

شكراً لتحميلك هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية



حل نموذج أسئلة وفق الهيكل الوزاري - ريفيل

[موقع المناهج](#) ← [المناهج الإماراتية](#) ← [الصف السابع](#) ← [رياضيات](#) ← [الفصل الثاني](#) ← [الملف](#)

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السابع



روابط مواد الصف السابع على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

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المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السابع والمادة رياضيات في الفصل الثاني

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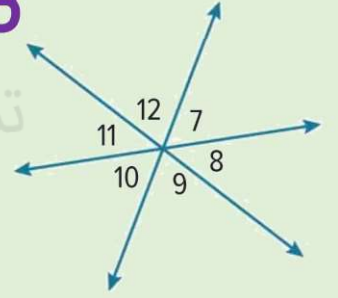
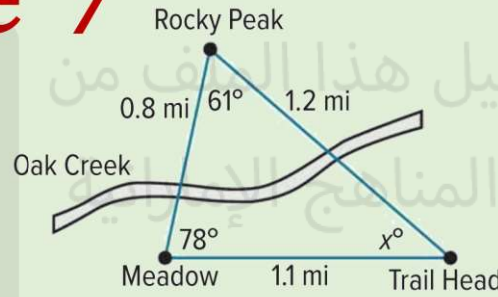
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# هيكل الفصل الدراسي الثاني

## EoT2 اصف السابع

### Grade 7 2022/2023

1



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الأسئلة من اعداد  
مدرسة الصقور - مجلس 4

Part (1)

10 main questions

3 Marks per main question

MCQ



Simplify each expression.

$$\begin{aligned}
 3. \quad & \underline{-y} + 9z - \underline{16y} - 25z + 4 \\
 & (\underline{-y} - \underline{16y}) + (\underline{9z} - \underline{25z}) + 4 \\
 = & -17y + (-16z) + 4 \\
 = & -17y - 16z + 4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4. \quad 8z + x - 5 - 9z + 2$$

$$5. \quad 5c - 3d - 12c + d - 6$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (5c - 12c) + (-3d + d) - 6 \\
 = & -7c + (-2d) - 6 \\
 = & -7c - 2d - 6
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l|l}
 5+3=8 & -2+3=1 & -3+(-5)=-8 \\
 +5-3=2 & 5-10=-5 &
 \end{array}$$

Simplify each expression.

$$6. \quad \underline{-\frac{3}{4}x} - \frac{1}{3} + \underline{\frac{7}{8}x} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{2 \times 3}{2 \times 4} x + \frac{7}{8} x \right) + \left( -\frac{1 \times 2}{3 \times 2} - \frac{1 \times 2}{2 \times 2} \right) \\
 = & \left( -\frac{6}{8} x + \frac{7}{8} x \right) + \left( -\frac{2}{6} - \frac{3}{6} \right) \\
 = & \frac{1}{8} x - \frac{5}{6}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$7. \quad \frac{1}{4} + \frac{9}{10} y - \frac{3}{5} y + \frac{7}{8}$$

$$8. \quad \underline{-\frac{1}{2}a} + \frac{2}{5} + \underline{\frac{5}{6}a} - \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( -\frac{1 \times 3}{2 \times 3} a + \frac{5}{6} a \right) + \left( \frac{2 \times 2}{5 \times 2} - \frac{1}{10} \right) \\
 = & \left( -\frac{3}{6} a + \frac{5}{6} a \right) + \left( \frac{4}{10} - \frac{1}{10} \right) \\
 = & \frac{2}{6} a + \frac{3}{10}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2 \times 1}{2 \times 2} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{2}{4} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{5}{4} \quad \left| \quad \frac{7 \times 3}{7 \times 5} - \frac{1 \times 5}{7 \times 5} = \frac{21}{35} - \frac{5}{35} = \frac{16}{35} \quad -2-3 = -5
 \right.$$

Add.

