

## شكراً لتحميلك هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية



## مراجعة امتحانية مفردات قراءة قواعد اختبارات

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## التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثامن



## روابط مواد الصف الثامن على تلغرام

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## المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثامن والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

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Al Berirat School cycle 2

Grade 8 BTS TERM 1



# TERM1 REVISION

1. VOCABULARY
2. READING
3. GRAMMAR
4. MAZE
5. EXAMS

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Supervised

1. Mrs. .Khadija Al Ghinah (School Principal )
2. Mr.Ahmed Sultan (Academic Supervisor)

# UNIT 1

Chat	يتكلم
Classmate	زميل دراسه
Scared	خائف
Interrupt	يقاطع
distract	يشوش
Share	يشارك
Compare	يقارن
Allowed	مسموح
Disallowed	غير مسموح
Scared of	خائف من
Good at	جيد في
Interested in	مهتم ب
Learn by	يتعلم بواسطه
Freedom	الحرية
Education	التعليم
Auditory	سمعي
Visual	مرئي
Tactile	حركي
Tutorial	تعليمي
Independent	مستقل
Independently	باستقلال
Available	متاح
Pace	سرعه

Online	متصل بالانترنت
Learn	يتعلم
Learning style	اسلوب تعليمي
Recently	حديثا
Pen pal	صديق مراسله
Recently	حديثا
Operation	عمليه
Wheelchair	كرسي متحرك
Rowing	صف
Shelter	مأوى
chemist's	الصيدليه
pharmacy	صيدليه
Office	مكتب
Bank	بنك
Garage	جراج
Gift shop	محل هدايا
Coffee shop	مقهى
Check	يفحص
Weigh	يزن
Gift shop	محل هدايا
Butcher's	الجزارة
Hairdresser	مصفف شعر
Sports shop	محل ادوات رياضيه
Gym	صالة العاب

## Unit 2

Clean	ينظف
Cut	يقطع
Measure	يقيس
Prepare	يجهز
Repair	يصلح
Check	يفحص
Weigh	يزن
jewelry	محل المجوهرات
bracelets	سوار
Necklace	عقد
Nuts	مكسرات
Fruits	فواكهة
Spices	توابل
Velvet	مخملى ناعم
Crowded	مزدحم
Overcrowded	مزدحم جدا
Smoky	مدخن
Dirty	قذر
Noisy	مزعج
Busy	مشغول
Boring	ممل
Interesting	شيق
Traffic	مرور
Pollution	التلوث
Friendly	ودود
Unfriendly	غير ودود
Delicious	لذيذ
Historical	تاريخى
Salty	مملح
Tasty	لذيذ

Pollution	التلوث
Atmosphere	الجو
Blog	مدونه
Imagination	الخيال
Concentration	التركيز
Reeds	حزمه من القصب
Tremble	يرتعش
Scatter	يتناثر
Pacing	سرع السير
Parakeets	ببغاء
Stern	متشدد
Community	مجتمع
Society	مجتمع
Federation	حكومه فيدراليه
Heritage	التراث
Traditions	عادات
Tribal	قبلى
Resourcefulness	دهاء-حيله

## Unit 3

Culture	ثقافه
Traditions	عادات
Society	مجتمع
Responsibility	المسؤوليه
Donate	يتبرع
Fortunate	محظوظ
Resilience	مرونه
Nomadic	بدوى
Pearling	صيد اللؤلؤ

Industry	صناعه
Diving	الغوص
Oyster	محارة
Fleet	اسطول
Crew	طاقم
On board	على متن
Chant	ترنيمة
Sunrise	شروق الشمس
Sunset	غروب الشمس
Signal	اشارة
Surface	سطح
Weight	الوزن
Museum	متحف
Size	حجم
Weight	وزن

Fort	حصن
Surface	سطح
Quality	نوعيه
Residence	اقامه
Prison	سجن
Renovated	مجدد
Wildlife	حياة بريه
Underground	تحت الارض
Exhibits	معارض
Desert	الصحراء
Bedouin	بدوى
Availability	الاتاحه- التواجد
Territory	اقليم

Economy	اقتصاد
Economic	اقتصادي
Inhabit	يسكن
Challenge	يتحدى
Grazing	رعى الغنم
Hump	سنام الجمل
Endurance	التحمل
Amusement	المتعة
Customs	عادات
Honesty	الامانه
knowledge	المعرفة

