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THEME THREE

.... UNIT TWO

SAFETY IN AND AROUND THE HOME

VOCABULARY: ...

WORD		SYNONYM	DEFINITION	MEANING			
Attempt	N-V	Try	To do an effort to accomplish something; an attempt.	محاولة - يحاول			
Explode	V	Burst	To burst something.	ينهجر			
Properly	Adv	Right- decent	Correctly or satisfactorily.	بصورة صعيعة			
Burn	V- N	Blaze	To injury caused by exposure to heat or flame.	يعرق			
Common	Adj	Popular	Occurs very often.	شائع - مئتشر			
Related to	Adj	Depends on	Has a relation to or depends on it.	متعلق ب			
Scald	N	Burn	To injure (an injury) with very hot liquid or steam.	يعرق- احتراق			
Serious	Adj	Dangerous	Very urgent, important, dangerous.	جدي- عطير			
Avoid	V	Be a way from	To keep away from or stop oneself from doing (something).	يتجنب- يتحاشي			
Fence	N	Barrier	A barrier of wire or wood to mark the boundaries between too things.	سیاج- سور			
Ensure	V	Check	To make certain	يتأكد من			
Tool	N-V	Device	A device or implement, especially one held in the hand.	أوارة			
Handle	N-V	Grip	The part by which a thing is held, carried, or controlled.	مقبض			
Cool	V	Refrigerate	To become or cause to become less hot.	ىيرد			
Promise	V- N	Assurance	To assure some issue.	يعطي وعد			
Hesitate	V	Delay-pause	To pause before saying or doing something, especially through uncerta				
Imagine	V	Visualize	To form a mental image or concept of.	يتهيل			
Smoke	V-n	Gas-Vapor	A visible suspension of carbon or other particles in air.	دعان			
Spread	N-V	Stretch-extend	To extend in width or the whole area.	ائتشار- يئتشر			
Damage	V-N	Harm	To cause harm or lose.	شىرر- يتلف			
Appliance	N	Device	A device or piece of equipment designed to perform a specific task.	جهاز			
Poultry	N	Fowl	Domestic fowl, such as chickens, turkeys, ducks, and geese.	دواجن			
Leak V-N	Bleed	27 Table 19	ose or admit contents, especially liquid or gas, through a hole or crack. Ontainer or covering through which contents, especially liquid or gas, may pass.	يتسر <i>پ</i> تسريب			
Trolley	N	Streetcar	A wheel attached to a pole, used for carrying or holding things.	عربة			
Store	V N-	Stock-Shop	To keep things for future. A retail establishment selling items to the public.	متجر- یعزن- معز			
Cupboard	N	Cabinet- Closet	A cabinet or closet, usually with a door and shelves, used for storage.	مكتركة - دولاب			
Shelf N Le	100	NORTH TO SERVICE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF	d or rigid material, attached to a wall or forming part of a piece of furniture, that provid- ige or display of objects.				
Expiration	N	Expiry	The ending of the fixed period for which a contract is valid.	انتهاء الصلاحية			
Crack	V-N	100 S	n a surface of something along which it has split without breaking into separate parts. k or cause to break without a complete separation of the parts.	شرخ – یشرخ صدع			
Alarm N-	VW	arning To cause	(someone) to feel frightened, disturbed, or in danger. An anxious awareness of danger.	أنذار - بنذر			

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There are safety rules everywhere we go to or live in. We should follow those rules for our safety.

Kitchen Sajety: having a fire extinguisher and fire alarms, no running, the floor must be dry, putting the knives in cupboards, attention when there is hot liquids, children should be a way, well fixed strong shelves and unreachable from children, taking care of children, children should never be near cookers, good storing for the food supplies, etc.

Home Safety: electricity cutters are so important, no opened windows when out, switching off the electricity and gas, children should be a way.