1.  $(8x + 9) + (-6x - 2)$

$$= 8x + 9 - 6x - 2$$

$$= (8x - 6x) + (9 - 2)$$

$$= 2x + 7$$

2.  $(5x + 4) + (-8x - 2)$

$$= 5x + 4 - 8x - 2$$

$$= (5x - 8x) + (4 - 2)$$

$$= -3x + 2$$

3.  $(-7x + 1) + (4x - 5)$

$$= -7x + 1 + 4x - 5$$

$$= (-7x + 4x) + (1 - 5)$$

$$= -3x - 4$$

تم تحميل هذا الملف  
مدرسة الصقور - مجلس 4

موقع المناهج الإماراتية

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Solve each equation. Check your solution.

1.  $6 + y = -8$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 + y = -8 \\ -6 \quad -6 \end{array}$$

$$y = \boxed{-14} \checkmark$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 6 + (-14) \stackrel{?}{=} -8 \\ -8 = -8 \checkmark \end{array}$$

2.  $-12 = 4 + c$

$$\begin{array}{r} -12 = 4 + c \\ -4 \quad -4 \end{array}$$

$$-16 = c$$

3.  $p - 11 = -5$

$$\begin{array}{r} p - 11 = -5 \\ +11 \quad +11 \end{array}$$

$$p = 6$$

$$6 - 11 \stackrel{?}{=} -5$$

$$-5 = -5 \checkmark$$

4.  $12 = z - 8$

مدرسة الصقور - مجلس 4



Factor each expression. If the expression cannot be factored, write cannot be factored

<p>7. <math>5x + 35</math>      <math>5 = 5 \times 1</math>  <math>35 = 5 \times 7</math></p> <p><math>= 5(x + 7)</math></p>	<p>8. <math>8x - 14</math>      <math>8 = 2 \times 2 \times 2</math>  <math>14 = 2 \times 7</math></p> <p><math>= 2(4x - 7)</math></p>	<p>9. <math>3x + 11y</math>      <math>3 = 3 \times 1</math>  <math>11 = 11 \times 1</math></p> <p>Cannot be factored</p>
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Factor each expression. If the expression cannot be factored, write cannot be factored

<p>10. <math>32x - 15</math>      <math>32 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2</math>  <math>15 = 3 \times 5</math></p> <p>Cannot be factored</p>	<p>11. <math>72x - 18xy</math></p> <p><math>= 18x(4 - y)</math></p>	<p>12. <math>45xy - 81y</math></p> <p><math>45 = 5 \times 9 = 5 \times 3 \times 3</math>  <math>81 = 9 \times 9 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3</math></p> <p><math>= 9y(5x - 9)</math></p>
---	---	--

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 72} \\ 2 \overline{) 36} \\ \underline{18} \end{array}$$

$$72 = 4 \times 18 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$$

$$18 = 1 \times 18 = 2 \times 3 \times 3$$

Solve each equation. Check your solution.


<p>5. <math>-7x = 56 \quad \div (-7)</math></p> $\frac{-7x}{-7} = \frac{56}{-7}$ $x = -8$ <p>(check)</p> $-7(-8) = +56$	<p>6. <math>-20 = -5b</math></p> $-5b = -20 \quad \div (-5)$ $\frac{-5b}{-5} = \frac{-20}{-5}$ $b = 4$	<p>7. <math>\frac{d}{-9} = -6</math></p> $\frac{d}{-9} \times (-9) = -6 \times (-9)$ $d = 54$
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Solve each inequality. Graph the solution set on a number line.

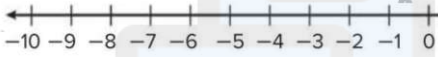
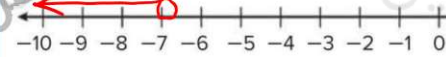
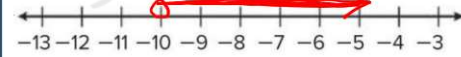
<p>1. <math>x + 5 &lt; 7</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} -5 \\ -5 \end{array}$ $x < 2$ 	<p>2. <math>1 &gt; x + 6</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} -6 \\ -6 \end{array}$ $-5 > x$ $x < -5$ 	<p>3. <math>x + 8 \geq 14</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} -8 \\ -8 \end{array}$ $x \geq 6$ 
--	--	---

$\{ \}$   $\circ$   $\leq$   $\bullet$   $\geq$

$x < 5$   $x \geq -1$



Solve each inequality. Graph the solution set on a number line.