## UNIT FOUR

Continent	قارة
Agriculture	الزراعة
Dignity	الكرامة
Obstacle	عقبة
Compassionate	متعاطف
Fertile	خصب
Duty	واجب
Justice	العدالة
Prosperous	مزدهر
Route	طريق
Barren	قاحل
Incense	بخور
Tribe	قبيلة
Merchant	تاجر
Goods	بضائع
Caravan	قافلة



Shrub	شجيرة
Resin	يستقبل
Aromatic	فواح
Demand	يطلب
Heal	يداوى
Cure	يعالج
Soothe	يجامل
Relieve	يخفف
Valuable	قيم
Treasure	كنز
License	رخصه
Seeds	بزور
Temples	معابد
Forced	مجبور
Shocked	مصدوم
anxious	قلق
Impatient	صبور
Destination	وجهة
Emperor	امبراطور
Loyalty	الولاء
Thrilled	مثار
Summoned	مستجمع شجاعته
Impressive	مؤثر
Trust	يثق
Wealthy	ثرى
Exotic	شاذ- غريب
Honest	امين
Precious	ثمين
Exciting	مثير
Interesting	شيق

realised	مدرك
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## Unit 5

Amazed	مدهش
Amazing	مدهش
Interested	مهتم
Interesting	شيق
Lunar	قمرى
Islamic	اسلامى
Calendar	تقويم
Solar	شمسى
Phase	مرحله
Festival	مهرجان
Classic	كلاسيكى
Public	عام
Popularity	الشهرة
Extended	ممتد
Decorate	يزين
Bright	لامع
Symbolize	يرمز
Mosque	مسجد
Festival	مهرجان
Fireworks	العاب ناريه
candle	شمعه

# Complete:-

Chatting – interrupt – distract – concentrate – practicing –

Share – agreed – learn

- 1 – We should ..... from our mistakes.
- 2 – Please do not .....me while I’m talking.
- 3 – My sister Nora and I ..... our clothes and books together .
- 4 – Mariam stayed up all night ..... with her friends online.
- 5 – Watching TV can -----you from studying. .
- 6 – We all ..... that the food in our school should be changed
- 7 – All that noise makes it hard to ..... on the book I’m trying to read.
- 8 - ..... means to do something again and again to perfect it.

- =====
- 1) Afraid ..... **scared** .....
  - 2) Talk to other people **chat**.....
  - 3) Stop someone speaking **interrupt**.....
  - 4) Get your attention away **distract**.....
  - 5) Your friend in your class ..... **classmate**.....
  - 6) Let you do it ..... **allowed**.....
  - 7) Have in common ..... **share**.....
  - 8) Give all attention ..... **concentrate**.....
  - 9) Blame or get angry from someone **tell off**.....
  - 10) Not remember **forget**.....

Chat –  
classmate –  
scared –  
interrupt –  
distract –  
forget –  
share –  
tell off –  
Allowed –  
concentrate

**Annoy – compare – different – discuss – freedom –**

**Hobby – however – instead – modern – pen pal**

- 1) My favorite ..... Is reading adventure stories.
- 2) I don't like my classmates. They always ..... me.
- 3) The teacher asked us to ..... between the UAE and China.
- 4) I sent an e-mail to my ..... in London.
- 5) We decided to visit Paris but we went to Turkey .....
- 6) Hamad and Rashid are brothers but they are completely .....
- 7) The opposite of old is .....
- 8) I want to be a doctor. ...., it is not easy because I have to study hard
- 9) In class, we usually sit in groups to ..... Ideas and topics.
- 10) On this assignment we have the ..... To choose any topic to write about.

**Created - tutorials – education – virtual – operation translated –  
practice – available – independently- online**

- 1) This book was ..... to 25 languages.
- 2) This gift is ..... you don't need to pay money for it.
- 3) Phone cards are ..... in this shop.
- 4) There are many ..... Videos on your tube to teach you how to make ice cream.
- 5) When you work ....., you don't need help from anyone.
- 6) The UAE university was ..... In 1976.
- 7) I want to be a doctor after finishing my .....
- 8) If you have internet, you can learn English .....
- 9) Online learning is called ..... classes.
- 10- After the accident, he needed an -----to help him walk again.

Pace – proposal – recently – residential – robotics – shelter  
– Wheelchair –water rafting – agree with – so

- 1) It was hot... .....We switched the A/C on.
- 2) Learners are different and need to learn at their own .....
- 3) He didn't agree to my ..... to study abroad .
- 4) Prices have dropped .....
- 5) You need a boat to go .....
- 6) He broke his leg. He had to be in a ..... for six months.
- 7) This tent is a good -----from the rain.
- 8) -----is a technology that deals with the design of robots.
- 9) They should not build factories in the -----areas.
- 10) I really -----you. Food should be changed in our school canteen.

