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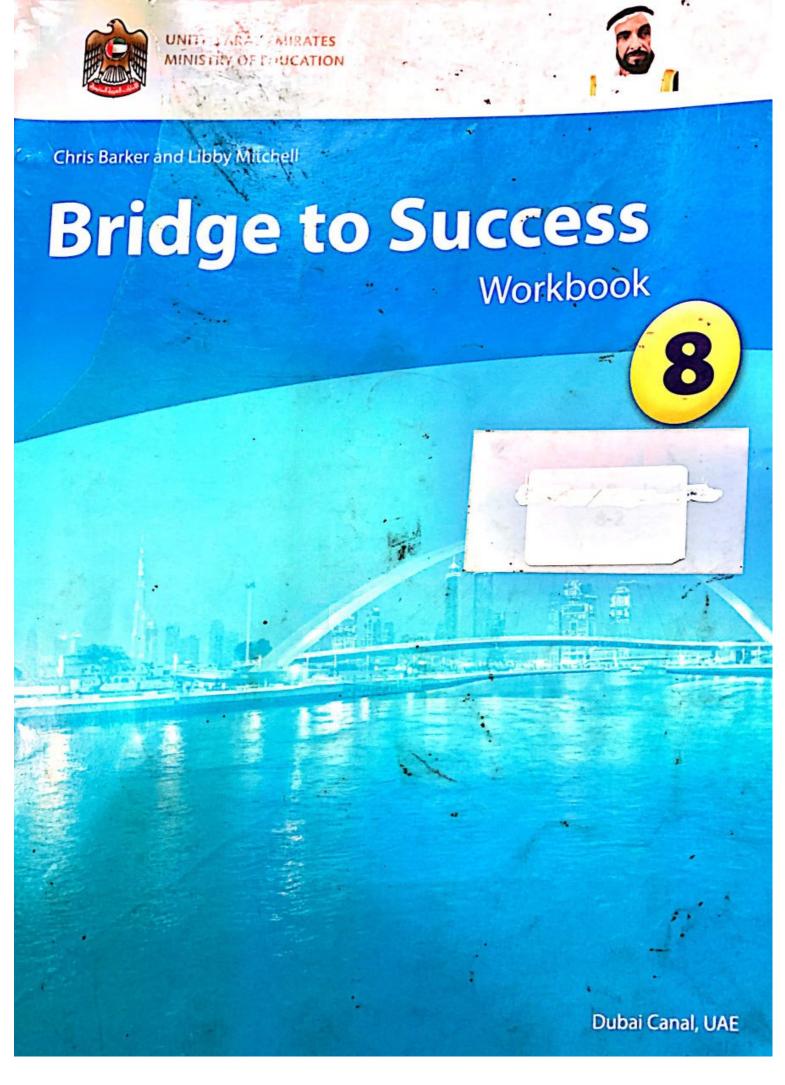
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#### Lessons 1-2 The Titanic

6 desperately E

7 survive B

	phrases in the text to help y	ou	that lidenasty thereby property and pulper to all their all
1	luxurious F	a	sank
2	liner C	b	to stay alive in a dangerous situation
3	maiden voyage G	C	a large ship for carrying passengers on long distances
4	struck D	d	hit (past tense)
5	went down A	е	acting in a way that shows you will do anything because you

1 Match the words or phrases from the text with their meaning. Look at the words or

	A
е	acting in a way that shows you will do anything because you
	are in a bad situation
	rome and a sing and a some fortable

f	very expensive and comfortable
g	the first journey of a new ship or plane

2	Read the Language tip on page 163 of the Coursebook and find compound nouns in the
	text that mean the following:
1	a very large piece of ice floating in the sea ice bevg
2	a small boat kept for emergencies life boat
3	the title of a newspaper story head ine
4	paper with writing about the news, usually published daily or weekly news paper.