<p>4. <math>5 \leq x + 12</math>      ترتيب</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> 	<p>5. <math>x + 5.4 &lt; -1.6</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>-5.4 \quad -5.4</math></p> <p><math>x &lt; -7.0</math></p> <p><math>x &lt; -7</math></p> 	<p>6. <math>x + 7.5 &gt; -2.5</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>-7.5 \quad -7.5</math></p> <p><math>x &gt; -10.0</math></p> <p><math>x &gt; -10</math></p> 
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Solve each inequality. Graph the solution set on a number line.

<p>1. <math>3x &gt; 12 \quad \div 3</math></p> <p><math>\frac{3x}{3} &gt; \frac{12}{3}</math></p> <p><math>x &gt; 4</math></p> 	<p>2. <math>60 \geq 12x \quad \div (12)</math></p> <p><math>\frac{60}{12} \geq \frac{12x}{12}</math></p> <p><math>5 \geq x</math></p> <p><math>x \leq 5</math></p> 	<p>3. <math>-14 \geq 7x \quad \div (7)</math></p> <p><math>\frac{-14}{7} \geq \frac{7x}{7}</math></p> <p><math>-2 \geq x</math></p> <p><math>x \leq -2</math></p> 
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\* عند ضرب المتباينة في عدد سالب لابد من تغيير اتجاه علامة المتباينة .  
 $-x \leq 5 \quad \times (-1) \Rightarrow x \geq -5$

عند قسمه المتباينة على عدد سالب لابد من تغيير اتجاه علامه المتباينه



Solve each inequality. Graph the solution set on a number line.

$$4. 2 \leq 0.25x \quad \div 0.25$$

$$\frac{2 \times 100}{0.25 \times 100} \leq \frac{0.25x}{0.25}$$

$$\frac{200}{25} \leq x$$

$$8 \leq x \Rightarrow x \geq 8$$

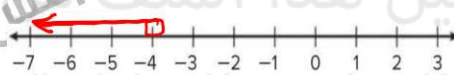


$$5. 1.1x < -4.4 \quad \div 1.1$$

$$\frac{1.1x}{1.1} < \frac{-4.4 \times 10}{1.1 \times 10}$$

$$x < \frac{-44}{11}$$

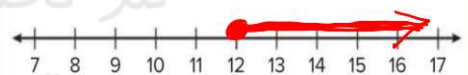
$$x < -4$$



$$6. \frac{x}{6} \geq 2 \quad \times 6$$

$$\frac{x}{6} \cdot 6 \geq 2(6)$$

$$x \geq 12$$



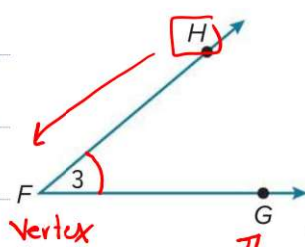
1. Name the angle in four ways.

$\angle 3$

$\angle F$

$\angle HFG$

$\angle GFH$



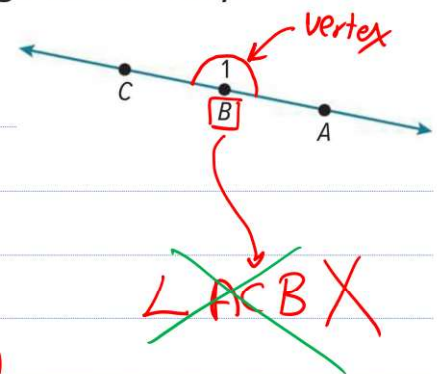
2. Name the angle in four ways.

$\angle 1$

$\angle B$

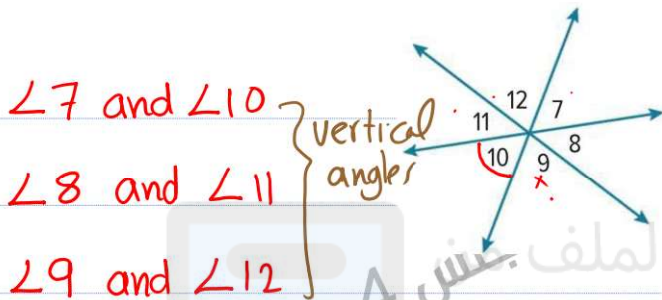
$\angle ABC$

$\angle CBA$





3. Refer to the diagram below. Identify three pairs of vertical angles. Name all the angles that are adjacent to  $\angle 10$



