

مراجعة شاملة للفصل الأول

موقع المناهج ← المناهج العمانية ← الصف العاشر ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الأول ← الملف

تاريخ نشر الملف على موقع المناهج: 04-11-2022 09:23:59

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف العاشر					
		CHANNEL			
روابط مواد الصف العاشر على تلغرام					
الرياضيات	<u>اللغة الانجليزية</u>	اللغة العربية	<u>التربية الاسلامية</u>		

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف العاشر والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول				
<u>نموذج أسئلة الاختبار الرسمي الموحد</u>	1			
<u>نموذج امتحان نهاية الدور الأول نسخة جديدة</u>	2			
حل كتاب الطالب حسب المنهاج العماني	3			
كلمات ومفردات الوحدة الثانية	4			
كلمات ومفردات الوحدة الأولى	5			

مراجعة للمغم العاشر

Final Revision for Grade Ten - First Semester 2018

Prepared & Organized By Mr. Ali Nazif

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⇒ يتكون الامتحان من (٤) أجزاء : الجزء الأول : الإنصات (Listening)
 الجزء الثاني : قواعد اللغة و المفردات الجديدة (Grammar and Vocabulary)
 الجزء الثالث : القراءة (Reading)

الجزء الرابع : الكتابة (Writing)

Listening	15 Marks
Grammar & Vocabulary	10 Marks
Reading	20 Marks
Writing	15 Marks
TOTAL	60 Marks

و فيما يلى شرحا تفصيلياً لهذه الأجزاء :

⇔ الجزء الأول : الإنصات (Listening (15 marks)

يجب قراءة أسئلة الإنصات في بداية الامتحان قبل الاستماع

و الانصات عبارة عن ٣ أسئلة :

الأول : نستمع لفقرة أو محاثة عن (وظائف أو أماكن أو نشاط معين) نسمع و نختار الإجابة الصحيحة

الثانى : نسمتع لفقرة عن شخص أو مكان أو زيارة ثم نكتب الاجابة التي لا تزيد عن ٤ كلمات

الثالت : نستمع لبعض الجمل عن (وظائف أو أماكن أو نشاط معين) نستمع و نظلل أسفل الكلمة المقصودة

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راجع هذه الكلمات (مهمة جدا لحل الانصات)

⇦

bank clerk		a stewardess	مضيفة طيران
detective	مفتش مباحث		طبيب بيطري
actor	ممثل	a salesman	مندوب مبيعات
carpenter	نجار		سائق تاكسي
company manager	مدیر شرکة	0	مصمم أزياء موضة
travel agency	مكتب سفريات	a receptionist	موظف استقبال
cinema	سينما	an engineer	مهندس
beach	شاطئ	a manager	مدير
a customer	زبون _ مستهلك	a patient	مريض
a film director	مخرج أفلام	a sportsman	رجل رياضي
a hotel		a photographer	مصور
a museum	متحف	a pilot	طيار
office	مكتب	a doctor	طبيب
a zoo	حديقة حيوان	a factory	مصنع
pharmacy	صيدلية	a newspaper office	مکتب جرائد
artist	فنان		موقف باصات
secretary	سكرتيرة		عيادة
classroom	حجرة الصف	fire fighter	عامل إطفاء الحرائق
hospital	مستشفى	chef	رئيس طهاة
restaurant	مطعم	musician	موسيقار
school	مدرسة	secretary	سكرتيرة
supermarket	سوبر مارکت	engineer	مهندس
watching a film	يشاهد فيلم	patient	مريض
making food	يصنع طعام	passenger	مسافر
catching a fish	يصطاد سمك		تلميذ
airport		sun cream	دهان لفحة الشمس
sending a letter	یر سل خطاب	digital camera	كاميرا رقمية
building a house	يبني منزل	reading materials	مواد القراءة
flying a plane	يقود الطائرة	audience	الجمهور _ المستمعون
actor	ممثل	lawyer	محامي
a tourist	سائح	electrician	محامي کهربائي مزر عة
hunter	صياد		مزرعة
daughter	إبنة	garage	ورشة
painter	رسام	petrol station	محطة البترول – شيشة
mother	أم	shop	دکان
mechanic	ميكانيكي		فندق
company manager	مدیر شرکة	bus station	محطة الباصات
sport		ocean	محيط

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book	كتاب	tour guide	مرشد سياحي
weather	طقس	coral reefs	شعاب مرجانية
health	صحة	llama	حيوان اللاما
food	طعام	rocket	صاروخ
passenger	مسافر - راکب	internet café	مقهى انترنت
zoo keeper	حارس حديقة	baker	خباز

LISTENING 1 (Items 1-6) (6 marks)

You are going to hear an interview in the studio between a presenter and Mr Hassan Unver, the Mayor of Nevsehir. They are talking about **an underground city** discovered in Turkey.

Listen and for each item, shade in the bubble next to the correct option.

1	The underground city was discovered in Turkey in					
	2014	2015	2016			
2 It was discovered by some						
	archaeologists	builders	scientists			
About historical items were found in the underground city.						
Ŭ	30	37	44			
4	The tunnels were originally us	The tunnels were originally used to transport				
-	agricultural products	artefacts	historical objects			
5	5 The Cappadocian people used the underground city to their enemies.					
	arrest	attack	hide from			
6	In the future, the underground	d city will be used to support				
	agriculture	research	tourism			

LISTENING 2 (Items 7-11) (5 marks)

You are going to hear a story in a radio programme about an earthquake in Italy. Listen and for each item, write a short answer (**not more than FOUR WORDS**).

