

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج الإماراتية



## ملزمة وفق الهيكل الوزاري منهج ريفيل

موقع المناهج ← المناهج الإماراتية ← الصف التاسع العام ← رياضيات ← الفصل الثاني ← ملخصات وتقارير ← الملف

تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 12:46:53 2025-02-18

ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب الاختبارات الكترونية | اختبارات | حلول | عروض بوربوينت | أوراق عمل  
منهج انجليزي | ملخصات وتقارير | مذكرات وبنوك | الامتحان النهائي للمدرس

المزيد من مادة  
رياضيات:

## التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف التاسع العام



صفحة المناهج  
الإماراتية على  
فيسبوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

## المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف التاسع العام والمادة رياضيات في الفصل الثاني

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# EOT COVERAGE

Term 2



Question* السؤال *	Learning Outcome/Performance Criteria** نتائج التعلم/معايير الأداء **	Reference(s) in the Student Book + ( English Version) المراجع في كتاب الطالب (النسخة العربية) (النسخة الانجليزية) (إنجليزي)	
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الأسئلة النموذجية - MCD

**Example 2** Solve and Then Substitute

Use substitution to solve the system of equations.

$$5x - 3y = -25$$

$$x + 4y = 18$$

Step 1 Solve the second equation for  $x$  since the coefficient is 1.

$$x + 4y = 18$$

Second equation

$$x = 18 - 4y$$

Subtract  $4y$  from each side.

Step 2 Substitute  $18 - 4y$  for  $x$  in the first equation.

$$5x - 3y = -25$$

First equation

$$5(18 - 4y) - 3y = -25$$

Substitute  $18 - 4y$  for  $x$ .

$$90 - 20y - 3y = -25$$

Distributive Property

$$90 - 23y = -25$$

Combine like terms.

$$-23y = -115$$

Subtract 90 from each side.

$$y = 5$$

Divide each side by  $-23$ .

Step 3 Substitute 5 for  $y$  in either equation to find  $x$ .

$$x + 4y = 18$$

Second equation

$$x + 4(5) = 18$$

Substitute 5 for  $y$ .

$$x + 20 = 18$$

Simplify.

$$x = -2$$

Subtract 20 from each side.

The solution is  $(-2, 5)$ .

**Example 3** Use Substitution When There are No or Many Solutions

Use substitution to solve the system of equations.

$$4x + 2y = -8$$

$$y = -2x - 4$$

Substitute  $-2x - 4$  for  $y$  in the first equation.

$$4x + 2y = -8$$

First equation

$$4x + 2(-2x - 4) = -8$$

Substitute  $-2x - 4$  for  $y$ .

$$4x - 4x - 8 = -8$$

Distributive Property

$$-8 = -8$$

Simplify.

The equation  $-8 = -8$  is an identity. Thus, there are an infinite number of solutions.

When graphed, the equations are the same line.

1.  $y = 5x + 1$   
 $4x + y = 10$

2.  $y = 4x + 5$   
 $2x + y = 17$

3.  $y = 3x - 34$   
 $y = 2x - 5$

4.  $y = 3x - 2$   
 $y = 2x - 5$

5.  $2x + y = 3$   
 $4x + 4y = 8$

6.  $3x + 4y = -3$   
 $x + 2y = -1$

7.  $y = -3x + 4$   
 $-6x - 2y = -8$

8.  $-1 = 2x - y$   
 $8x - 4y = -4$

9.  $x = y - 1$   
 $-x + y = -1$

**10.**  $y = -4x + 11$   
 $3x + y = 9$

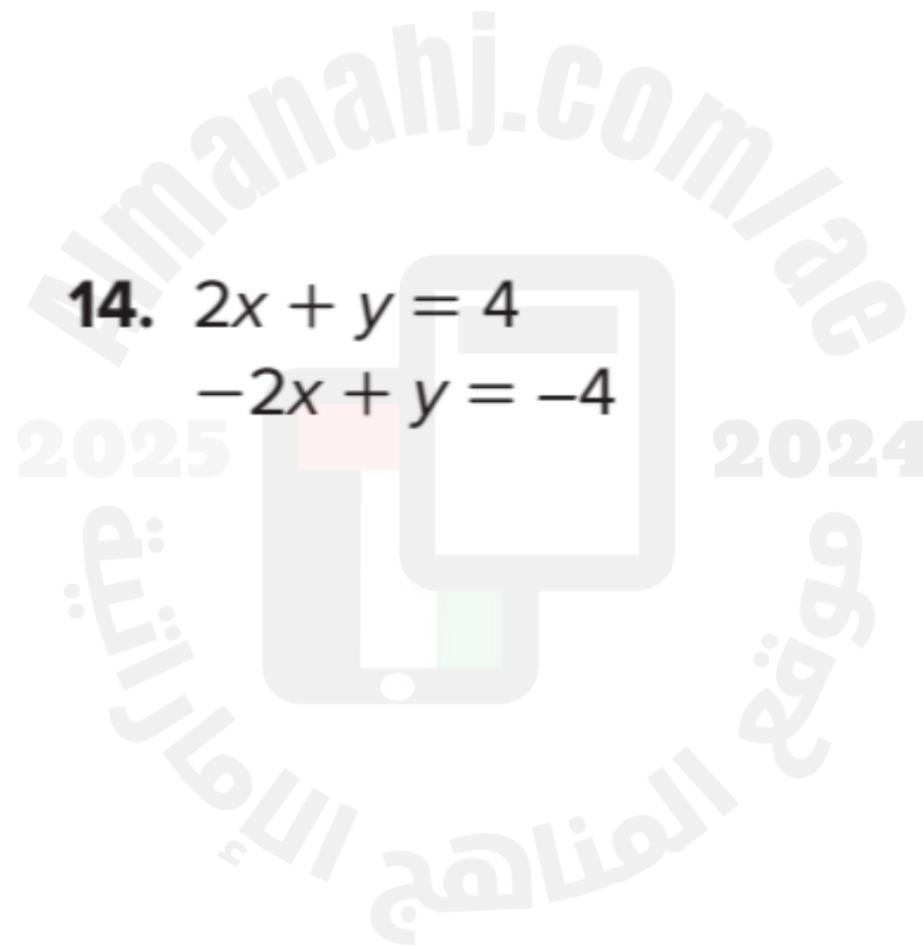
**11.**  $y = -3x + 1$   
 $2x + y = 1$

**12.**  $3x + y = -5$   
 $6x + 2y = 10$

**13.**  $5x - y = 5$   
 $-x + 3y = 13$

**14.**  $2x + y = 4$   
 $-2x + y = -4$

**15.**  $-5x + 4y = 20$   
 $10x - 8y = -40$



$$\begin{aligned} 15. \quad x + 4y &= 11 \\ x - 6y &= 11 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 16. \quad -x + 3y &= 6 \\ x + 3y &= 18 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 17. \quad 3x + 4y &= 19 \\ 3x + 6y &= 33 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 18. \quad x + 4y &= -8 \\ x - 4y &= -8 \end{aligned}$$

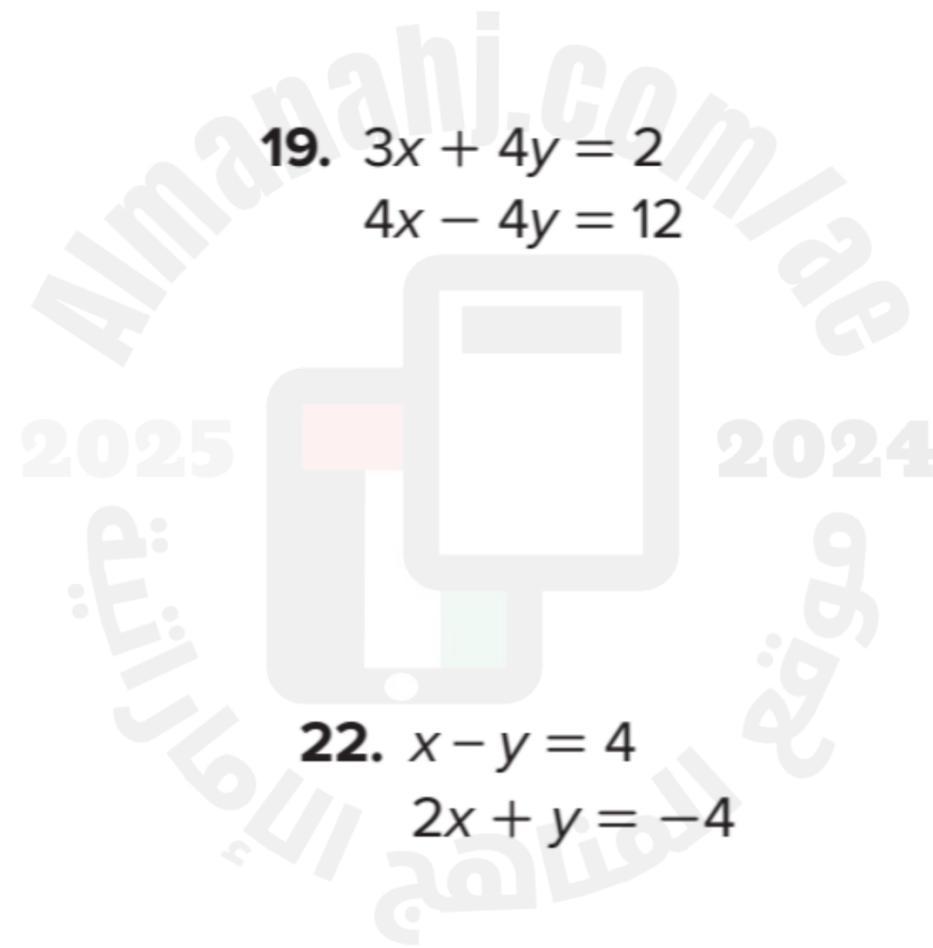
$$\begin{aligned} 19. \quad 3x + 4y &= 2 \\ 4x - 4y &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 20. \quad 3x - y &= -1 \\ -3x - y &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 21. \quad 2x - 3y &= 9 \\ -5x - 3y &= 30 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 22. \quad x - y &= 4 \\ 2x + y &= -4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 23. \quad 3x - y &= 26 \\ -2x - y &= -24 \end{aligned}$$