$\angle 7$  and  $\angle 10$

$\angle 8$  and  $\angle 11$

$\angle 9$  and  $\angle 12$

$\angle 10$  and  $\angle 9$  are adjacent

$\angle 10$  and  $\angle 11$  are adjacent

4. Identify three pairs of vertical angles. Name all the angles that are adjacent to  $\angle 3$ .

Vertical angles

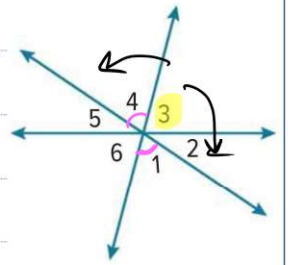
$\angle 1$  and  $\angle 4$

$\angle 2$  and  $\angle 5$

$\angle 3$  and  $\angle 6$

$\angle 3$  and  $\angle 2$  are adjacent

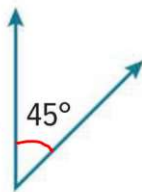
$\angle 3$  and  $\angle 4$  are adjacent



Give the measure of the angle that is complementary to the given angle.

$$\square + \square = 90^\circ$$

1.



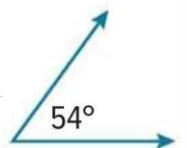
$$90^\circ - 45^\circ = 45^\circ$$

2.



$$90^\circ - 20^\circ = 70^\circ$$

3.



$$90^\circ - 54^\circ = 36^\circ$$

Give the measure of the angle that is **supplementary** to the given angle.

$$\square + \square = 180^\circ$$

4.



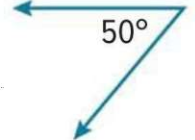
$$180^\circ - 128^\circ = 52^\circ$$

5.



$$180^\circ - 160^\circ = 20^\circ$$

6.



$$180^\circ - 50^\circ = 130^\circ$$

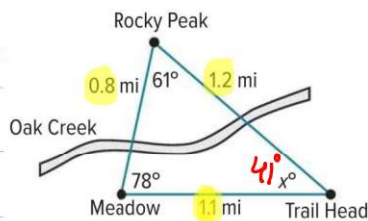
9. The figure shows the Oak Creek trail, which is shaped like a triangle. Solve the equation  $61 + 78 + x = 180$  to find the value of  $x$  in the figure. Then classify the triangle by its angles and by its sides.

$$61 + 78 + x = 180$$

$$139 + x = 180$$

$$-139 \quad -139$$

$$x = 41^\circ$$



\* Acute triangle منه حاد، زوايا

\* Scalene triangle. منه مختلف الأضلاع

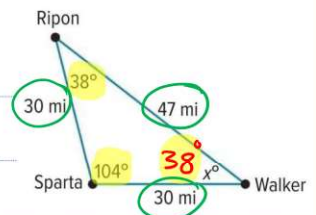
10. The three towns of Ripon, Sparta, and Walker form a triangle as shown. Solve the equation  $38 + 104 + x = 180$  to find the value of  $x$  in the triangle. Then classify the triangle by its angles and by its sides.

$$38 + 104 + x = 180$$

$$142 + x = 180$$

$$-142 \quad -142$$

$$x = 38$$



\* Obtuse ✓

\* isosceles ✓

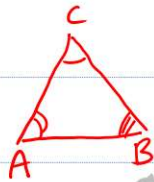


**11. Reason Abstractly** Without drawing the triangle, how do you know a triangle with a  $95^\circ$  angle, a  $95^\circ$  angle, and a 5-inch side is not possible?