3	The word telegram is made of two parts but it is not a compound noun. The first part 'tele'
	is a prefix; it gives the meaning 'at a distance' to the word. It can be the first part of several
	words. Can you think of these 'tele' words? You can use a dictionary to help.

	words. Can you think of these 'tele' words? You can use a dictionary to help.
1	something you watch to see pictures that have been sent over a distance televison
_	

2	something you use to talk to people who are at a distance telephone
3	something you look through to see better things at a distance-tele 5copes

4 Read the text about a 19th century female explorer called Mary Kingsley and look at the Use of English box on page 164 of the Coursebook. Circle the correct past tense.

In 1895, Mary Kingsley [1] arrived has arrived on the west coast of Africa. Her plan was to travel up the Ogooué River into Gabon. She [2] has studied | had studied in England and [3] she wanted

has wanted to study the way people lived in that part of the world. On June 5th, [4] she left / was leaving the port of Glass and travelled by river to Ndjole. From there, she continued her journey by canoe because passenger boats [5] flidn't go haven't gone further. Sometimes, as she 161 has travelled I was travelling up the river, 17] she stopped was stopping to collect samples of fish. She brought back 65 different types of fish. Three of them [8] named | were namedafter her.

Mary Kingsley went to parts of Africa where no-one [9] ever saw I had ever seen a European woman before. Her book, Travels in Africa, [10] published / was published in 1897.



Mary Kingsley

- 5 Use the text about Mary Kingsley to write the questions for these answers. Pay attention to the correct use of past tense forms.
- 1 Q Where did Mary Kingsley go in 1895?
  - A To the west coast of Africa.
- 2 awhere had she studied A In England.
- 3 a what was her Plan?
  - A To travel up the Ogooué River.
- 4 awhat did she want to study?
  - A The way people lived in that part of the world.
- 5 a How many different types of fish A 65.
- 6 a when was her book, Travel Africa. A In 1897.

## Lessons 3-4 Exploring the seas

- Circle the correct meaning of the word in bold in each sentence.
- The wreck of the Titanic, which had sunk in April 1912, was found near the coast of Newfoundland, Canada.
  - a the main part of a boat or ship
  - (b) a ship that has been damaged and has sunk to the sea bed
  - c the valuable things being carried on a ship
- 2 In 1986, a three-person submersible went down to the wreck, to explore it.
  - a an inflatable lifeboat
  - a large scuba-diving suit
  - a small vehicle that can go down very deep in the ocean
- 3 Since then, there have been several expeditions which have brought back 6000 objects.
  - a sales of special items
  - b short sailing trips
  - c organised long journeys which have a particular purpose
- 4 They found objects such as china, jewellery, the ship's bell, a whistle, silver, letters and other personal belongings.
  - (a) the things that you own
  - **b** all your clothes
- 5 My great-great-grandfather died when the ship went down, so the ship is really his grave.
  - a a serious place
  - b) a place where a dead body is buried
- 6 Two people recently went down in a submersible and had their wedding on the deck of
  - (a) the wide, flat part of a boat or ship on which you can walk around
  - b the bottom of a ship or boat
  - a special cabin

2	Find words and phrases in <b>bold</b> in the text <i>The Lion of the Seas</i> that mean the following:		
1	areas of water next to the land where ships can stop har bours		
2	areas of land along the edge of a sea Coasts		
3	as well as along with		
4	wrote down what he had learned recorded his experiences		
5	had a book printed and sold Published		
6	travelling around an area to learn about it exploring		
7	the study of stars and planets ast vonomy		
	groups of words or sentences that form one section of a poem		
3	Find verbs in the text in these tenses. (Do not include is, was or were.) Use the Use of		
	English box on page 164 to help you.		
1	past simple Spent, Published, recorded, came from past simple passive was Know, was born, was written, was (still) use		
2	past simple passive was Know was horh, was uvitten, was (still)		
3	past continuous Was noviahating		
4	past perfect had (already) memorised.		
5	present perfect has (ever) written.		
-	Che the sent should be a supplied to the suppl		
	Ibn Majid was a man of action and thought.		
	Find examples of his action and thought in the text.		
	action thought		
	Lindagite		

action	thought
many expeditions  Explored the Avabic sea, Red  and the indian ocean  navighting his own shipat	published nearly 40 books  he recorded his experiences  series of book  studied Arab.