**24.**  $5x - y = -6$   
 $-x + y = 2$

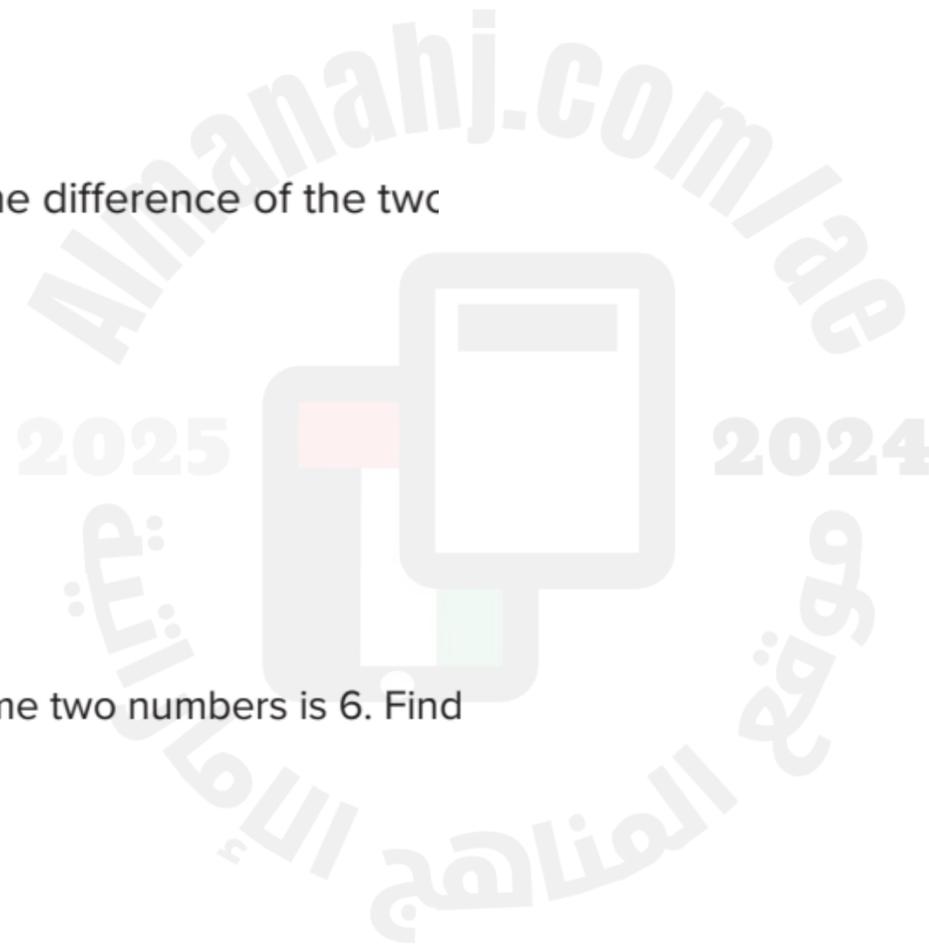
**25.**  $6x - 2y = 32$   
 $4x - 2y = 18$

**26.**  $3x + 2y = -19$   
 $-3x - 5y = 25$



**27.**  $7x + 4y = 2$   
 $7x + 2y = 8$

- 28.** Twice a number added to another number is 15. The sum of the two numbers is 11. Find the numbers.
- 29.** Twice a number added to another number is  $-8$ . The difference of the two numbers is 2. Find the numbers.
- 30.** The difference of two numbers is 2. The sum of the same two numbers is 6. Find the numbers.



Use elimination to solve each system of equations.

**33.**  $4(x + 2y) = 8$   
 $4x + 4y = 12$

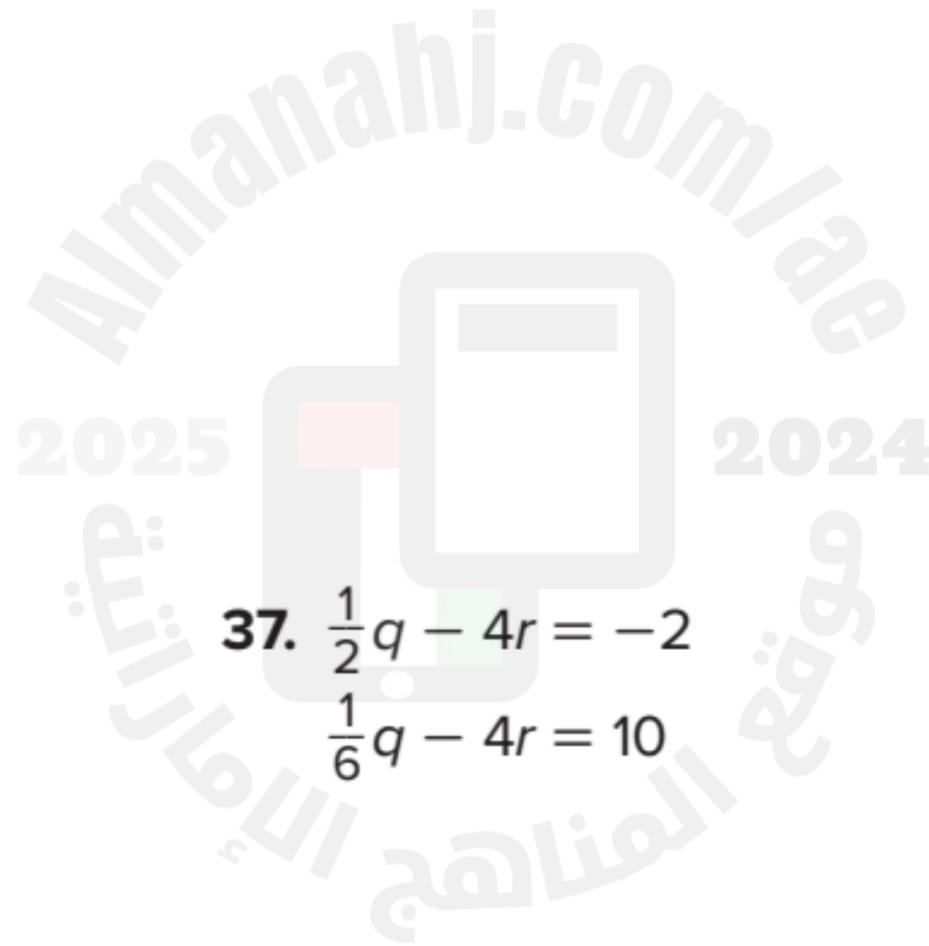
**34.**  $3x - 5y = 11$   
 $5(x + y) = 5$

**35.**  $4x + 3y = 6$   
 $3(x + y) = 7$

**36.**  $0.3x - 2y = -28$   
 $0.8x + 2y = 28$

**37.**  $\frac{1}{2}q - 4r = -2$   
 $\frac{1}{6}q - 4r = 10$

**38.**  $\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{3}y = -1$   
 $-\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{2}{3}y = 10$



Solve each system of inequalities by graphing.

1.  $y < 6$   
 $y > x + 3$

2.  $y \geq 0$   
 $y \leq x - 5$

6.  $y \geq 3x - 5$   
 $3x - y > -4$

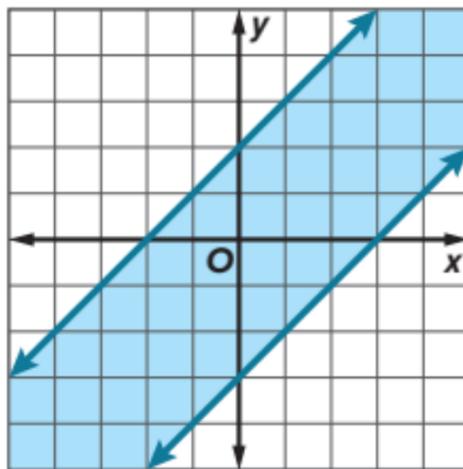
4.  $y \geq x + 10$   
 $y \leq x - 3$

5.  $y < 5x - 5$   
 $y > 5x + 9$

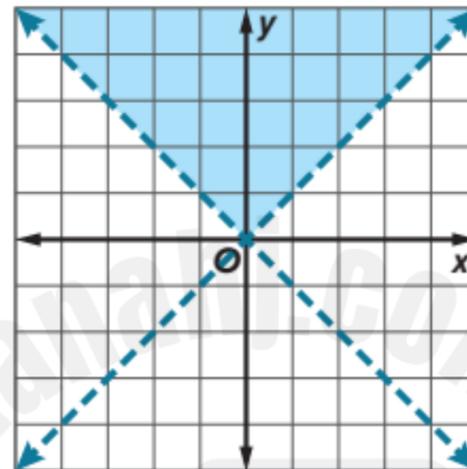


Write a system of inequalities for each graph.

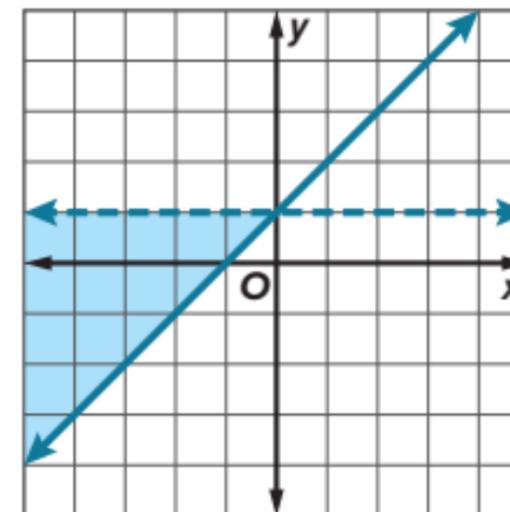
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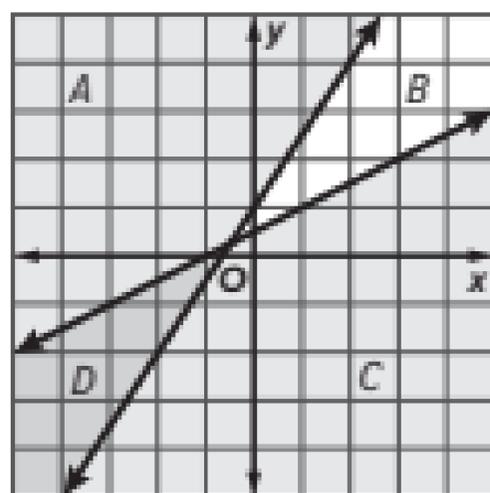
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**15. MULTIPLE CHOICE** The graph shows the solution to the given system of inequalities.

(Lesson 7-5)

$$-x + 2y \leq 1$$

$$-3x + 2y \geq 2$$



In what region is the solution set?

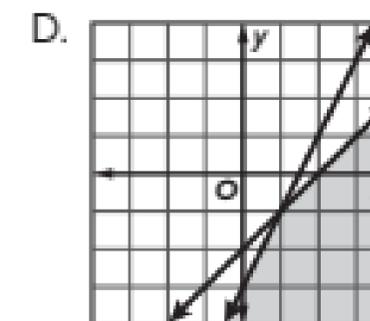
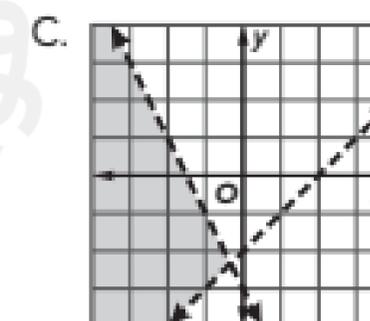
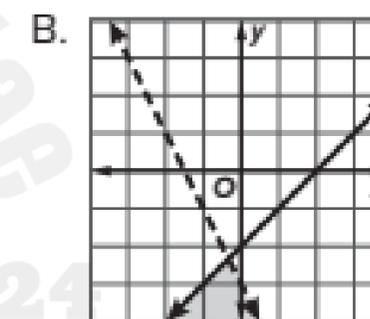
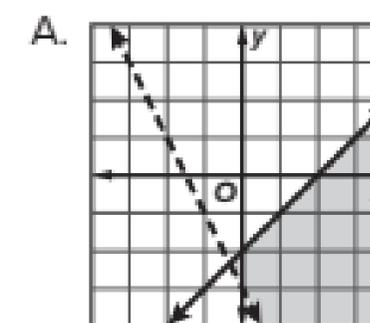
- A. A
- B. B
- C. C
- D. D

**16. MULTIPLE CHOICE** Which graph represents the solution of the system of inequalities?

(Lesson 7-5)

$$x - y \geq 2$$

$$2x + y > -3$$



Graph each system and determine the number of solutions it has. If it has one solution, determine its coordinates.

