

ملخص الوحدة الخامسة clothes Favourite



تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج العمانية

موقع فايلاتي ⇨ المناهج العمانية ⇨ الصف السادس ⇨ لغة انجليزية ⇨ الفصل الثاني ⇨ ملفات متنوعة ⇨ الملف

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ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب ا اختبارات الكترونية ا اختبارات ا حلول ا عروض بوربوينت ا أوراق عمل
منهج انجليزي ا ملخصات وتقارير ا مذكرات وبنوك ا الامتحان النهائي للمدرس

المزيد من مادة
لغة انجليزية:

إعداد: ناهد يونس

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب الصف السادس



صفحة المناهج
العمانية على
فيسبوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب الصف السادس والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الثاني

تدريبات استماع وفهم المقروء على الوحدة الأولى

1

تمارين استماع LISTENING

2

اختبار قصير أول

3

أسئلة تدريبية على الوحدة الأولى 1 Unit on Questions Practice

4

اختبار قصير أول

5

Unit 5

Favourite clothes

New Words

Clothes	ملابس	Casual	ملابس غير رسمية
Plain	عادي / بدون زخرفة	Smart	ذكي
Patterned	منقوشة	Formal	رسمي
Spotted	منقطة	Checked	منقوش مربعات
Striped	مخطط	accessories	اكسسوارات
Comfortable	مريح	Sweatshirt	قميص ثقيل
baggy	فضفاض	Scarf	وشاح 
Colourful	ملون	earrings	أقراط تلبس في الأذن
Wolly hat	قُبعة صوف	boring	ممل
gloves	قفازات 	Cheap	رخيص

belt	حزام	expensive	غالي
bracelet	سوار	guess	يخمن
top	 بلوزة قصيرة	important	مهم
Leggings	بنطلون ضيق	agree	يوافق
Watch	 ساعة	Shop	متجر
Crown	 تاج	prince	الأمير
Tie	 ربطة عنق	Take off	يخلع الملابس
Fabric	قماش	Put on =wear	يرتدي
Traditional	تقليدي	Leather	جلد
describe	يصف	mean	يُعني - حقير
enormous	ضخم - هائل	Safe	آمن
Silk	حرير	rubber	محاة- مطاط

gold	ذهب	Plastic	بلاستيك
Pick	يلتقط	Silver	فضة
Send	يرسل	Cotton	قطن
Piece	قطعة	Paper	ورق
Suitable	مناسب	wrapped	ملفوف - مغطى
Washable	قابل للغسل	Kilt	تنورة
history	تاريخ	Occasion	مناسبة
Strange	غريب	rich	ثري - غني
Museum	متحف	horns	قرون
dangerous	خطير		

Grammar

{ Too } - { notenough }

Too [جداً] - تأتي قبل الصفة او الظرف

Enough [بشكل كافي] - تأتي بعد الصفة او الظرف

Ex. The tree is too high.

Ex .The tree is n't low enough.

Too + adjective or adverb

Adjective or adverb + enough

Ex. The dress is too formal.

Ex. The dress is n't casual enough.

Passive Voice

المبني للمجهول

يستخدم المبني للمجهول عندما يكون المفعول أهم من الفاعل وهنا تبدأ الجملة بالمفعول .

verb to be + p.p

يتكون الفعل من

مفعول فعل فاعل

Ex. Ali cleans the room. علي ينظف الغرفة

< نبدأ بالمفعول the room ثم الفعل ويتكون من verb to be والتصريّف الثالث للفعل clean ثم by والفاعل في آخر الجملة .

Passive > The room is cleaned by Ali.

الغرفة تُنظّف بواسطة علي.

Examples:

1-The wool is used to make carpets.

2- It is used for making carpets .

(بعدها فعل ing او اسم) for / بعدها المصدر To

3- They are made of cotton.

4- He is called a great poet.

Shopping for clothes:

عبارات تُقال عند شراء الملابس

Shop assistant

Can I help you?

مقاس

What size do you need?

Customer

I'm looking for.....

يجرب

Can I try it /this on?

Do you sell.....?

How much is it?/ How much is the dress? It is 20 OR .

How much are they? /How much are the books? They are 5 OR .

Grammar

Too & Not ... Enough

Choose the correct option.