**Match the words with their definitions:-**

<b>Word</b>		<b>definition</b>
1 ) discussing		a-Speak when someone else is speaking
2 ) forgetting		b-Doing something with care and attention
3 ) interrupt		c-Given permission to do something
4 ) chatting		d-Talking a lot in a friendly way
5 ) carefully		e-Not remembering
6 ) allowed		f-Talk to someone in a harsh way for doing something wrong
7 ) classmates		g-Talking about something with a group of people
8 ) tell off		h-The people in your class

***Discussing----- forgetting----- interrupt----- chatting----- carefully- allowed-----  
-- classmates----- tell off***

**Fill in:-**

1 – I love ..... to my friends .

2 – It’s rude to ..... someone when they’re talking.

3 – Are we ..... to go out at lunchtime?

4 – Listen .....to the teacher when she explains the grammar point?

5 – The teachers ..... us ..... if we make too much noise in class

6 – I got into trouble for ..... to do my homework.

7 – The class enjoys ..... new methods of learning.

8 – I like to help my ..... When they don’t understand something

**Match the words with their definitions :-**

Word		definition
1 ) freedom		A . an online learning environment
2 ) education		B . there for your use
3 ) virtual classroom		C . speed at which you go
4 ) online		D . ability to choose without being told what to do
5 ) tutorial		E . on your own
6 ) independently		F . a lesson that gives instructions on how to do something
7 ) available		G . the process of learning
8 ) pace		H . done over the internet

**(Operation --- recently— pen pal ---wheelchair ---- white-water rafting)**

1 – Have you seen this photo of Matt racing down a river? It' called ..... and it is really exciting.

2 – Matt is my ..... In England. I really like having a friend in Another country.

3 – He loves all exciting and dangerous sports. He's mad! He had an accident ..... And broke a leg.

4 – He's OK, but he was in hospital for a week and had an ..... on his leg.

5 – He can't walk at the moment, so he's using a ....., but he says He'll be back on his feet soon.



Freedom-----education-----virtual classroom-----online

Tutorial-----independently-----available-----pace

**Fill in :-**

1 – You have the ..... to choose what you want to study.

2 – The Khan Academy provides a free ..... for anyone who wants to learn

3 – You use a computer and use the internet to go .....

4 – You study online using the video ..... And personalized practice exercises.

5 – You work ..... Without a teacher.

6 – You can go at your own ..... and study when you choose.

7 – There isn't a real classroom; you go into ..... Online from  
wherever you are in the world.

8 – The lessons are ..... to people all over the world

## Reading Comprehension

**Read the following text then answer the questions.**

**1)** Imagine you are living in 1592, Shakespeare's time, and you are going to the theatre. You set off at lunchtime. All plays take place during the day because there isn't electricity. You may arrive at the theatre by boat across the River Thames, but you can save your ferry fare and walk across London Bridge.

**2)** When you arrive at the Globe Theatre you can see a flag flying from the roof which means that there is a performance today. People are crazy for the theatre; they want to see their favorite actors. About 21,000 Londoners go to the theatre every week. The play begins at 2 o'clock and there is a loud shot to hurry people. You enter the building and see the stage in front of you. Two pillars on the stage support a roof for the actors. This is called the 'Heavens' and is painted with stars, a sun and a moon. At the back of the stage is the musicians' gallery.

**3)** Musicians with trumpets, drums and other instruments play tunes and make sound effects. You will see lots of different types of people. At the top of the building there are galleries where merchants, sea—captains and clerks sit. **((They))** paid for their seats. There are Gentlemen's Rooms or boxes for rich and famous people.

**4)** Finally, the lower class citizens or servants and trainees are standing in front of the stage and are known as 'groundlings.' It's not always fun for the people standing there because sometimes a play can last four hours!

**Choose the correct answer from a, b or c.**

**1-The text is mainly about:**

- a) Drama in the UAE.
- b) William Shakespeare's life.
- c) Theatre in the Age of Shakespeare.

**2-Seeing the flag flying from the roof of the theatre means:**

- a- There will be a performance tomorrow.
- b- That there is a performance today.
- c- That there was a performance yesterday.

**3- In which two ways did people go to the theatre?**

- a-by plane or by boat.

b-by boat across the River Thames only.

c. by boat across the River Thames, or walking across London Bridge.

