تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج المصرية

تدريبات مهمة وشاملة

موقع المناهج ← المناهج المصرية ← الصف الأول الإعدادي ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الثاني ← ملفات متنوعة ← الملف

تاريخ إضافة الملف على موقع المناهج: 21-02-2025 23:54:27

ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي ا للمدرس

المزيد من مادة لغة انجليزية:

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف الأول الإعدادي











صفحة المناهج المصرية على فيسببوك

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف الأول الإعدادي والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

Coming home



- Complete the following dialogue:
1-Basma : Hello, Sara. How are you?
Sara : Fine, Basma.
Basma :{1) do you go to school, Sara?
Sara : l always (2)to school.
Basma :Why?
Sara : Because it's near my house,
Basma :What do you do in your (3)time?
Sara :I (4) help my mum with the housework.
Basma : Great. Do you (5)any brothers or sisters?
Sara :Yes, I do. I have one sister.
2 -Maher : Hello, Essam.
Essam : (1)Maher.
Maher : What's our favourite (2)?.
Essam : My favourite sport is football.
Maher : Great .l like playing (3)
Essam : Well, Chess is a great hobby. I like it, Too
Maher : Did you (4)any chess competitions?
Essam : yes, I won Alexandria chess competition last year.
Maher: (5)is the next competition?
Essam : in October
3-You : I like to do the same things every .
A friend : So you have a daily
You: (1)
A friend : (2)do you usually get up?
You : I always get up at 6:30.
A friend :(3)do you eat breakfast with ?
You: I (4) eat breakfast with my father. I eat it with my mother only.
A friend : Why not?
You : (5)my father always goes to work very early. What about you
A friend : I don't have a routine at all.
4-Judy : Do you live in a flat or a house?
Jana : I live in a house (1)a large garden.
Judy: Fantastic! How (2)rooms do you have?
Jana: We've got three rooms, a bathroom and a kitchen.
Judy: Have you got a bedroom of your own?
Jana: No. I (3)a room with my sister.
Judy: How (4)you like your bedroom?
Jana : It's very comfortable. It has a big window and a wardrobe

Judy : (5).....there curtains in your room?

5-Ali: What time (1) your brother get up?

Jana: Yes, there are.



Hassan : He gets up at seven o'clo Ali : How does he (2) t Hassan : He goes there lessons Ali : How (3) lessons Hassan : (4) has nine l Ali : What subject does he (5) Hassan : He likes English	o school every . bus every da does he have? lessons a day.	y.	
6-Dina: What's your typical day I Jana: usually get up at six o'clo Dina: When do you (1)	ck. breakfast? u arrive at hom school? 		
7-Radwa: Hi, Seham. What are you Seham: Hi, Radwa. I'm writing (1) a Radwa: (2) Toare you writi Seham: To my pen-friend Jane. Radwa: Where (3)she live? Seham: She lives (4)	ohamed	l Fawzi	
Mrs Hala was a teacher of English helpful, so all students liked he,. S to give their students more lesson small family . her husband, Mr San and her only son Salah. Salah is g who likes English and science was daughter, wants to be a computer	in a preparatory the used to come is and help them ir is a doctor, he oing to be a der ints to be a doctor programmer. The	e to school at 7 o'clock n with their homework. s ner two daughters Sama ntist. But her elder daug or like her father. Nada,	in the morning she has got a a and Nada hter Sama
A) Answer the following questions 1. Why did Mrs Hala come to school 2. How many children have Mrs Hala 3. Why do you think all students like	at 7 o'clock?		
B) Choose the correct answer from	a, b, c or d:		
4.Nada is thein the family. a) longest b) youngest	c) tallest	d) heaviest	
5.The teacher's only son is going to		d) formor	
a) teacher b) doctor 6.Mrs Hala's husband works in a	-,	d) farmer	(Fo
a) bank b) school	c) farm	d) hospital	



Most people have three meals every day; breakfast, lunch and dinner. They eat these meals at known times; in the morning, in the afternoon and in the evening. But in fact most of them don't care about what they should eat for each meal. Doctors say that healthy food is very important, and people should eat lots of fruits and vegetables. People should not eat too many cakes. Doctors advise people to drink a lot of water and milk every day and not to have too many sugar drinks. To keep healthy, doctors advise people not to stay at home all the time. They should go for walks, do exercise or practise any sport.

•	e following quest Id people eat and c		Ithy?	
2. How many	meals are there in	the day?		
3. What do do	octors advise peop	le not to do?		
B) Choose the	e correct answer:			
4. The underl	ined word "them" i	refers to		
a. doctors	b. people	c. fruits	d. meals	
5 pe	ople care about fo	od.		
a. All	b. Many	c. Few	d. No	
6. Doctors sa	y that people shou	Id not eat too ma	ny	
a. cakes	b. vegetables	c. fruits	d. drinks	

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

I'm Hassan. My family lives in Alexandria, but my dad doesn't work in Egypt. He works in England. He went to the airport on Sunday evenings and he caught the plane to England. He will come home next month. On Saturday, I don't go to school, and my brother doesn't go to school as well. We play chess or go to the park. On Sunday mornings, we go swimming. My sister is three and she doesn't swim. She watches us. I hope to travel to England when I grow up to complete my study there. My father encourages me to do that.

A)	Answer the follo	owing questic	ns:

- 1. Where does Hassan's father work?
- Give a suitable title for the passage.
- 3. How long will Hassan's father stay in England?

B) Choose the correct answer:

- ⚠ The underlined pronoun "She" refers to....
- b. Hassan's father c. Hassan's sister a. Hassan d. Hassan's family
- 5. When do they go to the park ?.....





a. On Sunday b. On Saturday 6. Hassan hopes to travel to.....

c. Everyday

d. On Wednesday

a. France

b. England

c. China

d.KSA

4-choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1 - I go to the baker's with my mother; we always buy bread in the morning. (WB)	
a) every b) dairy c) diary d) daily	
2 -My father likes to read storiesthe sofa in the evenings.	
a) at b) on c) to d) in	
-3- I usuallymy friends to have fun after I do my homework.	
a) text b) test c) make d) read	
4- All children like tosports in their free time.	
a) make b) play c) spend d) go	
5- We do the same thing every day when we're on holiday, because my family like to have	ve
a	
a) joy b) difference c) fun d) routine	
6- My brother has an importanttoday. He hopes to get the new job.	
a) view b) review c) group d) interview	
7- Myfriend is called Waleed. I like him so much.	
a) best b) worst c) ugly d) bad	
8- I live in aof flats with my parents and two sisters.	
a) packet b) block c) piece d) wall	
9- like toto my grandma when she tells us stories before we sleep.	
a) go b) walk c) listen d) get	
10- We go to thewhen we want to buy bread.	
a) butcher's b) chemist's c) baker's d) grocer's	
11 Young people should learn how totheir free time usefully.	
a) lose b) have c) do d) spend	
12 He went to the station tothe bus to work.	
a) take b) ride c) climb d) talk	
13- Come and sit on this; four people can sit on it. WB	
a) sofa b) chair c) bed d) wheelchair	
14-I saw Ahmed's father on histo work this morning. WB	
a) road b) street c) away d) way	
15-What activities do youat the weekend, Habiba?	
a) make b) do c) get d) go	
16- Ais a place where people go when they do something wrong.	
a) clinic b) workshop c) prison d) hospital	
17- Roberta feelswhen some men take their father from their home. WB	
a) terrible b) glad c) pleased d) boring	
18 The family don't have much money and now they are WB	
a) poor b) rich c) ugly d) boring	
19- There are fouron the sofa.	
a) chairs b) cushions c) tables d) windows	
20- We have a beautifulon the floor in front of the living room.	
a) fridge b) curtain c) carpet d)TV	
21- I have aof drawers where I can put many things.	
a) chest b) test c)box d) piece	
22- My little sister always looks at theto see herself in it.	
a) drawer b) carpet c) wardrobe d) mirror	17
23- My mother has a bigto put her dresses in.	1
a) carpet b) curtain c) drawer d) wardrobe	
24- There's a bigin the bathroom where we wash up.	1×
a) bath b) basin c) shower d) tap	-

	in my bedroom to put a		N 4	10
	b) mirror		a)carpet	32.77
	bottle of water in		A) 4	3
a) front				(4.4)
	ıldEnglish every			求
a) tell	b) practise	c) send	d) forget	
	book. Itto your si	ster. Don t play with		
a) gives	b) belongs	clowns	d) spends	
	shortfrom my h			
a) fly	b) ride s manyreserve	c) drive	d)walk	
30- El Faiyoum ha	s manyreserve	s which you can vis		
a) traditional	b) tradition	c) nature	d) natural	
	nen lookjobs to			
	b) after			
32- I get up early to	odressed and go	to school on time.		
	b) do	,		
33- He has a small	I shop in the city centre.	. Hefood and d	rinks.	
a) sells	b) buys	c) borrows	d) spends	
34- We have a big	house where we live up	stairs, but my gran	dparents live	
a) downstairs b)) under stairs ourself in the <mark>WB</mark>	c) on the roof	d) underground	
35-You can see yo	ourself in theWB			
a) lamp b)	mirror	c) carpet	d) curtain	
			elps her mother in her jol	os. WB
	typical			
	ly home in the city is big	•	· — —	
		c) boring		
38 Ais a big o	cupboard where you car	n put vour clothes.	WB	
	mirror			
39- my parents so	metimes get	late.	a, a. a	
a at home	b for home	c to home	d home	
40- My dad starts	b for home work very early, so he	home be	fore we get up	
a-goes	h-walks	c-leaves	d-watches	
	travellingthe train	everyday	a natonios	
a. on	_		with	
	a big homea		With	
a) on			with	
	were very happy when t			
) spent c) bough			
•	himfrom home.	it uj saw		
-	b) a way	d) ways		
, ,	sert has a lot of	, ,		
a. houses	b. adventures		d. shops	
				NO W/P
			heir food in the mountair	IS. WE
a. eat b. feed		d. drink	nlanta WD	
_	in the garden and he		-	
, -	, .	. ,	ube	
	bring any food for the			
a.share			vash	
	here is a 'breakfast			
a-brake	b-park		break	- 1
THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	my mother for me ,	- -		(72)
a, text I	b. next	c. send	d. speak	1
51) My dad never	r worksthe v	veekend.		W. W
10 1	b. with		d.of	47 0



52- El Faiyoum i	s a large city with	beautiful nature rese	rves	
a-nearby	b-near	c-next to	d-nearly	
53-The childre	n move from the ci	ty with their mother to	o a small house near a ra	ilway
a. mine	b. fine	c. line	d. shine	_
54-I have two j	obs to	when I get home from	school	
a take	b. make	c. work	d. do	

Grammar

1- Ig	et up lateat the weekend	s. I never get up early.	
a never	b always	c usually	d sometimes
2.What time	your firstlesson this mo	rning?	
a. is	b. are	c. does	d.do
3.She	the bus to get to sch	ool.	
a.taking	_	c.takes	d.talk
•	tennis every week in the	club.	
a.prefers	_		d.prefer
•	-	and Saturday. She	•
a. never			usually
6-Amir		ınday, Monday, Tuesda	
a. often		. always	d.usually
		norning. lhave break	
a. often	_	-	always
	go to school on fridays		,
a never	b always		d sometimes
	a clever tennis p	•	u comounico
_	b is always	-	d never
•	coffee with his far	•	
	b drinks always		d always drinks
11-Amr		C diways drillik	a always armins
a often is		c always is	d is every
	in the early mor	_	d is every
a singing	b to sing	c sings	d sing
13- He never	his homew		u sing
a-do	b-does	c-did	d-doing
	loes he usually		
a. leave	b. leaves	c. leaving	d. left
15.She	a sports car .		
		c) never drive	s d) never
	end alwaysin t		
a. help	b. helping	c. helps	d. to help
	do you watch T		d often
a. many	b. long	c. much speaks Arabic in class	d. often
a- don't	b- doesn't	Speaks Arabic iii ciass C- never	d- won't
	on Fridays?	C- Hevel	d- Won t
a.often travel		n c.often travels	d.travels often.
10.0			le reads it every morning.
a often	b. never	c. always	d.sometimes
21-Students	in classes dur		
a. stay always	b. never stay	c. always stay	d.stay never
	•	<i>y y</i>	•



22_monaea	at peppers. She does	sn't like them at all.		W.
a. often	b. never	c. always	d.every	52.0
23chi	ldren like playing co		•	1
a. Does		c. Are	d.Were	(50)
The file.			d.vvcic	
	lunch with his	-		
-	-	c always have d alwa		
25- Hany and you	never	computer games with me.		
a.play	b. plays	c. is playing	d.are playing	
26Na	bil's sisters play to	ennis? ۲۰۲۰ ألْجيزة		
a- Is		c- Are d- [Does	
27-Tamer and hi	s brother	رة ۲۰۲۰the family car	القاه	
		c washing d is		
	speak English?	G	J	
a.You do		c. You are	d. Do you	
	anot he	re at the moment.		
a. is	b. does		do	
		fore sheto bed ?		
		c. goes		
o- complete the se	antences with the cor	rect form of the words in bra	G.G.S.	
1-Does ne ofter	n (goes) ou	t this evening?		
	vays (work)			
		wimming a week?		
	(listens) to the			
_	-	tching) TV before they	go to bed	
		lay) chess at home.		
	es(have)			
		get up before seven.		
	(be usually) ve			
10- They don't	always (p	l <mark>ays) ten</mark> nis on Sundays		
	. your father a goo			
12- They	(be) never late	for school.		
13-The school	bus never (:	stop) <mark>near m</mark> y house		
14- why	.(do) you always la	ate?		
15-Nabil and ta	mer(no	t) watch TV everyday.		
16 - Do you	(goes) to the c	lub every day?		
	(not) like fish			
) the same every schoo	l dav ?	
, , , ,		,		
4 W.	ita a mayaayan bad	six (90) words on		
O=Wr	ite a paragraph or	six (80) words on		
		"Daily routine"		
				•••••
<u>#</u> 2				
CV COV				
E. (*)				(*)
J. J				

prep 2		30
	"you bedroom"	\$2.00 A
		<u>©</u>
	"Your penfriend"	
	"Jobs you do at home"	

Unit 2 How are you feeling?

2- complete the following dialogue:

1-Asem : Hi. Nader. Can vo	u tall me	a little	hit aho	ut vour ich?

Nader: Certainly! What would you like to know?

Asem: First of all, what (1).....your job?

Nader: I work as a computer (2).....

Asem: What (3).....you do in your job?

Nader: I design programs to use at home.

Asem: What (4).....you doing at the moment?

Nader: I'm developing in-house programs.

Asem: (5).....you ever have meetings? Nader: Yes, I usually have meetings once a month.





2-Judy: Hi Leila. Where are you?	E
Leila : Hi Judy. I'm in the (1) with my family.	
Judy : What are you doing in the park?	3
Leila : I'm sitting (2) a tree. It's very sunny.	1.00
Judy : Are your brothers sitting, too?	
Leila: No, they aren't. They're playing (3)	
Judy : Is your dad playing football with them?	
Leila: (4), he isn't. He's not here. He's working today.	
Judy : What's your mother doing?	
Leila : She's reading a (5)	
3-Emad : What is your father's job, Adham?	
Adham : He is a (1)	
Emad : (2) does he work?	
Adham : He works in (3) a	
Emad :What (4)he do?	
Adham: He teaches Arabic to students.	
Emad : Does he (5) his work?	
Adham: Yes, he likes his work very much.	
4-Toka : Hello, Sara. What are you doing?	
Sara : I'm looking at my photo album.	
Toka : Can I see your photos?	
Sara : Sure. This a (1)of me and my friends.	
Toka : It's beautiful.	
Sara : It (2)when we were on the school trip.	
Toka : Tell me about your frie <mark>nds.</mark>	
Sara : In the (3)is my friend Mona. She was in front of us.	4
Toka : Who's the girl (4)the left?	
Sara : She's Dalia. She's in the (5) T-shirt.	
5-Randa : You look happy, Leila. What's the matter?	
Leila : I've passed my driving test.	
Randa : (1) Do you have a car?	
Leila: Yes, my uncle has just bought a new car. He's going to give, me	his old one.
Randa : That's great (2) !	
Leila : So, would you (3)to go for a drive on Saturday?	
Randa : Yes, I'd love to. (4)will you go?	
Leila : Well, we could have a picnic and go to the Pyramids.	
Randa : (5)time will you come?	
Leila : I'll come for you at about 11 o'clock.	
6-Ali : Hi, how are you?	
Jack: Hi. I'm (1) thanks.	
Ali : Excuse me, (2)is your name?	
Jack: I'm Jack. What's yours?	
Ali): I'm Ali. (3)are you from, Jack?	4
lack: I'm from America. I'm new here	1,00

Ali: What are you (4).....in the university?