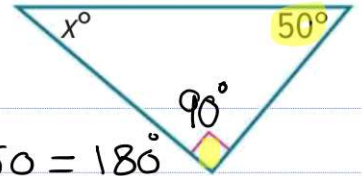
$$95^\circ + 95^\circ = 190^\circ$$

The sum of two angles is greater than  $180^\circ$

the sum of all angles of triangle must be equal  $180^\circ$



**12.** Find the value of  $x$  in the diagram. Then, find the supplement of the missing angle.



$$x + 90 + 50 = 180$$

$$x + 140 = 180$$

$$-140 \quad -140$$

$$\boxed{x = 40^\circ}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Supplement} &= 180^\circ - 40^\circ \\ &= 140^\circ \end{aligned}$$

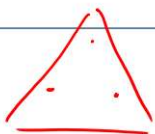
**13. Justify Conclusions** Construct an argument to explain why it is possible for a triangle to contain three acute angles.

The sum of interior angles of any triangle is  $180^\circ$

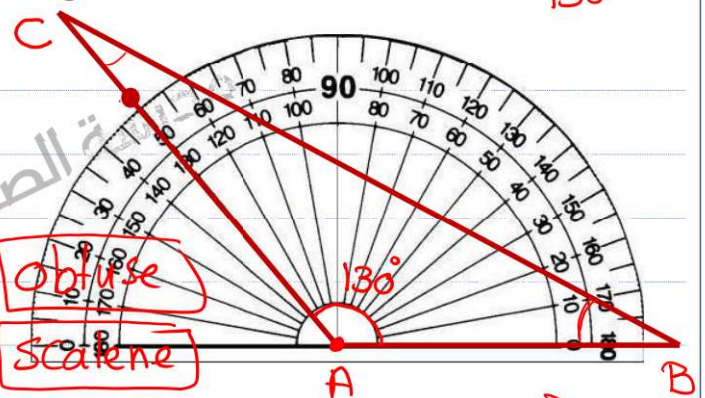
we have three acute angles

$$50^\circ, 60^\circ, 70^\circ$$

$$\text{with sum of } 50^\circ + 60^\circ + 70^\circ = 180^\circ$$



**14.** Draw a triangle with one angle greater than  $90^\circ$  and no congruent sides. Then classify the triangle.



## Part (2)

### 10 main questions

5 Marks per main question

MCQ

تم تحميل هذا المقرر من موقع المناهج الإماراتية

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11 Simplify algebraic expressions by identifying and combining like terms

Q9-14

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Use the Distributive Property to expand each expression.

$$\begin{aligned} 9. & 2(-3x + 5) \\ & 2(-3x + 5) \\ & = -6x + 10 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 10. & 6(-4x + 3y) \\ & = 6(-4x + 3y) \\ & = -24x + 18y \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 11. & (3y - 2z)5 \\ & 15y - 10z \end{aligned}$$

$$2(-3) = -6$$



Use the Distributive Property to expand each expression.

12.  $(-2x - 7)4$

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2x - 7)4 \\ & = -8x - 28 \end{aligned}$$

13.  $-7(x - 2)$

$$\begin{aligned} & -7(1x - 2) \\ & = -7x + 14 \end{aligned}$$

14.  $-3(8x - 4)$

$$= -24x + 12$$

Add.

4.  $(-3x - 9) + (4x + 8)$

$$\begin{aligned} & -3x - 9 + 4x + 8 \\ & = (-3x + 4x) + (-9 + 8) \\ & = x - 1 \end{aligned}$$

5.  $(-5x + 4) + (-9x - 3)$

(تدریس)

مدرسة الصقور - مجلس 4

6.  $(-2x + 10) + (-8x - 1)$

$$\begin{aligned} & -2x + 10 - 8x - 1 \\ & = (-2x - 8x) + (10 - 1) \\ & = -10x + 9 \end{aligned}$$

Add.

7.  $\left(\frac{1}{4}x - 3\right) + \left(\frac{3}{16}x + 5\right)$

$$\frac{4 \times 1}{4 \times 4}x - 3 + \frac{3}{16}x + 5$$

$$\left(\frac{4x}{16} + \frac{3x}{16}\right) + (-3 + 5)$$

$$= \frac{7}{16}x + 2$$

8.  $\left(\frac{1}{2}x - 3\right) + \left(\frac{1}{6}x + 1\right)$

9.  $\left(4x + \frac{3}{4}\right) + \left(-3x - \frac{5}{12}\right)$

$$4x + \frac{3 \times 3}{4 \times 3} - 3x - \frac{5}{12}$$

$$(4x - 3x) + \left(\frac{9}{12} - \frac{5}{12}\right)$$

$$= x + \frac{4 \div 4}{12 \div 4} \leftarrow \checkmark$$

$$= x + \frac{1}{3}$$

Solve each equation. Check your solution.