11.  $y = -3$   
 $y = x - 3$

12.  $y = 4x + 2$   
 $y = -2x - 4$

13.  $y = x - 6$   
 $y = x + 2$

14.  $x + y = 4$   
 $3x + 3y = 12$

15.  $x - y = -2$   
 $-x + y = 2$

16.  $2x + 3y = 12$   
 $2x - y = 4$



**USE TOOLS** Draw and label a figure for each relationship.

**20.** Points  $X$  and  $Y$  lie on  $\overleftrightarrow{CD}$ .

**21.** Two planes do not intersect.

**22.** Line  $m$  intersects plane  $R$  at a single point.

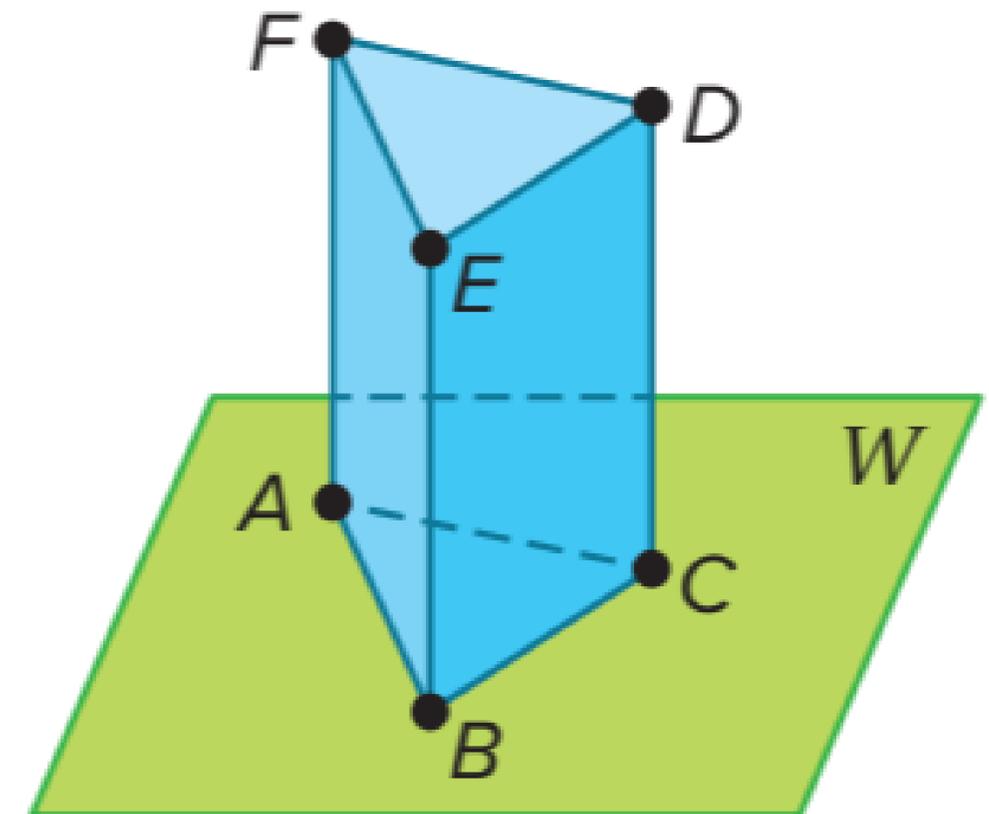
**23.** Three lines intersect at point  $J$  but do not all lie in the same plane.

**24.** Points  $A(2, 3)$ ,  $B(2, -3)$ ,  $C$ , and  $D$  are collinear, but  $A$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$ ,  $D$ , and  $F$  are not.

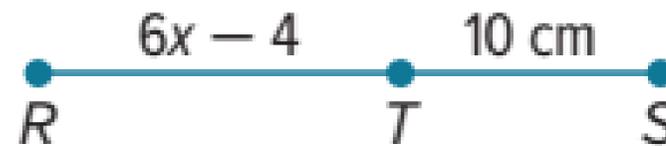


Refer to the figure for Exercises 25–28.

25. How many planes are shown in the figure?
26. How many of the planes contain points  $F$  and  $E$ ?
27. Name four points that are coplanar.
28. Are points  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$  coplanar? Explain.



34. Find the length of  $\overline{UW}$  if  $W$  is between  $U$  and  $V$ ,  $UV = 16.8$  centimeters, and  $VW = 7.9$  centimeters.

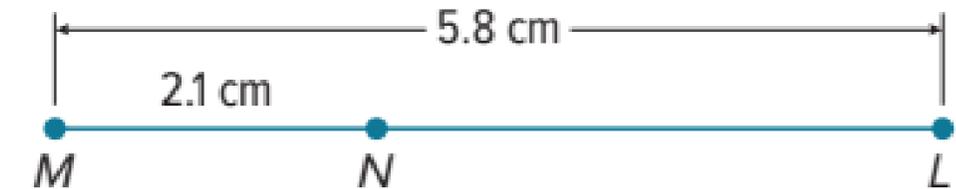


35. Find the value of  $x$  if  $RS = 24$  centimeters.

36. Find the length of  $\overline{LO}$  if  $M$  is between  $L$  and  $O$ ,  $LM = 7x - 9$ ,  $MO = 14$  inches, and  $LO = 10x - 7$ .

37. Find the value of  $x$  if  $\overline{PQ} \cong \overline{RS}$ ,  $PQ = 9x - 7$ , and  $RS = 29$ .

38. Find the measure of  $\overline{NL}$ .



Find the distance between each pair of points. Round to the nearest tenth, if necessary.

31.  $M(-4, 9), N(-5, 3)$

32.  $C(2, 4), D(5, 7)$

33.  $A(5, 1), B(3, 6)$

34.  $V(4, 4), X(5, 8)$

35.  $S(6, 4), T(3, 2)$

36.  $M(-1, 8), N(-3, 3)$



Find the distance between each pair of points. Round to the nearest tenth, if necessary.

37.  $W(-8, 1), Y(0, 6)$

38.  $B(3, -4), C(5, -5)$

39.  $R(6, 11), T(3, -7)$

40.  $A(-3, 8)$  and  $B(-1, 4)$



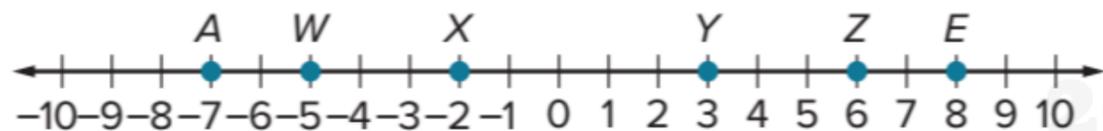
Refer to the number line.



15. Find the coordinate of point  $X$  on  $\overline{AF}$  that is  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the distance from  $A$  to  $F$ .

16. Find the coordinate of point  $Y$  on  $\overline{AC}$  that is  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the distance from  $A$  to  $C$ .

Refer to the number line.

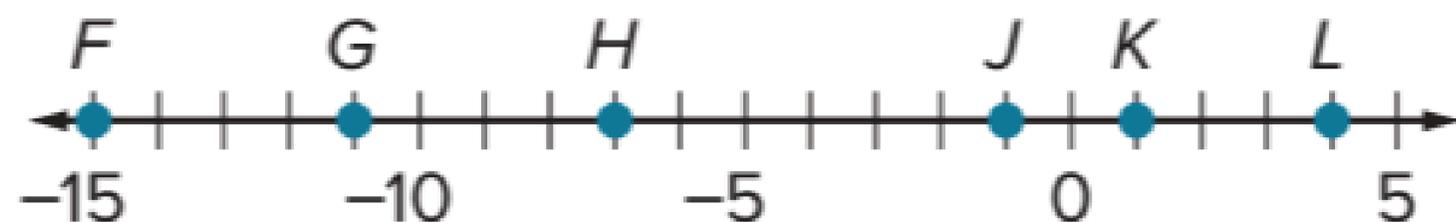


17. Which point on  $\overline{AE}$  is  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the distance from  $A$  to  $E$ ?

18. Point  $X$  is what fractional distance from  $E$  to  $A$ ?

19. Find the coordinate of point  $M$  on  $\overline{AE}$  that is  $\frac{1}{5}$  of the distance from  $A$  to  $E$ .

Refer to the number line.

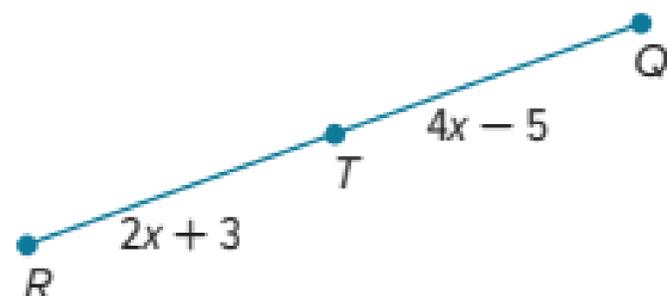


**20.** The ratio of  $FX$  to  $XK$  is 1:1. Which point is located at  $X$ ?

**21.** Find the coordinate of  $Q$  on  $\overline{FL}$  such that the ratio of  $FQ$  to  $QL$  is 12:7.

**Example 5** Find Missing Measures

Find the measure of  $\overline{RT}$  if  $T$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{RQ}$ .



Because  $T$  is the midpoint,  $RT = TQ$ . Use this equation to solve for  $x$ .

$$RT = TQ$$

Definition of midpoint

$$2x + 3 = 4x - 5$$

Substitution

$$3 = 2x - 5$$

Subtract  $2x$  from each side.

$$8 = 2x$$

Add 5 to each side.

$$4 = x$$

Divide each side by 2.

Substitute 4 for  $x$  in the equation for  $RT$ .

$$RT = 2x + 3$$

Equation for  $RT$

$$= 2(4) + 3$$

Substitution

$$= 11$$

Simplify.

**Example 6** Find the Total Length

Find the measure of  $\overline{AC}$  if  $B$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{AC}$ .



Because  $B$  is the midpoint,  $AB = BC$ . Use this equation to solve for  $x$ .

$$AB = BC$$

Definition of midpoint

$$5x - 3 = 2x + 9$$

Substitution

$$3x - 3 = 9$$

Subtract  $2x$  from each side.

$$3x = 12$$

Add 3 to each side.

$$x = 4$$

Divide each side by 3.

The length of  $\overline{AC}$  is equal to the sum of  $AB$  and  $BC$ . So, to find the length of  $\overline{AC}$ , substitute 4 for  $x$  in the expression  $5x - 3 + 2x + 9$ .

$$AC = 5x - 3 + 2x + 9$$

Length of  $\overline{AC}$

$$= 5(4) - 3 + 2(4) + 9$$

$x = 4$

$$= 20 - 3 + 8 + 9$$

Multiply.

$$= 34$$

Simplify.

The measure of  $\overline{AC}$  is 34.

Suppose  $M$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{FG}$ . Find each missing measure.