## Lessons 5-6 The travels of Ibn Jubayr

1	Listen to the first part of the story of Ibn Jubayr's travels and choose the correct answers.	-
---	---	---

- 1 After he left home, Ibn Jubayr travelled first to a Granada. b Morocco. c Cueta.
- 2 He travelled to Alexandria
  - by boat. b on foot. c by camel.
- 3 In Alexandria, there were many
  - a lighthouses. b mosques. c streets
- 4 He was also impressed by the enormous a port. **b** lighthouse. **c** gardens.

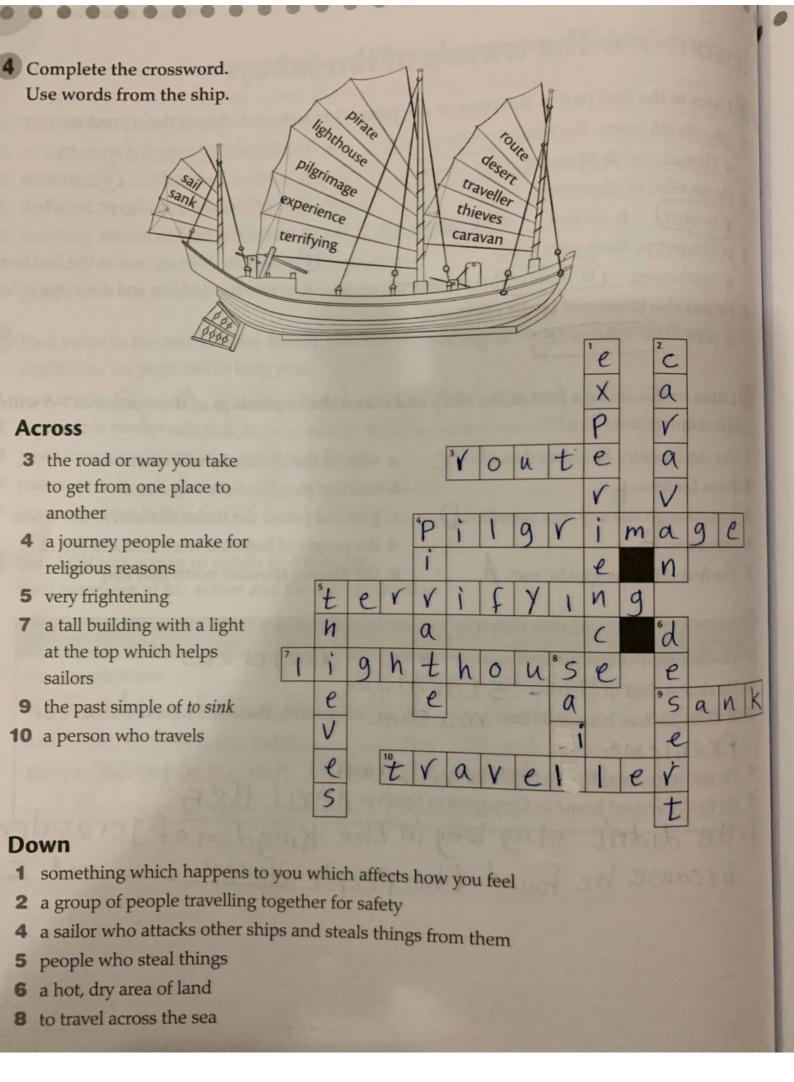
- The Sultan in Alexandria was verya cruel.b friendly.c generous.
- **6** To get to Jeddah from Egypt, he sailed a across the Mediterranean.
  - **B** down the Nile and across the Red Sea.
  - c across the Red Sea and down the Nile.