Jack: I'm studying Biology. What about you?

prep 2

Ali : Biology is a very interesting field of study, but I'm studying business Jack: I (5).....to see you again soon. 3-Read the following , then answer the questions : 1.My name's Sherief. I love football. I am a great fan of all football teams. I am also interested in cars. I'm crazy about driving and I also enjoy fixing cars. When I was ten, I had many toy cars. I played with them, repaired the ones my friends broke. I also helped my dad fix his car. So, I want to become a mechanic and open up my own shop. My parents are happy with my choice, too. They think it's important that I do a job that I like. I have a good job now and I really enjoy it. I'm planning to get married soon. Who knows, maybe I will have a car shop in the future. A) Answer the following questions: 1. Which sport does Sherief like?..... 2. What do Sherief's parents think of his choice to be a mechanic? 3. What does the underlined pronoun "them" refer to?...... B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 4. The best title for this passage is........ a) Sherief's job choice b) Cars in our life c) Sherief and football d) Sherief and his friends 5. Sherief wants to have a.....in the future. b)toy d) car shop 6. Sherief helped his dad.....his car. d) drive a) fix b) wash c) push 2-Reading is a very helpful habit. It gives us new ideas and improves our language. When you read, you need to be in a quiet place. It is better to wear your reading glasses if it is necessary. You should read different topics. To remember what you read, it is a good idea to have a pen in your hand to underline or circle the important points. Try to discuss what you have read with your friends. People read for different goals. Some people read for **enjoyment** just to feel happy and spend a nice time. **Others** read for work. Students read for their study or research. All of us read the news and the weather report. We also read messages, emails, and letters that we receive A) Answer the following questions 1-How is reading a helpful habit? 2-Why do you think you need to read in a quiet place? 3-How can you remember what you read? : B) Choose the correct answer from a,b, c or d 4-What do you think the word " Others " refer to? c) points d) glasses a) goals b) people 5-The underlined word "enjoyment "means..... a) discussion b) mysteries c) sadness d) pleasure 6-The word improves means to make it a) bad b) better c) worse d) sad 3-Omar decided that he wanted to be a doctor when he grows up He made his decision

after seeing a television programme about a doctor who worked in China. So, Omar worked hard at school, passed all his exams and went to university to study to be a doctor. He



spent most of his time working, and had time to make many good friends. When he finished, he found a job as a doctor working in a village in northern India. He worked with a group of older doctors and a young doctor. Most of the time, they worked in the small village hospital, but on two days a week

they went to a nearby town and helped the Indian doctors who worked there. One day, when Omar was working in the larger hospital, a young man came in with a broken leg. He wasn't Indian. When the man saw Omar, he said, "Omar!

Do you remember me? We were in the same secondary school!"

	Answer the following	
/ A T		
		i questiens.

- 1-When did Omar decide he wanted to be a doctor?
- 2-Where did the doctor on the television programme work?
- 3-What was wrong with the young man who came into the hospital?

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 In which part of India was the village where Omar worked?
- a) The capital.
- b) The north.
- c) The south.
- d) The east.

- 5 Who did Omar work with at first in India?
- a) Other doctors.

b) Some older and younger doctors,

c) Older doctors.

- d) A group of friends.
- 6 How did the young man in hospital know Omar?
- a) They were together in the same school.
- b) Their parents were friends.
- c) They played for the same football team.
- d) They met at the airport.

4-If you want to be good at English, the best thing you can do is to build up your words. First of all, you should read a lot. You can read short stories, comics, newspapers, magazines, etc. As you read, you can guess the meanings of new words. If you cannot, then look them up in a dictionary. Another way is to watch movies in English. Keep a vocabulary notebook and write down a few words each day. You should revise them. In my opinion, to speak to people all you need is to use the words you learned. Practice makes perfect

A) Answer the following questions:

- 1. What is the main idea of the passage?.....
- 2. What is the most important thing when you speak to people?.
- 3. What does the underlined pronoun "them" refer to?.....

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4. Don't stop if you read a word you don't understand, you can the meaning of new words.
- a) guess
- b.write
- c .say d) read
- 5. You should keep a notebook for new......to help you to learn new vocabulary.
- a) letters
- b)words
- c. passages
- d) grammar

- 6. The word "movies" is another word for.
- a.books
- b.films
- c.dictionaries
- d. stories

4-choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

- 1- Aya is a nurse. She helps her.....to get better.
- a) illnesses
- b) patients
- c) medicines
- d) diseases

- 2 Falafel is a/an....meal in Egypt.
- a) international
- b) traditional
- c) modern
- d) new
- 3 She works in a hospital. She is working in the children's.....at the moment.
- b) award
- c) ward

- d) world
- 4- You mustn't.....you car here. It's not allowed.

a) come

- b) park
- c) bark

- d) carry
- 5-He sells many things in the street. He has a small......



a) basket			d) farm		1
	=	-	nts to stay at home		VB
a. dangerous	b. bori	ng	c. lazy omputer because it	d. active	- 5
				doesn't work. W	В 🧜
🦟 a) make		c) play	d) re <u>pair</u>		12
8-I can't come to t					
a. clean		c. do	d. stay		
9-Shady is deaf, but					
a. food stall		c. sign la		sports	
10-Nabila feels ill,					
a. clean	b. spend		d. stay		
11-On Saturday, I					
a. make	b. spend		d. stay		
12-What time do y a. make	b. clean	c. do	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
13-It is usually easy			d. stay	k English WR	
a. telephone		c. write		municate	
14- He answers cu	•			illullicat e	
a) call-centre	b) centre		d) caller		
•			sure that people	aro safo	
a) take	b) do	c) make		are sare.	
•	•		ngs from a street-f	ood	
a) buyer		c) worker	d) waiter		
17- He likes drawi		,	u, 114.1451		
a) teacher		c) engineer	d) artist		
18 aperson i			, a		
	b) weak	c) deaf	d) strong		
19 She is learning	-	,	, ,		
a) technology	b) biology	c) geograph	y d) calligra	phy	
20 He lives next de	oor. He is my			-	
a) neighbour	b) classmat	e c) servant	d) patier	nt 1914	
21 My mother ask	ed me to buy h	er twoof b	eans.		
a) pieces	b) slices	c) bottles	d) tins		
22- I always get up	_				
a) get	b) make	c) do	d)have		
23- He helped his					
a) have	b) hurt	c)take	d) repair		
24- Children like to		•			
a) on	b) at	c) in	d)by		
25 My fathern		_			
a) borrowed	b) lent	c) gave	d) took		
26 To get a good j				to	
a) skulls 27 My sister likes	b) skills	c) scales	d) present	15	
a) swimming	b) seeing	c) sewing	d) sawing		
,	,		knife because it's	VOTV	
a) quick	b)wet	c) sharp	d)hard	very.	
29 You can catch a	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• <i>'</i>		
a. station	b. port		airport	d. hospital	
	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	WB	
30 When you invite			•		
a. grass	b. guests		c.guess	d. glass	4
31 When you go on				WB	e G
a. suitcase	b. suit		s.shopping bag	d. handbag	34
		a.riun en ni	v IIIA I/1 1/0F		



a) wedding b) birthday	c) picnic d) journey
33- My sister is sitting under the tree. She is.	a selfie.
a) doing b) taking d	e) making d) getting
34-We went on a trip in the and	I slept in tents
a. castle b. cave c. to 35-You shouldn't leave a child in th	e house.
a) lonely b) alone c) along	
36-Asomeone who is between 13	
a) child b) teenager c) todo	
37-It's for teenagers to get worried o	
a) happy b) nature c) normal	
38-His parents were very about his	
a) pleased b) worried c) sad	
39-It's his favourite show because it always	him laugh
a-walks b-takes c-makes	d-goes
40- I'm waiting excitedly to geta plar	ne for the fist time.
a- into b- off c- on	d- out of
41- I went with my mother to the market. It was	
a) sellers b) crowds c) mes	
42) Every teacher shouldstudents kir	
a) hurt b) wave c) trea	t d) hit
43- The zebra hasskin.	
a) heavy b) colourful c) st	
44) I tike watching films for Ahmed Helmy. H	
a) funny b) boring c)sa	d d) difficult
45 He wants to be a pilot toa plane.	
	d) catch
46 You should bewith your neighbou	
a) friendly b) ugly c) ru	
47To beis to be happy about the good	
a) lonely b) worried c) gra	
48 Students who can't see well should sit in	
a) foreground b) background c) ur	
49 It's kind to smilethe person you meet.	
a) in b) to c)at	d)of
	ter system, call the computer for help.
	vaiter d) engineer
51 It's athat you don't help your parents	
a) shame b) happiness c) j	oy d)fun
52 I I you are enjoying your trip.	ahaw d) naga
, , ,	show d) pass
53 I'm so happy to see you after these long y a) lose b) win c)	ears. i reallyyou. earn d) miss
54 I'm so happy. I havemy exams.	earri u) iiiiss
	won d)earned
55 Try to the meaning of	•
a) Talk b)Make	c)read d) Guess
56 I often help my mumour food.	c)read u) duess
	sell d) do
57 Teachers should speak kindlytheir s	•
) to d) by
58 Everyone congratulated mepassi	
and D	c) with d} by
50 My last trip was I'll go there again	e, uj wj



- a) boring b) amazing c) terrible
- 60 We always go to our football.....to keep fit.
- a) practise b) practice c) fan d) experience
- 61 After the match, the.....told me that I would be in the football team.
- a) worker
- b) coach
- c) surgeon
- d) volunteer

d) bad

Grammar المضارع البسيط تم شرحة من قبل

The present continuous المضارع المستمر

۱. التكوين Form:

 $(\mathrm{am,is,are+verb+ing})$ في حالة الإثبات: يتكون المضارع المستمر من $(\mathrm{am,is,are+verb+ing})$

I \longrightarrow am He, She, It \longrightarrow is We, You, They \longrightarrow are



🗻 - Listen! She <u>is</u> play<u>ing</u> the piano.

>- They <u>are</u> clean<u>ing</u> the garden now

ر am, is, are + not + verb + ing) ٢. في حالة النفي: يتكون المضارع المستمر من

I \longrightarrow am <u>not</u>
He, She, It \longrightarrow is<u>n't</u>
We, You, They \longrightarrow are<u>n't</u> + (v + ing).

<u> «am, is, are + inf...+ verb + ing) ت. في حالة السؤال: يتكون المضارع المستمر من</u>

e.g \simeq - Are They playing tennis now? \simeq - No, they aren't.

>- What <u>are you doing</u> now? >- I'm reading a lesson.

ملاحظات:

١- إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بحرف (e) ، نحذف (e) ونضع (ing) مثل :

 $\textbf{move} \rightarrow \textbf{moving} \qquad \textbf{come} \rightarrow \textbf{coming} \qquad \textbf{live} \qquad \rightarrow \textbf{living} \qquad \textbf{bake} \rightarrow \textbf{baking}$

dyeغ dyeing singe عرق singeing be being be being

٢-إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بحرف ساكن مسبوقاً بحرف متحرك واحد(a - e - i - o - u)يُكرر الحرف الأخير ونضع (ing) مِثل :-

cut → cutting put → putting get → getting drop→ dropping run→ running

remember \rightarrow remembering visit \rightarrow visiting listen \rightarrow listening happen \rightarrow happening enjoy \rightarrow enjoying snow \rightarrow snowing

٣-إذا كان الفعل ينتهى بحرف ساكن مسبوقاً بحرفان متحركان ، نضع(ing) مِثل :-

eat \rightarrow eating read \rightarrow reading need \rightarrow needing see \rightarrow seeing

الفعل ينتهي بحرف ie تحذف، ونضع (ying) مِثْل :-

 $lie \rightarrow lying \qquad \qquad die \rightarrow dying \qquad \qquad tie \rightarrow tying$



الاستخدام Usage:

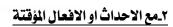
أ. نستخدم المضارع المستمر للتعبير عن حدث يحدث أثناء الكلام.



E.g. they are playing football now.

→My brother is reading a book at the moment

→ She isn't working at the hospital today.



They are painting the school this week.

٣- الاحداث غير المكتملة ومستمرة حتى الان

My sister is learning to dance.

٣. الكلمات الدالة Key words:

الكلمات التالية كلها كلمات دالة على المضارع المستمر:

(now الأن Look! - انظر Look! من مذه اللعظة Look - الأن Look - الأن Look - الأن Look - الأن Listen! - أنصت

Adverbs of manner

- الصفة هي كلمة تصف اسماً ، ولها نفس الشكل (التكوين) في المفرد والجمع ، والصفات يمكن أن تسبق الاسم اوتاتي بعدة ahmed is a careful driver. The weather is hot

← كالظروف أو الأحوال هي عبارة عن كلمات تصف فعلا وتاتي بعدهُ.

Ahmed walks slowly Hany speaks very angrily.

كثير من الظروف وخاصة ظروف الطريقة تتكون بإضافة (ly) للصفة:

adverb	adjective	adverb	adjective
kindly	kind	quietly	quiet
loudly	loud	quickly	quick
difficultly	difficult	slowly	slow

happy busy busily easy lazy lazily

كإذا كانت الصفة تنتهى بـ (e) يُضاف (ly) ولكن يُستثنى من هذه القاعدة كلمة(true − truly)_

nice nicely sure surely

ےإذا كانت الصفة تنتهى بـ (le) تُحذف الـ (e) ويضاف(y)

comfortable comfortably possible possibly

ع إذا كانت الصفة تنتهى بـ (۱) تُضاف(ای) useful usefully historical historically

beautiful peautifully careful carefully

المعض الظروف(شاذة) لها نفس شكل (تكوين) الصفة وهي متشابهة في المعنى

late early hard fast high low free daily

ex

amir is a fast runner. He runs fast

→ Enas is a hard worker. . She works hard.

لاحظ ان good تتحول الى well عندما تستخدم ظرف

He is a good teacher. (well) - He teaches well.

