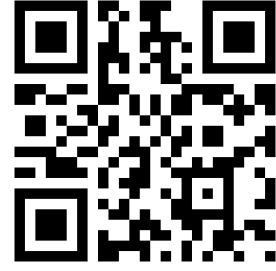


تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج البحرينية



الملف Revision friends & family 8&9 for test 3 مراجعة  
الوحدتين الثامنة والتاسعة تحضيراً للاختبار الثالث

موقع المناهج ⇐ ⇐ الصف الخامس ⇐ لغة انجليزية ⇐ الفصل الثاني ⇐ الملف

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الخامس



روابط مواد الصف الخامس على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

[التربية الاسلامية](#)

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الخامس والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

[Revision family & Friends 5 units 8& 9 for test 3](#)

1

[مراجعة الوحدة السابعة](#)

2

[نشاط اللغة الانجليزية](#)

3

[تمارين وأنشطة خاصة بالوحدة السابعة](#)

4

[حل الوحدة السابعة](#)

5

Kingdom of Bahrain  
Ministry of Education  
Oqba Bin Nafa Primary Boys School



مملكة البحرين  
وزارة التربية والتعليم  
مدرسة عقبة بن نافع الابتدائية للبنين

Kingdom of Bahrain  
Ministry of Education  
Oqba Bin Nafie Primary Boys' School  
English Department



# Revision Family & Friends 5

## Units 8 & 9 for Test 3

### 2022 /2023



Teacher/ Samaa Mohammed



Senior Teacher:  
Mrs / Marwa Al Tamimi

School principal Assistant:  
Dr / Najlaa Al Dossari

Acting Principal:  
Mrs / Maitha Mubarak Al Rowaie

## Unit 8

### Go back to the roundabout

تتحدث الوحدة الثامنة عن الإتجاهات ووصف الطريق

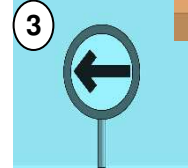
مفردات الوحدة الثامنة

- 1- turn right   2- go back   3- turn left   4- hurry   5- get lost  
6- go straight on   7- traffic light   8- roundabout  
9- petrol station   10- read a map

### Exercise

Write a sentence about each picture.

- 1- .....(read a map)  
2- .....(hurry)  
3- .....(turn left)



### Has to / have to & had to

تستخدم **have to / has to** في زمن المضارع بمعنى من الضروري أن

تستخدم **had to** في زمن الماضي بمعنى كان من الضروري أن

**Has to** تأتي مع ضمائر ( he / she / it )

**Have to** تأتي مع ضمائر ( I / you / we / they )

**Had to** تأتي مع جميع الضمائر ( I / he / she / it / you / we / they )

- 1-I **have to** go back at the traffic light.
- 2- He **had to** take an umbrella because it rained yesterday.
- 3- Mona **has to** turn left at the roundabout.

**Complete the sentences.**

have to   has to   had to

- 1 We had to hurry yesterday.
- 2 Melanie \_\_\_\_\_ turn left now.
- 3 Dani \_\_\_\_\_ go back five minutes ago.
- 4 They \_\_\_\_\_ read a map when they're lost.
- 5 Jack \_\_\_\_\_ stop at the traffic lights now.
- 6 Now you \_\_\_\_\_ go straight on.
- 7 I \_\_\_\_\_ turn right half an hour ago.

**Ask, using Why**

تستخدم why في السؤال بمعنى لماذا ويُجيب عنها because بمعنى لأن.

-Why are you late ?

Because I get up late.

-Why were you happy?

Because I won the race.

## Writing an Invitation دعوة

Write an invitation to your friend to invite him come to your birthday party.

(While writing answer these questions)

1-When is the party ?

2- When does it start?

3- When does it finish?

4- Where is the party ?

5- What do you do there?

6-Write direction for the place?

Dear .....,

Come to my birthday party on Sunday1<sup>st</sup> May .The party is in the café.The party starts at 7:00 and finishes at 9:00. In the party we sing,play and eat cake. The café is near the cinema. Turn left at the roundabout.The Café is in front of the bank.

from .....

