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## Unit One

This question can help your remember the vocabulary of the unit.

Label each picture with the correct word.

Great Wall of China	mountains	pyramids	tired	plane	fort	goat	ride a bike
camel	take photographs	tower	funfair	delicious	ambulance	pizza	hug
barbecue	sun	sneeze	skating	skiing	frightened	laugh	sausages

				
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
				
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
				
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
				
16.	17.	18.	19.	20.
				
21.	22.	23.	24.	25.

### Vocabulary (1) an opinion model

Complete the missing words in the text from the box. There are some EXTRA words.

take presents delicious plant invite stay wore relatives wadis play friends jump

I think it is better to spend your summer holiday in Oman. There are many reasons.

First, you can visit your (1) \_\_\_\_\_ like your uncles and aunts who live in villages. You can (2) \_\_\_\_\_ in their home for a week. Villages usually have a rainy weather and (3) \_\_\_\_\_ flow with cool water. So, you can swim in these wadis. Second, you can stay at home of your relatives and (4) \_\_\_\_\_ many games with your friends. Also, you can make barbecue with them. You will not feel bored. Third, you can eat your favorite Omani dishes and many (5) \_\_\_\_\_ foods at any time. Fourth, you can visit many beautiful places and (6) \_\_\_\_\_ photographs. Finally, you can save a lot of money in Oman.

These are my reasons why it is better to stay in Oman in the summer holiday.

### Vocabulary (2) a story model

Complete the missing words in the text from the box. There are some EXTRA words.

thirsty telephoned hat sleep presents flew slept saw stopped photographs sneezed

Many years ago, my family flew to Egypt. It took four hours. When we arrived a hotel, we were very tired and we (1) \_\_\_\_\_. We stayed in Egypt for five days. One day, we went to see the huge pyramids. There were many people. I took (2) \_\_\_\_\_ of the pyramids. Also, I bought some (3) \_\_\_\_\_ for my friends in Oman, Ahmed and Ali. My dad was driving the car back to the hotel when it (4) \_\_\_\_\_. He couldn't run the car again !!! We were so frightened that we might die. My dad (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the police. We stayed in the hot sun for half an hour and it was too hot. I wore a (6) \_\_\_\_\_ to keep the sun off my head. Finally, the police arrived and took us back to the hotel. We were so tired.

### Grammar (1)

Complete the sentences using ONE word only.

1. In the summer holiday, I \_\_\_\_\_ to Japan.
2. I \_\_\_\_\_ with Sam in Japan.
3. I \_\_\_\_\_ delicious food called Dim Sum.
4. I \_\_\_\_\_ Mount Fuji.
5. Where did you \_\_\_\_\_ in the summer holiday?

### Grammar (2)

For each item, shade in the bubble  next to each option.

1. In the summer holiday, Alia \_\_\_\_\_ to China.  
 go                       went                       going                       visits
2. She stayed \_\_\_\_\_ her friend Salma.  
 at                       in                       with                       by
3. She travelled \_\_\_\_\_ plane.  
 to                       by                       with                       in
4. She didn't \_\_\_\_\_ the Great Wall of China but she visited Kun Palace.  
 visit                       visits                       visiting                       visited
5. In China, the weather \_\_\_\_\_ rainy.  
 is                       are                       were                       was
6. Where \_\_\_\_\_ Nassir go last summer holiday? He went to Mexico.  
 do                       did                       does                       was
7. \_\_\_\_\_ did he travel to Mexico? He travelled by a plane.  
 When                       Who                       Why                       How
8. Ahmed was \_\_\_\_\_ football when he fell down.  
 play                       playing                       plays                       played
9. Fatima was cooking dinner when she \_\_\_\_\_ her finger.  
 burn                       burned                       burning                       burns
10. We didn't \_\_\_\_\_ flowers but we planted apples.  
 planted                       planting                       plants                       plant

Vocabulary and Grammar (3) a story model

For each space, shade in the bubble  next to the correct option.

Last month, my family went to Al-Hamra. It took two (1) \_\_\_\_\_ to arrive there. We (2) \_\_\_\_\_ up Jabel Shams (The mountain of Sun). The mountain was very high and the road was (3) \_\_\_\_\_. The car went slowly towards the top of the mountain. My brother (4) \_\_\_\_\_ driving up when suddenly the car made (5) \_\_\_\_\_. We all stopped talking and everything was quiet. The car couldn't move anymore!!! We were so (6) \_\_\_\_\_ and waited for anyone to help us.