**4- The underlined pronoun ((they)) in paragraph 3 refers to:**

a. Merchants, sea—captains and clerks.

b. sea—captains and clerks

c. rich and famous people.

**5. About 21,000 Londoners go to the theatre every week.**

a) True

b) False

c-Not given

**6. Merchants, sea—captains and clerks don't pay for their seats.**

a) True

b) False

c-Not given

**7. Women were not allowed to act in 1592 because it was considered shameless and unladylike.**

a) True

b) False

c-Not given

**8- Musicians with instruments like \_\_\_\_\_ and drums play tunes and make sound effects.**

a) Guitar

b) trumpets

c) piano

**9- Because there wasn't electricity, all plays took place \_\_\_\_\_.**

a-during the day

b-in the morning

c. only in the weekend

**10- The 'Heavens' are two pillars on the stage that support a roof for the \_\_\_\_\_.**

a- musicians

b-actresses

c-actors

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## Vocabulary

- 1. The bank celebrates its hundredth \_\_\_\_\_ in December.**  
a- invite                      b-enquiries                      c- anniversary
- 2. We can find \_\_\_\_\_ to some of our problems through plays.**  
a- achieve                      b-solutions                      c- command -
- 3. After several weeks, he reached his \_\_\_\_\_ and asked for the way to the place where Aladdin lived.**  
a- destination                      b-solution                      c- audience
- 4. You need to attract the attention of the \_\_\_\_\_ when you are on the stage.**  
a- achieve                      b-curtain                      c- audience
- 5. When the play is over, they put the red \_\_\_\_\_ down.**  
a- destination                      b-curtain                      c- audience

## Grammar

Choose the most suitable answer a, b or c that best completes the following sentences.

- 1. You look \_\_\_\_\_ your mom, you have the same skin color and eyes.**  
a) as                      b) like                      c) similar
- 2. " Go to the market ". My mom asked \_\_\_\_\_.**  
a) I go to the market                      b) can I go the market                      c) me to go to the market
- 3. It is \_\_\_\_\_ for me to make monologue.**

- a) embarrassing                      b) embarrassed                      c) embarrass

**4. You should study well \_\_\_\_\_ your teacher asked you.**

- a) as                                      b) like                                      c) may

**5. "The bus left ". She said that \_\_\_\_\_.**

- a) the bus was left                      b) the bus leave                      c) the bus had l

## Reading Comprehension

**Read the following text and then answer the questions.**

**A)** The word drama comes directly from Greek, meaning "action" or "a play." Which is no surprise, since ancient Athens was the land of dramatic theatre. Drama doesn't always take place on the stage, though. You can use the word to describe behaviour or a reaction to a situation that appears a little overly ((**emotional**)).

**B)** There are four main forms of drama. They are comedy, tragedy, tragicomedy and monodrama. All these types have the common characteristics of drama genre; they are, plot, characters, conflict, music and dialogue.

**C)** Comedy is a type of drama that aims to make the audience laugh. Its tone is light and it mostly has a happy ending. Such tradition came from the Ancient Greek theatre, where comedy first emerged as a form of drama.

**D)** Murders, deaths, insanity, and pain are among the most common ideas in tragedies. Main characters usually have some kinds of weakness or defect that causes their downfall. Tragedy first appeared in the theatre of Ancient Greece.

**E)** Tragicomedy is a special kind of drama that combines the features of tragedy and comedy. ((**It**)) means that such play may be sad but will have a happy ending, or it may be serious with some elements of humour emerging throughout the whole play.

**F)** Monodrama is an interesting type of drama because it involves only one actor. This actor gives a dramatic monologue – a type of story about themselves. So, in other words, it's like a solo show. Of course, this type of drama is really part of the history of story-telling that we have in the Arab world.

**1- The above text is mainly about:**

- A. Theatres
- B. Drama
- C. Monodrama

**2- The main idea of paragraph (B) is:**

- A. Types of audience
- B. Dramatic theatre

C. Types of drama

**3- The underlined word (emotional) in paragraph (A) means:**

- A. Showing feelings
- B. Showing features
- C. Showing situations

**4- The four forms of drama are:**

- A. Comedy, tragedy, tragicomedy, and plot.
- B. Plot, characters, music, and dialogue.
- C. Comedy, tragedy, tragicomedy, and monodrama.

**5- The underlined pronoun ((It)) in paragraph (E) refers to:**

- A. Tragedy
- B. Comedy
- C. Tragicomedy

**6- It can be inferred that tragicomedy is a special kind of drama because:**

- A. despite being sad, it will end happily.
- B. despite being happy, it will end sadly.
- C. it more popular than monodrama.