7.  $\frac{d}{-9} = -6 \quad \times -9$

$$\frac{d}{-9} (-9) = -6(-9)$$

$$d = 54$$

8.  $15 = \frac{z}{-8}$

تدريج

$$2(5) + 4$$

$$4(1) + 1$$

9.  $2\frac{4}{5}x = -1\frac{1}{4}$

$$\frac{14}{5}x = -\frac{5}{4}$$

$$\frac{5}{14} \times \frac{14}{5}x = \frac{5}{14} \times \left(-\frac{5}{4}\right)$$

$$x = -\frac{25}{56}$$

في الهزب والضممة الاشارة المحلقة تقطع حالك  
الاشارات المتشابهة تقطع حوصيت

Solve each equation. Check your solution.

10.  $-6 = \frac{3}{5}y$

$$\frac{5}{3} \times \frac{-6}{1} = \frac{5}{3} \times \frac{3}{5} y$$

$$-\frac{5(6)}{3} = y$$

$$-10 = y$$

$y = -10$

11.  $-6 = 0.2b \quad \div 0.2$

$$\frac{-6 \times 10}{0.2 \times 10} = \frac{0.2b}{0.2}$$

$$-\frac{60}{2} = b$$

$$-30 = b$$

$b = -30$

12.  $-0.8n = 2.8$

تربيع

5. A hot air balloon is at an altitude of  $100\frac{1}{5}$  yards. The balloon's altitude decreases by  $10\frac{4}{5}$  yards every minute. Determine the number of minutes it will take the balloon to reach an altitude of 57 yards.

$$100\frac{1}{5} - 10\frac{4}{5}m = 57$$

$$100.2 - 10.8m = 57.0$$

$$-100.2 \quad -100.2$$

$$-10.8m = -43.2 \quad \div (-10.8)$$

$$m = \frac{-43.2 \times 10}{-10.8 \times 10} = \frac{-432}{-108}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 100.2 \\ 57.0 \\ \hline 43.2 \end{array}$$

$m = 4 \text{ min}$

6. The current temperature is  $48^\circ\text{F}$ . It is expected to drop  $1.5^\circ\text{F}$  each hour. Determine in how many hours the temperature will be  $36^\circ\text{F}$ .

$$48^\circ - 1.5h = 36$$

$$-48 \quad -48$$

$$-1.5h = -12 \quad \div (-1.5)$$

$$h = \frac{-12 \times 10}{-1.5 \times 10}$$

$$h = \frac{120}{15} = 8$$

After 8 hours the temperature will be  $36^\circ\text{F}$



5

$$100\frac{1}{5} - 10\frac{4}{5} m = 57$$

$$5 \times \frac{501}{5} - 5 \times \frac{54}{5} m = 57 \times 5 \quad \times 5$$

$$\cancel{501} - 54m = 285$$

$$-501 \quad -501$$

$$-54m = -216 \div (-54)$$

$$m = \frac{-216}{-54}$$

$$m = 4$$

after 4 min the balloon reach altitude 57 yard

$$\begin{array}{r} 4911 \\ 501 \\ -285 \\ \hline 216 \end{array}$$

14

Write two-step equations of the form  $px + q = r$  and use inverse operations to solve the equations

Q5-7

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7. Mariko and her friend spent \$24.50 on lunch. Their lunches cost the same amount, and they used a \$4 off coupon. Determine the cost of each lunch.

$$2x - 4 = 24.5$$

$$+4 \quad +4.0$$

lunch cost for each

$$2x = 28.5 \div 2$$

$$x = \frac{28.5}{2}$$

$$x = 14.25$$

the cost of each lunch = 14.25 \$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14.25 \\ 2 \overline{) 28.5} \\ \underline{2} \phantom{0} \\ 08 \\ \underline{8} \phantom{0} \\ 5 \\ \underline{4} \phantom{0} \\ 10 \\ \underline{10} \\ 0 \end{array}$$