Barbecue Safety: children are away from the fire, sharp tools should be unreachable from children, being away from the fences and the house walls, never poor liquid fuel,

Car Safety: wearing safety belts, using children seats, closing the windows, no cell phones,

Food Safety: check the expiry dates, the ingredients, check leaks in liquids, fragile foods on top, separate foods according their type, check cracks in eggs, taking care of children,

Fire safety: using efficient fire alarms, they should have long life without batteries, having a medical course in first aids, having fire blankets, etc.

Electrical safety: using electrical wire with high quality, checking them regularly, check the appliances regularly, switch off them,

Vocabulary Exercises:

1) For each item, read the definition and the example. Then complete the word in the space provided. You are given the first letter(s) of the word. Make sure your spelling is correct.

- 1- (V) To cause harm or lose in something.
 - e.g: He dam _ _ _ all the tools. They all need to be replaced.
- 2- (V) To burst with loud sound and great damage.
 - e.g: The bomb has **exp____** and killed three people.
- 3- (V) To extend in width and the total area.
 - e.g: I spr___ a towel on the sand and sat down.
- 4- (N) A lose, mostly a liquid.
 - e.g: There is a le__ from your car. Check it now.
- 5- (A) A split in the surface without a break.

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е	e.g: -	- There was $\mathbf{r}_{}$ in the machine, so he took it to the workshop to	weld it.
6- (N)	9.5	- The ending date of a product.	
е	e.g: •	This is a flat food. The expiration date is last week.	
7- (V)	W.	- To keep things in a place for future use.	
6	. g. · ·	- She stored all the foods in the fridge and the <code>cup</code> .	
8-YNY		- Domestic fowls, chickens, ducks, turkeys, etc.	
e	e.g: -	- The pou industry has made a great breakthrough in the last a	lecade.
9- (N)	1.	- The visible carbon gas caused from burning.	
ϵ	e.g: -	- The new factory produces a lot of sm from its chimneys.	
10- (V)	il.	- The uncertainty of making a decision.	
е	e.g: -	- He hesi a lot. He doesn't know go to Muscat or Salalah.	
11- (N)		- The barrier which marks a boundary of a farm, a house, etc.	
ϵ	e.g: -	- The wolf jumped over the fe and escaped with a goat.	
12- (Adj	i) -	- Very dangerous or important.	
е	e.g: -	- It is very ser to go to a hospital. He has a clot.	
13-(N)	94	- A burn in the skin caused by fire.	
e	e.g: -	- He has a large sc and needs to go to the emergency.	
14- (V)	-	- To be away from something or someone.	
e	e.g: -	- He av bad friends.	
15- (N)		- A cabinet or a closet to keep clothes, plates, dishes, etc.	
e	e.g:	- She took all the dishes from the cup .	
16- (N)		- A warning device from fire.	
6	.a:	- He uses the fire al in all his designs.	

2- Complete the text. For contitem, shade in the bubble under the correct option.

ģ	(There are	three	extra	words	in the	text)
27	I HUI C al C	UIIICC	CAU (No Jeu J	HII LIIG	LUALI.

Following the ----- rules is very important issue. Using fire ----- and fire extinguishers is the main rule for the ------ safety. Checking the ----- of the medicine and the foods is a ----- issue too. There are many safety rules for different sides of our life. We should identify them for our safety.

2	Obarbecue	expiration	dangerous	safety	fire	device	emergency	alarm
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2-	0	0	0	0	Ó	0	0	0
3-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4-	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
5-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

2- Complete the text. For each item, shade in the bubble under the correct option.

(There are three extra words in the text).

Last week I found a ------ in the petrol tank of my car, so I stopped the car and called for a mechanic. He said it was a ------ and it is a ----- problem and he fixed it. Later I went home and found a ----- in the fence of my chicken farm. The ----- went out. I fixed it too. It was a hard day.