1-Samisign language at school now. SE

a-learns b-learning c-learn d-is learning

2-Mr Usmanin a lovely flat. SB

a-lives b-living c-live d-is living

3-Eman and her neighbours...... Mr Usman's flat. SB

a-are repairing b-repair c-repairs d-is repairing

4-WhatManal making for her uncle ? SB

a-do b-does <u>c-i</u>s d-are

5-I always.....milk for breakfast. SB

prep 2

Z	The second						21
P	a-am drinking	b-drink		c-drinks	d- dri	nking	10
4	6-Alia a-not wear	I jacket today be	cause it is v	very hot. WB		d december	20
Š	a-not wear	D-ISH t wea	ring ok in the ci	c-don t we	ar	a- acesn t we	ear
Ų	7- W y rather	in a baı	nk in the ci	ty centre.	ما مدر ام		160
71	a. works	D. WORKE	a 	c. am working	a. work		- 3
		to work by tr	•	_			
		b. travels					
		to the phone n					
		b. have			_		
		ay tennis today					
		b. raine					
	_	ou do after scho			=		
		k b. too			usually	d. usually ta	ke
	12-My father	me	to school.				
		b sometimes ta				sometimes tak	king
		, theyv					
		b.play					
		go to school on			him to	school.	
		b) was driving					
		ting next to you					
	a. You do	b. do You	1	c. Are you	d. You	ıare	
		ne students in y					
	a. Are	b. Have	c. Ca	an	d. Do		
	17. She isn't	at	the hospit	al today.			
	a. work	b. working	c. w	orks	d. worked		
	a. work 18. What	doing	at the mon	nent?			
	a. they are	b. are they	c. t	they were	d. were the	ey	
	19-Birds always	in the early r	morning.				
		b to sing		sings	d sing		
		end always					
	a. help	b. helping		c. helps	d.	to help	
	21-Basel is a co	mputer engineei	r. He u <mark>suall</mark> y	/ col	mputers. WB	·	
	. repair	b. is repairing		epairing	d. repairs		
	22-The police of						
a	. visiting	b. visits		visiting	d.visit		
		. in the shop, bu					
a	. isn't usually wo			c.don't usually	work d. doe	sn't usually w	ork
	•	ews					
	a-bad	b-worst	c-wor	Se and	d- badly		
		eaks English					
	a-well	b-good	c-best		better		
		tting in the sun					
	a-laziest	b-lazier	c-laz		d- lazily		
		treats all her chi			d kind		
		b-kindest		ndly	d- kind	oot SD	
	_	ingin this b-slowly		oudly		Cat. SD	
	a-carefully	•		•	d- hungrily		
	a-carefully	on the r		ise they are sha xcitedly	irps <u>ទេស</u> d- hungr	ilv	
~.	and the second s	d of the day and		•		··· y	100
	a-slowly		C-exc		اور a d- hungrily		(4)
500	Control of the contro	der the tree and					200
_		b-loudly	c-exci		d- hungrily		C
		•		-	J ,		



22 Homid did vo	m, in his	overne leet week		
	ryin his			
a- well	b- fast	c- bad	a- gooa	
33- Huda's uncle	always sings	when he's wor	king.	
a- slow	b- happy	c- happily	d- quiet	
34 Amal always _I	b- last e always sings b- happy paints	1		
a- beautiful	b- happy	c- beautifu	ılly d-	good
35- The class list	paintsb- happy tened	to their teacher.		
a- beautifully	b- quickly	c- easily	d- caref	ully
36- He climbed tl	he hill	He wasn't tired at a	all.	
a badly	b friendly	c hardly	d easily	
	the school year, so			or the lost time.
a) hardship	b) hardly	c) hard	d) hardest	
38. The driver of	the school bus dri	ves		
a) carefully	b) careful	c) careles	s d) slow	
39. He is eating	, 	, ,	•	
a) hungry	b) angry	c) hungr	ily d) angr	ily
40-He arrived an	hour	but he caugh	t the bus .	
a) late	b) lately	c)	fast	d) hard
41- That bird is fl	hourb) lately lying veryW b-quick	B		,
a-careful	b-quick	c-loud	d- fast	
42-the quests for	und their hotel	after they boug	ht a map of the c	itv.
a) easy	b) easier	c) ease	d) easily	•
43 It is important	t to drivé wl	nen it is raining. W	3	
a-carefully	t to drive wh b-quickly	c-loudly	d- carele	ssly
44 Our football to	eam will win becaus	se they are playing	veryWB	
a- well	b- guick	c- bad	d- good	
45-Please, speak	b- quick , peop	ple at the back can	t hear you.	
a-politely	b-wisely	c-loudly	d- careless	ly









1.You (write) an email now.	40
2.1(drink) tea at the moment	- 32
3-Nabil and tamer (not) watch TV everyday.	
4(Do) you wearing a school uniform?	(% o
5- Mr Osman(live)in a lovely flat.	
6-At the moment, Hany (playing) football in the club.	
7- Manal and Mona(study)-calligraphy every day.	
8(Does) Ali playing football now ?	
9-Does he often (goes) out this evening ? 10- My friend sews(bad)	
11- The children are singing (loud) in the playground	
12- As there was much time, we walked to school (slow)	
13-Every one admires her because she plays the violin very (good).	
14-The lesson is easy. I can study it(easy)	
15-She looked (happy) at the children.	
16-I'm waiting (excited) to get on a plane or the first time.	
17-He is shouting and speaking(angry).	
18- She usually arrives (lately).	
19-Heba is a (love)student. she is kind and pleasant	
20-My sister usually(go) to school by bus.	
21-My brother (play) football at the moment.	
22-They are singing(happy).	
23.Eman and her neighbours(repair) Mr Osman's flat now.	
24.A The teacher treats all her children (kind)	
25.Why (be) you laughing at the moment?	
26.Fady(not wear) a jacket today because it is very hot.	
27. The police officer (talk)at a school today	
28.Nader (not usually work) in the shop	
6-Write a paragraph of six (80) words on	
"Which job would you like to do?"	
······	
"How to be happy in your life"	
##	
No.	(Fa

Prep 2	
your problems	at school

Great jobs

surgeon	جراح	brain		المخ	charity	مؤسسة خيرية
scientist	عائم	heart		القلب	The countryside	الريف
Charity worker	فاعل خيرى	lungs		الرئتين	emergency	حالة طوارىء
Sports coach	مدرب ریاضی	Breath <mark>e</mark>		يتنفس	Natural disaster	كارثة طبيعية
win	يفوز	pump		يضخ/مضخة	burns	حروق
handball	كورة يد	blood		دم	organisation	منظمة
junior	مبتدىء/ناشىء	earthquake		زالزال	patient	مريض
senior	كبير سنا/راشد	heroic		بطولى	Stop infection	يمنع العدوى
competition	منافسة	society		مجتمع	rubbish collectors	عمال جمع القمامة
hero	بطل	research		یجری بحث	Street cleaners	عمال نظافة الشوارع
treatment	علاج	serious		جاد/خطر	manager	مدير
medicine	طب/دواء	cut		جرح/يجرح/	scared	مرعوب
score	يسجل /يحرز	Do		یجری تجارب	Fire fighter	رجل الاطفاء
		experiments		علمية		
volunteer	متطوع	Sew cuts	ح	يخيط الجرو	Police officer	ظابط شرطة
furniture	اثاث	Do things		يفعل اشياء	Proud of	فخور ب
jewellery	مجوهرات	agree		يوافق	Ancient Egyptians	القدماء المصريون

2- Complete the following dialogue:

1-Enas : Hello, Huda. Can ! ask you some questions?

Huda : Hi, Enas. Sure.

Enas : Where (1).....your parents live when they were young?



Huda :They (2).....in Tanta. Enas: What did your grandfather do? Huda : He (3).....a farmer. Enas : Really? (4).....he grow fruits? Huda: Yes, of course. Enas: What about your grandmother? Huda: She (5).....work. She was a housewife. 2-A reporter makes a report about footballers. Reporter: Hello (1)...... Is your name? Footballer: Nasser hany Reporter: What did you (2)to do 20 years ago? Footballer: I used to (3).....football Reporter :(4).....you earn much money from it? Footballer: No, I didn't, we played because we loved playing for our country. Reporter: I wish you more success. footballer: (5)..... 3-Mazin: Hello, Hany. Hany: Hello, Mazin. Mazin: Did you (1).....to live in Cairo when you were young? Hany: (2).....l used to live in Giza. Mazin: Did you use to (3).....to school? Hany: Yes. I used to go to school on foot. Mazin: What hobby (4).....you use to do? Hany: I used to read stories. What about you? Mazin: I used to (5)..... Hany: Great 4-Omar: I think rubbish collectors can be heroes. Ali: What do you(1)....? Omar: I(2)....., we need rubbish collectors.2 Ali : Sorry, I don't (3)..... Omar: I mean they do something very useful. The city would be terrible without them! Ali: I mean, street cleaners are also important. Omar: Yes, that's true! They help to keep our cities clean. Ali : I agree! 5-Samy: Do you know that the Egyptian football team won the Africa Cup of Nations? Aya: That's great, but when (1)..... they win it? Samy: The last time was (2)................. 2010. Aya : Oh, no! That was many years ago. Samy: Yes, but they (3)..... the cup three times one after the other. Aya : I don't understand you. (4)...... do you mean? Samy: I mean that Egypt won the cup in 2006, 2008 and 2010. Aya : Wow! That was a great achievement!



Samy: You are right.

Aya: I'm (5)..... of the Egyptian football team.

6-Tourist : Is Elephantine Island a good place for fish?
Tarek : Do you (1).....you want to go fishing?

Tourist :Yes. That's (2).....l like fishing.

Tarek: Yes. It is a popular place for people who like fishing. Have you thought

about going to the desert?

Tourist: {3).....do you mean?

Tarek: Well, you can go to the White Desert. It's very exciting.

Tourist: Did you (4).....go there?

Tarek: Yes. I used to go to Farafra. It's a place in the White Desert.

Tourist: I (5).....what you mean

7.Dalia: Can I ask you some questions?

Eman: Sure.

Dalia: What do (1).....do to our body? Eman: Lungs take in air and help us to breathe.

Dalia: Can smokers(2).....well?

Eman: Of course not.

Dalia: What (3).....the brain do?

Eman: It tells the parts of our (4)what to do.

Dalia: What does the heart do?

Eman: It (5).....blood around the body.

3-Read the following, then answer the questions:

A long time ago, there was a young boy who used to come and play around a huge apple tree every day. He climbed the tree, ate the apples and took a nap under the shadow. He loved the tree and the tree loved to play with him. The boy got older and didn't play around it every day.

Every time, when he came back, he was sad and didn't want to play with the tree. However, the tree was ready to do anything to make him happy. She gave him all the apples to sell them and buy toys. Then, she told him to cut her branches to build a house and at last, he took her trunk to build a boat and go sailing. Finally, he came back after many years but she told him that she had nothing left except her root. The man told her that he only wanted a place to rest. The man sat down and the tree was very happy.

......

A) Answer the following questions:

- 1. What did the boy use to do when he was young?
- 2. Why did the tree give the boy all the apples?
- 3. Do you think trees are useful? Why?

B) Choose the correct answer:

- 4. The tree gave the boy her to build a boat.
- a, apples b. branches c. trunk d. root
- 5. The main idea of the passage is to be
- a. careless b. helpful c. unkind d. sad





6.the underlined pronoun " her " refers to... a. girl b. place d. man

2-My name is Sandy. I used to work in a bank, but now I work as a secretary in a company. left the bank and joined the company seven years ago. I enjoy working here and I have made lots of friends. I met my husband in this company and we got married last year. Our manager, Mr Medhat, is a very nice man. He gave us three weeks off and he bought us a very nice wedding gift. When I am not working, I love spending time in my garden. I grow plants and vegetables. When I was a little girl, 1 wanted to be a gardener. I always helped my parents in the garden. My husband likes gardening, too. We went to the garden centre last weekend and bought some

new plants. My husband planted a new apple tree and some roses in the garden. I watered the tomato plants and the strawberries.

1	Why is Mr Medhat a kind man?
2.	Where does Sandy's husband work?
	What does the underlined word "gift" mean?

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4. Sandy used to help her parents in the......
- b) garden d) barn
- 5. Sandy wanted to.....when she was young.
- a) get married b) work in a bank c) be a gardener d) plant apple trees
- 6.planted the apple tree.
- a) The husband b) Sandy c) The manager d) None of them
- 3-One day, Mr Adel took his wife, Mrs. Amira and his children to the city park in order to have a picnic. They drove to the park early in the morning and arrived there at about 10 a.m. Mr Adel and his wife sat under a tree. They ate, drank and read newspapers. Their children ran and jumped on the grass. Amira decided to take some photos of them. While she was talking her camera out of her bag, she heard a cry. An old lady was running after a thief who took her mobile phone and started to run away. Amira guickly took three photos of him. When the police arrived, she showed them the photos. A few hours later, the police caught the thief. They gave the lady her old phone and thanked Amira.

a. Answer the following guestions:

- 1. Where did Mr Adel and his family go on a picnic?
- 2. How did Mrs Amira help the lady?
- 3. What does the underlined word "them" refer to?

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4. Mr Adel and his family went to the park by
- a. train d. plane b. metro c. car
- 5. Amira was a woman.
- b. clever c. stupid d. helpless
- 6.the thief tookfrom the old lady.
- a. photos b. camera c. phone d. newspaper
- 4-Omar and Salma went to Greece on holiday. They stayed in a nice, big hotel. In the mornings, they had breakfast at the hotel and in the evenings, they ate dinner at



restaurants. One night, they went to a famous restaurant and they sat outside because it was lovely warm weather. They ordered fish with salad and chips. The waiter served it. They saw a big sign. It said, 'Don't feed the cats.' Soon, they saw a beautiful cat. It came up to their table. It sat beside Salma.

Salma cut a piece of fish and gave it to the cat. It ate the fish. The waiter was not happy! The cat did not wait for another piece. It jumped on the table, took the fish and quickly jumped back down. At that moment, the waiter came back out. He saw the cat with the fish. He looked at Salma, but he didn't say a thing. His look said it all.

A. Answer the following questions:

- 1- Where did Omar and Salma go on holiday?.....
- 2- Why did they sit outside the famous restaurant?.....
- 3-Do you think the waiter was angry ?Why?

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 3- The waiter gave Salma a bad
- a meal b fish c cat d look
- 4- The restaurant was..... to put the sign.
- a bad b right c wrong d rude
- 5- The underlined pronoun "It" refers to the
- a fish b table c cat d piece

4-choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. The Egyptian handball team won an importantin2020. SE	
a) development b) experiment c) competition d) completion	
2. Aknows how to look inside the body to help people who are ill. WB	
a) sports coach b) surgeon c) police officer d) hero	
3- A/Andoes experiments to study and find out about how things work. WB	
a.event b.scientist c.worker d.hero	
4- A is an event when people try to get a prize by being the best at something WE	3
ateam b.charity c.coach d.competition	_
5- A/An is something serious or dangerous that you need to do something about.WB	
a. organisation b. emergency c. charity d. crescent	
6- The is the area outside a city, where there are farms and lots of nature. WB	
a.mountain b.earthquake c.countryside d.crescent	
7- Mona's mother is a/an at the hospital; they don't pay her for her work. WB	
a.coach b. volunteer c.patient d.adult	
8- You can only open this door in a/an, such as a fire.WB	
a pleasure b charity c emergency d or <u>ga</u> nisation	
9- A helps people who are poor, sick or don't have a home. SE	
a.prison b.charity c.museum d.theater	
10- The tells the parts of our body what to do. SB	
a.heart b.stomach c.eye d.brain	
11-Lina's cousin in hospital with an eye	
a. infected b.infect c.infection d. infectious	
12-Adam fell off his bike and has a bigon his arm. WB	
a.burn b.infection c.cut d.pump	
13- The lungs take in air and help us to	
a.breeze b.breath c.freeze d.breathe	
<u>≱14-</u> A teaches people how to play or improve a sport. <mark>WB</mark>	在
a sports coach b scientist c teacher d professor	3
15- I always give money to a/an that helps poor children. WB	4
a medicine b library c history d charity	