1. This bag is ____ heavy for me to carry.

a) too

b) not enough

2. The water isn't warm ____ to swim.

a) too

b) enough

3. He is ____ young to drive a car.

a) too

b) not enough

4. The coffee is ____ hot to drink.

a) too

b) enough

5. This room is ____ small for all of us.

a) too

b) not enough

6. The box isn't light ____ for me to lift.

a) too

b) enough

7. The music is ____ loud. I can't hear you.

a) too

b) not enough

8. She isn't tall ____ to reach the shelf.

a) too

b) enough

9. This chair is ____ uncomfortable to sit on.

a) too

b) not enough

10. The food isn't tasty ____ to eat.

a) too

b) enough

11. The car is ____ expensive for me to buy.

a) too

b) not enough

12. He isn't strong ____ to lift the table.

a) too

b) enough

13. The road is ____ dangerous to walk at night.

a) too

b) not enough

14. It isn't warm ____ to go outside without a jacket.

a) too

b) enough

15. The soup is ____ salty to eat.

a) too

b) not enough

16. His explanation wasn't clear ____ for me to understand.

a) too

b) enough

17. The film was ____ boring to watch until the end.

a) too

b) not enough

18. This phone is ____ old to work properly.

a) too

b) not enough

19. The shoes aren't big ____ for my feet.

a) too

b) enough

20. The test was ____ difficult for me to pass. a) too b) not enough

Present Passive Voice

Choose the correct option.

1. Bread ____ in a bakery.

a) makes b) is made

2. Pizza ____ in many countries.

a) eats b) is eaten

3. Cotton ____ to make clothes.

a) is used b) uses

4. The Eiffel Tower ____ in Paris.

a) finds b) is found

5. Gold ____ for making jewelry.

a) is used b) uses

6. Rice ____ in many Asian countries.

a) eats b) is eaten

7. This language ____ all over the world.

a) is spoken b) spoken

8. The windows ____ by the worker.

a) fixed b) are fixed

9. Chocolate ____ from cocoa beans.

a) is made b) makes

10. Books ____ in libraries.

a) is found b) are found

11. Cars ____ in factories.

a) is made b) are made

12. The cake ____ with flour, sugar, and eggs.

a) is made b) makes

13. This city ____ for its beautiful

beaches. a) is known b) knows

14. Paper ____ from trees.

a) is made

b) made

15. The shirts ____ in different colors.

a) is worn

b) are worn

16. This medicine ____ for headaches.

a) is used

b) uses

17. Diamonds ____ for their beauty .

a) is known

b) are known

18. The doors ____ every morning.

a) open

b) are opened

19. The machines ____ every month.

a) are fixed

c) is fixed

20. The gifts ____ to the children.

a) are gave

b) are given

1. This book is written ____ a famous author. a) for b) by

2. These gifts are given ____ children on Christmas.

a) to ***b) for***

3. The building is cleaned _____ the workers every day.

a) by **b) to**

4. A uniform is worn _____ students in some schools.

a) by **b) for**

5. The medicine is given ____ the patient.

a) by **b) to**

6. The bread is made _____ fresh ingredients. b) by b) from

7. This phone is used ____ making calls.

a) for

b) to

For each question, choose the correct answer.

1. Tea is ____ in many countries.

a) eaten

b) drunk

2. The museum is ____ by many tourists.

a) visited

b) called

3. Coffee is ____ from coffee beans.

a) drunk

b) made

4. English is ____ in many schools.

a) spoken

b) talk

5. The bridge is ____ every year.

a) found

b) fixed

6. The lights are ____ at night.

a) turned on

b) given

7. The emails are ____ every morning.

a) sent

b) wrote

8. The apples are ____ in the market.

a) selling

b) sold

9. Milk is ____ by children every day.

a) drunk

b) drank

10. This book is ____ by many students.

a) read

b) readed

11. The chairs are ____ for the meeting.

a) eaten

b) arranged

12. The homework is ____ on time.

a) done

b) did

13. Cars are ____ on the road.

a) driven

b) driving

14. The news is ____ every day.

a) watched

b) know

15. The gift is ____ under the tree.

a) put

b) opens

16. The flowers are ____ in the garden.

a) grown

b) growing

17. The rooms are ____ every morning.

a) cleaned

b) made

18. The dishes are ____ after dinner.

a) washed

b) washing

19. The letters are ____ by the postman.

a) sent

b) send

20. The song is ____ on the radio.

a) finds

b) found

Traditional Korean clothes are called hanbok. Hanbok is very (1) _____ with bright colors. In the past, people (2) _____ hanbok every day, but now it (3) _____ only on special days like holidays and weddings.