39.  $FM = 5y + 13$ ,  $MG = 5 - 3y$ ,  $FG = ?$

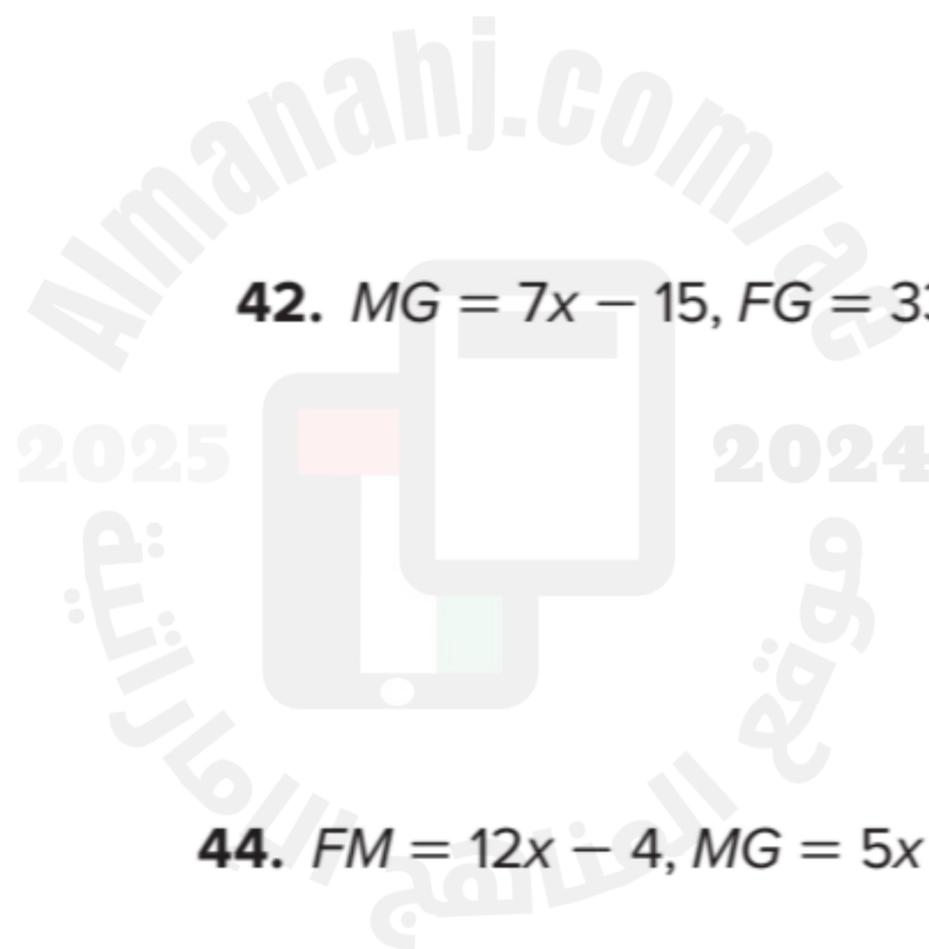
40.  $FM = 3x - 4$ ,  $MG = 5x - 26$ ,  $FG = ?$

41.  $FM = 8a + 1$ ,  $FG = 42$ ,  $a = ?$

42.  $MG = 7x - 15$ ,  $FG = 33$ ,  $x = ?$

43.  $FM = 3n + 1$ ,  $MG = 6 - 2n$ ,  $FG = ?$

44.  $FM = 12x - 4$ ,  $MG = 5x + 10$ ,  $FG = ?$



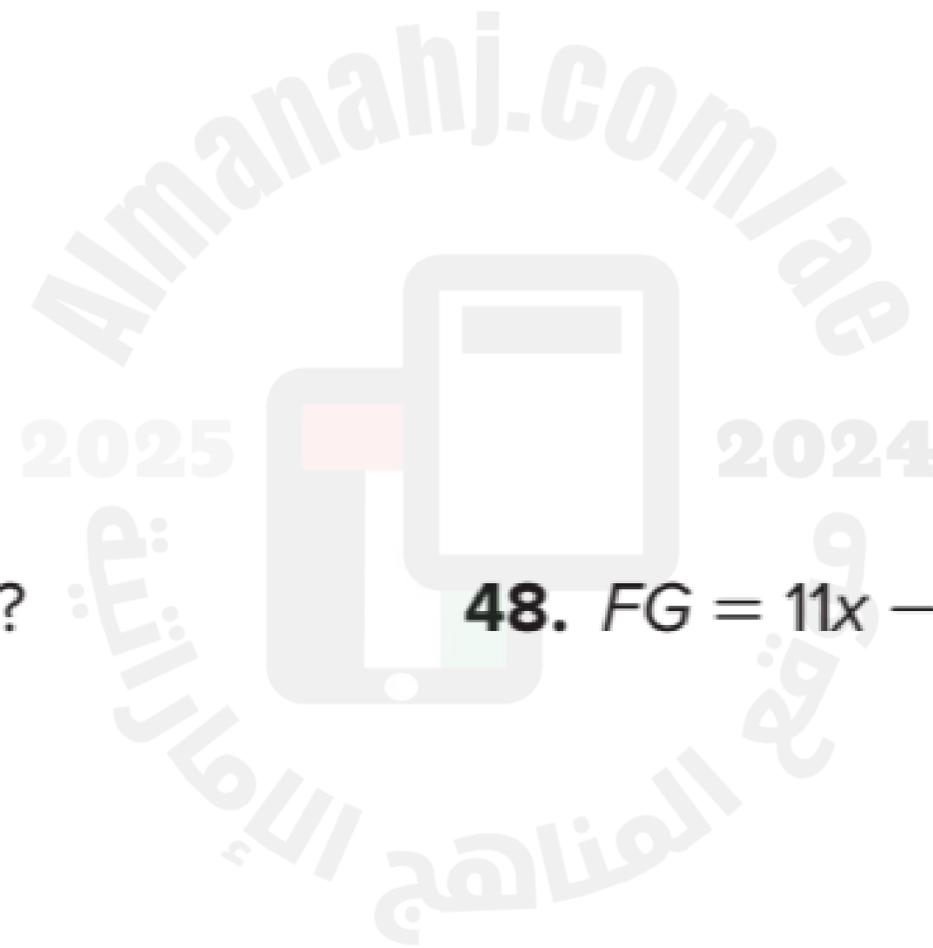
Suppose  $M$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{FG}$ . Find each missing measure.

45.  $FM = 2k - 5$ ,  $FG = 18$ ,  $k = ?$

46.  $FG = 14a + 1$ ,  $FM = 14.5$ ,  $a = ?$

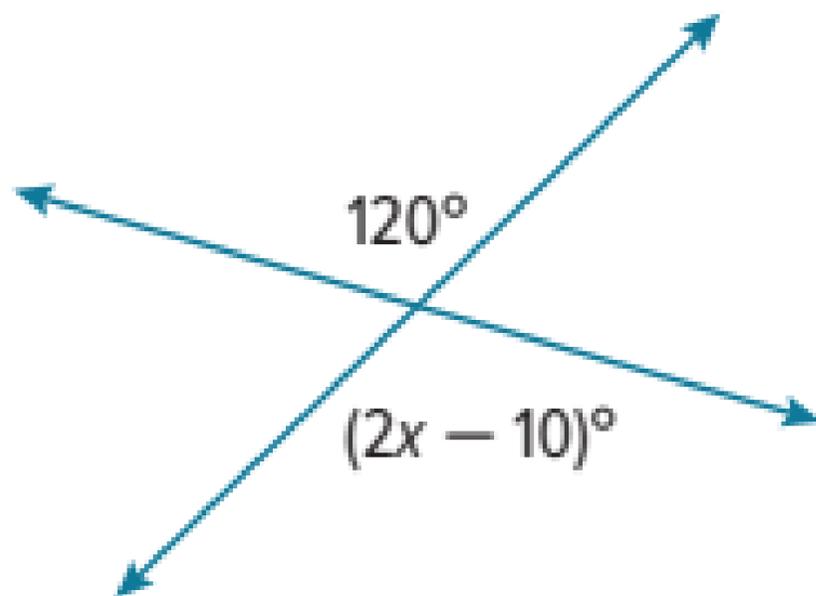
47.  $MG = 13x + 1$ ,  $FG = 15$ ,  $x = ?$

48.  $FG = 11x - 15.6$ ,  $MG = 10.9$ ,  $x = ?$

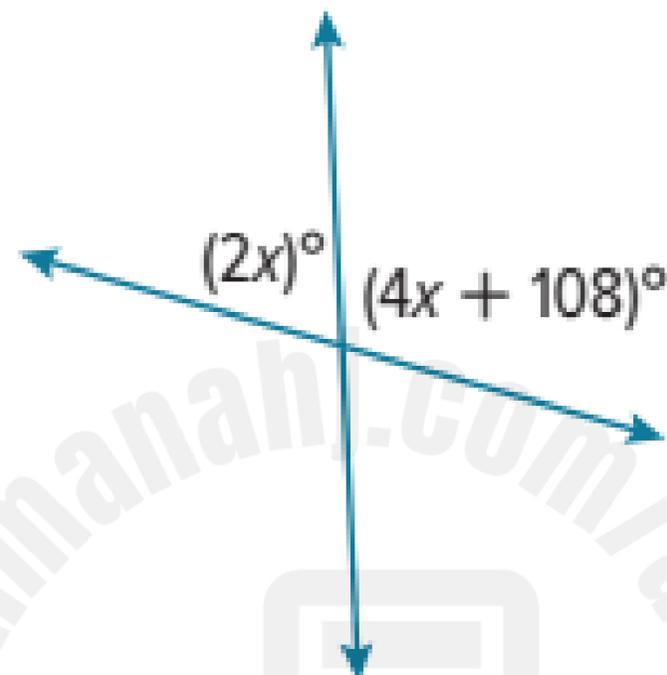


Find the value of each variable.