16-A..... helps people or animals that need help. WB

prep 2

a.charity worker b.sports coach c.nuclear scienti	
17-When you are older, do you want to live in the city or the	
a side b.earth c.countryside	
18.My sister has passed all her exams with good marks, and	
a.worried b. pleased c.proud 19- The heart blood around the body. WB	a. crowded
a.takes in b.drinks c.pumps	d plante
20. My brother is only 10 years. He wants to join thetea	
	d) senior
21. My grandfather is myHe helped many people in his	•
	d) driver
a) thief b) hero c) player 22Dr. Magdy Yacoub is a world famous heart	,
a) worker b) scientist c) waiter	d) surgeon
23-This great charity helps children heart proble	
	d) on
24. A player should practise more tohis skills in a spo	ort.
a) lose b) improve c) climb	d) make
25. Scientists do many experiments to findfor many il	Inesses.
a) treatments b) developments c) moments	
26. When I was little, a thiefme and a police officer s	saved me and arrested him.
a) attacked b) attracted c) won	d) earned
27Our team won the matchTunisia.	
a) away b) across c) again	d) against
28. My father died from is a dangerous disease.	
a) cancer b) flu c) kidney	d) heart
29. In handball, players score bythe ball into a goal.	d) acyting
a) touching b) throwing c) heading	d) saving
30.Mohamed Salah playsLiverpool team in England a) in b) on c) to	d) for
a) in b) on c) to 31. Working in a group is called	d) loi
a) homework b) manual work c) teamwork	d) housework
32.Scientists do experiments to how things work.	d) Housework
a) find out b) improve c) practise	d) touch
33. Everybody works hard to be	a, coach
a) success b) successful c) succeed	d) successfully
34. He had a terrible accident andá leg.	
	d) threw
a) won b) lost c) missed 35They started ato help people from poor families w	ith the disease.
a) foundation b) solution c) pollution	d) introduction
36- Omar Samra became the first Egyptian Mount E	
a-climbed b-climb c-climbing	
37- We always experiments at the school lab ever	
a.make b.do c.look	d.fly
38-Magdy Yacoub stopped most of his work a surg	
a.alike b.as c.like	d.such
39is a sport with seven players in a team.	
a.Tennis b.Boxing c.Snorkelling	d.Handball
40- Huda went to a surgeon to the cut in her hand. a.cook b.break c.sew	d plant
a.cook b.break c.sew 41- The little child off his bike and broke his leg.	d.plant
a.felt b.filled c.failed	d.fell
42-Women usually wear which is made of gold.	u.ieii
a.Furniture b.Jewellery c. Information	d.clothes
43.My house is very big. It has a lot of	3.0.01100
TOTAL TO THE SECOND SEC	



a) medicine	b) experience	c) information	d) furniture
44- She helped to lo		children in Egypt fro	
a.for	b.in	c. from	d.after
45. I always feel	of dark places.		
a) happy	b) scared	c) hungry don't leave any pape	d) busy
46.Our streets are of	clean because	don't leave any pape	r there.
		c) shop workers	
		aved a little girl from	
		c) serious	
_		it made me proud of	
a) dangerous	b) boring	c) heroic	d) scary
49 I went to the mus	seum and saw many	of Ancient Eg	yptians there.
		c) selfies	
		tor at his hospital. H	
a) worker	b) manager	c) cleaner	d) waiter
51- Street	help to keep our citie	es clean.	
a.builders		c.walkers	d.cleaners d) Pays
	person whofor o	our needs.	
	b) makes	c) buys	d) Pays
53. A/Anis the	person who helps p	people when there is	
a) firefighter	b) engineer children.	c) surgeon	d) waiter
54.Milk is useful	children.		
a.for	b.in	c. from	d.after
55- What's the	b.in you're leaving you	ur new job, Sameh?	
a.season	b.pity s as a/an	c.reason	d.question
56- My father works	s as a/an	in a big factory.	
•	b.teacher	_	d.farmer
	ork to achi		
a.hardly	b.difficult	c.easily	d.hard
58. We should	our country clean.		
a)keep	b)save	C) IIVE	d) store
59- my friend samy	was borna	a rich family.	d)into
a) at	b)in	c) on match in the stadiun	d)into
		match in the stadiun	n? I have tickets.
a final	b fun	c total	d signal

grammar



The past simple tense زمن الماضي البسيط

لتكوين 1-Form

الماضى البسيط من (التصريف الثاني للفعل) بإضافة d و ed الفعل إذا كان فعل عادي (ed الفعل الذا كان فعل عادي (Play – played / help – helped منتظم مثل المعالم المعالم

see - saw / go - went / have - had. يُحفظ مثلُ) يُحفظ مثلُ (عَير منتظم) يُحفظ مثلُ الله see - saw / go - went / have - had.

لاستخدام 2-Usage

نستخدم الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن:

١. حدث بدأ وانتهى في الماضي.

E.g. E.g. I <u>played</u> football yesterday. I <u>visited</u> my aunt a week ago. I was very tired this morning.

1. عادة في الماضي (غالباً مع كلمة "used to" والتي معناها "اعتاد أن").

E.g. When I was in Paris, I <u>used to play(played)</u> tennis.



كلمات الدالة 3-Key words

in 2009) سنة ماضية +in / الماضي مدة زمنية +last / منذ ago (مدة زمنية) / امس Yesterday ذات مرة once /عندما كنت صفير When I was young /في الماضي in the past

مصدرالفعل did not(didn't) + V.(inf) + فاعل

٤. النفي Negative:

في حالة النفي نستخدم (الصدر + didn't)

→ I didn't play football yesterday. → he didn't go to school last week.

لاحظ : هناك أشكال اخرى للافعال في زمن الماضي التي لايمكن تحول الى النفي باستخدام didn't مثل:

was→ wasn't / were→ weren't / could→ couldn't

⇒Ali wasn't at the cinema last week. **⇒**They weren't at school yesterday.

⇒ When I was young , I couldn't ride a bike.

السؤال Question:

?مصدر الفعل.... + inf + فاعل + Did

د تكوين السؤال ب Yes / No نتبع الاتى :



→ Did you watch TV last night? Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.

? (صفة او اسم او حرف حر + مكان) + فاعل + و اسم او حرف حر + مكان) ?

→Were you at the cinema last week? Yes, I was / No wasn't

ىند تكوين السؤال ب اداة استفهام



?مصدر الفعل.... + inf + فاعل + did + اداة الاستفهام

- → What time did you go to bed? Why did he buy that shirt?
- → where did you go yesterday? I went to the club

? (صفة او اسم او حرف جر + مكان) .+ فاعل+ Were /Was + اداة استفهام.

→ How was your birthday? Where was Samy's old house?

Used to + inf in alied

ا في الاثبات تستخدم used to (لتعبر عن عادة كانت تحدث في الماضي ولم تعد تحدث الأن)

used to + inf فاعل

I used to play football when I was young. - He used to be a driver, but now he isn't.

I <u>used to smoke</u> a packet a day He used to live in the countryside.

Didn't use to + inf فاعل

٢ -في النفى نستخدم

- He didn't use to play football when he was young. I didn't use to know much about my family history.

Did + + use to + inf ? ٣- في حالة السؤال بمعنى هل نستخدم

- Did she use to live in Cairo? yes, she did. / No, she didn't Did you use to get up early? yes, I did / No, I didn't



* use to + inf + فاعل + did + اداة استفهام

٢- في حالة السؤال باداة استفهام

What sport did you use to play?

I used to play football.

ملاحظات

لاحظ الاتي

- 1. He used to be thin. (but now he isn't thin / but now he is fat)
- 2. He used to smoke (but now he doesn't smoke).

ممتادعلی (am / is / are) / (get) used to (v + ing)

صفة (تعبر عن عادة تحدث في الحاضر)

I'm used to playing football . = I usually play football.

(be) used to + inf = (be) used for + (v+ing)

فعل أساسي في جملة مبنية للمُجهُّول و معنَّاه يُسْتخـدَم لكي

- Wood is used to make furniture.

- Wood is used for making furniture.

1. In 2016, a snarkOmar and ne lost a leg. WB	
a) is attacking b) attacking c) attacked d) attacks	
9- There a hotel in our city ten years ago, but now there are three. WB	
a weren't b didn't c isn't d didn't us <u>e to</u> be	
3 Egypt's football team the Africa Cup of Nations in 2010. WB	
a win b won c to win d winning	
4- He started playing chess when he was very little and he always very good at it.	WB
a.does b was c has d were	
5.in 1990, Hethe number one chess player in our city. WB	
a) is becoming b) becomes c) became d)become	
6. Yasser's grandmother work in a hospital. WE	
a. used to d. using to	
a. used to b. is used c. uses to d. using to 7. Dina money to a charity, but now she does. SE	
a.didn't use to give b.gave c.doesn't give d.used to give	
8. Did Hossam Hassan captain of the Egyptian Football team? SB	
a.uses to be b.was c.be d.use to be	
9- My grandfather football when he was young, but he can't walk now. WB	
a play b used to play c use to play d plays	
10- When she was a child, Yasser's Mumplay the piano every day. SB	
a used to b was used to c was using to d use to	
11- Where live before you moved to Alexandria? WB	
a.are you b.do you c.you used to d.did you use to	
12. Theyin the countryside, but now they live in the city.	
a) used to living b) use to live c) used to live d) using to live	
13play computer games when you were younger?	
a) Did you used b) Does he use to c) Did you use to d) Did you use	
14I went to Hurghada with my family a	
a) tomorrow b) next week c) last week d) week ago	
15. Howyour weekend?	
a. did b. does c. was d. do	
16you go to the museum last week?	24
a-Are b-were c-Did d-do	100
17-Whereyou yesterday?	1
a-did b-do c-are d-were	7.77

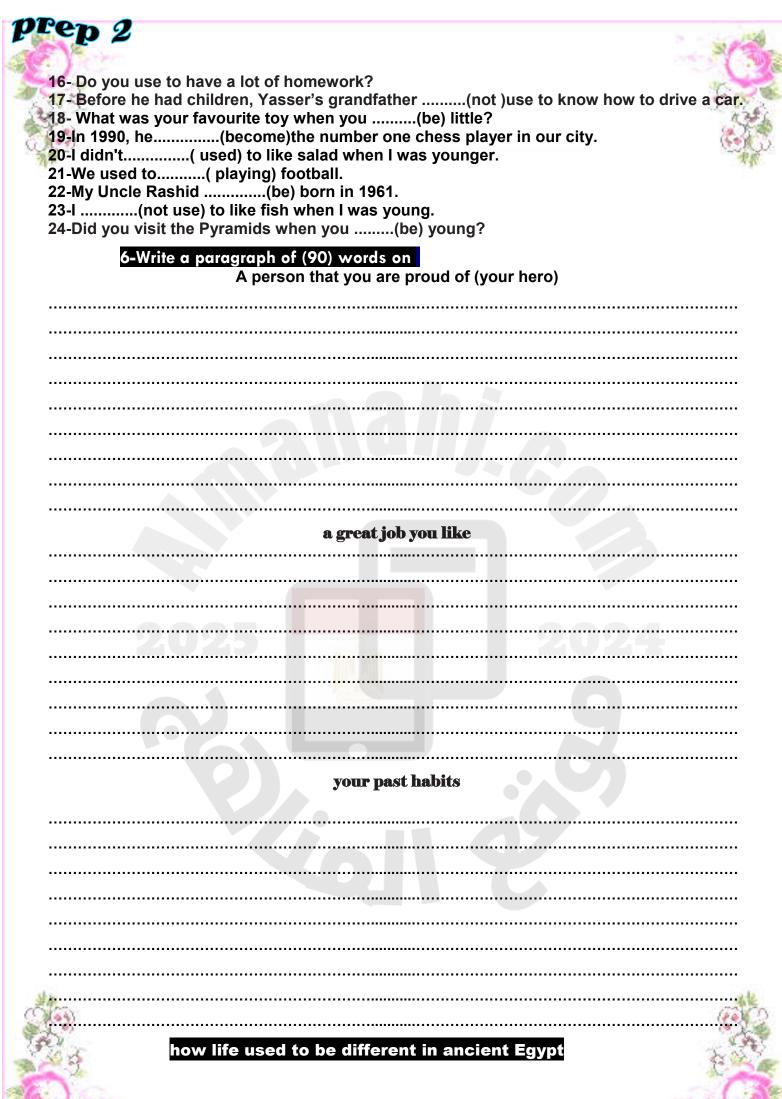
18-Where did you live when you a child?



a-were b-are c-was d-is	
19-Last summer, my family a fantastic holiday in More	occo.
a. have b. had c. has d. are having	
№ 20-Salah al-Din al-Ayoubythe citadel to protect Cairo	o.
a-built b-build c-builds d-building	
21-Whereyou yesterday?	
a-did b-do c-are d-were	
22your friends ready for the exam last week?	
a-was h-did c-were d-do	
23. Mona to school yesterday because she was ill.	
a. not come b. doesn't come c. don't come d. didn't come)
24-Hanyat school last Monday.	
a-didn't b-doesn't c-wasn't d.hasn't	
25 My family delicious food last week.	
a.ate b.eat c.eats d.ea	ating
26-I with a dolphin in Hurghada last summer.	
a-swim b-swam c-swim d-swimming	
27- My brother bought his house two years	
a.ago b.last c.once d.since 28. When you were ten, you use to live in a different l	
28. When you were ten, you use to live in a different l	house?
a. did b. does c. doing d. do	
29. He used toclever when he was young.	
a. be b. being c. do d. doing	
30. He used to clever things when he was young.	
a. be b. being c. do d. doing	
31. Did your children use to a lot?	
a. walk b. walks c. walked d. walking	
32. He used to smoke ,but now he smoke.	
a. doesn't b. don't c. isn't d. wasn't	
33. He used to be lazy , but now he	
a. is b. isn't c. don't d. doesn't	
34- Hany doing his homework an hour ago.	
a starts b started c start d starting	
35- HeAunt Reem when he was 20 and they got marrie	d in 1983.
a met b was meeting c meets d will meet	
36- My fatherus to school as the school bus didn't come	
a drives b drove c drive d driving	

5- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

5- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words
1- I (eat) fish last week.
2- who did you (seeing) last Monday?
3- she didn't (rode) a camel before.
4-We (write) in English yesterday.
5-My uncle (buy) his house last summer.
6-Hany (don't) play tennis yesterday.
7-Hala(be) ill last week.
8. I (sleep) in a tent last night
9. We (go) into the cave last holiday.
10- Before Yasser's dad got married, he (doesn't) use to live in Cairc
11- Where did you (went) on holiday last summer
12- What(do) you visit last week ?
13-How (did)your day yesterday ?
14-He swam in the sea, but he didn't(saw) any dolphins.
15- How did you(used) to go to school?



	\$2.5x
	. 1
()(°1)	
3	

Unit4 Into the past

arch	قو س	ruins	اطلال	interesting	شيق
castle		stadium		protect	یعمی
Complete building	مبنی کامل			race	<u> </u>
culture		temple	معبد	recommend	 یرشح/یوصی ب
entrance		theatre		review	مقال نقدية
historic		amazing		museum	متحف
mosque		ancient	قدیم/اثری جدا		رومانی
national	قومی/وطنی	awesome		ticket	تذكرة
pray	يصلى	behave		time	عهد/عصر
bowl	سلطانية	The museum		popular	محبوب/شعبي
		of Islamic art	الاسلامي		
coin	عملة معدنية	tool	اداة	senet	لعبة تشبه الشطرنج
figure	شڪل	vase	فازة	square	مربع
magazine	مجلة	Web page		ingredients	مكونات/مقادير
mask	قناع	chemical	مادة كيميائية	mix	يخلط
necklace	عقد/قلادة	clay	طين صلصال	ring	خاتم
papyrus	ورق البردي	design	تصميم	pot	اناء
company	شركة	debate	مناظرة	maybe	ربما
historic	تاريخي	environment	البيئة	tourism	السياحة
damage	يتلف	Local people	السكان المحليين	tourist	سائح
area	منطقة	pharaoh	فرعون	special	خاص
century	قرن ۱۰۰ عام	report	تقرير	Stone circles	الدوائر الحجرية
follow	يتبع	ruler	حاكم	war	حرب

2-Complete the following dialogue:

1-Amira .What do	you think, Hana	? Is tourism	good fo	r historic _l	olaces?
------------------	-----------------	--------------	---------	-------------------------	---------

Hana: Yes, I (1).....

Amira: Why do you think that?