7. Where was Stefano when the earthquake happened ?
8. How many people were injured in the earthquake ?
9. Why couldn't Stefano call his family ?
10. Who died from his family ?
10. Who died from his family ?
Crade 10 Final Revision 1st 7erm

11. How long was Silvia buried under the ruins?

.....

LISTENING 3 (Items 12-15) (4 marks)

You are going to hear four people speaking. **Where** are they? Listen and for each item, shade in the bubble under the correct option.

	at an airport	at a bank	in a cinema	at home	at a library	at a sport stadium
12.						
13.						
14.					· · · · ·	
15.						

سؤال انصات أخر من سنوات سابقة

Listening One الإنصات الأول ٦ درجات

(حاول أن تنصت لهذه المحادثة و بعدها اختر)

Doctor : Hello Ahmad . what's the matter with you?

Patient : Hello doctor, I just need to do an entire physical exam.

Doctor : When did you last come in for a physical exam?

Patient : I had my last physical two years ago.

Doctor : Have you had any other exams recently? Blood work, an EKG or an ultra-sound?

Patient : Well, I had a few X-rays at the dentist's.

Doctor : How have you been feeling in general?

Patient : Pretty well. No complaints, really.

Doctor : Could you roll up your left sleeve? I'd like to take your blood pressure.

Patient : Certainly.

Doctor : 120 over 80. That's fine. You don't seem to be overweight, that's good. Do you exercise regularly?

Patient : No, not really. If I run up a flight of stairs, it takes me a while to get my breath back. I need to get out more.

Doctor : That would be a good idea. How about your diet?

Patient : I think I eat a pretty balanced diet. You know, I'll have a hamburger from time to time, but generally I have well-balanced meals.

Doctor : That's good. Now, I'm going to listen to your heart.

Patient : Ooh, that's cold!

Doctor : Don't worry it's just my stethoscope. Now, breathe in and hold your breath. Please pull up your shirt, and breathe deeply... Everything sounds good. Let's take a look at your throat. Please open wide and say 'ah'.
Patient : 'ah'

Doctor : OK. Everything looks ship shape. I'm going to order some blood work and that's about it. Take this slip to the front desk and they'll arrange an appointment for the tests.

Patient : Thank you doctor. Have a nice day

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LISTENING 1 (Items 1-6) (6 marks)

You are going to hear a conversation between a doctor and a patient. Listen, and shade in the bubble next to the correct option.

1	The patient had had his last physical exam					
	two weeks ago	two years ago	two months ago			
2	The patient had another exam recently for					
_	a swollen ankle	dental work	a broken bone			
3	The patient's health in gener	al is				
Ŭ	poor	unsatisfactory	fine			
4	According to the physical exa	According to the physical exam might be a problem for the patient				
	weight	lack of exercise	high blood pressure			
5	bothered the patient a little.					
Ŭ	The use of the stethoscope	Taking his blood pressure	Taking a look at his throat			
6	The doctor asked him to					
ľ	lose weight	take a ship	have blood test			

Listening Two الإنصات الثاني ٥ درجات (حاول أن تنصت لهذه الفقرة و بعدها أجب)

LISTENING 2 (Items 7-11) (5 marks)

The Alaska pipeline starts at the frozen edge of the Arctic Ocean. It stretches southward. ending at a remote ice-free seaport village nearly 800 miles from where it begins. It is huge in size and extremely complicated to operate. The steel pipe crosses plains and miles of mountains and under hundreds of rivers and streams . Up to 84 million gallons of crude oil can be pumped through it daily. Resting on H-shaped steel racks called "bents," long sections of the pipeline follow a zigzag course high above the frozen earth. Other long sections drop out of sight under spongy or rocky ground and return to the surface later on. One of the largest in the world, the pipeline cost approximately \$8 billion and is by far the biggest and most expensive construction project ever undertaken by private industry. In fact 8 major oil companies formed a group in order to share the cost. Today, despite enormous problems of climate, supply shortages, equipment breakdowns and labor disagreements, the Alaska pipeline has been completed and is operating.

LISTENING 2 (Items 7-11)

Listening Three 3 الإنصات الثالث ٤ درجات

(حاول أن تنصت لهذه الفقرة عن بعض الوظائف و بعدها ظلل تحت ما تراه صحيحا)

- 1. Well, yes. I've been having some gum pain recently and one tooth is aching. Actually, I filled two cavities last time and I had plaque.
- 2. I need to get a loan to build a house. If it's possible to get it next week.
- 3. I didn't see the criminal but my neighbor said that he was wearing a green coat and a huge brown hat. He ran away in a white car.
- 4. I liked your last show. It was really funny and you received positive review for your performance.

	bank clerk	detective	actor	carpenter	dentist	company manager
12.						
1 3.						
1 4.						
1 5.						