	Cara							
	crack	serious	cupboard	store	electricity	damage	leak	poultry
1-	0 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2-	0	0	101	0	0	0	0	0
3-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

VERBS + INF

VERBS + GERUNDS

8

VERBS + GERUNDS AND INFINITIVES

VERB + TN

agree, expect, learn, pretend, attempt, hesitate, neglect, promise, decide, hope, plan, want

Examinies:

- 1- He agreed to do the surgery.
- 2- She expected to win, but she didn't.
- 3- We Learnt to speak Chinese for three years.
- 4- The snake pretended to be dead.
- 5- She attempted to convince the group, but she couldn't.
- 6- Never hesitate to help your friends when they need you.
- 7- She neglects to illustrate anyone insults her or against her opinions.
- 8- My father promise to take us to the cinema.
- 9- The government decided to stop importing some specific goods.
- 10- We hope to visit Thailand next summer.
- 11- The company plans to build a new branch in Salalah.
- 12- He wanted to build a house.

VERB + GERUND

appreciate, deny, give up, put off, avoid, enjoy, mind, quit, consider, finish, practice, suggest

Examples:

- 1- I appreciate supporting the charities very much.
- 2- He couldn't deny killing his victim after showing him the evidences.
- 3- He gave up smoking three years ago.
- 4- He put off the meeting to the next week.
- 5- He avoided meeting the manager, as he didn't finish the report.
- 6- He enjoys watching the American movies.
- 7- He didn't' mind shipping all the goods in a week.
- 8- The team has quitted participating with the championship.
- 9- He considers supporting the national team as a duty.
- 10- The company has finished building all the structure works.
- 11- We should practice speaking English for a long time.
- 12- The manager <u>suggested creating</u> a new team for revising the budget.

VERB + GERUND & INTIVE

begin, like, regret, start, continue, prefer, remember, try

Examples:

- 1- He <u>began playing</u> with the national team. He <u>began to play</u> with the national team.
- 2-1 Like watching documentary movies, but she Likes to watch action movies.
- 3- She regretted breaking the glass, but we didn't regret to break hers.
- 4- She started crying as soon as he has started to slaughter the sheep.
- 5- They continued building, as well as we continued to follow them up.
- 6- He prefers donating to charities, but we prefer to donate to orphanages.
- 7- She <u>remembered playing</u> in the garden, but he <u>remembered to help</u> his mum.
- 8- She tried to run, but we tried supporting her.

NOTES: The meaning differs when the verb is followed by infinitive or followed by gerund.

Verb + infinitive refers to a habit.

Verb + gerund refers to a general idea.

Structure Exercises

Underline the correct answer between the brackets:

- 1- I appreciate (supporting- to support) the charity.
- She expected (to visit- visiting) her family.
- 3- They finished (to build-building) his new house.
- 4- Marry pretended (to be- being) happy in the wedding.
- 5- He agreed (to help-helping) his friend.
- 6- They suggested (buying- to buy) a new car.
- 7- Ali learnt (to speak- speaking) English very well.
- 8- The team avoided (to train-training) in the hotel.
- 9- The sales person attempted (to sell-selling) his company.
- 10- She quitted (participating- to participate) the conference.
- 11- She considered (proposing- to propose) to her is madness.
- 12- He hesitated (to agree- agreeing) his new job.
- 13- They attempted (to fix- fixing) the car, but the couldn't.

- 14- She neglected (watching- to watch) the terror movie.
- 15- The company denie (selling- to sell) the new product next year.
- 16- He decided (to travel-travelling) to London in the summer holiday.
- 17- She hoped (to see- seeing) her son.
- 18- My father promised (visiting- to visit) my grandfather next Monday.
- 19 Me gave up **(to smoke- smoking)** last year.
- O- He practiced (to work working) by himself, but he failed again.
- 21- He wanted (to learn-learning) Chinese.
- 22- He put off (to meet-meeting) the council to the next week.
- 23- He enjoyed (to watch-watching) the match.
- 24- He doesn't mind (to attend- attending) the meeting.
- 25- They planned (to set setting) up a new branch for the company in Muscat.
- 26- I prefer (to drink -drinking) coffee to drinking tea.
- 27- I'd prefer (to eat- eating) fish to eat meat.
- 28- He would like (to work-working) in marketing.
- 29- She tried (to cook- cooking) many times but she failed.
- 30- She tried (to cook- cooking) yesterday.
- 31- He forgets (to wear- wearing) his shoelaces. He always forgets them.

