

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج البحرينية



الملف نموذج أسئلة امتحان اللغة الإنجليزية

[موقع المناهج](#) ← [الصف الثامن](#) ← [لغة انجليزية](#) ← [الفصل الثاني](#) ← [الملف](#)

روابط مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الثامن



روابط مواد الصف الثامن على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

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المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الثامن والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

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Model Answers

Model Answers

KINGDOM OF BAHRAIN  
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION  
DIRECTORATE OF EXAMINATIONS  
SECOND INTERMEDIATE

**END OF FIRST SEMESTER EXAM/ January 2016**

COURSE NAME: English language

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

**Part 1: Listening**

15

(30 marks)

A. Listen to six short conversations. For each conversation, tick (✓) the correct picture. (2.5x6=15 marks)

1. Where is Maria?

France

Spain

China

2. How does Frank get to work?



3. How much does the man's ticket cost?

£15

£10

£8

4. Which item do the couple decide to buy?



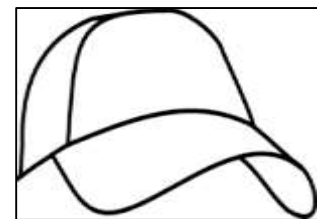
5. Who is the best in maths?

Brian

David

Laura

6. What does Tony have?



**B. Listen to a dialogue between a police officer and a man. Listen and fill in the form below. Use one word only in each space. (2.5x6=15marks)**

15

### **Missing Items Form**

**Missing item:** a travel (1).....*bag*.....

**Name:** Henry (2).....*Benson*.....

**Address:** House No. 13, Old Palace Avenue, (3) .....*Manama*.....

**Description:** (4) a .....*blue*....., medium, sized trolley.

**When lost:** (5).....*30*... minutes ago .

**What was inside: - clothes**

- brown leather (6)...*Wallet*...
- credit cards
- passport
- pocket calculator.

**Part 2: Reading****(34 marks)****10**

**A. Read the following paragraph. Choose the best word (a,b, or c) for each space. Number(0) is done for you as an example. (10x1=10)**

**Organising your homework**

Your homework is important, so your study space at home should be quiet. It should have good lighting and your chair should be .....(0)..... and at the correct height for the desk. It is a good.....(1)..... to do your homework at the same time every day. You can arrange something to do after your homework to .....(2)..... you a goal. You probably have four or five subjects each evening.....(3)..... make a weekly timetable to help you stay in control. Your desk or table should have a space for your books, pens .....(4)..... pencils. If you have a computer to do some of your homework on or .....(5)..... the net, make sure that you still have space on your desk for writing by hand. If you have a wall .....(6)..... your desk, you can put up a board .....(7)..... it and pin things you want to remember. Make sure your study space is .....(8)..... and well-organised. ....(9)....., check that you have all you need, so you do not have to go out to .....(10)..... shops when you should be studying.

- |                             |                              |                       |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0. a. uncomfortable         | <b><u>b. comfortable</u></b> | c. colourful          |
| 1. <b><u>a. idea</u></b>    | b. student                   | c. day                |
| 2. a. gave                  | b. given                     | <b><u>c. give</u></b> |
| 3. <b><u>a. so</u></b>      | b. or                        | c. at                 |
| 4. a. but                   | <b><u>b. and</u></b>         | c. of                 |
| 5. a. sail                  | b. swim                      | <b><u>c. surf</u></b> |
| 6. a. under                 | <b><u>b. near</u></b>        | c. through            |
| 7. <b><u>a. on</u></b>      | b.in                         | c. by                 |
| 8. a. shiny                 | <b><u>b. tidy</u></b>        | c. helpful            |
| 9. <b><u>a. Finally</u></b> | b. At least                  | c. Final              |
| 10. a. a                    | b. an                        | <b><u>c. the</u></b>  |

**B. Look at the sign in each question and circle the letter next to the correct meaning (a-c). Number (0) is done for you as an example. (5x2=10)**

**Example:**

0 Reserved for Elderly or Handicapped.

- Please give up your seat for elderly or handicapped people.
- Elderly or handicapped people must leave their seat.
- This seat is not for elderly or handicapped people.

1 Restaurant closed  
Please visit third - floor shop for drinks and snacks

- A new restaurant will open on the third floor.
- Customers can still eat in the shop.
- The coffee shop no longer serves food.

2 All visitors must wear a safety helmet.  
Please report to reception to collect one.

- Any visitor can enter this area.
- Visitors must put on a safety helmet before they go to reception.
- Visitors must get a safety helmet from reception.

3 24 hour banking

- The bank is open every 24 hours.
- Bank employees work 24 hours a day.
- You can use the banking system at any time.

4 Watch out thieves about

- Be careful! You may be robbed.
- Be careful! You are being watched.
- The police are looking for thieves.