Men's hanbok has (4) _____ pants and a short jacket. The pants are (5) _____, so they are very (6) _____. Women's hanbok has a long skirt and a short jacket. The skirt is (7) _____ to allow easy movement.

Today, hanbok (8) _____ in many modern styles. Some hanbok designs are (9) _____ with no patterns, while others are very (10) _____ with beautiful colours.

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------|----------|
| 1. plain | colorful | baggy |
| 2. wear | have worn | wore |
| 3. wears | is worn | has worn |
| 4. long | thick | tight |
| 5. plain | baggy | colorful |
| 6. comfortable | heavy | dull |
| 7. has made | designed | design |
| 8. is made | makes | making |
| 9. colorful | plain | baggy |
| 10. colourful | comfortable | plain |

Nabil is a student in grade Seven. He (1)_____ going to the zoo. Last Friday, he (2)_____ to the zoo with his father. They spent three hours. His favourite (3)_____ is the lion. Nabil likes it very much. The lion (4)_____ meat. At noon, Nabil (5)_____ his father went to (6)_____ some food. They had rice and chicken. The food (7)_____ very good. (8)_____ night, they returned (9)_____. Nabil was very (10)_____.

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. <input type="radio"/> like | <input type="radio"/> likes | <input type="radio"/> liking |
| 2. <input type="radio"/> go | <input type="radio"/> goes | <input type="radio"/> went |
| 3. <input type="radio"/> food | <input type="radio"/> book | <input type="radio"/> animal |
| 4. <input type="radio"/> drinks | <input type="radio"/> plays | <input type="radio"/> eats |
| 5. <input type="radio"/> and | <input type="radio"/> so | <input type="radio"/> because |
| 6. <input type="radio"/> swim | <input type="radio"/> have | <input type="radio"/> draw |
| 7. <input type="radio"/> is | <input type="radio"/> are | <input type="radio"/> was |
| 8. <input type="radio"/> At | <input type="radio"/> On | <input type="radio"/> To |
| 9. <input type="radio"/> sea | <input type="radio"/> zoo | <input type="radio"/> home |
| 10. <input type="radio"/> happy | <input type="radio"/> happiness | <input type="radio"/> happily |

Reading -1

For each question, choose the correct answer.

1- Message from Sam to Dad:

Dad, I am at the park with Tom. We are playing football. I will come home at 6 p.m.

A- Sam is playing football at home.

B- Sam is at the park with his friend.

C- Sam is coming home now.

2. Text from Mia to Sophie:

Sophie, I can't come to your house today. I have to help my mom. Let's meet tomorrow instead.

A- Mia is coming to Sophie's house today.

B- Mia wants to meet Sophie tomorrow.

C Mia is going shopping with her mom.

3. Notice at a swimming pool:

The pool is closed for cleaning. It will open again at 2 p.m.

A ***The pool is open now.***

B ***The pool is closed for cleaning.***

C ***The pool is always closed at 2 p.m.***

4. Email from Mark to his teacher:

Dear Miss Johnson, I am sick today, so I can't come to school. Can you send me the homework?

A ***Mark is sick and staying home.***

B ***Mark is coming to school later.***

C ***Mark forgot to do his homework.***

5. Sign at a bus station:

Next bus arrives in 10 minutes.

A ***The bus is coming in 10 minutes.***

B ***The bus is leaving now.***

C ***There are no buses today.***

Reading -1

For each question, choose the correct answer.

1. Message from Jake to his mom:
Mom, I'm going to Alex's house to work on our science project. I'll be home by 7 p.m. There's some leftover pizza in the fridge if you're hungry.

A ***Jake is staying at school late.***

B ***Jake is working on a school project at a friend's house.***

C ***Jake is having dinner at Alex's house.***

2. Text from Lisa to Emma:
Emma, I forgot my history book at home. Can you bring yours so we can study together during lunch?

A *Lisa wants to study with Emma.*

B *Lisa wants to borrow Emma's book for the weekend.*

C *Lisa forgot about the history exam.*

3. *Notice on a café door:*

We are closed on Sundays. Please visit us Monday to Saturday from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

A *The café is open every day.*

B *Customers can visit the café on Sundays.*

C *The café is closed once a week.*

4. *Email from Paul to his teacher:*

Dear Mr. Smith, I won't be able to attend class tomorrow because I have a dentist appointment. Could you please send me the homework?

A Paul has a dentist appointment today.