We went outside the car but the weather was (7) \_\_\_\_\_ cold. We wore jackets and (8) \_\_\_\_\_ hot coffee to keep (9) \_\_\_\_\_. My brother had an idea. He (10) \_\_\_\_\_ his friend to come for help. Few minutes later, it snowed. The weather became so cold that my little brother sneezed a lot. We all went into the car. That day, I (11) \_\_\_\_\_ snow for the first time in my life. I took many beautiful (12) \_\_\_\_\_.

Few minutes later, a man stopped his car by us and helped us. He was very (13) \_\_\_\_\_ to us. I bought a (14) \_\_\_\_\_ for that man from a boy at the roadside. It was a (15) \_\_\_\_\_ made of wool.

We didn't reach the top of the mountain but we all had an exciting time.

- |                                     |                                   |                                 |                                  |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. <input type="radio"/> hours      | <input type="radio"/> farms       | <input type="radio"/> holidays  | <input type="radio"/> sausage    |
| 2. <input type="radio"/> drive      | <input type="radio"/> drove       | <input type="radio"/> driving   | <input type="radio"/> planted    |
| 3. <input type="radio"/> noisy      | <input type="radio"/> famous      | <input type="radio"/> delicious | <input type="radio"/> dangerous  |
| 4. <input type="radio"/> is         | <input type="radio"/> are         | <input type="radio"/> was       | <input type="radio"/> were       |
| 5. <input type="radio"/> strange    | <input type="radio"/> different   | <input type="radio"/> favorite  | <input type="radio"/> noise      |
| 6. <input type="radio"/> frightened | <input type="radio"/> wonderful   | <input type="radio"/> hungry    | <input type="radio"/> thirsty    |
| 7. <input type="radio"/> too        | <input type="radio"/> to          | <input type="radio"/> not       | <input type="radio"/> with       |
| 8. <input type="radio"/> drinking   | <input type="radio"/> drink       | <input type="radio"/> drank     | <input type="radio"/> ate        |
| 9. <input type="radio"/> warm       | <input type="radio"/> cold        | <input type="radio"/> thirsty   | <input type="radio"/> hungry     |
| 10. <input type="radio"/> planted   | <input type="radio"/> lifted      | <input type="radio"/> talked    | <input type="radio"/> telephoned |
| 11. <input type="radio"/> watch     | <input type="radio"/> saw         | <input type="radio"/> see       | <input type="radio"/> seeing     |
| 12. <input type="radio"/> funfairs  | <input type="radio"/> photographs | <input type="radio"/> money     | <input type="radio"/> skiing     |
| 13. <input type="radio"/> nice      | <input type="radio"/> huge        | <input type="radio"/> busy      | <input type="radio"/> boring     |
| 14. <input type="radio"/> village   | <input type="radio"/> funfair     | <input type="radio"/> presents  | <input type="radio"/> present    |
| 15. <input type="radio"/> bought    | <input type="radio"/> farm        | <input type="radio"/> sausage   | <input type="radio"/> keyring    |

**Reading (1)**

Match the four sentences on the left with the texts in the box. Shade in the bubble under the correct option.

1. He was nice to me.
2. Many people visit Italy to see the Leaning Tower of Pisa every year.
3. Food was delicious. They liked it and thanked my sister for the delicious food.
4. I went skiing. It snowed all day long.

A. The weather was great. It was so cold and white snow was everywhere.
B. Sport is important for your body. I joined a football club in the summer holiday.
C. Italy is famous for many dishes. My favorite dish is pizza with cheese and lamb.
D. My sister invited her friends. She cooked a cake and a pizza. I helped her and waited till her friends left to eat together.
E. We had an accident and my dad was injured. A man gave me his telephone to call ambulance.
F. Italy is an interesting place to spend your summer holiday. You can visit many famous places.

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Reading (2)

Read the text.

Last summer holiday, my family, my aunts, uncles and their children went to Salalah. We travelled by an old bus but we were so excited. At the beginning of the journey, we were quiet and sat on the seats, but soon we started to play puzzles. We all laughed and had a great fun.

Two hours later, we reached the empty desert. We drove through the desert for six hours. It was really hot. We felt thirsty and drank all the water we had. Some children were tired and they slept. I slept too!!! So, the bus was quiet. I was asleep when I heard two children crying. They were hungry. We stopped at a petrol station and my uncle bought some sandwiches. Yummy, they were delicious. Then, we prayed in a small mosque, but we couldn't touch the water. It was so hot. We waited till water became warmer a little bit.

While we were driving in the middle of the desert, my little brother sneezed !!! I didn't know why, but he did. We all laughed and he was embarrassed. My mom gave him a big hug.