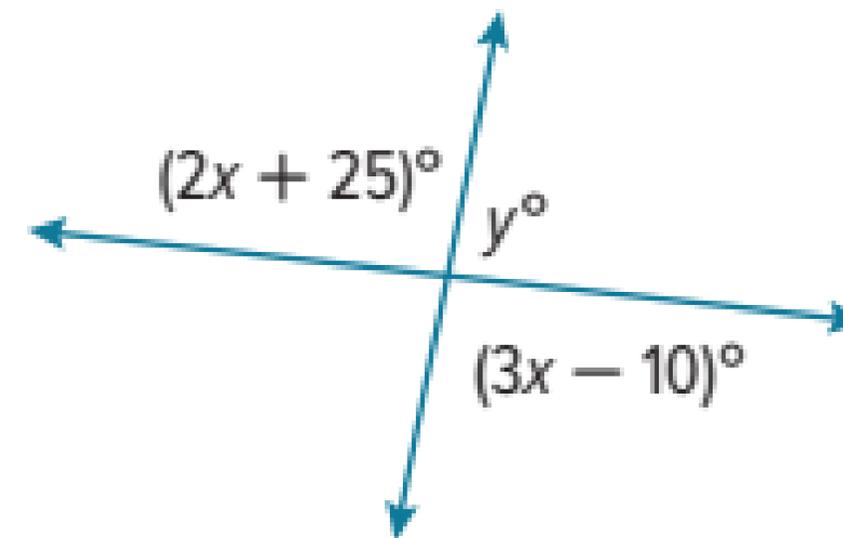
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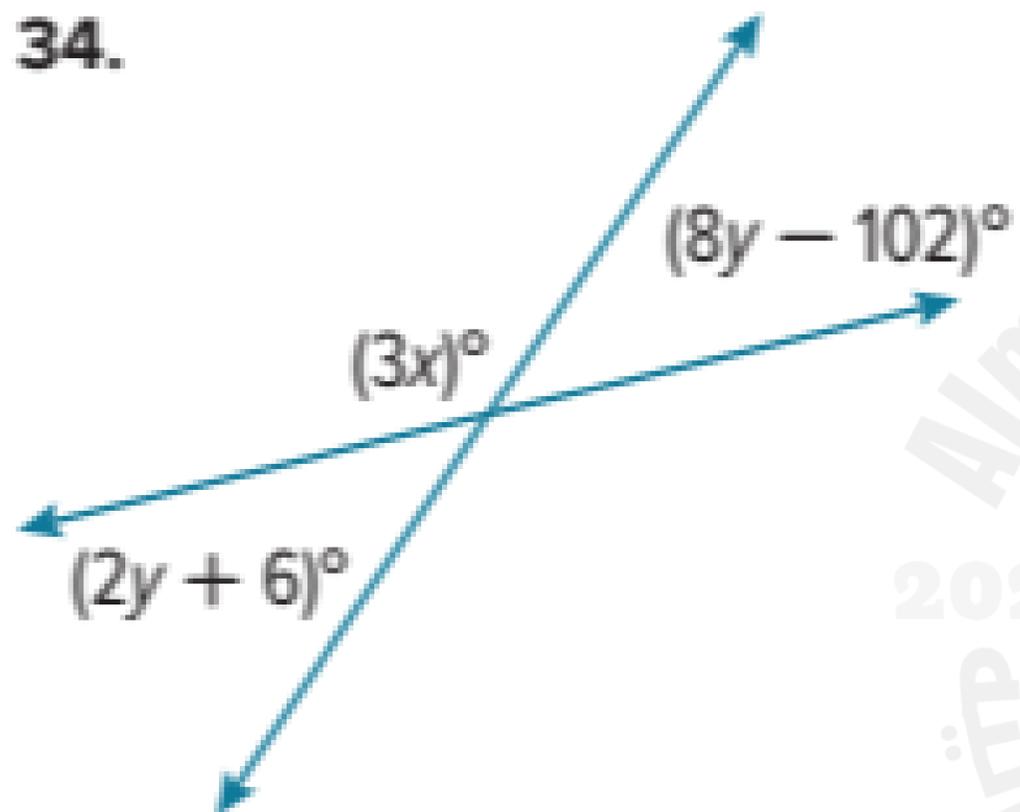
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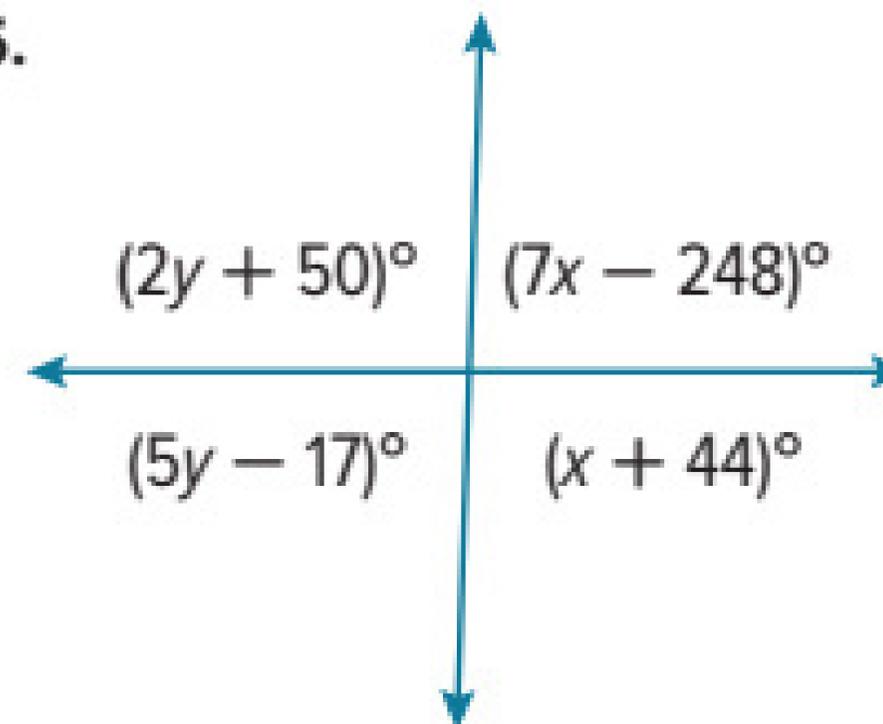
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Find the value of each variable.

34.

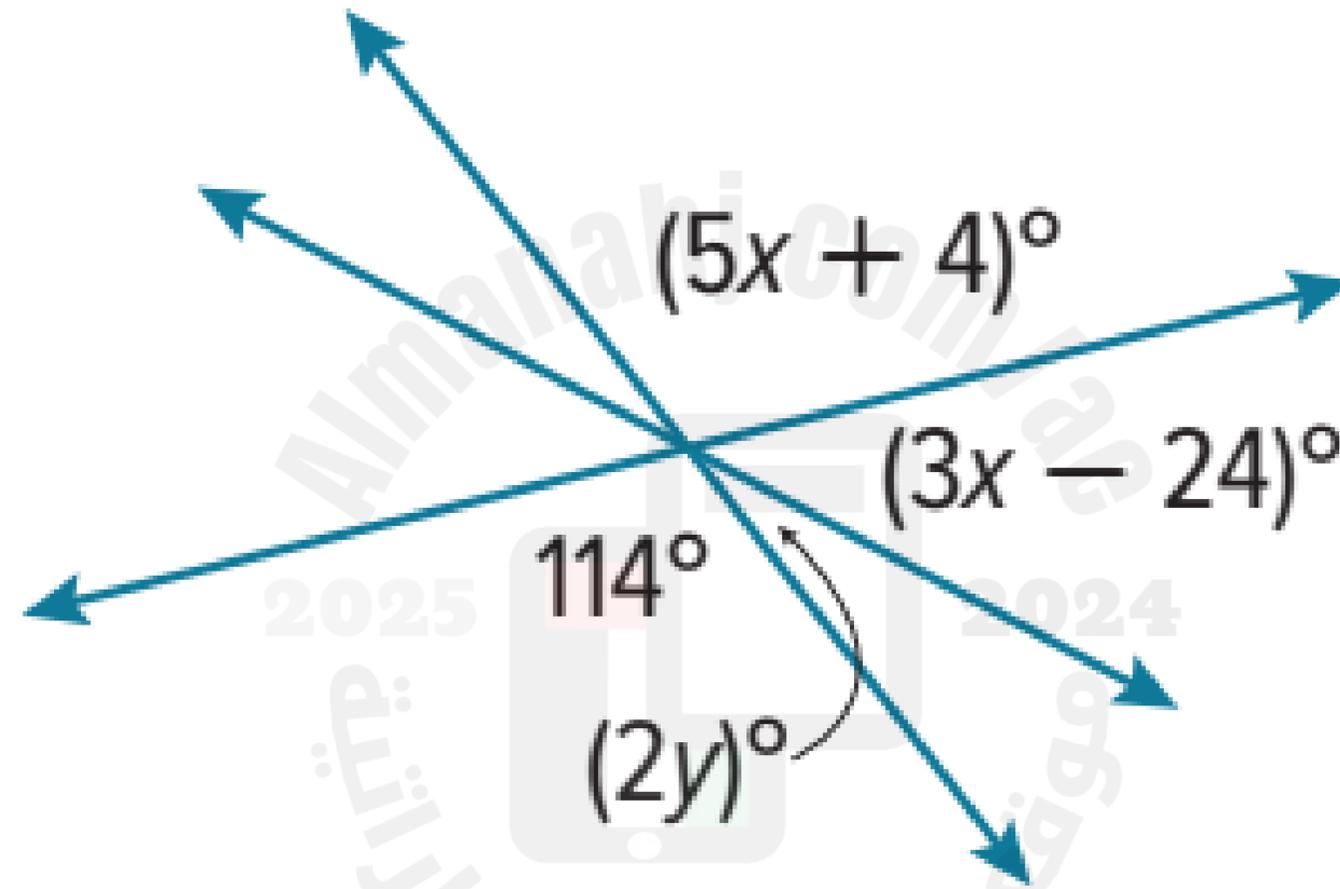


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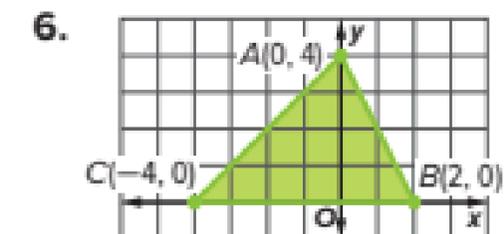
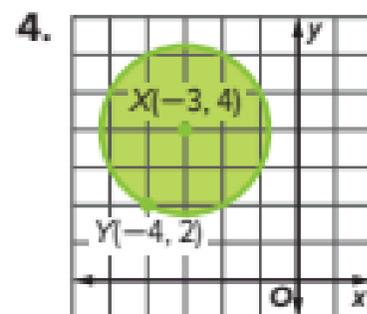
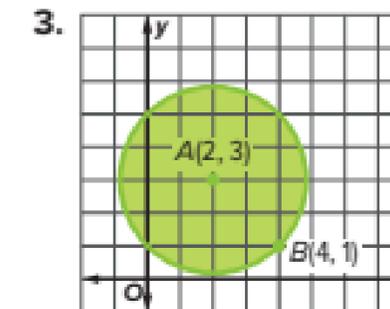
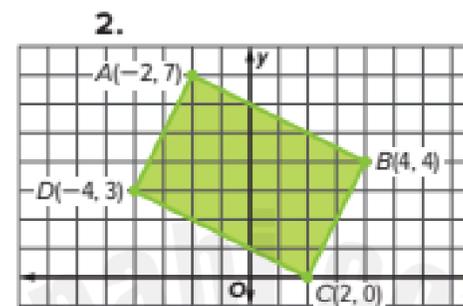
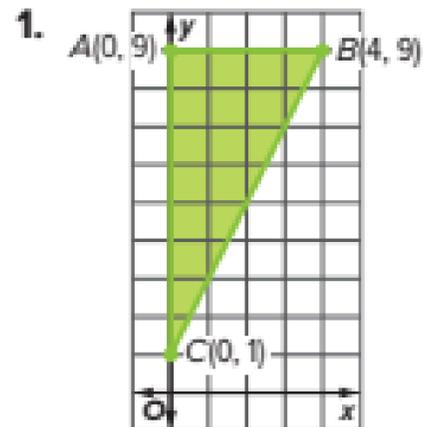


Find the value of each variable.

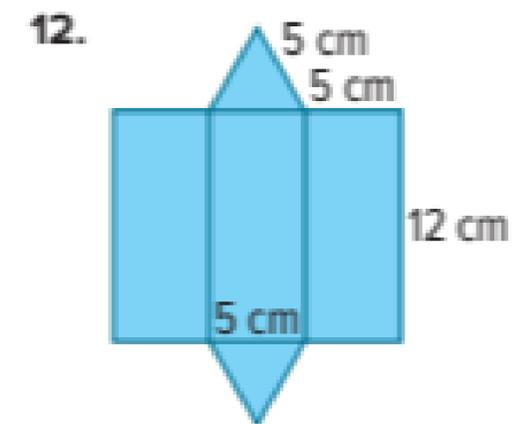
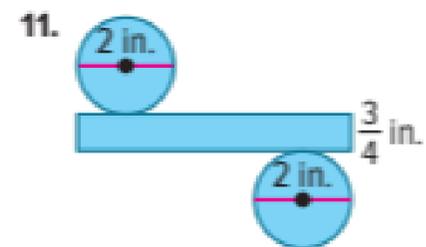
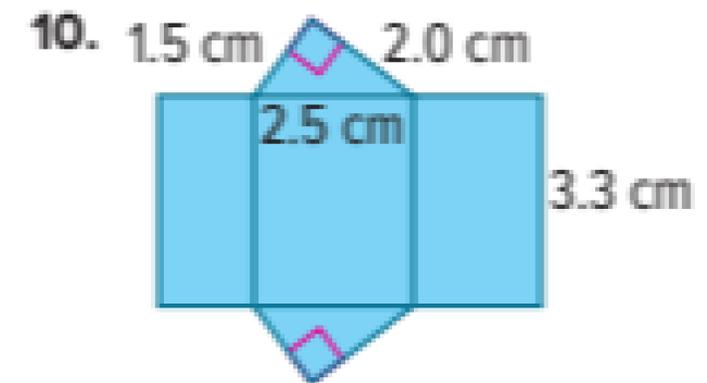
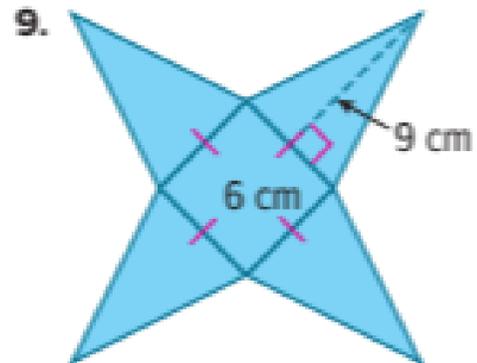
36.