⇔ الجزء الثانى : معانى الكلمات و المرادفات Grammar and Vocabulary

و هو عبارة عن ٤ أنواع سؤالين للكلمات و سؤالين للقواعد :

أولا: أسئلة المرادفات Vocabulary

الأول (٢.٥ درجة) تكملة فقرة ببعض الكلمات الهامة في المنهج و تكون هناك اختيارات

الثانى (٢.٥ درجة) و هو تكملة بعض الكلمات بحروف ناقصة بعد قراءة شرح الكلمة

و لحل هذين السؤالين : راجع أهم الكلمات الجديدة في منهج الفصل الدراسي الأول:

civilization	حضارة	historical	تاريخي
agriculture	الزراعة	fake	مزيف
landmarks	معالم	genuine	أصلي
talented	مو هوب	fossil	حفوري
inventions	اختراعات	collapse	ينهار
responsible for	مسئول عن	tough	قاسي – صلب
architect	مهندس معماري		هيکل
involved in	متورط في – مشترك	global	عالمي
famous for	مشھور بے	worried about	قلق على
great at	عظيم في	behaviour	سلوك
trader	تاجر	suspicious	مرتاب – شاك في
decorated with	مزخرف بـــ	ashamed of	محرج من موقف فعله
education	التعليم	cooperation	تعاون
evidence	دلیل	fate	قدر
excavation	التنقيب	celebrities	مشاهیر
discovery	اكتشاف	goodwill ambassador	سفير نوايا حسنة
citizenship	مواطنة	type	نوع
awareness	وعي	admire	يعجب بـــ

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ick cream ory ot naracter ction on-fiction nemy esigned me eather ndscape cene paring nxious onflict <i>v</i> il nd ood	دعة صرخ صة حبكة تحبكة ييال ييال غير خيالي غير خيالي عدو ممم ممم قت ممم ينو زار مراع مطوف – طيب مشبر مربر
cream ory ot naracter ction on-fiction nemy esigned me eather ndscape cene paring nxious onflict <i>v</i> il nd ood	صة حبكة بخصية غير خيالي عدو صمم قت تضاريس – شكل الأرض تشهد براع مراع عطوف – طيب خشب
ory ot naracter ction on-fiction nemy esigned me eather ndscape cene paring nxious onflict vil nd ood	صة حبكة بخصية غير خيالي عدو صمم قت تضاريس – شكل الأرض تشهد براع مراع عطوف – طيب خشب
ot naracter ction on-fiction nemy esigned me eather ndscape cene paring nxious onflict <i>v</i> il nd ood	ييال غير خيالي مدو ممم قت طقس تتضاريس – شكل الأرض شهد مراع مراع مطوف – طيب
naracter ction on-fiction nemy esigned me eather ndscape cene paring nxious onflict <i>v</i> il nd ood	يبال غير خيالي عدو قت طقس تضاريس – شكل الأرض شهد براع مراع عطوف – طيب
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on-fiction nemy esigned me eather ndscape cene paring nxious onflict vil nd ood	يير خيالي عدو قت قت طقس تضاريس – شكل الأرض شهد سراع سراع مطوف – طيب شب
nemy esigned me eather ndscape sene paring nxious ponflict vil nd ood	عدو صمم قت طقس تضاريس – شكل الأرض شهد زأر مرير سرير مطوف – طيب شب
esigned me eather ndscape cene paring nxious onflict <i>v</i> il nd ood	صمم قت طقس تضاريس – شكل الأرض شهد مراع سراع مطوف – طيب شب
me eather ndscape cene paring nxious onflict vil nd ood	قت طقس تضاريس – شكل الأرض شهد زأر نق ترير مرير شب
eather ndscape cene paring nxious pnflict vil nd ood	طقس تضاريس – شكل الأرض رأر ق سراع برير مطوف – طيب
ndscape cene paring nxious ponflict vil nd ood	تضاريس – شكل الأرض شهد زار فق سراع مطوف – طيب شب
eene oaring nxious onflict vil nd ood	شهد زار نق سراع مطوف – طيب شب
oaring nxious onflict vil nd ood	زأر ق سراع برير مطوف – طيب شب
nxious onflict /il nd ood	سراع ىرير عطوف – طيب شب
onflict /il nd ood	سراع بریر مطوف – طیب شب
vil nd ood	ىرير مطوف – طيب شب
nd ood	ىطوف – طيب شب
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	لفوف – متعرج
	طب – عصي
	صرخ ۱۱۱۱ شانت ز
	بل الماموث المنقرض الاترينيين
	ىملاق – ضخم ائار
	هاية القصبة - الحل تترب
	تراح
	ي بي بيدي . :
	جنة
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norform		aanditiana	
perform	يؤدي	conditions	لروف – شروط تاد
off road	بعيداً عن الطرق الممهدة		
race		safety	یان
puncture	تقب في الأطار	appropriate	ناسب
get rid of	يتخلص من	protect	حمي
referee	حكم مباراة		بياند – يدعم
remove		helmet	وزة
injury	إصابة		ىضلات
balance	توازن	jogging	هرولة
fabulous	خرافي	team	ريق
improve	يتحسن	supporters	يمن شجعون مهيلات حترف
gymnasts	لاعبي الجمباز	facilities	ىھيلات
fans	معجبين _ هواة	professional	حترف
disaster	كارثة	speed	رعة ركة
natural		movement	ر کة
hurricane	إعصار		ر رخ – صدع
tornado		destroy	رخ – صدع .مر در شرد – بلا منزل
flood		estimate	در
drought	ي ٿي جفاف		ر شر د _ بلا منز ل
landslide	إنزلاق أرضي		مدت حدث
earthquake	<u>ېرورین رويي</u> زلزال		الحل
fire	<u> </u>	bolts	م ساعة ب
		temperature	سواعق رجة حرارة
severe			رجد کر ارد همات
develop		assignment local	
violent		volcano	حلي رکان
statistics			
lightning	البرق		ور
splint		dormant	امد
survive	يبقى حيا	signal	ىارة
skyscraper	ناطحة سحاب		تعجب
focus	یرکز علی		مح
raft	عوامة – قارب بسيط	attempt	حاولة - يحاول
exhausted	منهك	require	طلب
remote	نعتر		حضر
patient	صابر – مريض	conference	مضر ؤتمر
recreation areas		donations	ر عات
despair		charity	معية خيرية
survivors	الناجــون		مع التبر عات
sponsor	راعي	0	مع التبر عات وضنة
prediction		victims	۔ بیحایا
preparation	تجهيز – استعداد		أوى
prevention	وقاية - منع		ملاق ملاق
curious		announce	مان _ بصد ح
salaries		attention	ملاق الن – یصر ح ہتمام
Jului ICJ	×ر÷–		

