

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج البحرينية



مراجعة الاختبار الأول 1 unit on Revision

موقع المناهج ← المناهج البحرينية ← الصف السابع ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الأول ← اختبارات ← الملف

تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 2024-10-22 09:22:26

ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب | اختبارات الكترونية | اختبارات | حلول | عروض بوربوينت | أوراق عمل
منهج انجليزي | ملخصات وتقارير | مذكرات وبنوك | الامتحان النهائي للمدرس

المزيد من مادة
لغة انجليزية:

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السابع



صفحة المناهج
البحرينية على
فيسبوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السابع والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

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Revision on unit 1

Q1) Read and circle the right answer.

1. A **capital** / skyscraper city that is the centre of government of a country.
2. **unique** / **architecture** is the science of designing and building structures..
3. People who reside or live in a place are called **residents** / skyscrapers .
4. We live in a tall **skyscrapers** / **architecture** .
5. **capital** / **unique** when being the only one of its kind.
6. The garden is **residents** / **surrounded** by a fence .

Q2) Fill in the gaps with the right word from the box below.

(capital, unique, architecture, surrounded, skyscrapers, residents , towers)

The city of Manama is a **unique** place in the heart of the Arabian Gulf. It is the **capital** city of the Kingdom of Bahrain. Manama is in the north-eastern corner of the country. Manama is an important trading centre in the Arabian Gulf. As a result, this modern city is **surrounded** by some of the most amazing **architecture** of the area, which merges the old and modern life of the city. There are wonderful skyscrapers and traditional villages. Another unusual building, is the twin**towers** of the Bahrain Financial Harbor (BFH). The **residents** of Manama can enjoy a variety of outdoor activities.

Q3) Read and write the correct form of verbs :

- 1-The swimming pool**opens**..... (open) at 9:00 and ..**closes** (close) at 6:30 every day.
- 2-My parents..**live**..... (live) in London.
- 3-We ..**grow**... (grow) vegetables in our garden.
- 4-The moon ..**goes**.. (go) around the earth.
- 5-Alex ..**walks**.... (walk) to work.

Q4) Fill in the gaps using (don't – doesn't) with the right form from :

1. George **doesn't go** (not/ go) to the cinema very often.
2. I **don't live** (not/ live) in Muharraq.
3. We **don't grow** (not/ grow) apples in our garden.
4. The earth **doesn't go** (not/ go) around the moon.
5. Ann **doesn't have** (not/ have) dinner in the evening.

Q5) Read and circle the right answer.

1. I go to the **(park)** / concrete) every Saturday morning.
2. Bahrain is the **(land)** / park) of peace.
3. I prefer **(outdoor)** / concrete) activities to indoor activities.
4. The wall is made of **(land / concrete)** , small stones and cement.

Q6) Fill in the gaps with the right word from the box below.

(park - land - outdoor – concrete)

- 1- we built a new house of stones and **concrete**
- 2- He always goes to the**park**.... to play with his friends .
- 3- We planted the ...**land**....behind our house and changed it to a small garden.
- 4- All of us prefer **outdoor** activities because they are various and fun.

Q7) Read and circle the right answer.

1. There are a lot of birds (in / **(on)**) the tree.
2. There is a big mall (**(in)** / on) the city.
3. I drew some nice drawings (in / **(on)**) my handbag.
4. Most countries (**(in)** / on) Europe have nice weather.
5. There are many books (in / **(on)**) the shelf.

Q8) Fill in the gaps with the right word from the box below.

(on – in)

1. Kingdom of Bahrain is **in**----- Asia.
2. There are many flowers **in**----- our garden.
3. She has nice drawings **on**----- her room’s door.
4. They like to live **on**----- an island.
5. He loves swimming **in**----- the sea.

Writing

Write a about a beautiful place in your neighbourhood. Use describing words to write an article about this place in 100-120 words :

. Write about the following:

1- - Recent changes in the places.2-Give an example from the previous letter.

2- People’s feelings before and after.4-Facts to support your reasons.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Writing model answer

Last week, the park near my home was always dirty with lots of rubbish. People decided to turned it into a nice park. They did a great job. First, they worked on cleaning the park. they repaired the playground and planted a lot of flowers.

If you come to the park, you will like it. It is a beautiful place . Now, everyday we can enjoy walking there and see flowers with green grass. Every corner has a red rubbish bin which makes people use them. We love going to our clean and nice park now.