**Decide whether the following sentences are True, False or not given.**

7- Drama always takes place on the stage.

- A. True    B. False    C. Not given

8- The main point of a melodrama is not to tell a story but to awaken feelings in the audience.

- A. True    B. False    C. Not given

9- Ancient Greece is where tragedy first appeared.

- A. True    B. False    C. Not given

**Read the text again and fill in the gap in the following sentence with only ONE WORD.**

**10-** There are usually some kinds of \_\_\_\_\_ or defect with the main characters that causes their downfall.

## Part 2: Vocabulary

Choose the correct word(s) to complete the sentences.

1- Actors have to wear stage \_\_\_\_\_ to make them look older and more dramatic.

- A- scenery
- B- props
- C- make-up

2- He was \_\_\_\_\_ as his friend died last week.

- A- heartbroken
- B- cheerful
- C- delighted

3- The bank will celebrate its hundredth \_\_\_\_\_ in December.

- A- invitation
- B- enquiries
- C- anniversary

4- Shakespeare is the greatest \_\_\_\_\_ of all time. He wrote over 400 plays.

- A- musician
- B- playwright
- C- actor

5- My friend's father was a \_\_\_\_\_. He was famous for making great clothes.

- A- tailor
- B- merchant
- C- salesman

## Part 4: Grammar

**Choose the correct answer from a, b or c.**

**1- Please, just do it \_\_\_\_\_ me**

- A- like
- B- as
- C- so

**2- \_\_\_\_\_ it was cold, I took a scarf.**

- A- Like
- B- As
- C- Too

**3- Ali: "Don't open the door!"**

**Ali told me \_\_\_\_\_**

- A- to open the door.
- B- not to open the door.
- C- to not open the door.

**4- He said: "I have been sick all the week."**

**He said he \_\_\_\_\_ sick all week.**

- A- has been
- B- have been
- C- had been

**5- She said: "Are you cold?"**

**She asked me \_\_\_\_\_**

- A- I was cold.
- B- if I am cold.
- C- if I was cold.



Choose:-

1) Hamad is interested in .....

A) Swim

B ) swimming

C ) swam

2) Salim is good ..... science.

A) at

B ) in

C ) of

3) My sister is not interested ..... History.

A) At

B) on

C ) in

4) I get tired of ..... in groups.

A) Working

B) works

C ) work

5) She never gets tired .....

A) Of – cooking

B) of – cook

C ) for – cooking

6) I enjoy ..... Languages.

A) tear

B) learning

C) learned

7) I am not scared .....questions.

A) Of – ask

B) of – asking

C) by – asking

8) I like to learn ..... Doing.

A) On

B ) of

C ) by

9) I can't concentrate ..... my homework .

A ) on – doing

B ) on – do

C ) of – doing

10) Don't get into trouble ..... your homework .

A) for – forget

B ) for – forgetting

C ) on – forget

Dear penpal,

My name is Matt and I'm 12 years old. I live in Richmond, near London, and I go to Hill Top School. My favourite subjects are English, Science, Maths and cooking. I really love my school.

I like going to the after-school clubs. My favourite is swimming. I'm also in the school chess club.

I recently went on a white-water rafting weekend with the Boat Club that I go to on Thursday evenings. We went to Devon, but, unfortunately, I hurt my knee and had to have an operation.

I have to be in a wheelchair for the next six weeks.

I would love to find out all about you, so please write back to me.

**Matt**

Name	
Age	
City	
School	
Favorite subjects	
Favorite clubs	
What happened in Devon?	
Time in a wheelchair	

## A) Vocabulary:

Annoy – compare – different – discuss – freedom –

Hobby – however – instead – modern – pen pal

- 1 ) The opposite of old is .....
- 2 ) I sent an e-mail to my ..... in London .
- 3 ) The teacher asked us to ..... between the UAE and China .
- 4 ) I don't like my classmates . They always ..... me .
- 5 ) On this assignment we have the ..... to choose any topic to write about .
- 6 ) Hamad and Rashid are brothers but they are completely .....
- 7 ) My favorite ..... is reading adventure stories .
- 8 ) I want to be a doctor . ..... , it is not easy because I have to study hard
- 9 ) In class , we usually sit in groups to ..... ideas and topics .
- 10 ) We decided to visit Paris but we went to Turkey .....

