d) comet</mark>
- 9. Which planet is most like Earth in size and makeup?
 - a) Mars
 - b) Mercury
 - <mark>c) Venus</mark>
 - d) Saturn
- 10. Which statement about tides is true?
 - a) High tides occur twice each day in most coastal areas.
 - b) Low tides and high tides never vary in height.
 - c) Tides can be predicted.
 - d) Weather has no effect on tides.
- 11. What time of the year is the northern hemisphere tilted closest to the sun?
 - a) in January, during winter
 - b) in July, during summer
 - c) in April, during spring
 - d) in October, during Fall



- 12. which is the main component of stars?
 - <mark>a) hydrogen</mark>
 - b) dust
 - c) nitrogen
 - d) rock
- 13. Use the figure below to answer question 13.

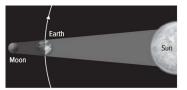


The figure shows a model for spring tides, which are characterised by high tides that are higher and low tides that are lower than usual. What numbers show the positions of the moon that would cause spring tides?

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 1 and 3
- <mark>c) 4 and 2</mark>
- d) 4 and 3

14. Pluto is an example of what kind of object?

- a) comet
- b) asteroid
- c) meteoroid
- d) dwarf planet
- 15. How does the Sun compare to other stars in the universe?
 - a) it is further away than most other stars
 - b) it is hotter than most other stars
 - c) it is more massive than most other stars
 - d) it is whiter than most other stars
- 16. Use the figure below to answer the question. What event occurs when Earth, the Moon and the Sun are in the positions shown?
 - <mark>a) lunar eclipse</mark>
 - b) solar eclipse
 - c) neap tide
 - d) new moon



- 17. Galaxies are classified by shape. What shape is the galaxy that includes the Sun, Earth and rest of the solar system?
 - a) elliptical
 - b) regular
 - c) irregular
 - <mark>d) spiral</mark>
- 18. Which describes the organization of the universe from the smallest to the largest unit?
 - a) cluster, supercluster, galaxy, star
 - b) star, galaxy, cluster, supercluster
 - c) galaxy, star, supercluster, cluster
 - d) star, cluster, supercluster, galaxy
- 19. Use the figure below to answer the question. Which arrow shows the motion of Earth if there were no gravity between Earth and the Sun?

<mark>a) 1</mark>	Earth
b) 2	1 2
c) 3 d) 4	Sun Sun
d) 4	

20. Which objects in the Solar system develop long tails during part of their orbits?

<mark>a) comets</mark>

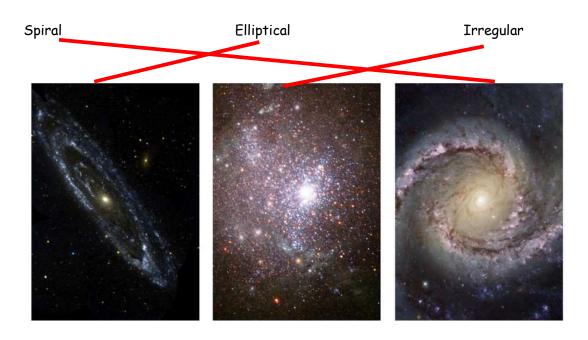
- b) asteroids
- c) meteoroids
- d) moons
- 21. Which does Earth's rotation affect?
 - a) change of seasons
 - b) Earth-Sun distance
 - c) hours of daylight
 - d) length of month
- 22. Between which planets is the asteroid belt located?
 - a) Earth and Mars
 - b) Mars and Jupiter
 - c) Saturn And Uranus
 - d) Uranus and Neptune



- 23. What percentage of stars are larger and more massive than the Sun?
 - <mark>a) 10 percent</mark>
 - b) 30 percent
 - c) 50 percent
 - d) 90 percent