## 2 Listen to the second part of the story and match the beginnings of the sentences 1–5 with the endings a–e.

- 1 The Arab poetry he learned as a boy C
- 2 From Medina, E
- 3 Even though the city was beautiful, D
- 4 Damascus B
- **5** The friendliest people he met A
- a were in the Syrian city of Damascus.
- b was like paradise.
- c gave Ibn Jubayr the desire to travel in the desert.
- d the people of Baghdad were cold and proud.
- e the caravan travelled north into Iraq.

#### 3 Listen to the final part of the story and complete each gap with ONE word.

- 1 The final part of Ibn Jubayr's journey was the most dangerous
- 2 He almost died in a terrible Stovm at sea.
- 3 In Sicily, he was helped by the <u>muslim</u> community there and he wrote about their <u>Pvoblems</u>
- 4 He was impressed by the terrifying Valencia.
- 5 He finally arrived home in Cartagena in Spain in APVI 1185
- 6-He didn't stay long in the Kingdom of Jerusalem because he found the People dirty and cruel



#### Lesson 7 Practise and prepare

- 1 Read about the three great Arab explorers again. Answer these questions quickly.
- 1 Who lived for the longest? A | drisi
- 2 Who came from Jerusalem? Al Mugad desi
- 3 Which one travelled in Europe? Al \_l drisi
- 4 Which one travelled in China? Al Masudi
- 5 Which one do you think travelled the furthest? Al Masudi
- 6 Which one do you think travelled the least? A1\_1 dvisi
- 2 Find examples of these verb tenses in the texts. (Do not include is, was or were.)
- 1 past simple for completed events in the past (three examples)
  any three from: visted, studied, began, travelled, used, spke
- 2 past perfect for events that happened before another event in the past (three examples)

he had visited he had (already) he had journe ted.

Travelled.

3 past continuous for an event happening at the same time as another event in the past (one example)

he was travelling.

- 4 present simple passive for something that is true now but it isn't important who does the action (one example)
- Write a paragraph about Ahmed Ibn Majid (70–80 words).
  - Use the text on page 166 of your Coursebook as your information source.
  - Begin by telling the reader when he lived and why he is famous.
  - Summarise what he did in his life the places he visited and the books he wrote.

Ahmed Ibn Majid

### Lesson 8 Space

Read the class discussion about space exploration. Try to complete the missing words.

Then listen and check your answers.

**Teacher:** In our last lesson we learned about the <sup>1</sup> Planets in our solar system. Today we're going to talk about space exploration. What's your opinion on exploring space, Anna?

Anna: I think we should keep on exploring space. We've already seen what Mars is like and I'm sure one day, people will live on Mars. Perhaps there's <sup>2</sup> \lifty \text{ there already!}

Teacher: What do you think, Olivia?

Olivia: I think we should send robots to all the planets in our 3 50 av 5 ystem, to find out more about them.

**Anna:** Why not send people instead of robots?

Olivia: Well, because it's dangerous, so it's better to send robots.

Teacher: Does anybody think that people will go into space 4 O N Noliday ?Then is already space tourism, people going into space just for the fun of it.

**Cristina:** Yes, I think space tourism will be really popular in the future. I'd love to go up into space in a <sup>5</sup> Yocket.

Teacher: What other possibilities are there for space exploration? Tammy, what do you think?

Tammy: I think one day criminals will be sent to another planet or to a 6 Spaces tation rather than to a prison here.

Cristina: What?! That's a crazy idea.

**Tammy:** Why? Two hundred years ago criminals were sent to Australia in <sup>7</sup> PV i So Ship. What's the difference?

**Teacher:** Well, that's an interesting idea, Tammy. Nicole, what do you think is the most important reason for exploring space?

**Nicole:** Well, I think that we will have to find other places to live in the solar system because there won't be enough room on <sup>8</sup> Forth.