5 Sale  
30%  
Off all items

- 30% of the items in this shop are on sale.
- Sales have gone up 30% in this shop.
- All items bought in the sale cost 30 % less than usual.

***C. Read the following text about “The history of photography”. Then answer the questions below.***

### **The history of photography**

14

The first tool to capture and fix images was the camera obscura. It was a box with a hole in it. When light passed through the hole, an upside down picture appeared on paper. The first person to write about the camera obscura was the Arab scientist Alhazen in the 10<sup>th</sup> century.

By the 17<sup>th</sup> century, European artists were using the camera obscura to paint very realistic pictures. But it was quite complicated. They had to copy the images on paper, and they could not keep the image the camera made.

Then in 1825, a French physicist called Joseph Niepce created the first photo on paper using chemicals. But it took eight hours! Niepce’s work was continued by another French man called Louis Daguerre. He created the first practical method of taking photos in 1837. They did not take eight hours to make! At first, photos were very difficult to take and the photographer needed expensive equipment. People had to sit still for minutes or the photos did not work. But in 1888, an American called George Eastman made a simple box camera that ordinary people could buy. He also invented flexible film. With each film, you could take 100 photos. People just took photos and sent their film to a laboratory to be developed.

Colour photos were first created in the early 20<sup>th</sup> century. The inventors of the cinema, the Lumiere brothers, created the first colour photos. But the first colour films were not sold until 1935 by George Eastman’s company.

Today, we use cameras without film. They look like traditional cameras but they are digital. The images are transferred to a computer and people can change the images or send them by e-mail. We also take photos with our mobile phones. Things have come a long way since the camera obscura!

A. Are these statements True (T) or False (F)? Circle the right answer.  
(1x6=6)

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1. The camera obscura took the first photos.

**T**    **F**

2. 17<sup>th</sup> century European artists took photos.

**T**    **F**

3. Chemicals were used to create the first photo on paper.

**T**    **F**

4. Daguerre's method of taking photos was faster than Niépce's.

**T**    **F**

5. When George Eastman introduced his box camera, ordinary people could take photos for the first time.

**T**    **F**

6. Nowadays, we use cameras with film and transfer them to our computers.

**T**    **F**

B. Now answer the questions below. (2x4=8marks)

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1. Who was the first scientist to write about the camera obscura?

***The Arab scientist Alhazen***

2. What was wrong with the camera obscura? Explain.

***It was quite complicated. They had to copy the images on paper.***

***They could not keep the image the camera made. (Accept any suitable answer).***

3. How many photos can ordinary people take with a simple box camera?

***100 photos***

4. In which century were the first colour photos created?

***20<sup>th</sup> century***



## Part 3: Writing

**A. Write an email to a pen friend telling him/her what you do every weekend.  
Your writing must include the following ideas:**

- (**Paragraph 1**): greetings, where you are, what you are doing
- (**Paragraph 2**): things you do every weekends
- (**Paragraph 3**): your feelings, invite your friend to join you
- (**Paragraph 4**): ask your friend to write back

**(Write between 90 -110 words)**

Dear.....

تم تحميل هذا الملف من  
موقع المناهج البحرينية  
alManahj.com/bh

*Yours,*  
*Tony/Tonia*

للمعلم فقط	Acc	App	Org	TA	Total
Score	4	4	4	4	16

**B: Answer ONE question Only.**

**Either**

***Imagine that you lived in Bahrain 100 years ago. Write an article about life in Bahrain 100 years ago to your school magazine. Use the plan below to help you write your article:***

- **(Paragraph 1):** introduction
- **(Paragraph 2):** how people used to live (clothes, travel, work entertainment, etc.)
- **(Paragraph 3):** your feelings and opinion .

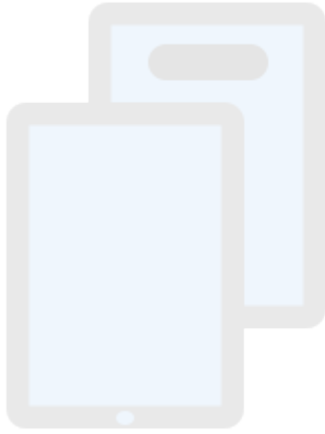
**OR**

***At the end of Ramadan , the ninth month of the Islamic calendar, Muslims celebrate Eid Al-Fiter. Write an article to the Gulf Daily News on how you celebrate this event. Use the plan below to help write the article:***

- **(Paragraph 1):** introduction
- **(Paragraph 2):** description on what you do
- **(Paragraph 3):** your feelings and opinion

**(Write between 110-130 words)**

للمعلم فقط	Acc		App		Org		TA		Total	
Score	5		5		5		5		20	



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