يمكنكم مراجعة الدعوة ص 73 كتاب التدريبات

1 Write the words.

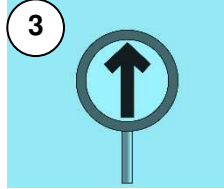
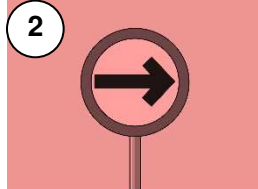
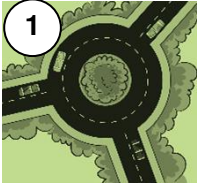
go straight on

hurry

roundabout

petrol station

turn right



roundabout \_\_\_\_\_

2 Complete the sentences with **have to** or **has to**. Then match.

1 We're lost!

a I \_\_\_\_\_ stop.

2 He's late.

b We have to look at the map.

3 She's at the bus stop early.

c He \_\_\_\_\_ hurry.

4 Look! The traffic light is red.

d You \_\_\_\_\_ go upstairs.

5 Where's the computer room?

e She \_\_\_\_\_ wait.

3 Match the questions and answers.

a Because I couldn't read the map.

b Because I forgot my umbrella.

c Because it was upside down.

d Because I'm lost.

Girl Why are you standing here?

Boy <sup>1</sup> Because I'm lost.

Girl Why did you get lost?

Boy <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

Girl Why couldn't you read the map?

Boy <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

Girl And why are you wet?

Boy <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

## Unit 9

### The best bed !

تحدث الوحدة التاسعة عن المقارنة باستخدام الصفات الطويلة

#### Comparatives & Superlatives using long adjectives

مفردات الوحدة التاسعة

1- comfortable      2- expensive      3- cheap      4-hard      5-  
soft

6- repair      7- break      8- metal      9-wooden      10- modern

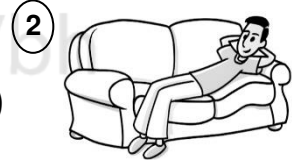
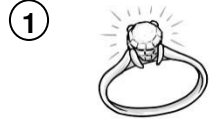
### Exercise

Write a sentence about each picture.

1-.....(expensive)

2-.....(comfortable)

3-.....(cheap)



## Comparative & Superlative using long adjectives

-To compare between two you add (er ) to the adjective .

1- عند المقارنة بين اثنين يتم اضافة ( er ) للصفة القصيرة.

Short → er → shorter \_\_\_\_\_ tall → er → taller

-Ahmed is taller than Mohamed .

-Mona is shorter than Amal .

- عندما تنتهي الصفة بحرف ساكن وقبله حرف متحرك يتم اضافة الحرف الساكن مرة اخرى ثم نضيف ( er )

الحروف المتحركة هي ( a - e - i - o - u ) ←

Ex :

big → bigger / hot → hotter / fat → fatter

- عندما تنتهي الصفة ب ( y ) يتم حذف حرف ( y ) ثم نضيف ( ier ) للصفة .

happy → happier pretty → prettier heavy → heavier

2- عند المقارنة بين شخص ومجموعة ( صيغة التفضيل ) يتم اضافة ( est ) للصفة القصيرة  
superlatives

tall → est → tallest / short → est → shortest

- عندما تنتهي الصفة بحرف ساكن وقبله حرف متحرك يتم اضافة الحرف الساكن مرة اخرى ثم نضيف ( est )

big → biggest hot → hottest fat → fattest



-عندما تنتهي الصفة ب ( y ) يتم حذف ( y ) ثم نضيف ( iest ) للصفة .

happy → happiest / pretty → prettiest / heavy → heaviest

-Ali's bag is the heaviest bag in the class .

**3- عند المقارنة بين اثنين باستخدام الصفات الطويلة نضيف comparatives**

More
less

expensive than

-The wooden bed is **more comfortable than** the metal one.

-The metal chair is **less expensive than** the wooden one.

**4- عند مقارنة شخص ومجموعة superlatives باستخدام الصفات الطويلة نضيف**

the most
the least

Comfortable

-The metal chair is **the least comfortable** chair in the shop.

-Ahmad is **the most generous** boy in the class.

الفرق بين **long adjective** and the short adjectives

Long adjectives consist of two or more syllables

Short adjectives consist of one syllable

الصفات الطويلة تتكون من مقطعين فأكثر ولكن الصفات القصيرة من مقطع واحد

مثال صفات من مقطع واحد قصيرة tall / short / long / cheap / soft / hard

مثال صفات من مقطعين فأكثر beautiful / dangerous / comfortable /

expensive

## Irregular adjectives

Irregular adjective	comparative	superlatives
good	better than	the best
bad	worse than	the worst

-Ahmad is the best boy in the class.