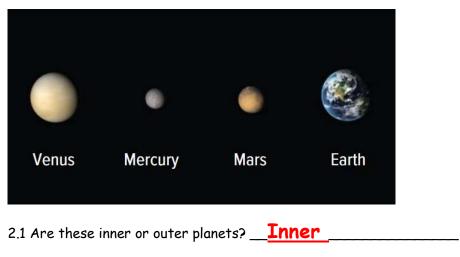
Section B

1. Classify the galaxies below





2. Answer the questions based on the picture below.

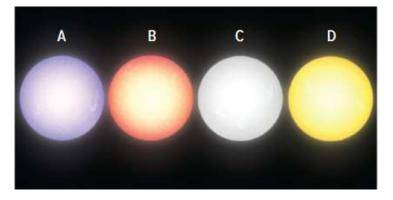


2.2 Put the planets in the correct order in relation to the Sun.

SUN Mercury Venus Earth Mars

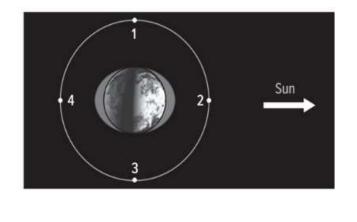
2.3 Which planet is most like Earth in size? Venus

3.

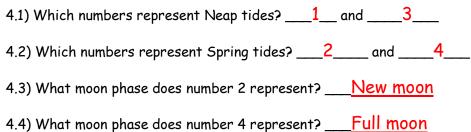


- 3.1) Which is the hottest star? _____A_____
- 3.2) Which is the coolest star? <u>B</u>
- 3.3) Which colour is the Sun? _____



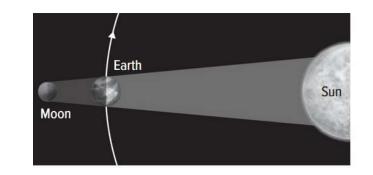


This picture is about the moon around the Earth



5.

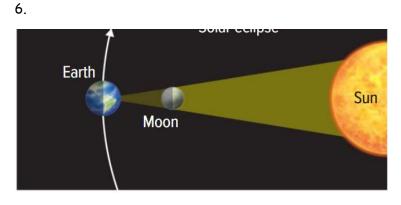
4.



5.1) What type of eclipse is shown on the picture above? Lunar eclipse

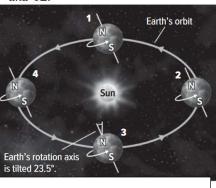
5.2) What phase must the moon be in? Full Moon





- 6.1) What type of eclipse is shown on the picture above? Solar eclipse
- 6.2) What phase must the moon be in? <u>New moon</u>





This picture is about the Earth around the Sun

7.1)	Which 2 n	umbers rej	oresent	equinox?
	<u>1</u>	and	<u>3</u>	
7.2)	Which 2 nu	umbers rep	present	solstice?
	2	and	<u>4</u>	
	Which num northern he	•	•	sents summer in ter in the
sout	hern hemis	phere?	_2	



Grade 6 Chapter 11 Test Questions

Section A: Multiple choice

Circle the correct option.

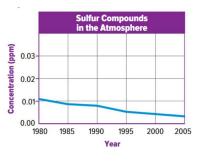
- 1. Which energy source produces radioactive waste?
 - a) biomass
 - b) geothermal
 - c) hydroelectric power
 - d) nuclear power
- 2. The table below shows the energy sources used to produce electricity in the United States. What can you infer from the table?

Electricity Production				
Energy Source	Percent			
Coal	48.5			
Natural gas	21.6			
Nuclear power	19.4			
Hydroelectric power	5.8			
Solar, wind, geothermal, biomass	2.5			
Oil	1.6			
Other	0.6			

- a) About 19.4 percent of U.S electricity comes from renewable sources
- b) Hydroelectric power is more widely used for electricity than nuclear power
- c) More than 90 percent of U.S electricity comes from non-renewable sources
- d) Oil is more widely used for electricity than hydroelectric power
- 3. Which factor would best determine whether a home is suitable for solar energy?
 - a) difference in tidal heights
 - b) strength of daily winds
 - c) nearness to tectonically active areas
 - d) number of sunny days per year
- 4. Which product comes from a metallic mineral resource?
- <mark>a) aluminium</mark>
- b) drywall
- c) gravel
- d) table salt