Word	definition
1 ) online-----	A . an online learning environment
2 ) pace-----	B . there for your use
3 ) tutorial -----	C . speed at which you go
4 ) freedom-----	D . ability to choose without being told what to do
5 ) virtual classroom-----	E . on your own
	F . a lesson that gives instructions on how to do something
	G . done over the internet

=====

Chat – classmate – scared – interrupt – distract –  
 forget – share –tell off – allowed – concentrate

- 1 ) afraid .....
- 2 ) talk to other people .....
- 3 ) stop someone speaking .....
- 4 ) get your attention away .....
- 5 ) your friend in your class .....
- 6 ) Let you do it .....
- 7 ) have in common .....
- 8 ) give all attention .....
- 9 ) blame or get angry from someone .....
- 10 ) not remember .....

**B) Grammar**

1) Hamad is interested in .....

- A) Swim                                      B) swimming                                      C) swam

2) Salim is good ..... science.

- A) At                                      B) in                                      C) of

3) My sister is not interested ..... History.

- A) At                                      B) on                                      C) in

4) I get tired of ..... in groups.

- A) Working                                      B) works                                      C) work

5) She never gets tired .....

- A) Of – cooking                                      B ) of – cook                                      C ) for – cooking

**Re-order**

1- Started – she – learn – to -computer

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2- Learned – speak - English– in – he – to – London

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3- We – travel – Paris – decided – to- to

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4- Hope – pass - the boys – to – year - this

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5- Enjoy – adventure- I - reading – stories

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## Reading comprehension

Everyone has different ways that they like to learn. Scientists and teachers are always looking at how students learn so they can improve teaching and learning. There are many ways to learn and no one is the same! All people like to learn in different ways.

Most experts agree that there are three different types of learners. That is not to say that you only learn one way. In fact, most people use all three.

The first type of learners is auditory learners. They learn best by hearing and listening to new information. They often find it very easy to remember the words to new songs they hear. Sometimes, they even read out loud because it helps them remember.

Next, we have visual learners. These people learn best by seeing things or reading information. They like to see the things they are learning about. Sometimes they make pictures in their minds of things they are studying.

Finally we have tactile learners. Tactile learners learn best by doing some sort of action or touching the things they are learning about. They like to move around, touch, draw, and build what they are learning.

Which learning style suits you best? Which one is your least favorite? Remember, everyone is different and most of us use all three styles.

### **1. Why are scientists and teachers looking at how people learn?**

- A They want to improve education.
- B There are three styles of learning.
- C To make tests easier for students.

### **2. People who learn best by hearing new information are called....**

- A strong learners
- B visual learners
- C auditory learners

### **3. Which type of learner prefers to move around while they learn?**

- A visual learners
- B auditory learners
- C tactile learners

### **4. Someone who learns best by reading information is a \_\_\_\_\_ learner.**

- A tactile
- B visual
- C good

### **5. What would be a good title for this reading?**

- A Why Learning is Important
- B Teachers Want to Know How You Learn
- C Different Ways People Learn

**Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.**

Televisions show sounds and pictures. They get data from cables, discs, or over-the-air signals. They turn this data into sounds and images. People watch news and shows on them. You probably call them TVs.

John Baird made the first TV in 1925. It had one color. It could only show 30 lines. This was just enough room for a face. It didn't work well, but it was a start.

The first TV station was set up in 1928. It was in New York. Few people had TVs. The broadcasts were not meant to be watched. They showed a Felix the Cat doll for two hours a day. The doll spun around on a record player. They were experimenting. It took many years to get it right.

By the end of the 1930s, TVs were working well. America got its first taste at the 1939 World's Fair. This was one of the biggest events ever. There were 200 small, black and white TVs set up around the fair. The U.S. President gave a speech over the TVs. The TVs were only five inches big but the people loved it.

They wanted TVs. But World War II was going on during this time. Factories were busy making guns and bombs. When the war was over, TV spread across the country.

By 1948 there were 4 big TV networks in America. They aired their shows from 8 to 11 each night. Local shows were aired at other times. Most of the time, nothing was shown at all. TV was not "always on" like it is now.

Color TVs came out in 1953. They cost too much money for most. Also, shows were aired in black and white. By 1965, color TVs were cheaper. TV stations started airing shows in color. People had to switch if they wanted to see the shows.

Now most TVs are high-def. This means that they have many lines on them. This makes the image clear. TVs have come a long way since Baird's 30 line set. High-def TVs have 1080 lines. There are state of the art sets called 4K TVs. These TVs have 3,840 lines. Some people watch TV in 3D. I wonder what they will come up with next. Smell-o-vision anyone?