2 Label the pictures using words from Activity 1.



Earth



2 rocket

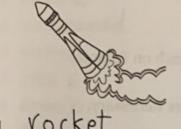


3 Solar systen

Bridge to Success Grade 8 Workbook Unit 10

#### Lessons 9-10 Space exploration: the past and the future

1 Find the words in the text on space exploration for these things.



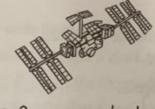
1 Yocke



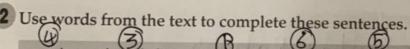
2 Spacecraft 3 astro nai







4 luner vover 5 space station



· gravity · knowledge · planets

1 All of the \_\_\_\_\_ go around the sun. It takes the Earth 365 days to complete its journey.

2 All of the explorations of Mars have been done with \_\_\_\_\_ spacecraft.

3 Scientists always want to increase their \_\_\_\_\_ of what happens and why.

4 When there is no \_\_\_\_\_\_, things float rather than fall.

5 If there is no more space exploration, we will never learn more about our

6 Some scientists are very lucky to do their \_\_\_\_\_ on the International Space Station.

3 Do some research on the Hubble Space Telescope. How has it contributed to our understanding of space and space exploration? Write a short paragraph in your notebook (70-80 words).

Where and what is it?

• Where does the name come from?

When was it launched?

What can we see with it? (name three things)

• What does it help us to understand?

4	Complete the sentences using will/won't with an appropriate verb.
1	
2	Bye for now
3	We're getting the 7.30 train, so we'll be home at 8 o'clock.
4	
5	
6	1 11 / 11 / 11 / 11
æ	
9	Rewrite these statements using the passive with will. Use by where necessary.
1	Electricity will power cars and other vehicles.
2	Robots will build all machines.
3	Solar farms and wind turbines will generate electricity.
4	Computers will control cars.
5	Teachers will give lessons over the Internet.
6	We'll make all calls on mobile phones, not landlines.
4	Care and other vehicles will be requested by electricity.
2	Cars and other vehicles will be powered by electricity.
2	All machines will be buit by Robots
1	Electricity will be generated by solar farms and wind.
-	cars will be controlled by computer:
9	All calle will be give over theinternet.
0	lessons will be give over theinternet. All calls will be Made on mobile Phone not
400	Make questions about the future using these words and will.
1	people / live / on other planets Will people live on other planets?
2	space tourism / be / popular 14/11 CO CO + 12/12 CO CO CO CO + 12/12 CO
	space tourism / be / popular will space tourism be populor.  life / find / elsewhere in the universe will life.
4	other solar systems / explore / soon will other 5 olar 5 ystem be explored 500n.  when / people / walk / on the moon again when will on solar system be explored 500n.
5	when / people / walk / on the mach said of the solar system be explored soon
	why / robots / send / to explore other planets will vobots be sent to lagain
	Ox Olace II
	Pxplorother
	Planets.
	• What does it had us or an allow of the Williams
1	Bridge to Success Condition 11
0	Bridge to Success Grade 8 Workbook Unit 10

## Lessons 11-12 Is there life out there?

1	Match the words from the text with their meaning. Look at the words in the text to
	help you.

- 1 surface & a to continue to live
- 2 underground **b** to start a journey
- c far away 3 survive a
- d below the surface of the ground 4 major F
- e the top or outside part of something 5 depart b
- most important 6 distant (

#### 2 Complete the sentences with words from Activity 1.

- \_ at about eight o'clock tomorrow. 1 Our bus will depart
- the car crash. 2 They were very lucky to Survive
- 3 I saw a beautiful fish swimming just under the Surface of the water.
- 4 Climate change is one of the major problems facing the planet.
- 5 I love to hear stories from distant countries.
- 6 Some animals live under ground during the day and only come up at night.

## 3 Are these sentences talking about (a) the past, (b) the present or (c) the future?

- 1 Where will we look next? Future.
- 2 Mars is cold and dry. the Present.
- 3 There might be water underground where life still survives. the Present.
- 4 The first landing on Mars was in 1976 and there have been more since then. The Past.
- 5 The Americans, Europeans, Indians and Chinese are all sending new expeditions in the next few years. the future.
- 6 Now the UAE has joined the major space nations with their Emirates Mars Mission which departs in 2020. the future.
- 7 On Earth, where there is water there is life. the present.
- 8 Future expeditions to Europa will discover if the same is true on this distant moon.

the future.