نماذج لبعض الاسئلة المتوقعة على الكلمات الجديدة من السنوات السابقة
 النوع الأول : فقرة و بعدها اختيارات نظلل تحت الاختيار الصحيح

SEMESTER ONE, 1st SESSION 2016 / 2017

The Old Man and the Sea is a short novel written by the American (1) Ernest Hemingway in 1951. It (2) the story of a battle between an old fisherman and his greatest catch of a huge fish, called marlin. Santiago is the main (3) in the novel. He gets rid of his bad luck of returning home empty-handed for 84 days by catching the (4) marlin. The Old Man and the Sea was the last major work of fiction by Hemingway that was (5) during his lifetime.

1.	athlete	archaeologist	author	forecaster
2.	draws	speaks	tells	writes
3.	character	plot	setting	theme
4.	enormous	surprised	tiny	weak
5.	disappeared	examined	predicted	published

SEMESTER ONE, 2nd SESSION 2015 / 2016

Being (1) of the weather is important to (2) injuries during water sports. If you are planning for this kind of activity, you should listen to the weather (3) Also, whenever you are on the water (4) an eye open for any change in the weather conditions. The weather may change (5), so you should always be prepared. For example, if there is any sign of an electric storm, get out of the water immediately.

1.	tired	scared	aware	proud
2.	decline	prevent	attract	cure
3.	documentary	forecast	landscape	movie
4.	keep	continue	stay	search
5.	heavily	absolutely	suddenly	definitely

SEMESTER ONE, 2nd SESSION 2014 / 2015

I had a great time working with the Omani Rescue (1) to help victims in different countries around the world. They were looking for (2) so I decided to join. I started by (3) funds throughout different activities, like, fancy dress day, food day and fun run. We were also (4) by well-known companies with T-shirts and caps. which brought in more money. This is important work, so I (5), you all to give it a try, as our little contribution means a lot to others.

1.	preparation	contribution	competition	prevention
2.	explorers	referees	strangers	volunteers
3.	replacing	sending	winning	raising
4.	produced	protected	sponsored	surprised
5.	prohibit	attract	encourage	collect

النوع الثانى: ٥ جمل تكلمة الحروف الناقصة من كلمة بعد قراءة شرح للكلمة

SEMESTER ONE, 1st SESSION 2016 / 2017

For each item, read the definition and the example. Then complete the word in the space provided. You are given the first letter(s) of the word. Make sure your **spelling** is **correct**.

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Example: (noun) a room where food is prepared and cooked *e.g. They keep the fridge in the kit c h e n*.

6. (noun) a large area of land covered with thick trees.

e.g. Many wild animals live in the for _ _ _ .

7. (noun) a building where important historical objects are kept and shown to people.

e.g. Many tourists visited the National **Mus** _ _ yesterday.

8. (adverb) the opposite of quietly.

e.g. The teacher asked the student to speak lou _ _ _ .

9. (adjective) the opposite of weak

e.g. Doing exercise makes your body fit and **str___**.

10. (verb) to keep away from something.

e.g. What food do you **av** _ _ eating?

SEMESTER ONE, 2nd SESSION 2015 / 2016

6. (adjective) known by many people.

e.g. Al Pacino is one of the most **fa____** film actors in the world.

7. (verb) die of hunger.

e.g. If food doesn't arrive soon, thousands of people will **st____**.

8. (adjective) able to cut easily.

e.g. Be careful ! That knife is very **sh___**.

9. (adverb) in fact , actually

e.g. He said he was sorry, but I don't think he re____ meant it.

10. (verb) to be able to do something.

e.g. How did you **ma____** to find us here ?

SEMESTER ONE, 1st SESSION 2014 / 2015

6. (verb) to cry because you feel sad.
e.g. Children esily we__ if they don't get what they want.
7. (noun) an exciting experience in which usual things happen.
e.g. We had a great adv_____ walking through the tropical forest
8. (noun) things that make you believe that something is true.
e.g. The police don't have enough evi_____ to take him to court.
9. (adjective) achieving what you want to achieve.
e.g. He was very succ_____ in his business and made lots of money.
10. (noun) an old story that many people believe.
e.g. In their tradition, there is one my__ that they all believe.

SEMESTER ONE, 2nd SESSION 2014 / 2015
6. (adjective) with a thin edge that can cut things easily.
e.g. For cooking, you need some good sh___ knives.
7. (verb) to teach somebody to do something.
e.g. If you tr___ people well, they will do a good job for you.
8. (adjective) very large and heavy.
e.g. They bought a mas____ door for the new mosque
9. (verb) to set fire to something.
e.g. I decided to bu__ my old letters and other papers.
10. (adjective) the same as somebody or something else.
e.g. First, you should divide the money into four eq___ parts.