**1. When did color TVs come out?**

- a. 1925                      b. 1953  
c. 1939                      d. 1965

**2. Which was not true about the first TV?**

- a. It could only show one color.                      b. It only had 30 lines.  
c. It did not have sound.                              d. It did not work well.

**3. When did networks start showing programs in color?**

- a. 1948                      b. 1953                      c. 1965                      d. 1939

**4. Why did the first TV station only show Felix the Cat for two hours a day?**

- a. They were running tests.  
b. Felix the Cat was really popular.  
c. Felix the Cat had been a big radio star.  
d. Felix the Cat was the only show that they had.

**5. Which of these events slowed the spread of TVs?**

- a. The World's Fair of 1939  
b. The Civil War

- c. The election of the U.S. President.
- d. World War II

**6. What is the author's main purpose in writing this?**

- a. He is trying to explain how a TV works.
- b. He is telling readers how TVs became popular.
- c. He is describing the history of the TV.
- d. He is trying to get people to watch more TV.

**7. Why did many families switch to color TVs in 1965?**

- a. Color TVs cost a lot of money.
- b. Many shows were only shown in color.
- c. Color TVs came out in 1965.
- d. World War II ended and troops returned home.

**8. Why was 1939 an important year for TV?**

- a. Many Americans were introduced to TV.
- b. The first color TV was released.
- c. The first TV station began broadcasting.
- d. John Baird created the first TV.

**9. How many lines does a 4K TV have?**

- a. 30
- b. 1,080
- c. 4,000
- d. 3,840

**10. Which happened first?**

- a. The 1939 World's Fair
- b. The release of high-def TVs
- c. The end of World War II
- d. The release of color TVs



I'm Tomas and I live in Vienna with my parents and my sisters. I'm the youngest in my family. I turned 13 last month. My sisters are Martina, 16, and Betta, 19. Betta's very serious and she always tells me what to do, I guess because she's the oldest. I go to a nice school not too far from our home and I really enjoy it. I have a lot of friends there and I enjoy studying. My best subject is Geography, probably because it's the easiest too! My most difficult subject is Math - I'm terrible and I don't like my teacher. I love playing sports, especially basketball. I'm the tallest player on the school team and I usually play really well. It's the happiest part of my day. My coach says that one day I could play professional basketball! On the weekend I spend a lot of time with my friends Ralf and Kurt. We do everything together and they are the most important people in my life, apart from my family of course!

1. Tomas is older than Martina.  
 True  False
2. Betta is the oldest.  
 True  False
3. Geography is the easiest subject.  
 True  False
4. English is more difficult than Math.  
 True  False
5. Tomas is the tallest on the team.  
 True  False
6. Kurt is more important than Betta.  
 True  False

**Choose the correct form of the verb:-**

1 – We hope (seeing / to see) you later.

2 – The children finished (writing / to write) their paragraphs.

3 – We all want (hearing / to hear) the end of the story.

4 – Can you imagine (living / to live) in the future?

5 – They decided (going / to go) home because it was late.

6 – Don't promise (doing / to do) something that you cannot do.

7 – You shouldn't avoid (answering / to answer) difficult questions.

8 – I can't remember (going / to go) to bed last night.

9 – We should practice (writing / to write) letters before the exam.

10 – We are all learning (working / to work) together.

**Gerund or Infinitive – Fill in the correct form.**

1. Mary enjoys \_\_\_\_\_ to music. (Listen)
2. I don't mind \_\_\_\_\_ the washing up. (Do)
3. Irregular verbs are not easy \_\_\_\_\_. (Remember)
4. Mathew is really good at \_\_\_\_\_. (Cook)
5. She waited \_\_\_\_\_ a movie ticket. (Buy)
6. The doctor encouraged his patients \_\_\_\_\_ healthy food. (eat)
7. My flat is easy \_\_\_\_\_. (find)
8. She is interested in \_\_\_\_\_ a doctor. (become)
9. He is saving money \_\_\_\_\_ a new car. (buy)
10. When I met her I couldn't help \_\_\_\_\_ her. (hug)
11. My favorite hobby is \_\_\_\_\_. (cook)
12. My father helped me \_\_\_\_\_ my homework. (do)
13. I'm sick of \_\_\_\_\_ hamburgers every day. (eat)
14. It is important \_\_\_\_\_ the net for more information. (surf)
15. She advised me \_\_\_\_\_ a doctor as soon as possible. (see)
16. I don't feel like \_\_\_\_\_ English today. (study)
17. Isabel got Mike \_\_\_\_\_ her car (wash)
18. \_\_\_\_\_ sport every day is good for your health. (do)
19. At last they decided \_\_\_\_\_ the apartment. (rent)
20. I pretended \_\_\_\_\_ asleep. (be)
21. Sheila stopped \_\_\_\_\_ hello to her friends. (say)
22. It's no use \_\_\_\_\_ over spilt milk. (cry)
23. The following questions are easy \_\_\_\_\_. (answer)
24. She told us where \_\_\_\_\_ the necessary material. (find)