# 2550N 13 Talking about the future

Match the sentences with their functions.

We're having a science lesson about ENTENCES

the ISS next week. b There might be a new manned mission

to the moon soon. e

Intere's going to be a new mission to

Mars in a few years. C

There will probably be people on Mars

in twenty years from now. d

5 The rocket launches at 09.45 on 20th

December. A

#### **FUNCTIONS**

- a talking about a fixed arrangement
- b talking about an arrangement
- c talking about a plan
- d making a prediction
- e talking about a possibility

## Put these sentences in the order of how certain it is that they will happen.

- 1 I'm seeing Meera tomorrow morning.
- 2 Imay see Meera tomorrow.
- 1 I'm going to see Meera tomorrow.
- 4 Ithink I'll see Meera tomorrow.
- 5 Isee Meera on Tuesdays at 10 in the morning.

## Choose the best way to complete these sentences.

- 1 One day everyone will travel / is travelling in space.
- What time will I does the next lesson begin?
- What colour are you going to I do you paint that new chair? I think we will be / are there in the evening. Our plane will leave / leaves at 15.00 and the
- We will have I are having a party next Saturday. Do you want to come?
- Our holiday finishes / will finish / is finishing on 20th December.

## Lesson 14 Practise and prepare

1 Complete the crossword. They are all words about space exploration.

										15	0	1	a	1	
29		3 U				"M				P					
r		n	mag	5 LL	n nn	a			6	a	u	n	C	h	
a	1	i	e	n		V				C					
V		V		m	9.8	*5	Y	5	t	e	m		°P	21.01	
i		e	THE .	9	Init	ORG	6 6 6	Blan	7 55	C			1	27	
t	51	1		n			10	5	t	V	0	n	a	u	t
Y		5	YESS	n	PER		dia a	rivilla.	10	a			n	Hall	mod
		e		e						f			e		
				"d	i	5	t	a	n	t			t		

#### Clues across

- 1 and 8 across the sun and the planets that move around it
- 6 send a rocket into the air or to space
- 7 a creature from another planet
- 8 see 1 across
- 10 someone who travels in space
- 11 far away

#### Clues down

- 1 a vehicle that travels in space
- 2 the force that makes something fall
- **3** space and everything in it
- 4 the planet nearest to Earth
- 5 with no people on it
- 9 huge round object that moves around a sun

## Lesson 15 Revision quiz

- 1 Find words in the unit that mean the following,
- 1 A verb beginning with s which means to manage to stay alive in an accident or disaster. Suvvive.
- 2 An adjective beginning with f which means very cold. Free Zing.
- 3 A verb beginning with s which describes what happens to a heavy object in water. Sink
- 4 A verb beginning with r which means to save or help somebody in a dangerous situation.  $\sqrt{es}$  cue
- 5 A noun beginning with a which means the study of the stars and planets. astronomy.
- 6 A verb beginning with m which means to learn something by heart. memorise.
- 7 An adjective beginning with a which means correct and without mistakes in it. accurate.
- **8** A noun beginning with r which means trying to find out facts about something. research.
- 2 Choose a word from box A and a word from box B to complete each sentence.

Box A	• adventu	re • h	uman	• maiden	• solar	• ship	• space	IN A
Box B	• body	· craft	• system	• tourism	· voy	age ·	wrecks	

- 1 The Titanic sunk on its maiden voyage from Southampton in Great Britain to New York in April 1912.
- 2 The dangerous weather and sea conditions along the coast of Vancouver result in many
- Ship wrecks which is why it is called 'the graveyard of the Pacific Ocean'.
- 3 There are a dventure companies which take people to explore sunken ships on the seafloor. tourism
- 4 There are eight planets in our <u>Solar system</u>: Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn Neptune, and Uranus.
- 5 The first <u>space</u> <u>craft</u> landed on the moon in in 1966 and sent back photographs to
- 6 Scientists have explored the effects of gravity on the human body