Find the perimeter or circumference and area of each figure if each unit on the graph measures 1 centimeter. Round answers to the nearest tenth, if necessary.



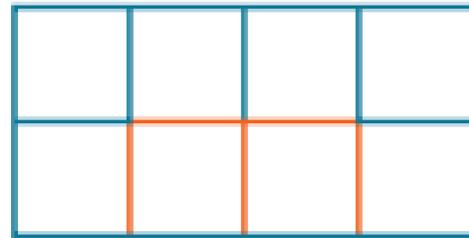
Make a model of the solid that is represented by each net. Then identify the solid and find its surface area.



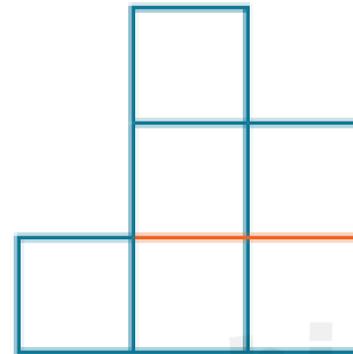
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2025 2024  
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Make a model of a figure for each orthographic drawing.

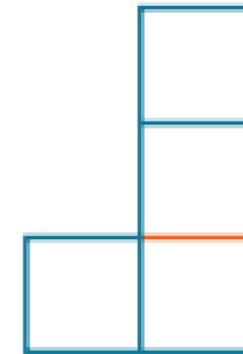
1.



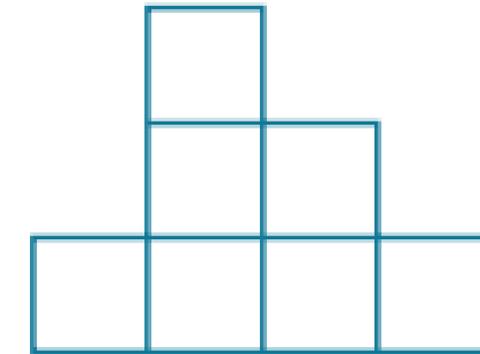
top view



left view

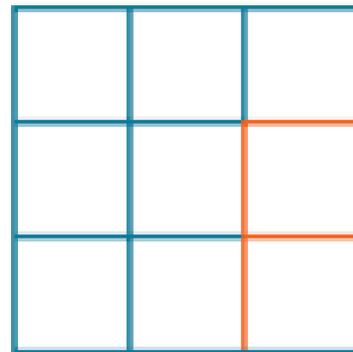


front view

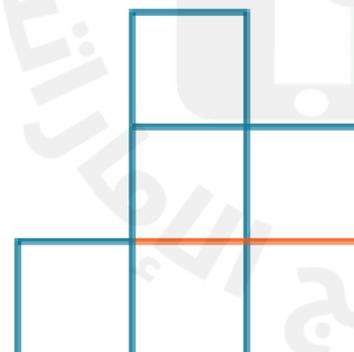


right view

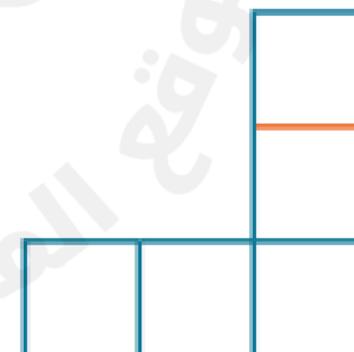
2.



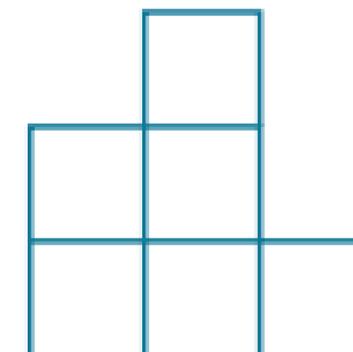
top view



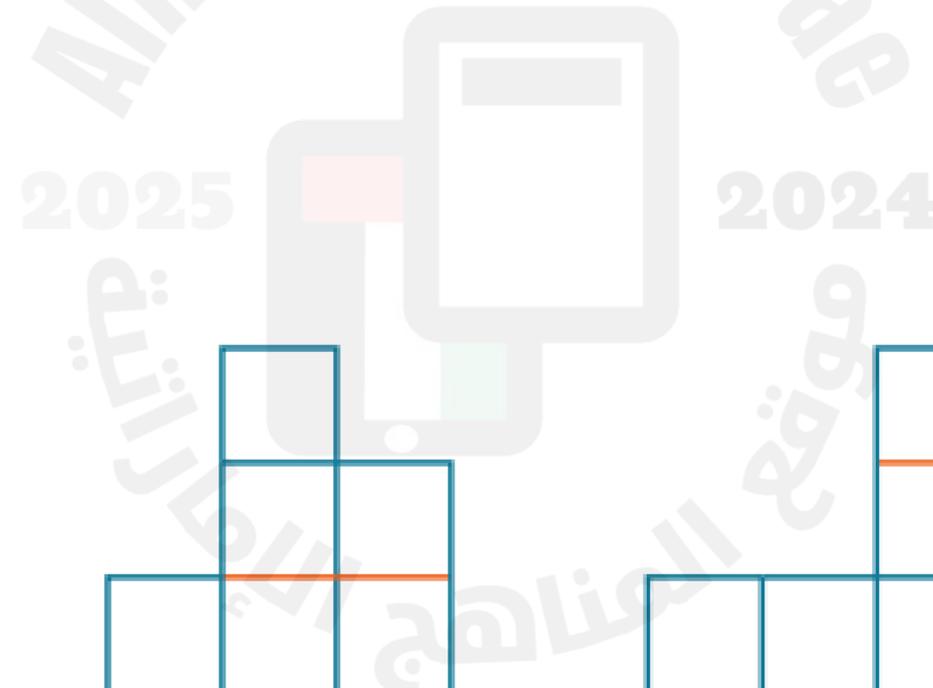
left view



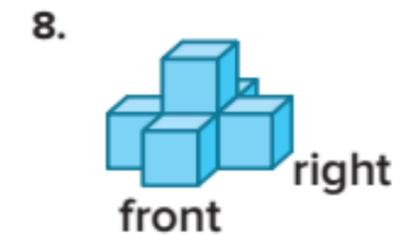
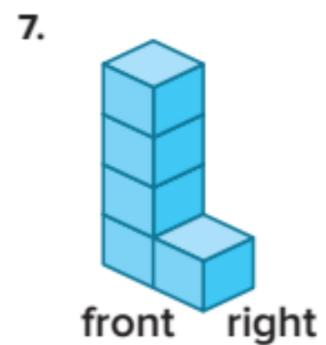
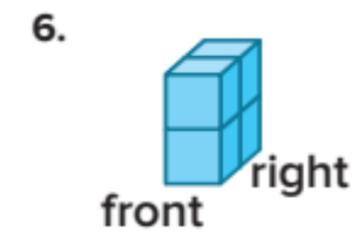
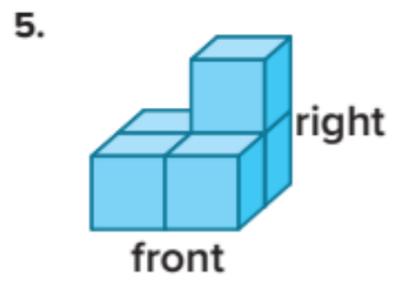
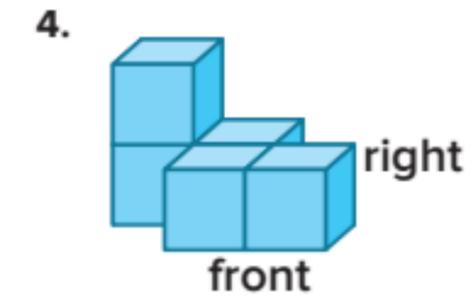
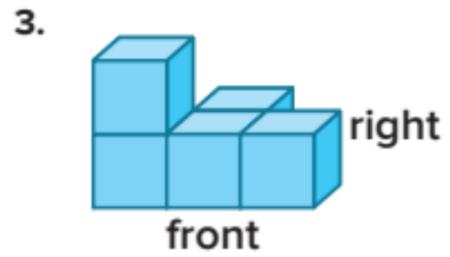
front view



right view



Make an orthographic drawing of each figure.



Identify the figure with the given vertices. Find the perimeter and area of the figure.

**14.**  $A(3, 5), B(3, 1), C(0, 1)$

**15.**  $Q(-3, 2), R(1, 2), S(1, -4), T(-3, -4)$

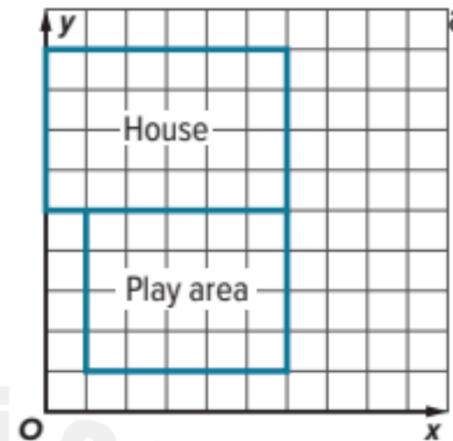
**16.**  $G(-4, 1), H(4, 1), I(0, -2)$

**17.**  $K(-1, 1), L(3, 4), M(6, 0), N(2, -3)$

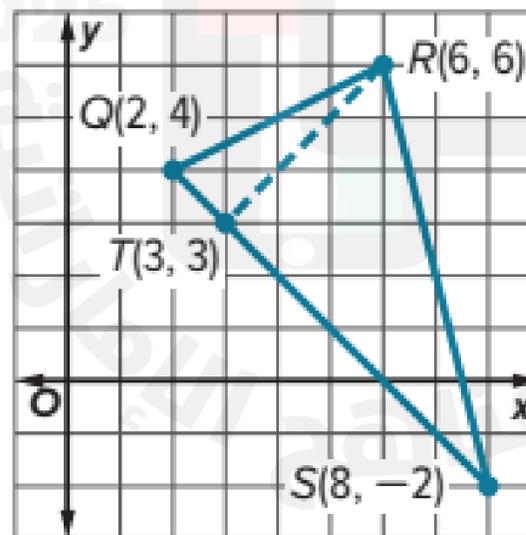


- 18.** Rectangle  $WXYZ$  has a length that is 5 more than three times its width.
- Draw and label a figure for rectangle  $WXYZ$ .
  - Write an algebraic expression for the perimeter of the rectangle.
  - Find the width if the perimeter is 58 millimeters. Explain how you can check that your answer is correct.
  - Use a ruler to draw and label  $\overline{PQ}$ , which is congruent to the segment representing the length of rectangle  $WXYZ$ . What is the measure of  $\overline{PQ}$ ?