-The blue bag is the worst of all.

-The red jacket is better than the green one.

-The metal chair is worse than the wooden one.

### Exercise

Choose the correct word to complete the sentences.

- 1- The wooden bed is (good - better ) than the metal one.
- 2-The golden ring is the (most / more ) expensive in the shop.
- 3-The red dress is ( more / the most) beautiful than the blue one.
- 4-The green team is (the worst / worse ) than the red one.

## **Reading Activity:**

### **2. Read the following text carefully.**

Last year, my husband Mike and I decided to visit New Zealand. We wanted to tour the country, but we hate long car journeys. The travel agent suggested a 13-day bus tour. It was a good price, so we booked it with our plane tickets. We made a good choice. The bus journey was wonderful. It passed quickly and our driver told us about each place. We learned a lot from him.

We flew from London to Christchurch and had a free day there before the bus tour started. We weren't at all tired, so we walked round the city from morning till night. It has good museums, many restaurants and lovely shops. The best place we visited on the trip was Queenstown. You can choose to do almost anything, from sailing to climbing. We had three days there, but it wasn't enough.

All the hotels were good. My favourite one was the Puka Park Lodge. It was on a hill above a beach and there were trees everywhere. We woke up and listened to the birds singing. Now, when we're eating breakfast at home and we hear the noise of the traffic, we think of those beautiful mornings in New Zealand!

**A. Circle (T) for True and (F) for False.**

**Number (0) is done for you.**

- |  |   |                                    |
|--|---|------------------------------------|
| 0. Jenny and Mike prefer travelling by car.                | T | <input checked="" type="radio"/> F |
| 1. Jenny and Mike liked the bus tour.                      | T | F                                  |
| 2. They needed to sleep when they arrived in Christchurch. | T | F                                  |
| 3. They wanted to stay longer in Queenstown.               | T | F                                  |
| 4. They went swimming in Puka Park Lodge.                  | T | F                                  |
| 5. Jenny and Mike's house is near a busy road.             | T | F                                  |

**B. Answer the following questions.**

1. How long was the trip?

\_\_\_\_\_

2. What do they think about their journey?

\_\_\_\_\_

**Listening activity:**



Listening audio

**Listen and draw lines. There is one example.** (Audio tracks 18–19)

Tony      Vicky      Tom      John      Anna      Bill      Kim



Write a sentence about each picture.

**Unit 8**

1



Use : have to

---

---

2



Use : had to

---

---

3



Use : has to

---

---

4



Use : have to

---

---

5



use : because

---

---

6



use: traffic light

---

---

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[alManahj.com/bh](http://alManahj.com/bh)

Write a sentence about each picture. Unit 9

Use : the most

1



---

---

2



Use : more than

---

---

3



Use : the least

---

---

4



use :the best

---

---

5



Use :The most expensive

---

---

6



use :comfortable

---

---

تم تحميل هذا الملف من  
موقع المناهج البحرينية

alManahj.com/bh

## Writing :

Write an invitation to your friend to invite him come to your birthday party.

(While writing answer these questions)

1-When is the party ?

2- When does it start?

3- When does it finish?

4- Where is the party ?

5- What do you do there?

6-Write direction for the place?

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج البحرينية

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.....

-Start with a capital letter 😊😞 -End with a full stop 😊😞 -Connect answer 😊😞 -Connect spelling 😊😞 -Finger space 😊😞



## Answering for Writing an invitation

Write an invitation to your friend to invite him come to your birthday party.

(While writing answer these questions)

- 1-When is the party ?
- 2- When does it start?
- 3- When does it finish?
- 4- Where is the party ?
- 5- What do you do there?
- 6-Write direction for the place?

Dear .....,

Come to my birthday party on Sunday<sup>1<sup>st</sup></sup> May .The party is in the café.The party starts at 7:00 and finishes at 9:00. In the party we sing,play and eat cake. The café is near the cinema. Turn left at the roundabout.The Café is in front of the bank.

from .....

-Start with a capital letter 😊😞 -End with a full stop 😊😞 -Correct answer 😊😞 -Correct spelling 😊😞 -Finger space 😊😞

# Good luck

*With best wishes*