25. Would you mind \_\_\_\_\_ this letter for me? (post)

**prepositions of place at, in and on :**

<b>at</b>	<b>In</b>	<b>on</b>
at home	in a car	on a bus
at work	in a taxi	on a train
at school	in a helicopter	on a plane
at university	in a boat	on a ship
at college	in a lift (elevator)	on a bicycle, on a motorbike
at the top	in the newspaper	on a horse, on an elephant
at the bottom	in the sky	on the radio, on television
at the side	in a row	on the left, on the right
at reception	in Oxford Street	on the way

# There is - There are

ENGLISH  
GRAMMAR

## There is - There are



**Meaning:** To say that something exists (or doesn't exist)

A  
F  
F  
I  
R  
M  
A  
T  
I  
V  
E

There **is** + singular noun

There **is** a **book** on the desk.

There **are** + plural noun

There **are** **books** on the desk.

There **is** + uncountable noun

There **is** some **milk** in the fridge.

N  
E  
G  
A  
T  
I  
V  
E

There **isn't** + singular noun

There **isn't** a **pen** on the table.

There **aren't** + plural noun

There **aren't** any **pens** here.

There **isn't** + uncountable noun

There **isn't** any **juice** in the fridge.

Q  
U  
E  
S  
T  
I  
O  
N  
S

There **is** a cat on the chair.

There **are** cats on the sofa.

**Is there** a cat on the chair?

**Are there** cats on the sofa?

How many + plural noun + are there ... ?

How many **students** are there in your class?

How many **days** are there in February?

### CONTRACTIONS

There's = There is

There's not = There is not

There isn't = There is not

There aren't = There are not

## Put is or are

1. There  many animals in the zoo.
2. There  a snake in the window.
3. There  a zebra in the grass.
4. There  lions in the zoo, too.
5. There  many baby lions near their parents.
6. There  a bird next to the tree.
7. There  many monkeys in the trees.
8. There  an elephant in the zoo.
9. There  some water in the lake near the elephants.
10. There  birds in the zoo.
11. There  many people visiting the animals today.
12. There  many children, too.
13. There  a gorilla in the tree.
14. There  some grass under the tree.
15. There  bananas in the tree with the gorilla.
16. There  many birds near the gorilla.
17. There  a rock near the tree.
18. There  many sharks in the aquarium.

## Have + something + done

**For example: I clean my kitchen (have) → I have my kitchen cleaned.**

1. I wash my car. (have)

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2. I cut my hair. (have)

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3. I type the documents. (have)

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4. I fixe my washing machine. (have)

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5. I cut my grass. (have)

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6. I paint my bedroom. (have)

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7. I repair my fridge. (have)

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8. I tidy my garden. (have)

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9. I edit the article. (have)

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10. I clean the carpets. (have)





## حياة الاماراتين فى الماضى The life of Emirati people in the past

The Emirati people lived a hard life in the past كانوا يعيشون حياة صعبة فى الماضى. they lived in tents in the desert or near the beaches. They worked in grazing, fishing, and pearl diving. They gathered on the deserts. This nomadic community suffered a lot because of the harshness of life. They travelled by camels from one place to another.

Now they live in modern houses. Their life is changed completely thanks to H.H Sheikh Zayed Bin Sultan. He built houses, roads, hospitals and schools for his people. The UAE has become one of the most famous countries in the world. اصبحنا الامارات من اشهر الدول فى العالم.

Finally, I am proud to be Emirati.

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## My favorite shopping mall

Shopping malls are very important for most of us these days. They are large with hundreds of shops

The Dubai mall is the largest shopping mall in the world. It is located in Dubai. The Dubai mall consists of three floors. You can find shops for all products and from all over the world. You can buy famous international brands. There are shops for clothes, shoes, perfumes, and make up items, jewelry, textile shops and more.

If you go out of the mall, you can see incredible views. You enjoy the view of the world greatest dancing fountains at night. Watching the lights in Burj Khalifa, the tallest tower in the world, is unforgettable scene.

Among all the malls that I have visited, The Dubai Mall has a special place in my heart.

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T. Abdelazim Ibrahim