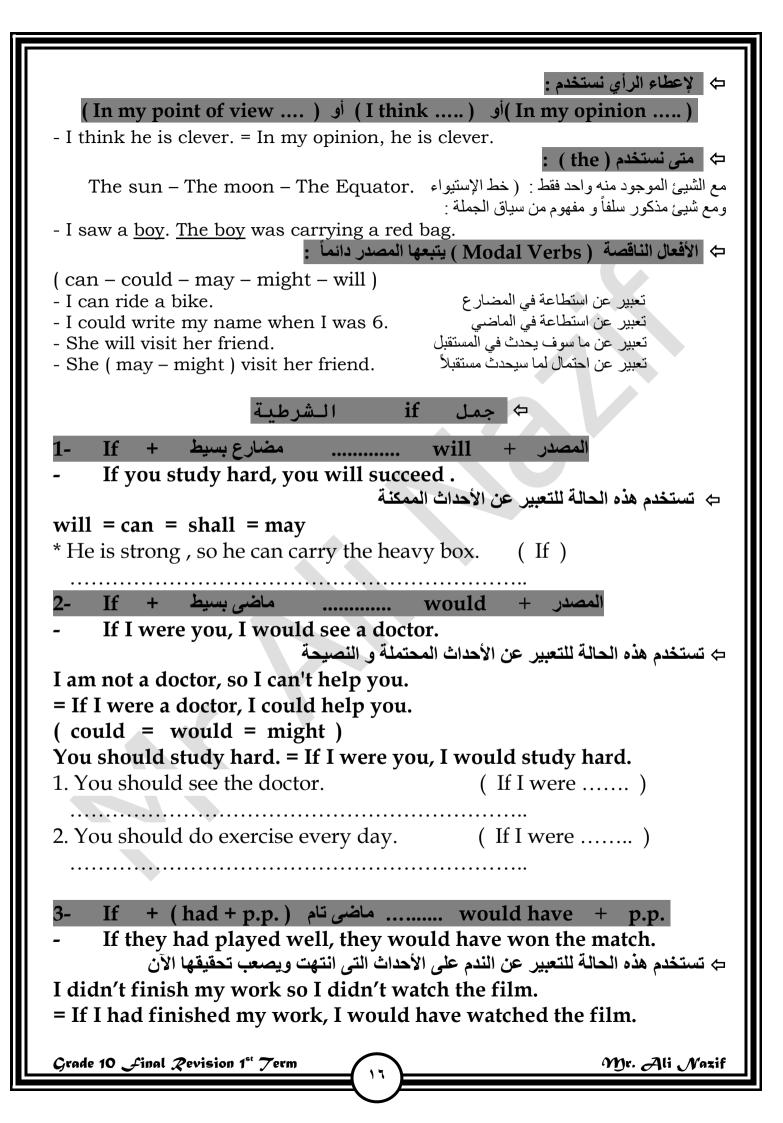
Grade 10 Final Revision 1st Term

⇒ القواعد (Grammar (5 Marks)										
⇔ ثانيا : أسئلة القواعد و هي سؤالين Grammar										
الثالث (٥,٢ درجة) سؤال قواعد اختياري و التظليل تحت الكلمة المناسبة										
الرابع (٢,٥ درجة) سؤال تكملة الجملة بكلمات قواعد										
مراجعة ماسبق من القواعد و توضيح القواعد الهامة في منهج الصف العاشر										
⇔ مع كلمة <u>than</u> نختار الصفة المنتهية بـ er										
Hamad is <u>taller than</u> Ali.										
⇔ مع كلمة more و الصفة الطويلة نختار than										
English is more interesting than science.										
⇔ مع the نختار الصفة المنتهية ب est										
The river Nile is <u>the longest</u> river in the world.										
The lion is the most dangerous of all animals.										
⇔ بعد like – enjoy - love نختار الفعل المنتهي بـ ing										
I like <u>playing</u> football.										
خاص الجر <u>at</u> مع الساعات										
at home - at 8 o'clock - at 6 o'clock.										
نستخدم حرف الجر in مع السنين و الشهور و البلاد و مع فترات النهار										
in Nizwa - in April - in 1990 - in 2015.										
in the morning – in the afternoon										
will - can - could - able to - don't - didn't - doesn't جعد الكلمات الآتية 🗢										
نستخدم المصدر										
I can play football. I don't like fish.										
لاحظ هذه الأسئلة من نوع No – Yes – No وطريقة الإجابة عليها:										
- <u>Is</u> he a boy ? - (Yes, he <u>is</u> . No, he <u>isn't</u> .)										
- <u>Are</u> they playing ? - (Yes, they <u>are</u> . No, they <u>aren't</u> .)										
- <u>Do</u> they play football? - (Yes, they <u>do</u> . No, they <u>don't</u> .)										
- <u>Does</u> he like fish ? - (Yes, he <u>does</u> . No, he <u>doesn't</u> .)										
- <u>Can</u> you swim ? - (Yes, I <u>can</u> . No, I <u>can't</u> .)										
خ نستخدم is مع المفرد و نستخدم are مع الجمع										
- The oranges <u>are</u> for you. The apple <u>is</u> for Mona .										
خام has مع المفرد و نستخدم have مع الجمع										
- Ahmed <u>has</u> got a pen. They <u>have</u> got a nice car.										
Grade 10 Final Revision 1 st 7erm										