B Paul is asking about tomorrow's homework.

C Paul is missing school because he is sick.

5. Sign in a bookstore:

Buy one book, get the second one at half price! Offer valid until the end of the month.

A Customers can get one free book.

B The bookstore is selling all books for half price.

C Customers get a discount when buying

Read the text and write a short answer (not more than FOUR WORDS).

In 1919 a French woman lived in a small flat in Paris. One day, she got a letter from her brother in Africa. She cried a lot because she didn't see him long time ago. She put the letter in a book and forgot it. In 1911 she sold many of her books to a bookshop because nobody read them for long time. A boy, his name was John, bought that book after two years. Fortunately, He found that letter inside the book while he was reading. John read the address on the envelope. He went to the address and gave the letter to the old woman. She was very happy because her brother's letter returned back again. Later, John told her about the stamp on that letter that it is very precious. The old woman and the boy went to a stamp collector. He looked at the stamp and gave them a lot of money for that stamp.

1. Where did the French woman live ?

2. Who did send the letter to her?

3. Why did she cry when reading the letter?

4. Why did she sell her books?

5. What did John and the woman sell to get a lot of money?

Last summer, Ahmed went to London for three days. He left Oman on Thursday and arrived in London the next morning. He took a taxi to his hotel. After he washed and rested, He took a bus to the mosque and did Friday prayer. On Friday afternoon he walked in the park. On Friday evening Ahmad was tired, so he ate dinner in the hotel and went to bed early. On Saturday morning, Ahmed took a bus to The London Museum. He learned about the history of London. On Sunday morning, he walked to Oxford Street in order to buy some souvenirs and presents for his family. On Sunday evening, he took a taxi to the airport. His plane left London at 10.30 and arrived in Oman at 7.30 the next morning. Ahmed was so happy and enjoyed the visit a lot.

1. Where did Ahmed go for three days?

2. How did he go to the hotel?

3. When did he walk in the park?

4. What did he buy for his family?

5. What time did Ahmed's plane leave London?

Peter is a Canadian sportsman. He visited Oman last month and had a wonderful holiday. He arrived in Muscat on Monday. He stayed in Muscat for one day. In Muscat, he visited Muttrah suq. Then he went to see the two historic forts, Al Jalali and Mirany. The trip around Muscat was on the "Big Bus Muscat". The next day, he went to Wahiba sands. He liked riding the camels. He also learned about the life in the desert. He took a lot of photos. He returned to Muscat on Thursday and joined a group trip to Musandam on a beautiful yacht. He enjoyed the sea journey and the delicious sea food lunch on the yacht. When they reached Musandam, Peter was amazed by the view of the high mountains. There he joined a group of adventurers to explore the mountains. After three days he returned to Muscat on the same yacht. When Peter returned to Canada, he told his friends about his exciting visit to Oman.

1. Which place did Peter visit first?

2. How did they go around in Muscat?

3. What did Peter like in Wahiba sands?

4. What type of food did he have on the yacht?

5. What did they explore in Musandam?

Writing

Writing an informative text :

1- write a Title كتابة العنوان

2- write an Introduction about the topic.
كتابة مقدمة قصيرة عن الموضوع

3- Use the information from the box to write sentences. استخدام الكلمات لكتابة جمل.

→ Write an informative paragraph about Traditional omani Costumes. Use the information in the box.

Country : Oman

Men's Clothes : dishdasha and cap.

Woman's clothes: dress

Materials : silk, cotton

Accessories for men : belt, Khanjar.

Accessories for women : earrings, necklace.

Occasions: festivals, Eid, Wedding.

Traditional Omani Costume

Traditional Omani clothes are special and beautiful .these clothes reflect Omani Culture .

In Oman, men wear a dishdasha and a cap. They also wear a belt and carry a Khanjar (a small curved knife). Women wear a dress made of silk or cotton with beautiful colours. They also wear earrings and a necklace. People wear these clothes on festivals, Eid, and weddings. These clothes show Omani culture and traditions.

Write a paragraph about the traditional chinese clothes.

Traditional Chinese Clothes

Country: China

Men's Clothes: Long robe (Changshan), Jacket (Tangzhuang)

Women's Clothes: Long dress (Qipao), Traditional dress (Hanfu)

Materials: Silk, Cotton

Men's Accessories: Belt, Jade stone

Women's Accessories: Hairpins, Earrings, Necklace

Occasions: Festivals, New Year, Weddings

Good Luck