Hana . Because tourists bring money to an area. This helps the local people.

Amira: 2.....think so.

Hana: Why not?

Amira: As a lot of money goes to big companies, not (3).....people.

Hana: Maybe, but some holiday companies help the environment and the local

people.



Amira : I (4)agree. Tourists drop rubbish and damage places. Hana : I see what you (5), but most tourists behave well.	5
2-Fady: Hello, Baher. How are you? Baher: Hi, Fady. Do you (1)this plan for a new hotel is a good idea? Fady: I don't think (2)	
3-Ticket office: Good morning, the Egyptian Museum. How can I help you? Customer: Good morning. (1)you tell me your working hours? Ticket office: (2)We're open daily from 9:30 to 6:30. Customer: (3)like to know how much the tickets are? Ticket office: Of course. Adults are 150 pounds and children under 12 are 75 pounds Customer: Can I buy the tickets at the museum? Ticket office: Yes, or you can buy them online. Customer: I'd (4)to know if I could bring my camera with me. Ticket office: Of course. But you mustn't take photos inside the museum. Customer: (5)you for your help. Goodbye.	-
4.Hany: Did you visit Jerash before? Samy: Sorry, What is Jerash? Hany: Jerash is a Roman (1)	

3-Read the following, then answer the questions:

1-The oldest museum in Cairo opened in 1835. There were more than 160,000 of Egypt's most valuable treasures on display. However, the museum didn't have space for 100,000 other objects. In 2002, there was a competition to design a bigger and more modern museum. The competition had 1,575 designs from more than 80 different countries.

The Grand Egyptian Museum (GEM) welcomed its first visitors in2019. It is <u>further</u> from the city centre than the old museum, but only two kilometres from the Pyramids at Giza, <u>It</u> has more space for valuable objects. More people can see them and it is able to look after the objects really well.



			200
a. Answer the following questions:			U.S.
1. Give a suitable title for this passage	ge		\$2
2. What do you think of museums?			A
3. How old is the oldest museum?			(A)
b. Choose the correct answer from a	, b, c, or d:		544
4. The word "further" is the opposite			
a. ancient b. nearer c. far		n	
5. The underlined pronoun "it" refers	s to		
a. the city centre b.Giza	c the old	museum d. GEM	
6. The museum is a place to keep			
a.designs b. pyramids	c. treasures	d. visitors	
2.We don't know who made teastories about that Nearly five to drinking water under a tree. So water, he liked the taste very most the tree. People drink tea be time. We all know that tea is gratea with milk. Others like to have tea in the morning and affect the second of the tree. People drink tea is gratea with milk. Others like to have tea in the morning and affect the second of the second	thousand year ome of the leave nuch. He though cause they this own in China a ve <u>it</u> with lemo ter lunch. s: tea? oun " it " refer to ma, b, c or d: means	s ago, the king of China yes fell into the pot Whe yht that the taste came in nk it helps them stay avand India. Many People on when they feel tired.	a boiled his en he drank the from the leaves wake for a long like to drink People usually
5. People usually drink tea with	when they	are tired	
a) milk b) orange	c) lemon		
6.Tea is grown in	Daniel Sand	2402	
a) Japan b) China	c) India	d) both b	
	12.00		
3.Egypt has a lot of ancient and one of the most famous buildir opened in1961. It is 187 metres Island. There is a restaurant at below you. There are 24 window walk to the top, there are 2,500 change. It is a wonderful buildia. Answer the following questions: 1. Where does the Cairo tower stand 2. How many windows are there on easy. What does the underlined word "b. Choose the correct answer from a 4. There arestairs a) 2050 b)5.200 5. The Cairo tower is	ngs in Cairo. tall and stand the top . <u>It</u> moves on each floor stairs! ach floor?	It took five years to buds next to the Nile on oves, so you can see a por of the building. If you	uild. It Gezira all of the city you want to e tower
a. dangerous b.ugly	c fantastic	d. small	(40
6. Building the tower started in			
(a) 1961 b) 1916	c) 1950	d) 1956	\$ 0
Market Company Control of the Control of th	-	-	



4. Many tourists like to visit Egypt. They usually come to Egypt in winter. They love to enjoy the fine weather. They visit many places in Egypt such as the Cairo Tower, the Pyramids and the temples. They enjoy the wonderful weather of Luxor and Aswan in winter. They usually take photos of the ancient temples in Egypt and they buy many things as souvenirs to remind them of Egypt. Other tourists like the beautiful beaches in Egypt, so they like to come in summer. They like to visit Hurghada for its fantastic beaches.

	`			4.5
/A1	1 Answer I	'ne tol	lowina d	uestions:
	<i>)</i> Aliowel (lowing t	ucstions.

1. Which places do tourists come to see in Egypt?	
---	--

2. Why do they usually go to Luxor and Aswan in winter?.....

3.What does the underlined pronoun "they" refer to?.....

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4. Tourists visit Luxor and Aswan in.....
- a) summer b) spring c) fall d) winter
- 5. The underlined word "ancient" means very......
- b)old c) near d) interesting
- 6. Tourists go to.....to enjoy the beaches there.

b) pleased

a) scary

a) Aswan b) Luxor c) Hurghada d) Cairo

choose the correct answ	wer from a,b,c or o			
1 We walked under a big			eum. <mark>WB</mark>	
a) arch b)statue	c) castle	d) ı	mosque	
a) archb)statueThis building became	after an ea	arthquake. W	3	
a) statues b) ruins	c) castle	s d) m	osques	
a) statuesb) ruins3.There are more than 2,000)in the	e museum V	/ B	
a) subjectsb) projects4.Heba is not interested	c) part	s c	d) objects	
4.Heba is not interested	playing tennis	s. WB		
	,	with		
5 We are proud of our	handball team. They	won the cup.	・ソスロリス	
a) world b) modern			ational	
6 In the past, people built				
	s c) stadi	ums d)	theatres	
7 We bought a new house v				
	•	d)	castle	
8 Children must learn how	-			
,	c) do	,	make	
9 When I look out of my bed	Iroom window, I hav	e a beautiful.		
a) locationb) sight10-They didn't complete thi	c)v	ew	d) review	
10-They didn't complete thi	s building at all. The	seard	thousands of y	ears old.
	s c)	entrances	d) castles	
11 This old castleto the				
a) gets b) date		c) goes		
12 When you travel to a his	_			
a) make b) get		c) teach	d) buy	
13 Many people are interest				
a) in b) a		c) on	d)onto	
14 Students usually bring				
a) bucket b) pa		c) baked	d)packed	
15 This book is very interes		\		
a) recommend b) ad	vise	c) tell	d)say	
16 The trip wasIt was	amazing.			753

c) awesome

d) boring

17. We call something					47
a) new b) m		c) patient	d) anc	ient	3200
18. People build					1
a) statues b) r 19.The museum is f	uins	c) castles	d) mos	sques	(60)
					4
a) theatres b)					
20 Ancient Egyptian					
a) metal			c) clay	d) water	
21 Ancient Egyptian				IN.	
a) papyrus			c) wool	d)paper	
22 Ais a piece		s money.	۵۱ ۵۵۰۰	al\ a. a.!.a	
a) pot		aaaa ta friahtan		d)coin	
23 Some boys wore	on their i	aces to inighter	ı gırıs.	o d) objeto	
a) shorts	D) SKIRTS	tiful on my	c) mask	s a) snirts	und my
neck.	gave me a beau	ululon my	y birtiiday w	hich I can wear a ro	una my
	h) watch		c) iumn	er d) necklace	
a) ring25 My mother wears	b) watch	or fingers. They	c) juilipe		<i>y</i>
a) rings					
26 Bees and ants ar			c) scaris	u) lieckiaces	
a) animals			c) insects	d) turtles	
27 People wear sun		neir eves from t		d) turties	
a) affect		ion cyco nom t	c) infect	d) give	
28 My father's mobil					
a) cost				d)sold	
29There is a	of flowers on th	e table next to	my bed.	ajoora	
a) bottle		io table liekt to	c) bag	d) glass	
30 The shop is very		There are many	v	u, g.u.c	
a) waiters b				d) objects	
31 We go to school				· , · · · , · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
a) accept	b) expect	,	c) except	d) aspect	
32- There was a	in our class a	bout how we he	elp the envi	ronment.	
a)debate	b) date		c)carpet	d) lamp	
33is impo	rtant for Egypt b	ecause it bring	s a lot of m	oney and jobs.	
a) Infection	b) illness		c) Pollution		
34 We should protect	ct ourplace	es because they	y are very ir	nportant.	
a) history				ohy d) historic	
35)Some tourists ar	e careless becau	use theyrul	bbish in his	toric places.	
a) drop	b) make		lend	d) mix	
36) Some projects in			-	=	
a) strange	b) local	-	storic	d) natural	
37) Some people thi		_			
a) attack	b) attract		damage	d) debate	
38) Ais a peri				A 15	
a) month	b) week		decade	d) century	
39- I want to know w				D 4	
a)to	b) in		under	d) at	
40- My brother work		nat organises n	iolidays.	d\	
a) fort	b) castle		palace		
				the most important	person.
a) ruler	b) roller		c) baker	d) waiter	100
42. This chemical he		-		d\ in	
a) away	b) by	c) i		d) in	1 1
43.Ais a p a) vase	b) tap		to make or tool	d) pot	12
a) vase	b) tap	U) (LOUI	u) pot	

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	a model of a person. WB		17
🏹 💸) figure	b) tap owls toingredie	c) coin	d) pot 💢 🏂
45.Popele used bo	owls toingredie	nts.	1
	b) mix		d) paint 📸
46	.are damaging many coun	tries around the world	
a) wars	b) weddings	c) birthdays	d) parties
	schools for deaf peop		
a) special	b) tourist	c) crowded	d) ugly
	dour country		
	•	•	to
	stingabout tou		
a) debate	b) report anyin the muse	c) paper	d) plan
a) castles	b) prayers	c) statues	d) arches
	Must	mmar <mark>/ mustn't</mark>	
	روري must	ني الوقت الحاضر - اجباري أو ض	يجب: تدل على وجوب فعل شئ ف
must	+ inf		
Illust			
They must a	ok right and left before you rrive on time careful in the laboratory!	cross the road.	
	essary/important to + i	anf ان	المسام المسام المسروري/ال <mark>م</mark>
	, and the second second		1535 C (4111)
	ني mustn't	او عدم وجوب فعل شي في الحام	لا بجب : تدا على النع أه التحريم
resucti	n't + inf	ار حدا ربرب حدل سی حی اعدا)
mustr	111		
	alk in the library.		
⊠in a museum	, you mustn't touch he obj	ects .	
⊠We mustn't ta	alk to each other in the less	son	
			. السؤال Question:
		Yes / Noنتبع الاتي :	عند تكوين السؤال ب
must + .te	? تكملة الجملة + مصدر + فاه	المجاز العالى .	
	the rubbish in the bin ?√-	_ Yes, you must √- No	, you mustn't
		Yes, you must √- No	, you mustn't
	the rubbish in the bin ?√-		
	the rubbish in the bin ?√-	Yes, you must √- No nuous tense ستمر	
	the rubbish in the bin ?√-		الماضي الم
	the rubbish in the bin ?√-		
	the rubbish in the bin ?√-	ستمر nuous tense	الماضى الما ١. التكوين Form:
→ Must we put	the rubbish in the bin ?√- The past conti	nuous tense ستمر ستمرمن	الماضي الم
→ Must we put	the rubbish in the bin ?√-	nuous tense ستمر ستمرمن	الماضى الما ١. التكوين Form:
→ Must we put	the rubbish in the bin ?√- The past conti	nuous tense ستمر ستمرمن	الماضى الما <u>ضى الماضى الماضى الماضى الم</u> <u>1. التكوين Form:</u> 1. في حالة الإثبات: يتكون الماضى الم
→ Must we put > They w	the rubbish in the bin ?√- The past conting **was/were + vere watching TV yester	nuous tense ستمرمن rb + ing) rday evening.	الماضى الما ١. التكوين Form:
→ Must we put > They w	the rubbish in the bin ?√- The past conti	nuous tense ستمرمن rb + ing) ستمرمن rday evening.	الماضى الما <u>ضى الماضى الماضى الماضى الم</u> <u>1. التكوين Form:</u> 1. في حالة الإثبات: يتكون الماضى الم
→ Must we put > They w	the rubbish in the bin ?√- The past conting **was/were + vere watching TV yester	nuous tense ستمرمن rb + ing) rday evening.	الماضى الما <u>ضى الماضى الماضى الماضى الم</u> <u>1. التكوين Form:</u> 1. في حالة الإثبات: يتكون الماضى الم
→ Must we put > They w	The past conting the rubbish in the bin ?√- The past conting to the past continue to the pa	nuous tense ستمرمن rb + ing) ستمرمن rday evening.	الماضى الما <u>ضى الماضى المان.</u> <u>١. التكوين Form:</u> في حالة الإثبات: يتكون الماضى الم



>Jana wasn't making dinner.

They weren't swimming



عند تكوين السؤال بهل نتيع الاتي :



Was + (I/he/she/It)+ v + ing ? Were + (we/vou/thev)+ v + ing ?

L.g > Was he/she (having lunch)? Yes, he/she was. No, he/she wasn't

→ Were you watching TV? yes, I was / No, I wasn't.

→Did you watch TV last night? Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.

عند تكوين السؤال ب كلمة استفهام :



كلمة استفهام

Was + (I/he/she/It)+ v + ing ? Were + (we/you/they)+ v + ing ?

➣- What were they doing at 5 yesterday?

They were playing football

:Usage ما كنين

١-للتعبير عن حدث استمر لفترة في الماضي في وقت معين

➤Tarek was eating dinner at noon yesterday.

They were studying English at 8 p.m last night

اللتعبير عن حدث كان مستمرا عندما قطعه حدث أخر في الماضي.

➤ While/As I was having lunch, the phone rang

>While (As/Just as/when) I was going home, I met one of my best friends.

>When I returned home, mother was preparing lunch

٣. الكلمات الدالة Kev words:

(all + <u>morning, afternoon, evening, night, time</u>), while عندما, just as ينما, when عندما, between 6 and 8, at ...o'clock yesterday, at...o'clock last, The whole/all day yesterday طول البوم امس

لاحظ استخدام الماضى المستمر والماضى البسيط مع (when/while/As)

While /As/ When ماضي يسيط ماضي مستمر ←

e.g -While I was reading my book, the phone rang.