look - listen - at the moment – now ↔ <
نختار ing + الفعل + (am - is – are) + الفعل
- Zeinab an ice cream now.
eats - <u>is eating</u> - ate – was eating
⇔ مع last - yesterday نختار الفعل الماضي المنتهي بــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
- Last night , Zahra TV.
watch - is watching - watches - <u>watched</u>
ح) مع الأيام نستخدم حرف الجر on
on Monday – on 3 rd May
مع کلمة born نختار was-were حتار born فختار ⇔
He was born in Nizwa.
مع usually – sometimes – always – every – often نختار المضارع البسيط
He usually gets up early.
⇒ تستخدم any في السؤال و النفي
Have you got <u>any</u> friends? – No, I haven't <u>any</u> friends.
$if \Rightarrow arg interior (will + المصدر + interior) interior (مضارع بسيط المصدر + interior) interior (will \Rightarrow$
If you <u>sleep</u> early, you <u>will get</u> up early.
if مع if الحالة الثانية نستخدم زمنين (ماضي بسيط المصدر + would) ♦
If I <u>got</u> a lot of money, I <u>would buy</u> a car. ج تستخدم ago في نهاية الجملة مع الماضي البسيط
I visited Muscat 3 years <u>ago</u> .
مع since – for نختار المضارع التام .has / have + P.P
Ahmed <u>has lived</u> in Tanuf for 3 years.
has – have مع already – just نختار المضارع التام و تكون already – just بعد has – have
Ali <u>has just played</u> football. ج تستخدم yet في نهاية الجملة مع hasn't – haven't
I haven't eaten dinner <u>yet</u> . ج تستخدم by مع جميع وسائل المواصلات ما عدا on foot
I go to school <u>by</u> bus.
I don't go to school <u>on</u> foot.
should - shouldn't للنصيحة و بعدهما المصدر A should - shouldn't للنصيحة و بعدهما المصدر
You <u>should eat</u> healthy food.
You <u>shouldn't play</u> in the street.
تستخدم مصدر الفعل بعد used to (اعتاد أن)
I used to go to school by bus.
Grade 10 Linal Revision 1 st Term

⇔ في المبني للمجهول الماضي نستخدم. (was - were) + P.P.											
The telephone <u>was invented</u> by Bell.											
The bananas <u>were eaten</u> by Fahad.											
ح تستخدم but في الجمل المتضادة مع وجود فاصلة comma											
He is short, but		•			6 1 8 .		•				
					وصيح ال	ي جمل ن	e becat	تستخدم use	Û		
He went to hos	-					1.11 .fl .	· • • • • • • • • • •	الجدول الأتى إ	¢		
		Kellexiv	e pron	oun				الجدون الالي إ			
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myself hims	self 1	nerself	itsel	f	thems	elves	ourselv	es Yoursel			
								yourselv	ves		
			tälo		* 10 1	tant t	· · · · · · ·	1	4		
This is my friend	durka	holmod		حص	ن على مد	بصن تندر	۸ حصمیر و	تستخدم vho	Û		
This is my frien		-		1.1.		S 7471	nich – th	at تستخدم	¢		
I found the pen			-			- WI	11CH – th	lat A	7		
i iounu the pen	w iiicii	1 1145 10			5	مدر و ص	whe كض	تستخدم ere	Ċ		
This is the city	where]	[live		سى ~			<u> </u>		•		
This is the enty	Where I										
							ﺎﻡ : -	كلمات الاستفه	Φ		
Where	أين	When			متی	How	many	کم عدد			
Which	أيهما	What		اذا	ما _ م	How	fast	كم السرعة			
Why	لماذا	Who			من	How	old	کم عمر			
What time	ماوقت	How of	ften	õ	کم مر	How	long	الطول - المدة	کم		
How	کيف	How m	nuch	ر	کم سع	How	far	كم البعد			
							وال	عند تکوین س	Û		
<u>do</u> ، (s	- es) -	منتهى بحرف	البسيط ال	بارع	مع المض	does		تخدم <u>did</u> مع			
	,							ضارع البسيط الذ			
			صدر	•	,			إذا وضعنا do			
* He played for	otball.		\odot	Wł	nat did	he pl	ay?				
* He plays foot	ball.				hat doe	-	•				
* They play foo	otball .		\odot	W	hat do	they ₁	olay ?				
	(ha	s – have	+ P.P.)	فتار	sino 🖬	ce – fo	r – alreac	مع ly - just مع	¢		
Grade 10 Linal Rev	vision 1 st	7erm)_				Mr. Ali Na	zif		

She has just arrived from school. (has - have + been + V + ing) المعلم العالم المعالي (has - have + been + V + ing) المعالي (been) (have	(has - have + been + V + ing) المستمر تكويته لنكتر (has - have + been + V + ing) العربي المستمر تكويته المعاري المعاري التوكيدي (been) (a) الج السوال التوكيدي (been) (b) الج الحالي التوكيدي (been) (b) الحالي الحالي (b) الح											
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He is clever, isn't he? They didn't come, did they? A Solution of the solution of t	He is clever, isn't he? They didn't come, did they? A 20 (Arrow Come, did t											
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$(rodp 10) \perp 10a) / pv15100 1 / prm / 1$	هو بدأ في تعلم الانجليزية من ١٠ سنوات مضت.	 - I'm very sure he is happy. - I'm extremely sure he is happy. - I'm extremely sure he is happy. (to + inf) le (V + ing) (V + in										



النوع الأول من سؤال القواعد هو عبارة عن اختياري من متعدد و هو ٥ جمل

SEMESTER ONE, 1st SESSION 2016/2017

GRAMMAR 1 (Items 1-5) (2¹/₂ marks)

For each item, Shade in the bubble under the correct option.