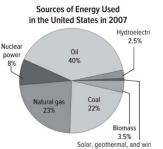
- 5. Which is a renewable land resource?
 - a) forests
 - b) minerals
 - c) soil
 - <mark>d) trees</mark>
- 6. Where is most water on Earth located?
 - a) lakes
 - <mark>b) oceans</mark>
 - c) rivers
 - d) underground
- 7. Which natural event can result in air pollution?
 - a) burning fossil fuels
 - b) littering a stream
 - c) runoff from farms
 - d) volcanic eruption
- 8. The graph below shows how the amount of sulfur compounds in the atmosphere has changed since the passage of the Clean Air Act. Based on the data in the graph, what can you infer about the act?
 - a) The act has helped decrease pollutants in the atmosphere
 - b) The act has helped increase pollutants in the atmosphere
 - c) The act has incentives for use of renewable resources
 - d) The act has not impacted the amount of pollutants in the atmosphere



- 9. Which activity does NOT reduce the use of fossil fuels?
 - a) riding a bicycle to school
 - b) unplugging DVD players
 - c) walking to the store
 - d) watering plants less often
- 10. Which is the most used renewable energy resource in the United States?



- b) hydroelectric
- c) natural gas
- d) nuclear energy

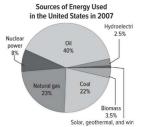




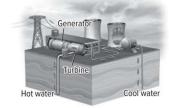
11. What percentage of the energy used in the United States comes from burning

fossil fuels?

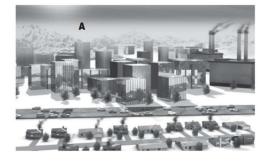
- a) 40 percent
- b) 45 percent
- c) 85 percent
- d) 93 percent



- 12. Which practice emphasizes the use of renewable energy resources?
 - a) buying battery-operated electronics
 - b) installing solar panels on buildings
 - c) replacing sprinklers with watering cans
 - d) teaching others about vampire energy
- 13. Which is non-renewable land resources?
 - a) crops
 - <mark>b) minerals</mark>
 - c) streams
 - d) trees
- 14. Which alternative energy resource is used to make electricity in the figure?
 - a) solar energy
 - b) tidal power
 - <mark>c) geothermal energy</mark>
 - d) hydroelectric power



- 15. Which practice is a wise use of land resources?
 - <mark>a) composting</mark>
 - b) conserving water
 - c) deforestation
 - d) strip mining
- 16. Which type of air pollution is labelled A in the figure?
 - a) acid precipitation
 - b) fertilizer runoff
 - c) nuclear waste
 - d) photochemical smog





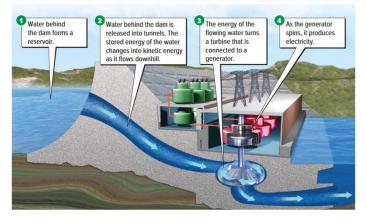
- 17. Approximately how much water on the Earth is in the oceans?
 - a) 1 percent
 - b) 3 percent
 - c) 75 percent
 - d) 97 percent
- 18. Which is a source of biomass energy?
 - a) sunlight
 - b) uranium
 - c) wind
 - <mark>d) wood</mark>



Table 1 Energy resources can be Nonrenewable energy: are resources used nonrenewable or renewable. faster than they can be replaced (will finish) **Table 1 Energy Sources** Renewable Nonrenewable Energy Resources **Energy Resources Renewable energy:** are resources that can be replaced in a short amount of time (will not solar wind finish) fossil fuels water uranium geothermal biomass Inland Sea Present Day Fossil fuels: are formed from dead plants and and a second an animals: Types of fossil fuels: Coal Oil Natural gas Bacteria broke down the organic remains, leaving behind mostly carbon. Extreme temperatures and pressure compressed the material and squeezed out gas and moisture. A brownish material, called peat, formed. Coal When plants in prehistoric swamps died, their remains built up. Over time, sediment covered the plant remains. Inland seas formed where the swamps once were. As additional layers of sediment covere and compacted the peat, over time it changed into successively harder types of coal of co how different fossil fuels formed and are mined THE REAL Natural gas Vater betwe spaces in Nuclear energy: is energy released from atomic reactions Oil spills can harm animals living in uses: small amount of uranium to make lots of energy water produces: radioactive waste can harm organisms Sources of Energy Used in the U.S. in 2007 Hydroelectric 2.5% Oil As the generator spins, it produces electricity. 2 Thermal energy 3 The steam turns a Uranium atoms are 40% turbine that is heats water, split, releasing therma connected to a energy. producing steam. generator. SIA Natural gas Coal 22% 3.5% Solar, geothermal, and wind 1% Figure 6 About 93 percent of the energy used in the United States comes from nonrenewable resources.