As/When we were walking into the museum, we saw some old statues

While /As/ When → ماضی بسیط ماضي مستمر 🗲

my father arrived while my mother was cooking

ماضي مستمر ← When ماضي بسيط ←

my mother was cooking when my father arrived

1. Youlook right and left before you cross the road

a) must b) mustn't c) shouldn't

d) don't have to

2- You drink water from the river. It's not clean.

		c) has to	
		d; you will harm our ea	
		c) has to	d) mustn't
4) Youdo the h	າousework. Our m	nother is ill.	
a) must	b) mustn't	c) shouldn't	d)have
s This was a nice ev	ening. We must	agaın.	
a) meet	,	•	,
		nes a day. It's good for	
		c) mustn't	d) must
7 Youforget to	do your homewo	ork regularly.	
a) must to	b) must	c) mustn't to	d) mustn't
0 Yoube kind	to your friends.	c) must never	
a) mustn't	b)must	c) must never	d) shouldn't
9 It's late. Youn			
a) mustn't	b)must	c) shouldn't	d) don't
10 At school, you	listen to your t	eacher.	
a) have	b) must	c) mustn't	d) has to
11.a Yoube ho			
a) must	b) mustn't	c) shouldn't	d) don't have to
12. This is a valuable		keep it and mustn't lo	
a) must	b) mustn't	c) shouldn't	d) haven't
13- The telephone ra	ang while Tamer	doing his homewo	rk.
a) was		c) were	d) are
14 Sanaa heard the	noiseshe w	as watching a film.	
a) if	b) as	c) so	d) because
15 We were playing	tennis when Tam	erhis ankle.	
a) hurting		c) was hurting	d) is hurting
16. Someone opene			
a) was sleeping	b) was slept	c) sleeping	d) slept
17.While I was looki	ng out of the wine	dow, itto rain.	, .
		c) was startin	d) starting
18. As Ifor tomo	orrow's game, I fe	l <mark>l down</mark> and hurt my le	g.
a) practise			d) was practising
19. When I was your			
a) eaten		c) ate	d) was eating
20. The boys didn't p		•	3
a) rained			d) raining
21.Whatat 10		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,g
		c) did they use	to do d) are they doing
a. have watched	b. was watch	play at 10 o'clock. iing c. was watch	ed d. watched
		the lights	
a. goes		c. were going	
_		when the phone rang.	_
	_	c. has eaten	d. ate
25) Last year we	to the heautiful	city of Venice in Italy.	a. ato
a. were travelling		c. travelle	d d.travels
26.lt started to rain			a.tiavois
a) walking	_		d d) walk
27. My father was wa	•	,	d d) Walk
a) ring	b)rung	-	d) was ringing
28 When we est do	wn for a nicnic lo	ojialiy ite of runnare	through the park. WB
	wir for a picflic, fo was running		d) were running
		e animals, he	
		e ammais, nec)loses	



12				12
30 While Mona	tannie sha hurt hai	r arm WB		
	•	c. was playing	d. were playing	
31. I was doing my homewo			an more playing	17.05
a. was calling	b. calls	c. called d	l. calling	200
32. Lots of birds	in the sky as we	were sitting down o	n the beach WB	**
a. was flying	b. flew	c. fly d. wer	e flying	
-				
5- Complete the senten			rds in brackets.	
1 You (mustn't)stud				
2 You mustn't (using)				
3 You mustn't (to fo				
5.We must (to go) to				
6. People(must) th	_			
7 They (have) tea whe				
8 When he(arrive), w	_			
9 While I(sweep) the f				
10.They (forget) the		ork boro		
11.lt's a No parking area. yo 12.l was doing my homewo				
13. At four p.m. yesterday, I.	-			
14. I was walking through th				
15.While I was texting my fr				
16During an exam, you				
17. I(must) forget n				
18.When we sat down for a	-		ough the park	
19.While Mona	(play)tennis, she r	iurt ner arm.		
6-Write a paragra	ph of (90) words on			
	A historic plac			
				••••
				••••
				••••
				••••
		•••••		••••
				••••
	an ancient egy	ptian object		
<u>Jan</u>				
			13	



Unit 5 Helping you, helping me

Apartment = flat	7.3 2	stranger	غريب	Do random acts of kindness	یقوم اعمال لطف عشوانی
lucky	محظوظ	smile	ابتسامة/يتسم	Kind to	عطوف على
messy	فوضوى	tips	نصائح	Boarding school	مدرسة داخلية
lift	مصعد	thief	لص	Head teacher	مدرسة داخلية
stairs	سلالم	fantastic	رائع	polite	مؤدب
tidy	مرتب/منظم	trainers	حذاء رياضي	generous	کریم
Look after	یعتنی ب	perhaps	ربما	Pick up	يلتقط
Make the bed	يرتب الفراش	princess	اميرة	Cruel to	قاسی علی
Put away	يــضع شــيئا فـــى مكانه	community	مجتمع /جماعة	disabled	معاق
Take out	يخرج	beggar	شحات	businesswoman	سيدة اعمال
Wash up	يغسل الاطباق	servant	خادم	donation	تبرع
advertisement	اعلان	behave	يتصرف	Give away	يتبرع
kindness	طيبة/عطف	donation	تبرع	share	يقاسم او يشارك
random	عشوائي	donate	يتبرع	laboratory	معمل
helpful	معاون/مساعد	Difficult for	صعب ل	sailor	بحار
blog	مدونة الكترونية	Surprised about	مندهش بشان	Social media	وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي

2- Complete the following dialogue:

1-	Bood	y : He	llo	, Roaa.	How	are	you?

Roaa: Hi, Boody. I'm fine.

Boody: What jobs do you (1).....to do at home?

Roaa: I have to (2).....lunch.

Boody: (3).....you have to clean the floor?

Roaa: No. My sister cleans it.

Boody: Does your brother have to walk to school? Roaa: No, he (4)......He goes by bike.

Boody: What about you?

Roaa : I (5).....the bus.

2. Nasser: Do you have to study this evening, Omar?

Omar : Yes, 1(1).....

Nasser: Which subject do you (2).....to study? Omar: Geography! I have a geography test tomorrow.

Nasser: What (3).....your brother? Does he have to study, too?

Omar: No, he doesn't.

Nasser: What does he have to do then?

Omar: He (4).....to tidy up his bedroom; it's really messy.

Nasser: It's nearly the end of break. Where do we have (5)...... go for the next lesson?



3.Rahma Good morning, Haneen?
Haneen Good morning, Rahma?
Rahma Where do you (1)?
Haneen I work for a charity which looks (2)sick animals.
Rahma Who can help you?
Haneen People donate (3)to the charity to buy food for the animals.
Rahma What kinds of animals do you help?
Haneen We help animals such as (4)and camels.
Rahma I wish you good luck.
Haneen (5)you very much.
4.Manal : I m going to travel to London next month.
Hanaa :That's (1)news!
Manal: What do you think I should see in London first?
Hanaa : Historic places, I think. You (2)go to the
House of Parliament and the National Gallery.
Manal : And what about the British Museum?
Hanaa : Oh, yes. You (3)go there certainly.
Manal : I'll go to the museum in the afternoon.
Hanaa : That's not good. You (4)to be there early. Manal : Why (5)l have to go early?
inalial. Willy (3) llave to go early!
5.Elham : Manal, what do you think we should do?
Manal : I don't know. (1)watch TV.
Elham : That's a (2)idea. We're going shopping later, so I think you should rest for
a while.
Manal : I don't think I want to go anywhere.
Elham : What do you (3)? I thought you said we were going shopping.
Manal : I know, but I changed my mind. I'm too tired.
Elham : Well, when (4)you think we'll go?
Manal : Maybe tonight.
Elham : OK, (5)l use y <mark>our ph</mark> one?
6.Malak . I feel that famous people should work for a charity at the weekend.
Rawia . I m (1)sure. Some of them work very hard.
Malak : What do you think they should do?
Rawia . I think it would be (2) they gave some money to a charity.
Malak . I (3)that it's important for them to donate money.
Rawia : That's exactly what I think.
Malak . But I also (4)it's important to work for the charity, too.
Rawia : OK, but when? They don't have much time. Some of them work every day.
Malak : I see what you (5)Perhaps they can help for a day or two in their
holidays.
Rawia : Good idea.

3-Read the following , then answer the questions :

Mrs Saleh had two children. Samy was seven years old, and his sister Nora was four. Samy went to school, but Nora did not. When Samy was at home, he often played with Nora while their mother was cooking or washing or cleaning. Mrs Saleh was usually free to do her work quietly because Samy was very nice to his small sister.

One Friday morning, the two children were playing in the garden while their



mother was cooking lunch. They were quite happy until Nora suddenly began to cry and ran into the kitchen to her mother. Mrs Saleh stopped cooking and said, "Why are you crying, Nora? Samy broke my toy," Nora answered, crying more loudly." How did he break it?" her mother asked. Nora stopped crying, but did not answer for a few seconds. Then she said, "I hit him on the head with it."



	following question			
			ietly?	
B) Choose the c				
	l word "loudly" me		N 1 41	
a) calmly	, ,	, -	d) quietly	
	ied, her mother was b) bedroom		d) school	
6 The toy was	•	c) kitchen	u) school	
	b) cleaned	c) broken	d) old	
и, горинов	n, cicuiton	o, broken	u, o.u.	
old . She is goin party . Abeer and party. On Monday , the pread, cakes and so there must be reading the bool	g to invite Huda a d her mother are v ev will go to the sh d sweets . Then , se a lot of food . Ab	and Ranaa and a working hard. The hops by bus to b Abeer's mother beer has got a bo	hday party . She will her other friends new are making new uy food for the parwill cook . The girls ook about games for . She will choose	. It will be a nice of dresses for the ty . They will buy s will be hungry , or parties . She is
he book.				
A) Answer these	e questions :			
1. When was Ab	eer born?	"thoy" rofor to?		
3 How will Ahe	er and her mother	will an shanning '	?	
B) Choose the c		um go onopping		
	r mother will go sh	opping		
a) next Wedneso			nday d) on Sund	ay
5. Abeer's moth	er must have a lot	of food because		
	oe hungry.		will make new dress	
c) the family wil	l be hungry	d) all Abee	r's friends will be hap	эру
6. Abeer is	for th	e party.		

3.it was a rainy day in January, the farmers were in their fields. A boy ran towards them shouting for help. He told them that the river was coming up and they were in danger. They didn't believe him because he was just a little boy. An hour later, the high water in the river came over the land. The farmers now knew that the boy's words were true. They tried to save their fields and houses, but they couldn't control the water of the river. They had to run away. They were sad because they lost both their crops and houses. In the afternoon, some engineers came with a number of machines and dug a canal from the river. Some machines were also used to pump the water out of the fields.

b) reading a book about games

d) singing and dancing

į	Δ	Answer	the followin	g questions:

a) cooking food for the party

c) buying some dresses

1.Why was the boy shouting?.....

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B) Choose the corre				113
4. The underlined pro				
-) machines	c) enginee	ers d) farmers	T. F.
5.The farmers were	•	, .	, , , , ,	2.40
a) their pumps	b) their crop	c) machines	d) their child	dren
6. The farmers didn'		cause he was		
a) happy	b) clever	c) liar	d) little	
		•	we have heard and re	•
stories about that.	Nearly five thous	and years ago, th	he king of China boile	ed his
drinking water und	ler a tree. Some of	the leaves fell in	nto the pot. When he	drank the
water, he liked the	taste very much.	He thought that t	he taste came from the	ne leaves
of the tree. People	drink tea because	they think it help	ps them stay awake f	or a long
time. We all know t	that tea is grown i	n China and India	a. Many People like to	drink tea
			y feel tired. People us	
tea in the morning	_	m m s		•
A) Answer the follow				
1.Why do people dri				
B) Choose the corre				
4.The underlined wo				
a) opposite	b) almost	c) nearby	d) far	
5. People usually dri	ink tea withwh	en they are tired.		
a) milk	b) orange	c) lemon	d) leaves	
6.Tea is grown in				
a) Japan	b) China	c) India	d) both b and c	
3) Choose the correct			, his boolth WD	
1. They gave the footb				
a) leveling				ildran WE
			ed us when we were ch d) ugliness	naren ws
a) cruelty 3. This book is	you should re	c) killuliess	u) ugiiiless	
a) boring	b) bad		d) fantastic	
			l when a walk	ed into his
shop. WB	The fir the vinage, 30	The was surprised	wiich a wark	ca into ms
a) neighbour	b) relative	c) stranger	d) friend	
5.I'm verytoday b				
a) messy) lucky	
6.Students turns t	to answer questions	5.	,	
	o) do		d) take	
7.My sister likes helpi			,	
=	b) make	_	d} pay	
3. He lives on the 17th	-	•		
	o) ladder	c) lift		The same
9.1 usually				1
a) look after			d) look up	1
10.You should				\$7 (37)
a) take out b) look after	c) nut away	d) give un	200



11. My mother alw	vays takes out the r	ubbish when the bin	is	
a) full	b) empty	c) lazy	d) tidy	
		r to put her money in		
airing	b) scarf	c) necklace	d) purse	
13. you should	be kind	c) necklace straı	ngers .	
a) at	b) to	c) for	d) with	
15.It's friendly to	meet people with a			
a) smile	b) sadness	c) damage	d) cry	
16. Our children d	lon't often talk to		, -	
a) runners	b) waiters	c) strangers	d) designers	
17.To be good at	English, you should	lit.		
a) recommend	b) practise	c) tell	d) play	
18. I recommend	you watch that film.	lt's		
a) amazed	b) ugly	c) fantastic	d) boring	
19.When you are	on a bus, you shoul	dyour seat to o	lder people.	
a) take	b) give	c) touch	d) sell	
	t isthe fifth floo			
	b)from		d) between	
21. These are the	you should follo	ow to be fit.		
a) tubes	b) tips	c) lips d	d) taps	
22. Everyone wan	ts to make the world	d	for them.	
a) bad	b) worse	c) better	d) worst	
23. People who ca	an't walk, usually ha	ve a/anto hel	p them.	
		c) sofa		
24.You show	when you do thin	gs to help others an	d show you care about the	∍m.
a) kindness	b) sadness	c) carelessness	d) laziness	
25. Thegoes	to prison for taking	things that don't be	long to him.	
a) police		c) volunteer		
26. Players should	d wear the best	when they play to	help them run.	
a) glasses	b) trainers	c) jeans	d) jackets	
27. I saw a	man who cann <mark>ot w</mark> a	alk and uses a wheel	chair.	
a) messy	b) generous	c) clever	d) disabled	
28.The rich help p	oor people a lot wh	en theymone	y to charities.	
9) sell	b) borrow	c) donate	d) lose	
29.Aschoo	ol is a school where	students study and	live all the time.	
a) boarding		c) broad		
30. Children like t	o go to the zoo and.	animals there		
a) drive	b) play	c)feed	d) eat	
31. Ais the	e daughter of the kir	ng or queen.		
a) prince	•	c) servant	d) ruler	
32.Be careful! You	u're a small boy. Yo	u can'tthis heav	y bag alone.	
a) stop	b) leave		d) left	
33. Theme	eans people who live	e in a certain area in	a city or a town.	
a) community	b) distance	c) country	d) village	
34. We shouldn't	beto animals	5.		
a) kind	b) polite	c) tidy	d) cruel	
35. Nowadays the	re are many	in most streets who	ask for money.	
a) servants	b) beggars	-	•	
36.My grandfathe	r always gives us m	oney and presents.	He is	
a) lucky	b) tidy	c) clever	d) generous	
37. A is a	person who works	in houses.		
a) servant		c) beggar	d) princess	
38. A kind person	is someone who	well.		
a) sleeps	b) plays	c)behaves	d) travels	
39. I usually	school on ti	ime.		