- 19. FENCING** The figure shows Derek's house and his backyard on coordinate grid. Derek is planning to fence in the play area in his backyard. Part of the play area is enclosed by the house and does not need to be fenced. Each unit on the coordinate grid represents 5 feet. The cost for the fencing materials and installation is \$10 per foot. How much will it cost Derek to install the fence? Explain.



- 20.** Explain a method to find the area of  $\triangle QRS$  given that  $\overline{RT} \perp \overline{QS}$ . Then find the area. Show your work.



16	Solve systems of equations by using elimination with multiplication	1-12	417
17	Solve linear equations by graphing	11-16	395
18	Find the midpoint of a segment	Example 3	601
		19-30	606
19	Find surface area and volume of three-dimensional figures	7-12	663
20	Identify two complementary angles and two supplementary angles and find the measure of missing angles	15-19	632

Use elimination to solve each system of equations.

1.  $x + y = 2$   
 $-3x + 4y = 15$

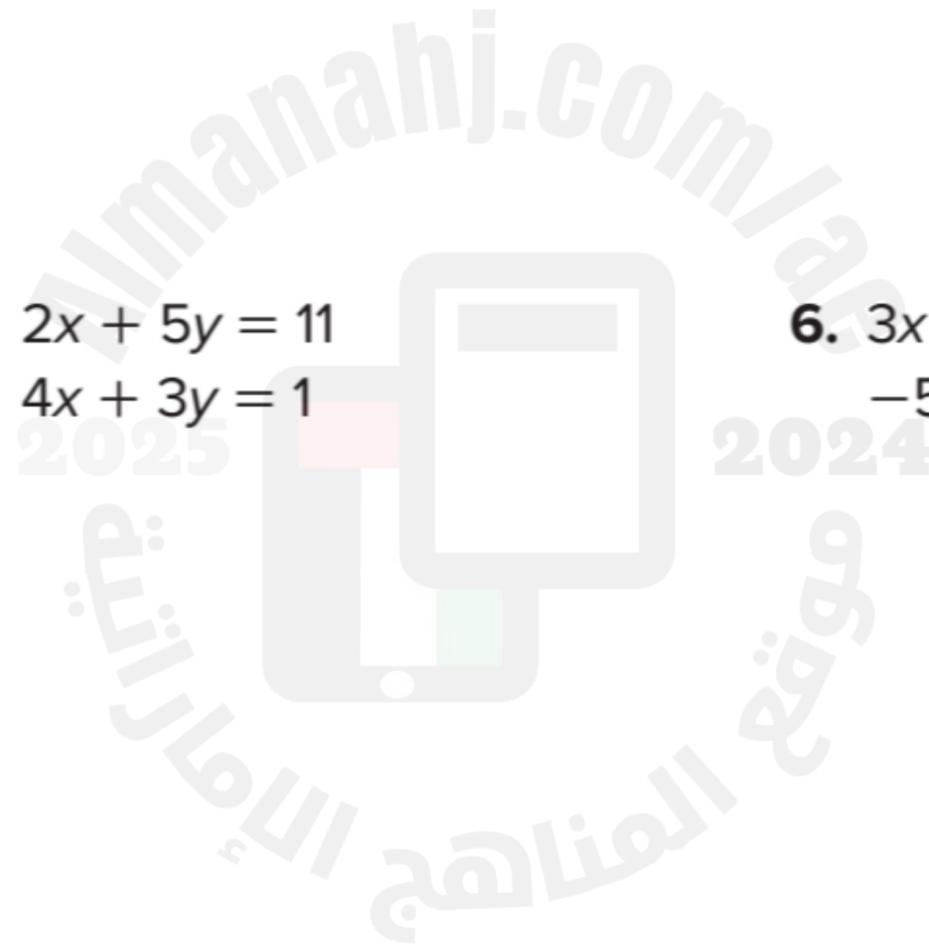
2.  $x - y = -8$   
 $7x + 5y = 16$

3.  $x + 5y = 17$   
 $-4x + 3y = 24$

4.  $6x + y = -39$   
 $3x + 2y = -15$

5.  $2x + 5y = 11$   
 $4x + 3y = 1$

6.  $3x - 3y = -6$   
 $-5x + 6y = 12$



Use elimination to solve each system of equations.

7.  $3x + 4y = 29$   
 $6x + 5y = 43$

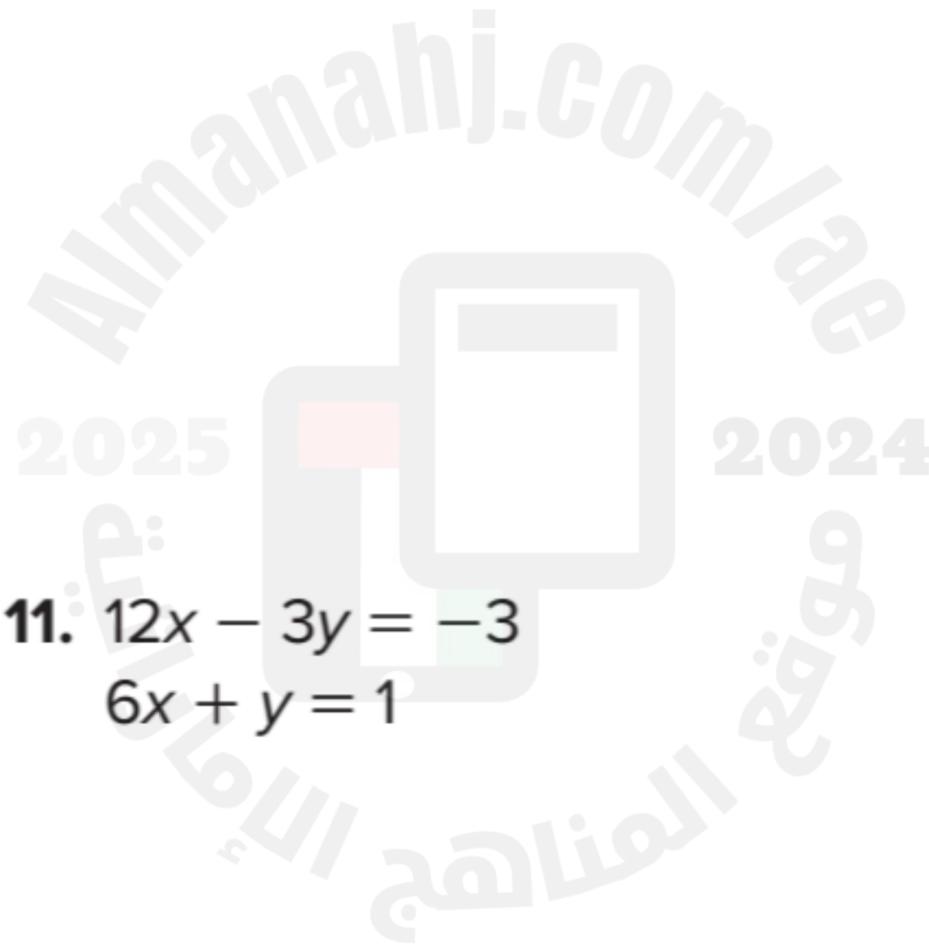
8.  $8x + 3y = 4$   
 $-7x + 5y = -34$

9.  $8x + 3y = -7$   
 $7x + 2y = -3$

10.  $4x + 7y = -80$   
 $3x + 5y = -58$

11.  $12x - 3y = -3$   
 $6x + y = 1$

12.  $-4x + 2y = 0$   
 $10x + 3y = 8$



Graph each system and determine the number of solutions it has. If it has one solution, determine its coordinates.

$$\begin{aligned} 11. \quad & y = -3 \\ & y = x - 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 12. \quad & y = 4x + 2 \\ & y = -2x - 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 13. \quad & y = x - 6 \\ & y = x + 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 14. \quad & x + y = 4 \\ & 3x + 3y = 12 \end{aligned}$$



Graph each system and determine the number of solutions it has. If it has one solution, determine its coordinates.

$$\begin{aligned} 15. \quad x - y &= -2 \\ -x + y &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 16. \quad 2x + 3y &= 12 \\ 2x - y &= 4 \end{aligned}$$



### Example 3 Find the Midpoint on the Coordinate Plane

Find the coordinates of  $M$ , the midpoint of  $\overline{AB}$ , for  $A(-2, 1)$  and  $B(8, 3)$ .

$$\begin{aligned}M &= \left( \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right) \\&= \left( \frac{-2 + 8}{2}, \frac{1 + 3}{2} \right) \\&= \left( \frac{6}{2}, \frac{4}{2} \right) \text{ or } (3, 2)\end{aligned}$$

Midpoint Formula

Substitution

Simplify.

Find the coordinates of the midpoint of a segment with the given endpoints.

19.  $(5, 11), (3, 1)$

20.  $(7, -5), (3, 3)$

21.  $(-8, -11), (2, 5)$

22.  $(7, 0), (2, 4)$

23.  $(-5, 1), (2, 6)$

24.  $(-4, -7), (12, -6)$



Find the coordinates of the midpoint of a segment with the given endpoints.

**25.**  $(2, 8), (8, 0)$

**26.**  $(9, -3), (5, 1)$

**27.**  $(22, 4), (15, 7)$

**28.**  $(12, 2), (7, 9)$

**29.**  $(-15, 4), (2, -10)$

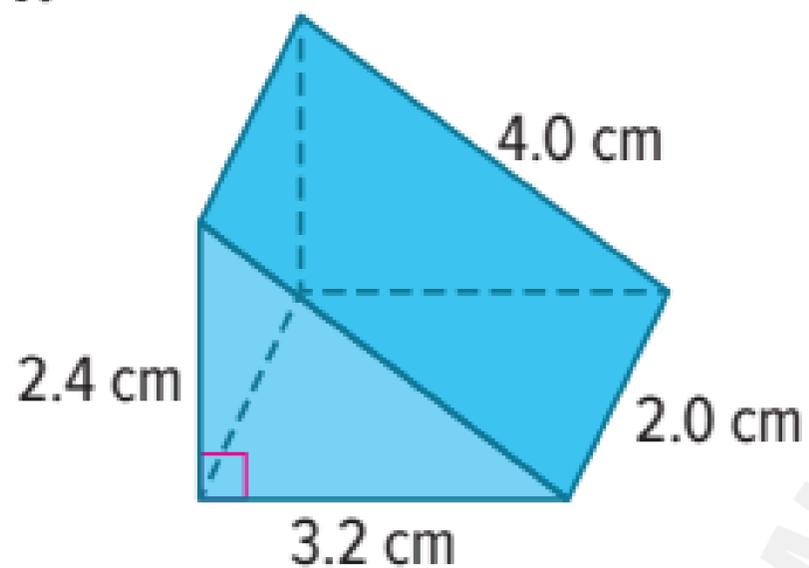
**30.**  $(-2, 5), (3, -17)$



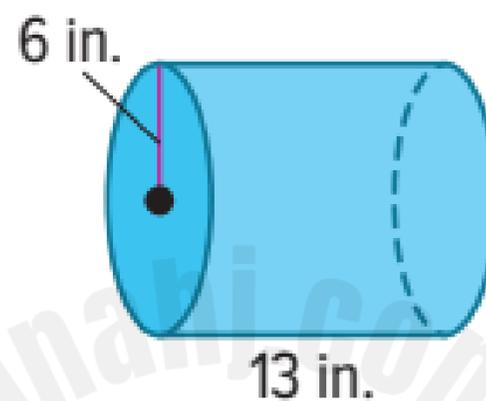
Find the surface area and volume of each solid. Round each measure to the nearest tenth, if necessary.