PREPOSITIONS

Prepositions are words shows or indicates the relation between the words precede and follow them.

Preposition of time

At

O'clock: He gets up at six.

Midday: They finish at

midday.

Noon : He slept at noon.

Night: He died at night.

Mid midnight: They flew at

midnight

Short, precise time:

At bed time,at sunset.

In

Month: They started in March.

Seasons: He studies in summer.

Years: They died in 2015.

Morning: He gets up early in the

morning.

Afternoon: He comes back in the

afternoon.

Evening: He goes home in the evening.

Particular days: we were happy on independence Day.

Centuries: in the 20th century.

Ages: in the Ice age, in early day, in the Stone Age,

On

Dates: I'm off on Mondays.

Days: He was born on 2nd of Oct,

2012.

Specific days: Oman celebrates on

the National Day.

Prepositions of Place

At

Indicates a point

At the bus stop

At the corner

At the beginning

At the end

<u>In</u>

Indicates an enclose place

In the garden

In my pocket

In Oman

In the field

In the north, south,

<u>On</u>

Indicates a surface

On the wall

On the floor

On page

On the farm

Structures Exercises

Underline the correct answer between brackets:

- 1- He was born (in- on- at) February.
- 2- She lives (in-on-at) the new cinema.
- 3- They get up late (in-on-at) the morning.
- 4- There were a famine (in-on-at) fourteenth century.
- 5- He works (in-on-at) night.
- 6- I will meet you (in-on-at) noon.
- 7- They sleep (in-on-at) 9:00 o'clock.
- 8- He was born (in-on-at) 12th of Oct.
- 9- They go to Salalah (in-on-at) the summer.
- 10- He visits his family (in-on-at) Fridays.
- 11- Schools start (in-on-at) August.
- 12- He put the ball (in-on-at) the floor.
- 13- Children play (in-on-at) the garden.
- 14- Your mobile phone is (on-in-at) your pocket.
- 15- He is waiting me (in-at-on) corner.
- 16- He will feel pain (in-on-at) the beginning. But (in-on-at) the end the pain will vanish.
- 17-There is a gecko (in-on-at) the wall.
- 18- Open your book (in-on-at) page 45.

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19- He is working (in-on-at) the farm. He is standing (in-on-at) the field.

- 20- UAE is located (in-on-at) the north of Oman.
- 21- My uncle works (in-on-at) the Royal Omani Opera House.
- 22- She lives (in-by-on) Carrefour.
- 23- They live (in-on-at) Oman.
- 24 M-On-At) September 13, he was born.
- 25- She was married (in-on-at) a hospital.

Structure exercises

Complete the sentences with the suitable preposition: there may be more than suitable one.

- 1- He sat -----the chair.
- 2- There is some milk -----the fridge.
- 3- She was hiding -----the table.
- 4- The cat jumped -----the counter.
- 5- He drove -----the bridge.
- 6- She lost her ring -----the beach.
- 7- The book belongs -----Anthony.
- 8- They were sitting -----the tree.
- 9- We are running -----the gym today.
- 10- The sun is -----the clouds.
- 11- She lives -----her workplace.
- 12-She drew the picture -----a crayon.
- 13- He swam -----the lake.
- 14- I walked -----the street.
- 15- We located the key ----the lock.
- 16- The car went -----the tunnel.
- 17- I got a package -----a friend.
- 18- I have liked that song ------1999.
- 19- She put the flowers -----the window.
- 20- The food was placed -----the table.