Renewable Resource	e Advantages	Disadvantages
Solar energy	nonpollutingavailable in the United States	 less energy produced on cloudy days no energy produced at night high cost of solar cells requires a large surface area to collect and produce energy on a large scale
Wind energy	nonpollutingrelatively inexpensiveavailable in the United States	 large-scale use limited to areas with strong steady winds best sites for wind farms are far from urban areas and transmission lines potential impact on bird populations
Water energy	 nonpolluting available in the United States 	 large-scale use limited to areas with fast- flowing rivers or great tidal differences negative impact on aquatic ecosystems production of electricity affected by long periods of little or no rainfall
Geothermal energy	 produces little pollution available in the United States 	 large-scale use limited to tectonically active areas habitat disruption from drilling to build a power plant
and food Biomass energy	 reduces amount of organic material discarded in landfills available in the United States 	 air pollution results from burning some form of biomass less energy efficient than fossil fuels, costly to transport



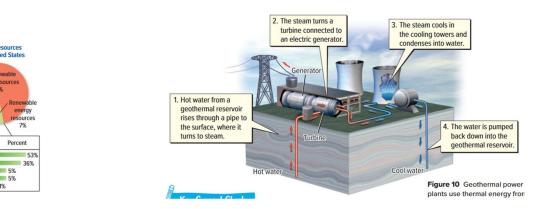
Energy Resources in the United States

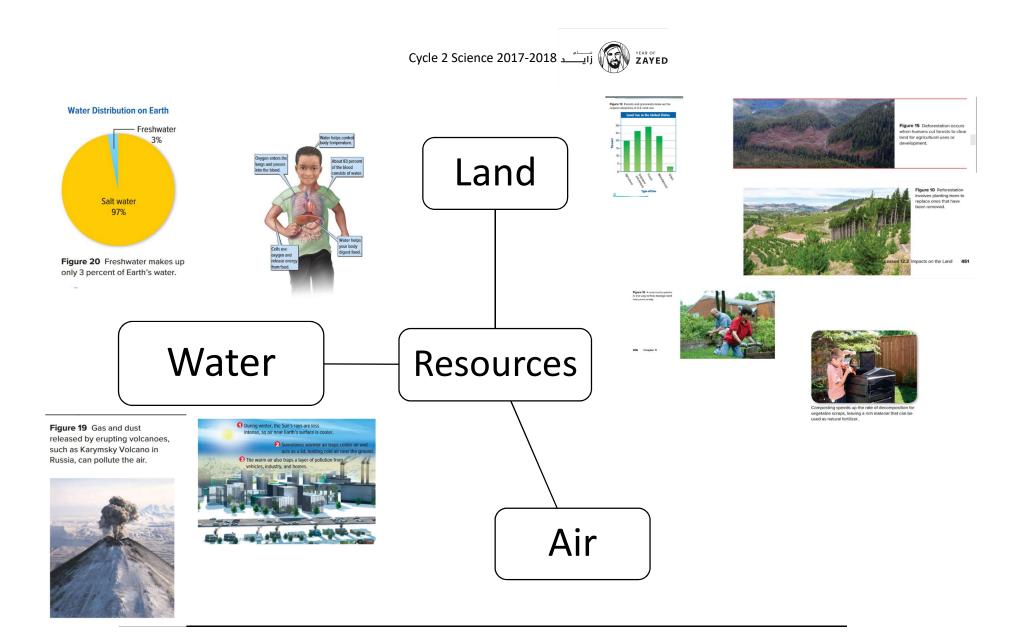
Nonrer ource 93%

Energy Resource Biomass Hydroelectric Wind Geothermal Solar

5% 5%

1%







Grade 6 Chapter 12 Test Questions

Section A: Multiple choice

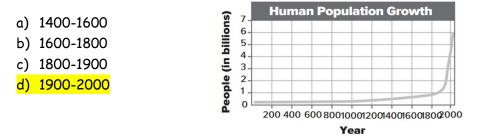
Circle the correct option.