Speaker A: Have you finished (1) report ?

Speaker B: Not yet. I'm really tired.

Speaker A: What (2) going out ?

Speaker B: That's ok. What (3) you suggest?

Speaker A: Well, I'm thinking of a boat trip.

Speaker B: I see, (4) that might take a long time. I prefer watching a film instead. Speaker A: OK. So let's meet at the cinema at 7 o'clock".

Speaker B: Great. I (3) be there.

	about	am	are	but	do	of	SO	us	will	your
1.										
2.										
3.										
4.										
5.										

SEMESTER ONE, 2nd SESSION 2015/2016

For each item, Shade in the bubble under the correct option.

Speaker A: Maryam. Don't forget (1) help your mother in the kitchen ?

Speaker B: Sorry, Dad, I can't. I (2) to study for my exams.

Speaker A: That's (3) you said yesterday ?

Speaker B: I know, (4) my friends came here and stopped me working ?

Speaker A: That's (5)a very good excuse.

Speaker B: Ok. You're right. so what kind of help does Mum need ?

	but	for	had	have	how	no	not	SO	to	what
1.										
2.										
3.										
4.										
5.										

SEMESTER ONE, 1st SESSION 2014 / 2015

For each item, Shade in the bubble under the correct option.

Speaker A: How are you ? Did you have (1) nice weekend ?

Speaker B: It (2) fine. I spent the time watching TV.

Speaker A: You look very tired (3) time did you go to bed yesterday ?

Speaker B: At two o'clock (4) the morning actually.

Speaker A: You know, you really (5) take care of yourself.

	а	is	in	on	need	should	the	was	what	which
1.										
2.										
3.										
4.										
5.										

Grade 10 Final Revision 1st Term

SEMESTER ONE, 2nd SESSION 2014 / 2015

For each item, Shade in the bubble under the correct option. Speaker A: What's wrong, son ? You (1) call me yesterday ! Are you Ok ? Speaker B: I'm fine. I'm still in Dubai, (2) I don't have any money. Speaker A: Really ? So (3) don't you come home then ? Speaker B: I can't. I (4) to finish this project first. Speaker A: How (5) more time do you need ? Speaker B: Just two weeks. That's all.

	aren't	but	didn't	have	how	many	much	must	S 0	why
1.										
2.										
3.										
4.										
5.										

النوع الثاني من سؤال القواعد هو تكملة فقرة ب ٥ كلمات

SEMESTER ONE, 1st SESSION 2016/2017

GRAMMAR 2 (Items 6-10) (2¹/₂ marks)

Complete each sentence with **ONE** word only.

- 6. This is the boy won the golden medal in the competition.
- 7. If he had run faster, he would won the race.
- 8. The woman cooking when her child broke the window yesterday.
- 9. I promised buy a new watch for my son.
- 10. there any new students in your class this year?

SEMESTER ONE, 2nd SESSION 2015/2016

Complete each sentence with **ONE** word only.

6. The old man fell down while he crossing the street.

7. She has working for this company for six years.

8. This computer is lighter my old one.

9. " you like some cakes ? " " No, thanks. I'm on a diet."

10. My brother used drive too fast when he was young.

SEMESTER ONE, 1st SESSION 2014 / 2015

Complete each sentence with **ONE** word only.

6. They used live in the city centre.

7. My grandfather in the second world war.

8. I miss my grandfather. I haven't seen him March.

9. " is the nearest petrol station ? " " Over there ! Next to the mosque."

10. " If you concentrate more, you get better results. "

SEMESTER ONE, 2nd SESSION 2014 / 2015

Complete each sentence with **ONE** word only.

6. " I've decided ! I'm going leave my job.

7. What have you doing since we last met ?

- 8. We eating lunch when Dad arrived.
- **9.** The students discussed the story they read the day before.
- 10. " It's most beautiful painting I've ever seen."

Grade 10 Final Revision 1st 7erm

	R	eading (20 marks	2	لع الف	قراءة و قط	الث : ال	الجزء الث	\Diamond	
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			يليها أسئل	•						
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	organization, local commun	which is par	t of our	- 1	paren	ts, checked	the weather ed a small b			
2.	In October 20 China resulte homes.			S. It	 Wearing suitable clothes and using trainers and heimets keep you safe from injuries. 					
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النوع الثاني لسؤال القراءة

SEMESTER ONE, 1st SESSION 2016/2017

READING 2 (Items 6-11) [6 marks]

Read the two texts. Then for each item, shade in the bubble next to the correct option.

TEXT 1

Dear sir/ Madam,

I am writing this letter asking for a quick reply from your insurance company regarding my issue. Six months ago, I insured my furniture shop for 1500 rials in your company. My shop was valued for about 50000 rials. Unfortunately, my shop caught fire two weeks ago. Everything was burned including 5000 rials which was kept inside. At the beginning, I thought that the fire was caused by an electrical problem or a smoking cigarette. However, after investigation, the police reported that the cause of the fire was a lightning strike. I hope that your insurance company will come soon to visit the shop for evaluation in order to pay me the insurance cost as soon as possible. With this letter, I have enclosed the police report, some photos of the burnt shop and the insurance documents.