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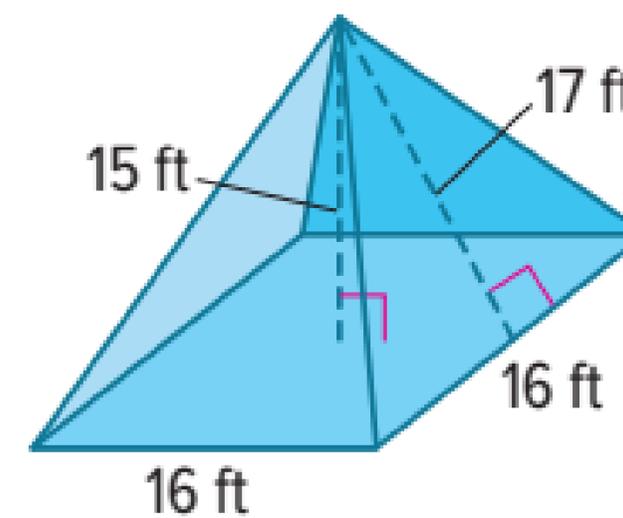
7.



8.

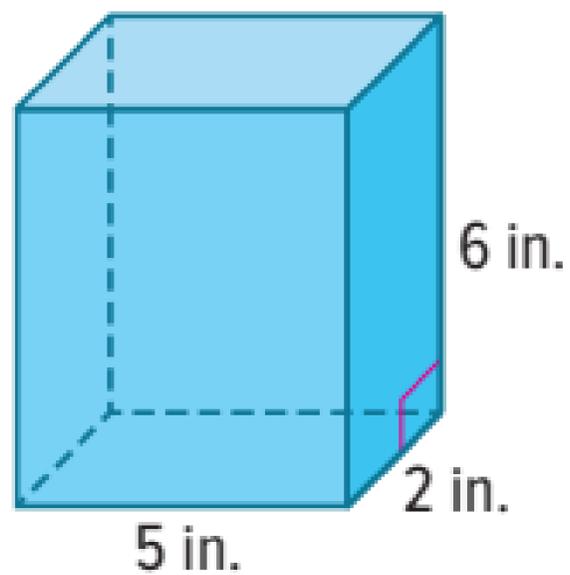


9.

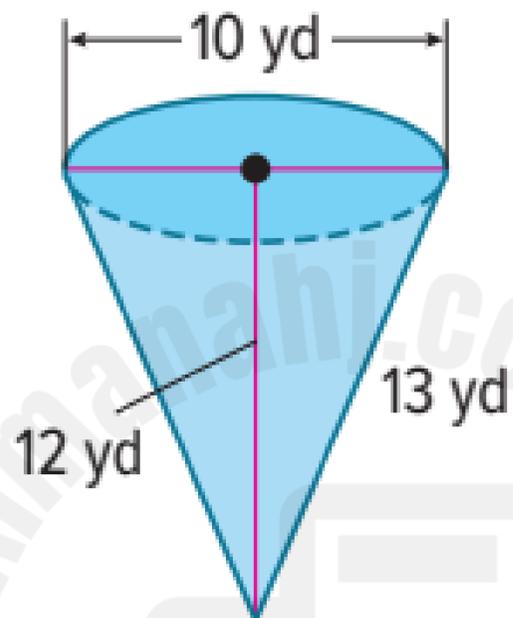


Find the surface area and volume of each solid. Round each measure to the nearest tenth, if necessary.

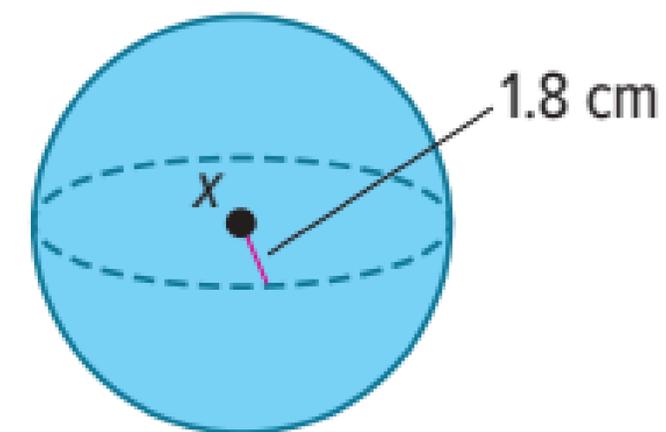
10.



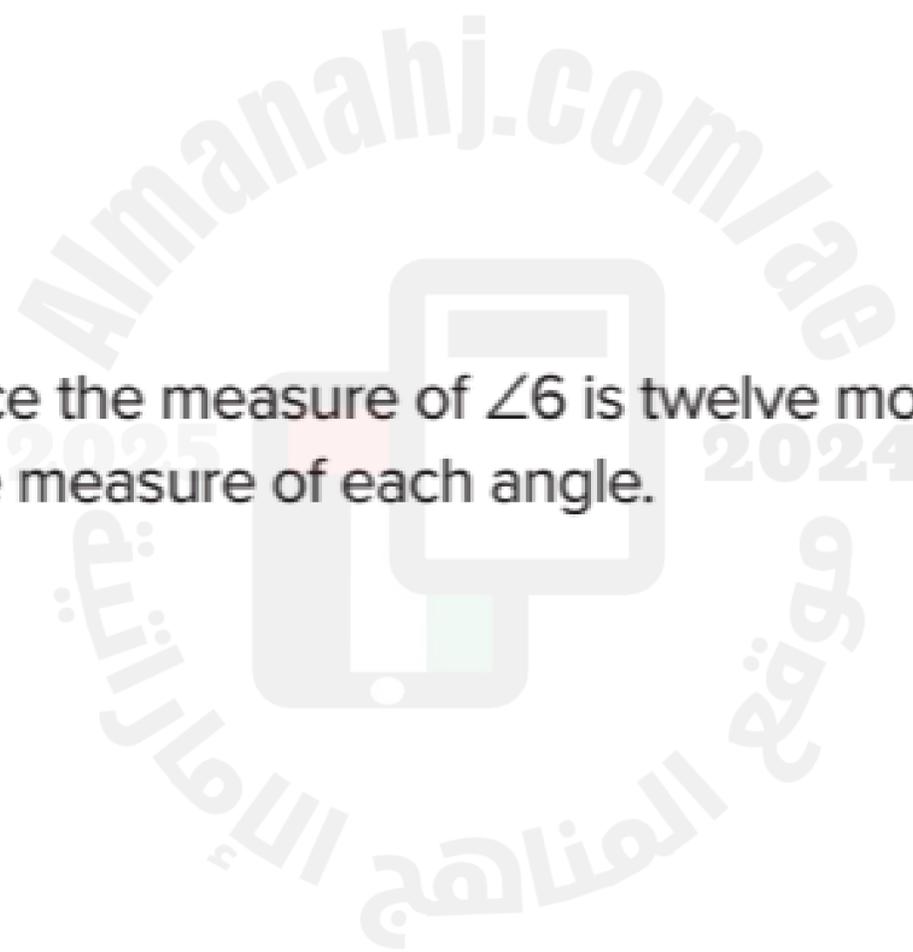
11.



12.



- 15.** The measure of the supplement of an angle is  $60^\circ$  less than four times the measure of the complement of the angle. Find the measure of the angle.
- 16.**  $\angle 6$  and  $\angle 7$  form a linear pair. Twice the measure of  $\angle 6$  is twelve more than four times the measure of  $\angle 7$ . Find the measure of each angle.

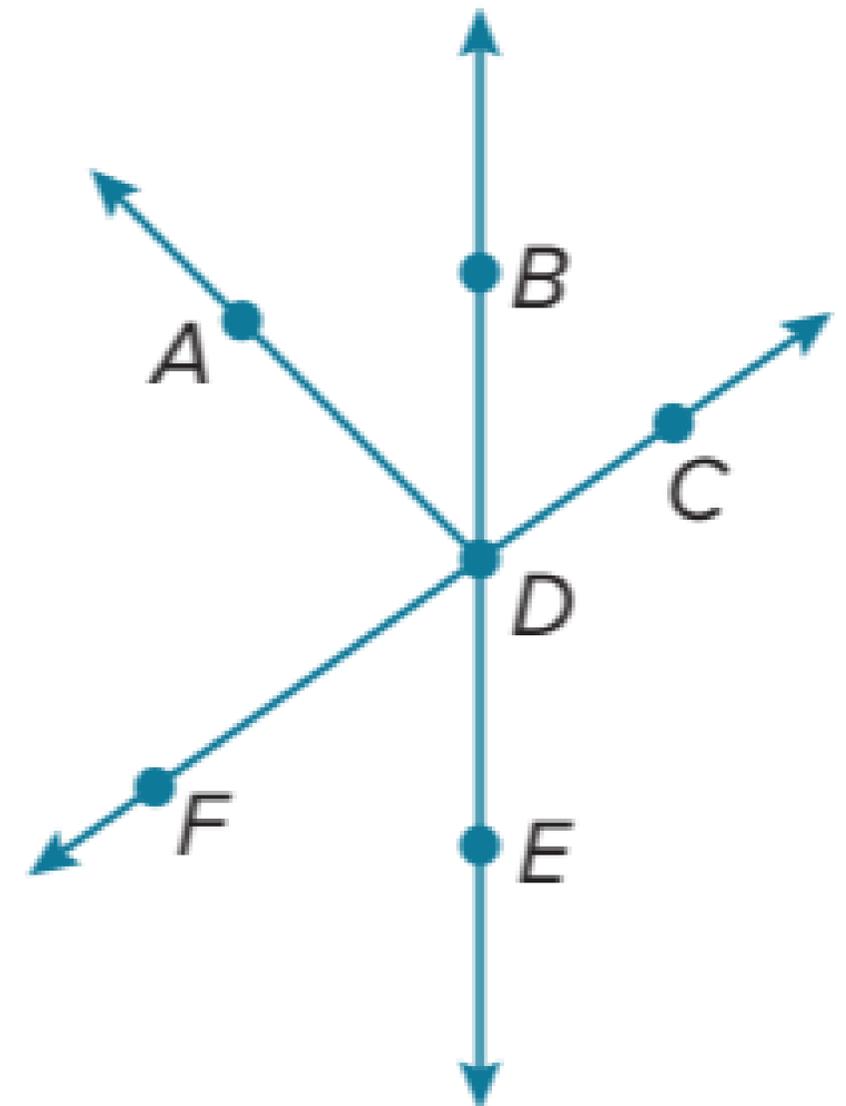


Refer to the figure at the right.

17. If  $m\angle ADB = (6x - 4)^\circ$  and  $m\angle BDC = (4x + 24)^\circ$ , find the value of  $x$  such that  $\angle ADC$  is a right angle.

18. If  $m\angle FDE = (3x - 15)^\circ$  and  $m\angle FDB = (5x + 59)^\circ$ , find the value of  $x$  such that  $\angle FDE$  and  $\angle FDB$  are supplementary.

19. If  $m\angle BDC = (8x + 12)^\circ$  and  $m\angle FDB = (12x - 32)^\circ$ , find  $m\angle FDE$ .



**GOOD**

**LUCK**