200			
a) arrive	b) get	c) go	d) reach
40. The baker looke	b) get ed w	hen Sara gave all ca	akes to the beggar. 🌎 🏋
a) surprise	b) surprising always ask peo	c) surprised	d) surprises
413	always ask ped	ople for money .	Ì
	b) Bakers		d) Beggars
	n excellent cook. She		
a) generous	b) disabled	c) delicious	d) ugly
43 is to	give something usef	ul to a person or ch	arity that needs help.
	b) donate		d) steal
44. My aunt is a	She has a big con	npany.	
a) teacher	b) baker	c) businesswoma	n d)secretary
45 Ais the pe	rson who fights fires.		
a) Pilot	b) sailor	c) writer	d) firefighter
46. You should sho	b) sailor w yourbefore	leaving a country.	
a) report			d) photo
47.Ais the p	erson who works at ai	rports.	
a) pilot	b) sailor	c) writer	d) firefighter
48. We should put i	rubbish in		
a) pots	b) bins	c) bowls	d) bottles
49. Ais some	ething that women use	e to put their money	in.
a) suitcase			
50. Ais the p	erson who works on a	a boat.	
a) teacher		c) doctor	d) pilot
		to the top of a build	ing, without using the stairs.
a) roof	_		d) lift
52. Teenagers shou	ıldn't spend too much		
a) society			
53.My little brother	likes catching fish. He		
a) nurse	b) fisherman		d) firefighter
54. This is the	that my family donate		, •
	b) market		d) charity
	ce in the		
a) cinema	b) restaurant	c) cafe	d) laboratory
56. This charity has	got a lot offrom	rich people.	
a) pollution	b) equipment		d) development
57. How much time	did you spend	•	
a) at	b) in	c) of	d) on
•	ysthe toys	among my little bro	thers.
a) puts		c) washes	d)shares
, <u>-</u>	gavehis toys	•	
a) away	_	c) into	d) back
· -			

Grammar

Necessity and obligation الضرورة و الالزام

Present Necessity

الـضــرورة في المضارع

prep 2

تستخدم have/has to للتعبير عن قاعدة او قانون اواشياء مفروضة علينا ولا خيار لنا فيها I, you, we, they have to + inf. he , she , it — has to →We have to go to school on time ❖ She has to get a passport to travel to London. We have to go to school five days a week. All children in Egypt <u>have to</u> go to school from the age of six to fifteen. ـص الضــرورة في المضارع lack of Present Necessity ❖ تعبر عن عدم الضرورة لفعل شيء في المضارع (لا داعي لفعل الشيء ويمكن أن تفعله إذا أردت) I, you, we, they $\longrightarrow \int$ don't have to he, she, it She doesn't have to hurry. She isn't late for school. I <u>don't have to</u> do my homework today. We <u>don't have to</u> go to school on Saturdays عند تكوين السؤال ب Yes / No نتيع الاتي : ? مصدر have to÷ فاعل + →Does she have to eat breakfast? Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't. عند تكوين السؤال ب اداة استفهام : مصدر have to+ فاعل + Do /Does + كلمة استفهام ⇒When do we have to finish our homework? ⇒ Why does she have to go now? (advice) للنصيحة should / shouldn't + inf. النصيحة ← → نستخدم should بمعنى يجب إن للتحدث عن اشياء من الجيد أن نفعلها. Ex-You should go now The bus goes in ten minutes. → Tourists should wear sun cream when it s very hot . ← ← نستخدم shouldn't بمعنى لا يجب إن للتحدث عن أشياء ليس من الجيد إن نفعلها. ***you shouldn't watch too much television.** →You shouldn't walk too much in the sun. :Question د تكوين السؤال ب Yes / No نتيع الاتي : Should + ناعل + Should + ثاعل + 1 →should I go now? $\sqrt{-}$ Yes, you should $\sqrt{-}$ No, you shouldn't عند تكوين السؤال ب اداة استفهام ? تكملة الجملة + مصدر + فاعل + should + كلمة استفهام

ضمائر الوصل المحددة Defining relative Clauses

what should I do?

 $\sqrt{-}$ when should we go to the beach?



Who – Which – That – Where

(who – that)

الذي - التي : تستخدم مع العاقل

- → Miss Amal is the teacher who/that teaches us science.
 - → The stadium has 75,000 seats for people who/that want to watch sports.

<mark>ظ</mark>-عند استخدام comma قبل وبعد عبارة الوصل لا نستخدم that في هذا النوع.

- **▶**My mother, who is standing beside me, is very kind.
 - →Mr Zaki, who lives next door, is a scientist.

(which – that)

الذي - التي: تستخدم مع غير العاقل (أشياء وحيوانات)

- → That's the horse which/that won the competition.
- What's the name of the book which you are reading?
- **⊁Elephants**, <u>which</u> live for around 45 years, are found in Africa.

(where)

حيث : تستخدم مع المكان (وهي تعبر عن مكان او ما بداخله)

- > This is the house where Grandfather lived.
- ► This is the village where my father was born.
- ▶ There is also a stadium Where you can watch horse riding.

الاحظ اذا وجد حرف مع المكان فاننا نستخدم which وليس where

- $\rightarrow \rightarrow$ That is the flat which we live in
- →the house which they live in is very old.

نستخدم (which) مع المكان إذا جاء بعدها فعل وليس فاعل (او كانت جملة لتعريف المكان واعطاء معلومة

- This is the school which was built last year.
- ***Cairo International Stadium is in Nasr City, which is in the northeast of Cairo**
- →this is the house which my father bought last year

ملاحظات هامة للتشوز او صحح الخطا		
نختار who أو that	للعاقل	.1
نختار which أو which	لغير العاقل	۲.
يحدث شيء بداخله نختار where ويتبعها فاعل وفعل مع عدم وجود حرف الجر قبلهُ أو في نهايـة الجملـة ،		
وفي حالة وجود حرف الجر نختار which	لكان	۳.
لم يُذكر حدث يتم داخلهُ نختار which ويتبعها فاعل وفعل.	لكان	٤.
جاء بعده فعل مباشرة بدون فاعل نختار which	لكان	٥.

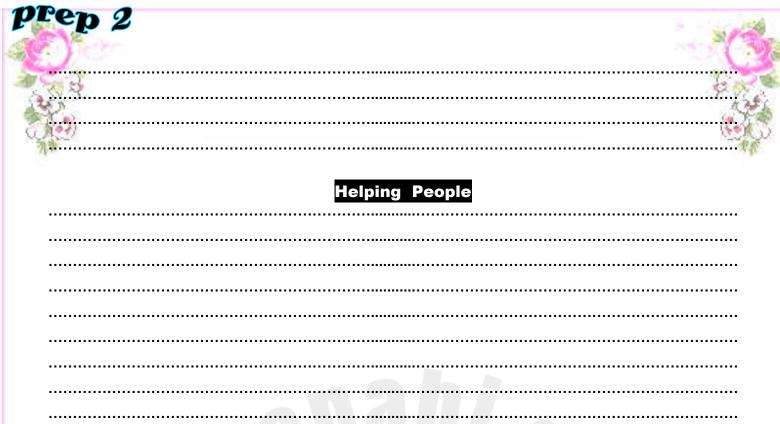
1. My father	get up at six o	clock every day to	go to work . SB
a) has to	b) have to	c) doesn't have to	d) don't have to
2. When you ge	t on the bus, you	bı	ıy a ticket. <mark>SB</mark>
a) have to	b) has to	c) don't have to	d) doesn't have to
3. At the weeke	nds, I get	up early. I can stay	/ in bed until 9 o'clock. SB
a) have to	b) hast to	c) don't have to	d) doe <u>sn't</u> have to
4. Everyone	do a ran	dom act of kindnes	s sometimes. WB
a) should	b) shouldn't	c) have to	d) has to
	. pass your exams to g		
a) should	b) don't have to	c) have to	d) doesn't <u>hav</u> e to
6. You	do your homew	ork at the same tim	ne everyday. <mark>WB</mark>
a) shouldn't	b) don't have to	c) have to	d) has to
7. You	show your passport	t when you leave th	e country . WB
a) have to b) ha	s to c) shouldn't d) nee	edn't	



	more; there's enough			
) don't have to		d) should	
	uniform, but Iwea			
	shouldn't c) ha	ive to d) de	on't have to	
	wear your jacket.			
a} shouldn't k	o) should c) do	on't have to d) mustn't	
	red. Shego to be			
	b) should c) I			
	ember to close the w			
,	don't have to		has to	
	ist food every day. It			
a) must b)	have to	c) don't have to	d) shouldn't	
	sses because I can't			
	don't have to	•	d) shouldn't	
15Hany	go to sch	ool on time.		
a don't have to	b have to day, so we	c has to	d doesn't ha	ve
16 It is cloudy too	lay, so we	take our sungl	asses.	
a don't have to	b not have to	c don't have	9 0	have not to
	to take p			
a-won't	b-haven't	c-shouldn't	d-doi	n't have
18Sara h	ave to get up early? b-ls you have			
a-Are	b-ls	c- Do	d-D	oes
19- What game do	you have	?		
a-practise	b-practising	c- to practise	e d	-practise
20.Youplay fo	ootball here. It's dang	jerous.		
a) have to	b) don't have to atis near the s	c) mustn't		d) must
21- We bought a fla	atis near the s	school.		
a- who b-	which c- where	d- what		
22- What's the nam	ne of the book	you are reading?		
	which c- where			
23- The people	live next do <mark>or are</mark>	very friendly.		
	which c- whe			
24- This is the villa	gemy father w	<mark>/as bor</mark> n.		
a- who b-	which c- wher	e d- what		
25- Please show m	e the photosyo	ou took on Sports Da	ay.	
a- who b- v	which c- whe	re d- what		
26-Tennis is a gam	e many peopl	e enjoy.		
a- who b- wh		d- what		
27- That's the spor	ts clubmy bro	other plays basketba	ill.	
	which c- whe			
28- That is the sho	pMagda boug	ıht her jumper.		
	nich c- that	d- where		
	e citywe lik			
a- who b- wh	=			
30-Mr Ali	is a teacher, is	very kind and helpfu	I.	
· ·	which c- whe	-		
	guage is s		ntries.	
	which c- whe			
	semy fa		r.	
	which c- whe			
and the second s	e my		ccident.	
D-78 M-7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7	when c. v	-	d. which	
St. 14 (1) 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	nice beach,we			
Control of the Contro	p) which c)v		d) where	
	nserves drinks		,	



a) who	b)when		d) whic		II)
	ou very much for yoι		was very intere	esting.	\$2.00
a) what	b)who	,	d)that		43
	to the mosque				(60)
a)which	b) where		d) whose		#
5- Con	nplete the sentend	ces with the	e correct form	of the words	in brackets.
	hool we(hav	,			
	Does) the boys have				
	(doesn't)have t				
	(has to) leave nov		•		
	(have to) go to so (not have) to go	•	_	vit's a haliday	
	ow what I(sho				
	e to(wore) spe				
	(have to) show h				
	the place(w				
	ll is a sport(w				
	friend is someone				
	the city(w				
	the shoes (who			cousin.	
	he man(which			a loo araam	
	e (where) I m e villa (who)			s ice-cream.	
	ind the pen(-	_		
	oo, there is a parrot			he people.	
	is the city(wh		-	P. C. L. C.	
	ı see the car	•			
	omeone (wh			hine.	
23.Mr Sabri	i's the teacher	(Where) ta	ught my sister.		
		Davidson.		000	
		Random a	cts of kindnes	<u>ss</u>	
•••••	•••••				
		••••••			
	•••••				
		A sto	ry you read		
建					_4
\$ 25 mm					
A					17.24
250					



Unit 6 Different environments

Air pollution	تلوث الهواء	seat	مقعد	Line graph	رسم بیانی خطی
canal	قناة	Warn (ed)	يحذر	Melt (ed)	ينصهر/يذوب
drought	جفاف	Water pollution	تلوث الماء	presentation	عرض تقديمي
electric	کهربی	Bar chart	رسم بیانی شریطی	recycling	اعادة التدوير
environment	البيئة	cause	يسبب	serious	جاد/خطير
flood	فيضان	Changing world	العالم المتغير	temperature	درجة الحرارة
mountain	جبل	Climate change	التغير المناخي	axis	محور
report	تقرير	electricity		weather	الطقس
rubbish	قمامة	Green energy	الطاقة النظيفة		
Black honey		Pray (ed)	يصلى	Protect (ed)	يحمى
canal	قناة مائية	title	عنوان (كتاب)	Respect (ed)	يحترم
cotton	قطن	east	شرق	Scuba diving	رياضة الغطس
delicious	لذيذ	north	شمال	wildlife	الحياة البرية
Introduce (d)	يقدم	south	جنوب	The Red sea	ساحل البحر الاحمر
				coast	
Locate (d)	يقع	west		sweets	حلوى
monuments	اثار	Damage (d)	يتلف/يدمر	Produce (d)	ينتج
mosque	مسجد	podcast	بث اذاعی	position	مكانة/موقع
diagram	رسم بیانی	Aim to	يهدف الى	including	متضمنا/مشتملا على
Burn(burnt)	يحرق	City centre	وسط المدينة	remind	يذكر
Reuse (d)	يعيد استخدام	Collect		riverbank	ضفة النهر
solution	حل	event	حدث	tonnes	اطفان
Solve (d)	يحل	global	عالمي	gas	غاز
Vote (d)	يصوت	importance	اهمية	Lead to	يؤدى الى
coloured	ملون	volunteer	متطوع	idea	فكرة



2- Complete the following dialogue:

1.Ali : Hello, Eman. How are you?

Eman : Fine.

Ali : Which is (1)..... the laptop or the computer?

Eman: The (2).....is bigger.

Ali : Is the screen on the computer the same as the one on the laptop? Eman : No, the screen of the computer is not (3).....small as the laptop.

Ali : What (4).....the price?

Eman: The price is the same. The laptop is similar to the computer in price.

Ali : Which is heavier?

Eman: (5).....

2.Adel : Where do you live? Ibrahim : I (1)...... in Tanta.

Adel: Where is Tanta located?

Ibrahim: It's (2).....in the north of Egypt.

Adel : What is it known for?

Ibrahim: It's known for its (3).....sweets.

Adel : How can I go there?

Ibrahim: You can go there by bus or by (4).....

Adel : Tanta is a very beautiful city.

Ibrahim: (5)....., it is.

3. Hala: Where did you go on holiday last year?

Nora: I went to Alexandria.

Hala:Where did you (1).....?

Nora: I stayed in my uncle's flat.

Hala: (2).....did you travel there?

Nora: I travelled (3).....train.

Hala: Did you (4).....in the sea?

Nora: Yes, I did.

Hala: What did you eat there?

Nora: I usually (5).....fish when I was there.

4. Aya: The problem is that we all use too much water.

Reem: I (1).....We should do something about that.

Aya: Certainly. We could use less water.

Reem: That's (2).....So, how can we use less water?

Aya: Well, (3).....don't we try recycling water?

Reem: Sorry, I don't know what you mean.

Aya: We could use water twice.

Reem: (4).....could we do that?

Aya: For example, we could use the water from washing to water the plants.

Reem :That's an interesting (5).....!The plants would like that.

5.Dina: Look at all the plastic water bottles in the rubbish bin.