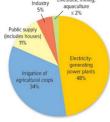
- 1. Which is a population
 - a) all the animals in a zoo
 - b) all the living things in a forest
 - c) all the cats in a park
 - d) all the plants in a meadow
- 2. Which caused the greatest increase of the growth of the human population?
 - a) higher death rates
 - b) increased marriage rates
 - c) medical advances
 - d) widespread disease
- 3. What percentage of species on Earth live in tropical rainforests?
 - a) 10 percent
 - b) 25 percent
 - c) 50 percent
 - d) 75 percent
- 4. What process is illustrated in the diagram below?
- a) desertification
- b) recycling
- c) reforestation
- d) waste management

- Newly planted trees
- 5. Which could harm human health?
 - a) compost
 - <mark>b) hazardous waste</mark>
 - c) nitrogen
 - d) reclamation
- 6. Which source of pollution would be hardest to trace and control?
 - a) runoff from city
 - b) runoff from a mine
 - c) an oil leak from an ocean tanker
 - d) water from a factory discharge pipe



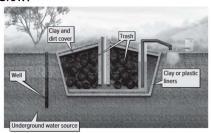
- 7. According to the diagram below, which is the correct ranking of water use in the United States, in order from most to least?
 - a) industrial, public supply, irrigation, power plants
 - b) irrigation, industrial, public supply, power plants
 - c) power plants, irrigation, public supply, industrial
 - d) public supply, power plants, industrial, irrigation
- 8. What is the main purpose of the Safe Drinking Water Act?
 - a) to ban point source pollution
 - b) to clean up the Great lakes
 - c) to protect drinking water supplies
 - d) to regulate landfills
- 9. Why has the use of CFC's been phased out?
 - a) They cause acid rain
 - b) They produce smog
 - c) They destroy ozone molecules
 - d) They impact the nitrogen cycle
- 10. Which action can help restore land that has been disturbed by mining
 - a) deforestation
 - b) desertification
 - c) preservation
 - d) reclamation
- 11. Which is a consequence of deforestation?
 - a) animal habitats are destroyed
 - b) carbon in the atmosphere is reduced
 - c) soil erosion is prevented
 - d) the rate of extinction is slowed
- 12. During which time span did the human population increase most?







- 13. Which accounts for the least water use in the United States?
 - a) electricity-generating power plants
 - b) irrigation of agricultural crops
 - c) mines, livestock and aquaculture
 - d) public supply, including houses
- 14. Which is a point source of water pollution?
 - a) discharge pipes
 - b) runoff from farms
 - c) runoff from construction sites
 - d) runoff from urban areas
- 15. Which air pollutant contains ozone?
 - a) acid precipitation
 - b) carbon monoxide
 - c) CFC's
 - <mark>d) smog</mark>
- 16. What is the function of the well in the figure below?
 - a) to generate electricity
 - b) to monitor quality of groundwater
 - c) to prevent pollution of nearby land
 - d) to treat hazardous water



- 17. Which action helps prevent water pollution?
 - a) pouring motor oil on the ground
 - b) putting hazardous wastes in the trash
 - c) using fertilizers when gardening
 - d) using vinegar when cleaning
- 18. What effect does ozone near Earth's surface have on the human body?
 - a) it increases lung function
 - b) it increases throat irritation
 - c) it reduces breathing problems
 - d) it reduces skin cancer



19. Which term describes what is shown in the figure below?

- a) acid precipitation
- b) global warming
- c) greenhouse effect
- d) urban sprawl



- 20. Which results in habitat destruction?
 - a) reclamation
 - b) reforestation
 - <mark>c) urban sprawl</mark>
 - d) water conservation