(مطلوبة للامتحان) Article about a beautiful place in your neighbourhood

Think about a beautiful place in your neighbourhood. Use describing words to write an article about this place in 100-120 words. Write about the following

.Recent changes in the places -

People 's feelings before and after -

Until last month, our house had a small, empty and dull garden with few short trees. Then my father and I changed that using some money my father was saving. It wasn't pleasant looking at the garden, so we turned it into a green and eye-catching garden. Now, on a sunny warm day we can enjoy sitting there looking at the colourful, sweet-smelling flowers with some tall trees. It is so relaxing to watch the yellow butterflies fly from one flower to another, and listen to small birds singing on the green palm trees. We really love gathering in our beautiful garden now



Let's look closer.

The grammatical rule: affirmative

Examples:

She
He
It

(verb + s)
works

He **works** in an office.

They
We
You
I

(verb without -s)
work

They **work** in an office.

4:00

Let's practice.

Click for
answers

Put the verbs in the brackets into the correct affirmative form.

1. The swimming pool**opens**..... (open) at 9:00 and ...**closes**... (close) at 6:30 every day.
2. My parents.....**live**..... (live) in London.
3. We ...**grow**.... (grow) vegetables in our garden.
4. The moon ...**goes**... (go) around the earth.
5. Alex**walks**..... (walk) to work.

4:00

Let's practice.

[Click for answers](#)

Put the verbs in the brackets into the correct form.

1. George **doesn't go** (not/ go) to the cinema very often.
2. I **don't live** (not/ live) in Muharraq.
3. We **don't grow** (not/ grow) apples in our garden.
4. The earth **doesn't go** (not/ go) around the moon.
5. Ann **doesn't have** (not/ have) dinner in the evening.

2:00

Let's look closer.

Click for
answers

Read the questions and short answers. What do you notice?

Does she like going to the park? Yes, she **does**.

Do you think green spaces are important? Yes, I **do**.

Does she live in a city? No, she **doesn't**.

We start the
questions with
"Does or Do".

Let's look closer.

The grammatical rule: Yes/ No questions

Examples:

She
He
It

(Does + subject + verb)
Does ... live ...?

Does she live in Manama?

They
We
You
I

(Do +subject + verb)
Do ... live ...?

Do they live in Manama?

In and on: Expressing location

Grammatical rule:

- We use **in** and **on** to say where something is.
- We use **in** for objects or places within or inside something; for example, in building, cities and countries.

Muharraq is **in** Kingdom of Bahrain.

They live **in** a big house.

She lives **in** Dubai.



in

- We use **on** for objects or places on the surface or on top of something. The books are **on** the desk.
- We also use **on** with streets and roads.

The shop is **on** the main road.



on

In and on: Expressing location

Extra examples:

Proposition	Examples
In	Manama is in northern Bahrain.
	There are many beautiful villages in China.
	We can have more green spaces in urban areas.
	There are many skyscrapers in big cities.
	Bahrain is a country in the Arabian Gulf.
On	India is on the continent of Asia.
	We need more trees on Earth.
	Manama is not on a mountain.
	Amal walks on the pavement.
	There is a swimming pool on top of the building.
	I always run on the beach.

3:00

Circle the correct preposition.

Check your answers.

1. There are a lot of birds in/**on** the tree.
2. There is a big mall **in**/on the city.
3. I drew some nice drawings in/**on** my handbag.
4. Most countries **in**/on Europe have nice weather.
5. There are many books in/**on** the shelf.
6. Pyramids are **in**/on Egypt.

3:00

Complete the sentences with in or on.

Check your answers.

1. Kingdom of Bahrain is in Asia.
2. There are many flowers in our garden.
3. She has nice drawings on her room's door.
4. They like to live on an island.
5. He loves swimming in the sea.
6. We have to ride our bikes on the bicycle path.