Leila: What's the problem with that? Dina: The(1)is that we use too many of them. Leila: What can we do with that problem? Dina: We (2)stop people using them. Leila: How can we stop people using them? Dina: Why (3)we ask people to use them again? Leila: (4)could we do that? Dina: People could take the bottles home, wash them, and bring them to school the
Leila: What can we do with that problem? Dina: We (2)stop people using them. Leila: How can we stop people using them? Dina: Why (3)we ask people to use them again? Leila: (4)could we do that?
Leila: What can we do with that problem? Dina: We (2)stop people using them. Leila: How can we stop people using them? Dina: Why (3)we ask people to use them again? Leila: (4)could we do that?
Dina: We (2)stop people using them. Leila: How can we stop people using them? Dina: Why (3)we ask people to use them again? Leila: (4)could we do that?
Leila: How can we stop people using them? Dina: Why (3)we ask people to use them again? Leila: (4)could we do that?
Dina: Why (3)could we do that?
Leila: (4)could we do that?
next day.
Leila: (5)an interesting idea. We can see what the teacher thinks.
Lena. (3)ari interesting idea. We can see what the teacher timiks.
C Mafae . I like yeur new abook Mihat are they made of?
6.Wafaa : I like your new shoes. What are they made of?
TasnemThey are made of (1)them?
Tasnem: I bought them last week.
Wafaa : Who bought them for you?
Tasnem: My (3)
Wafaa : (4)?
Tasnem: It was my birthday.
Wafaa : Great. Can you come with me to buy a pair for me?
Tasnem: (5)
-Read the following, then answer the questions:
1.A nature reserve is an area of land in which animals and plants are protected.
Nature reserves may be built by the government in some countries, or by private
landowners.
There are 30 nature reserves in Egypt which cover 12% of Egyptian land. Those
nature reserves were built to protect the Egyptian nature. Egypt announced a
plan to build 40 nature reserves from 1997 to 2017, to help protect the natural
resources and the culture and history of those areas. The largest nature reserve in
Egypt is Gebel Elba (35,600 square k <mark>ilome</mark> tres) in the southeast, on the Red Sea
coast.
A) Answer the following questions:
1. What's the passage about?
2. What is a nature reserve?
3. Why do you think Egypt planned to build more nature reserves?
B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
4. Who can build nature reserves around the world?
a) Governments b) Private landowners c) Universities d) Both a and b.
5. The largest nature reserve in Egypt is
a) on the Nile b) on the Red Sea coast
c) on the Mediterranean coast d) on the ocean
6. Nature reserves cover aboutof Egyptian land.
a) 10% b)20% c)25% d) 12%

2.I like to collect fossils. It's an interesting hobby, although it is not always easy to find them. The first thing you have to do is to find the right place. I know a place in the desert where there are many fossils. When I see a fossil, first I look carefully to see if it was a plant or a small animal. After that, I put the fossil in a small bag. Then, I take it home. The next step, is deciding where to put the fossil. I group the fossils of animals and plants and keep them in different boxes. **Finally**, I find out the name of the animal or plant and write it in my

notebook.				
a. Answer the fol	lowing guestio	ns ·		E V
			nome ?	1125
2 What does the	writer do in his	reep ilis lossiis at i		(a)
			•••••	
b. Choose the co				
4. The underlined a fossil			al la a co	
	b box	c. notebook	d.bag	
5. There are many			al a alea a l	
a desert	b field	c.farm	d.school	
		means		
a at last	b. first	c. usually	d.sometimes	
3 Ahmad and Sal	na were in the	dinning room and th	eir parents were at work. S	Soha wae doing
			s playing with her toys. Sol	
	-			
			Soha went to the bathroo	_
•	, ,	•	lot of water on the bathroo	
			out the water and decided t	
_			hmed decided to phone hi	s mother and
father and tell the				
A) Answer the fo				
B) Choose the co				
4. The underlined	-			
a) floor	b) vapour	c) dinning roo	om d) water	
5. While Ahmed a	and Soha were	in the dinning room	, their parents were at	
a) school b)	home	c) work	d) bedroom	
6. There was a lo	t of water on th	efloor.		
a) bedroom b)	dining room	c) hall	d) kitchen	
		Disc will		
4-choose the co	rect answer	from a,b,c or d:		
1. Please take yo	ur	home; do not leave	it in the park. WB	
a) rubbish	b) grass			
•			, so people used boats to	leave their
houses! WB			,	
a) flood	b) storm	c) drought	d) storm	
		city so the airis		
a) polluting	b) pollute	c) pollute		
<i>,</i> -		, ·		WB
a) flood	b) storm	c) drought	_	
•	•	because it is very	The state of the s	
a) polluting	b) pollute			
			they use no fuel. WB	
		c) oil		
a) fuel	b) green	,	d) petrol	
		on the top of the mo		
a) sinking	b) trying	c) leaving	, ,	
		ause the climate is		
a) environment	b) mark	c) tempera	•	24
		on tops of mountai		(FA (T)
a) dry	b) melt	c) snow	d) rain	() L
r // /	_	ıs to help the enviro		W. 128
a) recycling	b) cycling	c) damaç	ging d) throwing	8

		nvironment. It's god	
	b) Green		
		nould take it to the r	
		c) tools	
_			there and forget their worrie
a) relax			d) relaxation
		ng hotter and drier.	
a) climate	•	c) whether	•
		nink there will be a s	
	b) fire		
			ollute the environment.
a) Electricity	b) Electrical	c) Electric	d) Electrician
17. Every activity	peoble do can dan	nage or help the	we live in.
		c) laboratory	
			't any rain for a long time.
a) emergency	b) accidents	c) floods	a) aroughts
	varm		AV 1 - A
•	b) weather		d) wind
	eis going to b		al) alimanta
a) storm) weather	c) breeze	d) climate
	nean worse fires tha		al) alve contate
a) floods) floats	c) droughts	a) draughts
		worse than the last	
	population	-	d) decision
		ecome ill or sick.	al) a a ve a a
a) makes D) spends asas flo	c) feels	d)causes
24. Droughts are	asas 110	c) serious	al) volovina
a) sale b)	amazing	c) serious	a) relaxing
25. Wy nome tow	n ison the coa	st. It's in the south-	
		c) located	d) lied
	known	orts person, isfo	
			d) spent ly for anything I want.
	communicated		d) connected
•	like to visit Port Sa		d) connected
	spend		d) hold
	nmadi Mosque inTa	•	u) noid
	fished		d) played
30 Fount has wo	inderful ancient	which tourists like	
31 Most fruit and	l vagetables are	c) developments in the local a	
a) fed	h) grown	c) lived	d)located
32 Minya has de	licious black	c) lived made from s c) flower	unar
a) honey	h) rose	c) flower	d) cotton
	e from		a) sotton
a) cotton		e) sugar	d) wheat
34 A	is a long area of wa	iter made for ships (or hoats WB
a) coast		c canal	d) beach
		aking clothes. WB	
36 MrTaha is fam	ous for his sto	ries. We all laugh a	d) Flower lot when we hear them
a) boring		c) expensive	
		nment when they vis	
		c) Guides	
		esthe ri	



10 10 10			
a) a long	b) along	c) long	d) longer
	tels shouldthe		
	b) attack		d) damage
	ocateda lovely		
a) on		c) of	
41.The few turtles	s on the beach are in	danger. As a	the hotel is helping them.
a) cause	b) result	c) reason	d) mark
	ne boatsthat co		
	b) respect		
	op touristsdam		
	b) from		
	.around the world, vi		
a) to	b)from	c) at	d) by to spend the weekend.
45. My father alwa	ays asks us tosug	gestions about how	to spend the weekend.
a) make	, ,		
			the person they want.
a)vote			
	ways tells me how to		
	b) kill c		
	ded that we could		
a) drop		c) attract	
	y we reuse old thing		
	b) Recycling		
	ge is aproblem		
•	b) national	•	, —
51. People in my	local area decided to	clean up theto re	educe water pollution.
	b) Park		
	ways advises me to b		
a) at			d) to
	e riverth <mark>e wildlif</mark>		
a) stores			
54. When there is	too much smoke co		ories, it air pollution.
a) causes	b) stops	c) protects	d) saves
	he room in this hot <mark>el</mark>		
a) introducing	b) paying	c) including	d) producing
	os and supermarkets		-
a) corner	b) centre	c) border	d) wall
=	enme to get my		
a) reminds	b) remembers	c) writes	d) shows
		orammar	

Comaparative and superlative adjectives

ولها نفس الشكل (التكوين) في المفرد والجمع ، والصفات يمكن أن تسبق الاسم اوتاتي بعدة	١_ الصفة هي كلمة تصف اسماً ،
<u>:</u>	ويكون قبلها (v to be)

→ Strong boys. → They are strong.

→Ahmed is a careful driver. →The weather is hot

الصفة سواء كان الموصوف مفردا او جمعا/مذكرا/ مؤنثا

●Huda is tall.

→ Amira and Doha are tall.

→ Samy is short → Nady and Hany are short prep 2

(be - get - become - go - grow - turn)

٣ ـ تأتى الصفة بعد هذه الأفعال بمعنى يصبح

The food went bad.

He grows angry.

The sea turned rough.

إذا جاءت هذه الافعال بمعنى يبدو يأتي بعدها صفة (look - seem - appear - sound)

He looks happy

Your job sounds really interesting.

You seem very quiet today

وتنقسم الصفة الى

صفات قصیرة (Short adjectives (one syllable)

er + than +

١. عند المقارنة بين اثنين للصفات القصيرة التي تتكون من مقطع واحد نستخدم:

٢ عند المقارنة بين اكثر من اثنين للصفات القصيرة نستخدم :

the + صفة + est

الصفة Adjective	المقارنة Comparative	التفضيل Superlative
صفة	er than +صفة	+est صفة +The
Tall	Taller than	The tallest
fast	Faster than	The fastest
old	older than	the oldest
high	higher than	The highest
safe	safer than	the safest
cheap	cheaper than	The cheapest
quiet	quieter than	the quietest

Ex- early mobiles are heavier than today's phones.

- → the plane is faster than the train.
- ←→today's phones are the easiest to carry around

عمفات طویلة(Longer adjectives (with two or more syllables

١ عند المقارنة بين اثنين للصفات الطويلة التي تتكون من اكثر من مقطع نستخدم :

+ than صفة + more/less

-عند القارنة بن اكثر من اثنين للصفات الطويلة نستخدم :

صفة + the most/least

الصفة Adjective	المقارنة Comparative	Superlative التفضيل
صفة	than + صفة + More	صفة + The + most
	than + صفة	صفة + The + least
popular	More popular than	The most popular
expensive	More expensive than	The most expensive
dangerous	More dangerous than	The most dangerous



difficult	More difficult than	The most difficult
beautiful	More beautiful than	The most beautiful

Ex-This computer is less/more expensive than that one.

- → A train is more comfortable than a bus..
- → For some people, speaking on a mobile phone is the least important of its uses!

The lion is the most dangerous animal in the forest .

→This is the most expensive dress in the shop .



لاتستخدم the قبل صيغة التفضيل بعد s'الملكية او صفات الملكية

Ahmed shawky was one of Egypt's most famous poets

صفات شاذة تحفظ Irregular adjectives

الصفة Adjective	المقارنة Comparative	Superlative التفضيل
good	better than	the best
bad	worse than	the worst
little	less than	the least
many / much	more than	the most
بعيد (مسافة) Far	further than	the furthest

<u>♦في حالة التساوي في الصفة نستخدم:</u>

as + صفة + as

♦ Samy is as tall as Ali

♦ في حالة النفي نستخدم<u>:</u>

not as / so + عفة. + as

← Heba isn't as/so old as Aya.

المضارع البسيط في المجهول Present simple passive

المبنى للمجهول هو الجملة التي نبدا فيها بالمفعول فربما لا نعرف من الفاعل او لانريد ذكره او معروف جدا

- «The farmer grows vegetables and fruits.(مبنى للمعلوم)
- # vegetables and fruits are grown by the farmer.(مبنى للمجهول)

۱ - التكوين Form:

am / is / are + P.P +by + noun مفعول

 $\mbox{\bf Ex-spring}~\mbox{\bf \underline{is}}~\mbox{\bf celebrated}~\mbox{\bf in}~\mbox{\bf different}~\mbox{\bf ways}~\mbox{\bf all}~\mbox{\bf over}~\mbox{\bf the}~\mbox{\bf world}.$

⇒oranges <u>are grown</u> in hot countries.

في حالة النفي

isn't /aren't + pp + مفعول به

Comic film isn't watched by Amira



عند تكوين السؤال ب Yes / No نتبع الاتى :



P.p ? مفعول + p.p

Ex- Is snow formed in the sky?

→ Is evaporation caused by the sun? Yes, it is

Ex- Are special foods eaten at the festival? yes, they are





+ p.p بمفعول + Am/is/are + اداة استفهام

Ex- How is rain made?

★ ► What are doors made of?

▶ Doors <u>are made of</u> wood

* Where is rice grown? It's grown in India.

1.Alexandria in the north of	f Egypt. SB					
a) located b) is locating	c) is located	d) locate	es			
2.The farmers around heremar	y vegetables. SB					
a) growing b) are grown	c) grow	d) is growing				
3. The museumby lots of people	e every year. SB					
a) is visitingb) are visited4. The city is for its beautiful	c) visits	d) is visited				
4. The city is for its beautiful	ul buildings. SB					
a) is known b) knows c	is knowing	d) knew				
a) is known b) knows c 5.Lots of cotton in the area.	SB					
a) are grownb) is grown6.Many fish in the sea near Port S	c) grew	d) grows				
6.Many fish in the sea near Port S	aid. <mark>SB</mark>					
a) caught b) is caught c) are	caught	d) catch				
7. Recycling isas using less ele	ectricity for the en	vironment. SB				
a) more important b) most important c) so important d) as beautiful 8.Mount Kenya is not as nighMount Kilimanjaro. SB						
8.Mount Kenya is not as nighMount Kilimanjaro. SB						
a) as b) than c) to	d) s	0				
a) as b) than c) to d) so 9.This book is bad, but the other book is						
a) worse b) worst c) more worse	d) badly					
10.This month wasthan last month because we had some big storms. SB						
a) wet b) more wetter c) the wettest d) wetter						
11. Lying on a beach is	than working in th	ne city. <mark>SB</mark>				
a- relaxing b- most relaxing	c- more r	elaxing	d- as relaxing			
12. Plastic pollution isnow than it was before .SB						
a) bad b) worse c		d) the worst				
13. There is a lot of traffic in Cairo; it is						
a- noisier b- more noisier	c- nosies	st c	l- noise			
a- noisier b- more noisier 14.Ali says that football is not	as handball. SB					
a-so difficult b.the most difficult	c. more diffi	cult	d. less difficult			
15.Figs are as chocolate.	BB					
a-so delicious b. most delicious	c. more delic	ious	d. as delicious			
16. Our house iscomfortable than the						
a) more b) most		d) little				
17. Sarah is than her siste	er.	,				
		d) youngest				
18 .Cars arethan motorbikes.	-, , g	, ,.				
	c) more safer	d) safest				
a) safe b) safer 19.Sharks arethan lions.	.,	,	(20)			
a) dangerous b) more dangerous	c) much dange	rous d) most d	angerous 📉			
20- Hassan is afootball player the			\$x @			



		c) better	d) the best	3
	as as the		d\ the feeteet	- 0
22-I do not ear	n asmor	c) fastest ney as you do.		
a) much	b) more	c) less	d)many	
23Mount Ever	rest is	c) less than Mount Kilima	aniaro	
a-higher	b-hiah	c- highest	d-highly	
		on a Saturday t		
		crowded c- i		d- as crowed
		than the red		a as crowed
		c- nicely		
			a moo	
a- more taller	h- tal	lest c- tall	d- taller	
27 which hrid	an ei anh	lest c- tall ., the 6 th October brid	ne or the Oasr El Nil	l hridae?
a- long	h- longer	c- longest	d- longer ti	nan
28_ English is	than many	other language	u- longer ti	iaii
20- Liigiisii is	h) more ese	other languages. y c) easiest	d) the escipet	
20 Wo can run	o) illoie eas	ey can.	u) the easiest	
29- We call full	h) fact	c) factoet	d) the fastest	
a) laster	popular g	c) fastest	u) the lastest	
o) most	h) the most	c) less	d)more	
a) IIIOSt	tio fo	otholl or toppic?	djillore	
31- Willen Spoi	h) bottor	otball or tennis? c) better than	d) the best	
32tile	b) Hee	the police officer? c) Does	4/ /W:II	
a) is	D) Has	nthan i	a) winter	
33. In Summer,	more ice crean		n winter.	
a) ate	b) eats	c) is eating	a) is eaten	
34. The nowers	s are watereu	my brother e	every morning.	
a) of	D) at	c) with by many peopl	a) by	
35. I his writer s	s articles	by many peopl	e.	
		c)are reading		
		a second language i		
a) is speaking		c) speaks	d) is spoken	
	from		d\ makaa	
a) making	b) made	c) is made by my mother.	d) makes	
36. The walls a	ren t	by my motner.	al\ mainta	
a) painted	b) painting	c) paint	d) paints	
			مراد ما الم	
		c) is cleaned		
		from Cairo than the o		
a) far		c) furthest	d) further	
5- Complete	the sentence	s with the correct	form of the words	in brackets.
1-No one in c	lass is	(tallest) than Reem.		
2-Cairo is	(most) crow	ded than Giza.		
3- An elephar	nt is(big)	than a camel.		
4- Today it's	not(wind)	as) yesterday		
5- That moun	tain was	(high) than we thou	ght.	
6- Cheese is.	(bad) fo	r you than fruit.		
		ensive) than that one.		
	e(big)c			
		angerous than footba	II.	ia
) player in the team.		1.5
ARCH TA	•	ne(mode	rn) hotel in the city	48
		r) from my house that	,	4