6. Mr. Al Abri paid rials for the insurance company.

•				
a. 1500	b. 5000	c. 50000		
7. The shop was burned because of				
a. an electrical problem	b. a lightning strike	c. a smoking cigarette		
		ci a sinoking cigarette		

a. buy new furniture for him b. repair the shop

c. visit the burnt shop

TEXT 2

Dear Mr. Al Abri,

Thank you for trusting our insurance company. We are really sorry to hear about your shop. Regarding your insurance, we have checked the document and found out that the contract was signed 10 months ago, so it is still valid for 2 more months. We have also checked that it does cover natural disasters, so our company will probably provide you with the insurance value after examining the shop. Regarding your request to visit the shop, we are sorry to inform you that we are quite busy in the coming two weeks as we are preparing our new branch in Salalah. Most of our employees are there. Besides, the two engineers who are responsible for visiting the affected buildings are not available. One of them is on an emergency leave for a week and the other one is having a training course. We are really under pressure. According to our busy schedule, we will be able to visit your shop after three weeks. We hope that it would be convenient for you.

Sincerely, Adil Al Bulushi Managing Director

النوع الثالث لسؤال القراءة

SEMESTER ONE, 1st SESSION 2016/2017 READING 3 (Items 12-17) (9 marks)

Read the text. Then, complete the task.

Bed racing is one of the most unusual sports. It was originally held to raise funds for charities. The first race was organized by the people in knaresboroug in the Uk in 1965. It was only for the army and navy. The US Marines also joined the first race. One year later, it was opened for the public. This sport was then spread throughout USA, Germany and New Zealand. Few years later, bed raising sport changed to fun and entertainment purposes. The first event of the race was only held with four teams. The organizers raised about 300 pounds for the charities. That was because of bad weather in knaresboroug. The second race was better. Twenty one teams participated in the event and 800 pounds were raised. In the UK, bed racing competitions between teams take place every June. Each team should consist of six racers plus one on the bed. The beds must be designed with four wheels to help the racers move the bed easily. The teams run and push the beds for about 3km. They must climb up a hill. Then, they must run down towards the Nidd River and cross it. The whole race is about half an hour. However, a fast team can finish the race in about fourteen minutes. Every year, there is a theme for the race. The teams should decorate their beds according to that theme. The racers are encouraged to dress according to the theme to win prizes. In addition, they must wear protective helmets and life jackets for their safety.

Task 1: For each item, write a short answer (**not more than FOUR WORDS**). **12.** Where did bed racing sport start ? (Country)

- **13.** Why did the organizers get less money in the first race ?
- 14. How many members are there in each bed racing team ?

Task 2: For each item, shade in the bubble next to the correct option.

15. The purpose of the first race w	as	
a. decorating beds	-	inment C. raising money
16. The race lasts for about 14 30 60	minutes	
a. 14	b. 30	c. 60
17. Racers get prizes if they wear		
a. decorated dresses	b. helmets	c. life jackets
Crade 10 final Powician 1st Town		Mar 71: Ma-26
Grade 10 Final Revision 1 st 7erm	(<u> </u>	Mr. Ali Nazif

الكتابة Writing (15) الجزء الرابع: هو عبارة عن سؤالين الشكل الأول (٥ درجات) لهذا السؤال عبارة عن الكتابة في موضوع و اعطاء الرأى فيه بالموافقة على فكرة ما أو رفضها / I don't agree on Today, I am going to write about a very important topic. It's very interesting to write about it. I am writing about First of all , I (agree - don't agree) on this topic for many reasons. In fact this topic is very important that's why I am going to tell you the reasons from my point of view. My first reason is that My second reason is that My third reason is that For all the reasons I mentioned above, I can sum up my opinion as I said before that I (agree - don't agree) نماذج من الامتحانات السابقة SEMESTER ONE, 1st SESSION 2016/2017 موضوع عن " السرعة الزائدة سبب لحوادث السيارات " WRITING 1 (5 marks) Write at least 60 words on the following topic: High speed is the main reason for car accidents. Do you agree? Give your reasons. Your writing should be clear, well-organised and interesting. SEMESTER ONE, 2nd SESSION 2015/2016 موضوع عن " كيف تفضل السفر مع الأسرة أم مع الأصدقاء " Write at least 60 words on the following topic: How do you prefer to travel : with family or with friends " Why ? Your writing should be clear, well-organised and interesting SEMESTER ONE, 1st SESSION 2014/2015 ح) موضوع عن " لم يعد أحد يقرأ الجرائد لأنها شيئ من الماضي . هل توافق ؟ مع اعطاء أسبابك " Write at least 60 words on the following topic: Nobody reads newspaper any more. They are a thing of the past. Do you agree ? Give your reasons. Your writing should be clear and convincing. SEMESTER ONE, 2nd SESSION 2014/2015 ⇒ موضوع عن " يجب على الأطفال اتباع نصائح والديهم . هل توافق ؟ مع اعطاء أسبابك . " Write at least 60 words on the following topic: Children should follow their parents' advice. Do you agree ? Give your reasons. Your writing should be clear and convincing. Grade 10 Final Revision 1st Term