PREPOSITIONS OF TIME AND PLACE

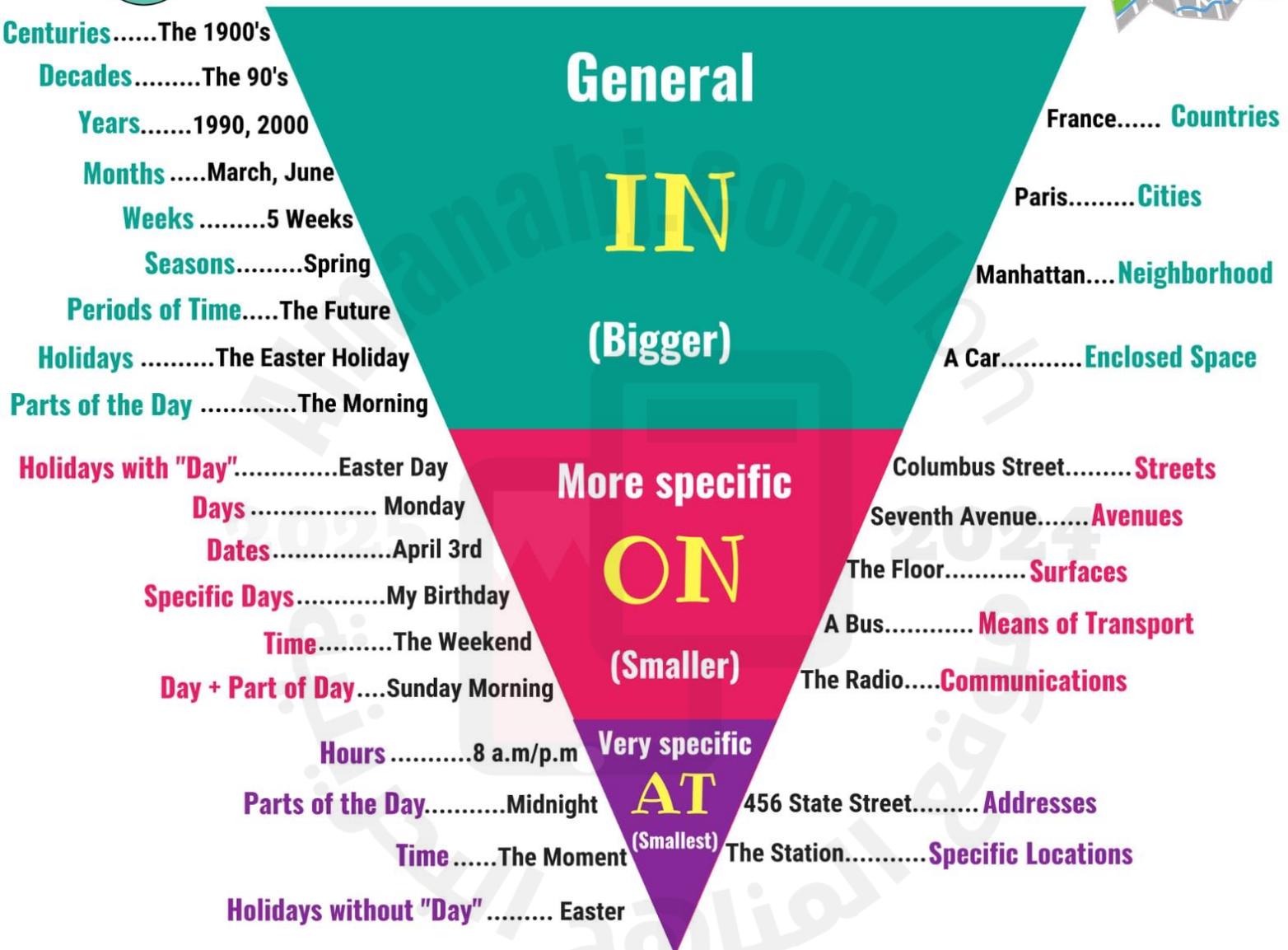
TIME



PLACE



IN - ON - AT



PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE

+ Affirmative

SUBJECT	VERB	Example
I / you / we / they	+	speak ...
he / she / it	+	speaks ...

+ Affirmative: I **speak** English.
 + Affirmative: He **speaks** Spanish.
 + Affirmative: They **live** in London.
 + Affirmative: She **lives** in Paris.

Third person verbs need the final "s" in affirmative sentences.

- Negative

SUBJECT	AUXILIARY	VERB	Example
I / you / we / they	+	don't	spea<u>k</u> ...
he / she / it	+	doesn't	spea<u>k</u> ... nee<u>d</u> ... like ...

+ Affirmative: I speak Spanish.
 - Negative: I **don't** **speak** Spanish.

+ Affirmative: She speaks Italian.
 - Negative: She **doesn't** **speak** Italian.

The base form of the infinitive = ~~to~~ go, ~~to~~ need, ~~to~~ speak, ~~to~~ live
 Third person verbs lose the final "s" in negative sentences.

? Question

AUXILIARY	SUBJECT	VERB	Example
Do	+	spea<u>k</u> ... ?	...
Does	+	spea<u>k</u> ... ? nee<u>d</u> ... ? like ... ?	...

+ Affirmative: You speak English.
 ? Question: **Do** you **speak** English?

+ Affirmative: He speaks German.
 ? Question: **Does** he **speak** German?

The base form of the infinitive = ~~to~~ go, ~~to~~ need, ~~to~~ speak, ~~to~~ live
 Third person verbs lose the final "s" in questions.