We continued our journey till we arrived at the green Salalah. We were both tired and excited. It took 14 hours to arrive. We had a wonderful time there. I would love to go again.

Write a **SHORT** answer to each question.

1. What game did they play in the bus ? \_\_\_\_\_
2. How long did the journey take in the desert ? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Why did they stop at a petrol station ? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Who bought sandwiches ? \_\_\_\_\_
5. What did the mom give to the little brother? \_\_\_\_\_
6. How did they feel when they reached Salalah ? \_\_\_\_\_

**Writing (1)**

Write at least **60 words** on the following topic:

***" It is better to spend your summer holiday in Oman"***

Do you agree or not? Give your reasons.

Your writing should be **clear** and **well-organized**

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**Writing (2)**

Complete the following task. Write a story of at least **60 words**:

***" Something bad happened to you in the summer holiday"***

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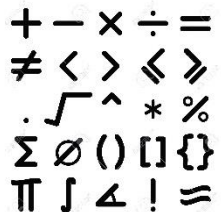


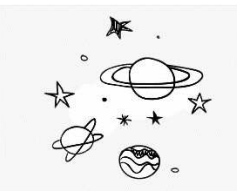
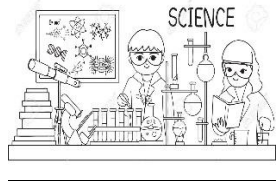





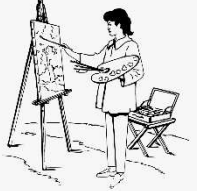


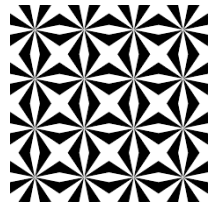












## Unit Two

This question can help your remember the vocabulary of the unit.

Label each picture with the correct word.

Stars and planets	light bulb	success/succeed	intrapersonal	patterns	piano
guitar	do experiments	Maths	Science	globe	blind
linguistic/verbal	naturalist	drums	bridge	interpersonal	soldier
buildings	mathematical/logical		bodily/movement	deaf	cooperate

				
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
				
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
				
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
				
16	17.	18.	19.	20.
				
21.	22.	23.	24.	25.

### Vocabulary (1) an opinion model

Complete the missing words in the text from the box. There are some EXTRA words.

great songs deaf shy Naturalist Mathematics bodily sports Arts together alone solving linguistics

I think that people are different and all of them are good but at different subjects. There are many reasons.

Some people are good at doing experiments and (1) \_\_\_\_\_ problems. They are good at Mathematics. These people can be (2) \_\_\_\_\_ scientists in the future. There are some people who hate school but love playing and doing physical work. These (3) \_\_\_\_\_ people are good at sports. They can be famous football players. Other people are quiet and (4) \_\_\_\_\_. They think of themselves as unimportant and can't help other people but this isn't true. Shy people like working (5) \_\_\_\_\_, so they can do many experiments if they are (6) \_\_\_\_\_, can write (7) \_\_\_\_\_ and poems if they are (8) \_\_\_\_\_ or can draw pictures if they are good at (9) \_\_\_\_\_. people are all different from one another.

These are my reasons why I think that all people are good but in different subjects.

### Vocabulary (2) a story model

Complete the missing words in the text from the box. There are some EXTRA words.

worked blind shy suffered spoke co-operate solved invented poor changed laughed

Ghandi was born in India in 1869 . He was (1) \_\_\_\_\_ and quiet. He didn't have money. He was (2) \_\_\_\_\_. He studied in Britain. He (3) \_\_\_\_\_ hard and (4) \_\_\_\_\_ life of people in India. He (5) \_\_\_\_\_ to thousands of people and persuaded them to (6) \_\_\_\_\_ and get the independence. He died in 1948.

### Grammar (1)

Complete the sentences using ONE word only.

1. Einstein \_\_\_\_\_ good at school, but he became a great thinker.
2. Sinan Bin Abdul Manan \_\_\_\_\_ a famous architect.
3. I \_\_\_\_\_ good at English.
4. Mozart \_\_\_\_\_ born in France.
5. Ahmed likes Arabic, Mathematics, Science \_\_\_\_\_ Sports.

### Grammar (2)

For each item, shade in the bubble  next to each option.

1. Jane Goodall liked \_\_\_\_\_ in Africa.  
 work                       works                       working                       worked
2. Al-Farahidi loved \_\_\_\_\_.  
 write                       wrote                       writes                       poetry
3. Mozart \_\_\_\_\_ many musical instruments when he was young.  
 plays                       played                       playing                       play
4. Ghandi \_\_\_\_\_ use violence to get independence from Britain.  
 didn't                       doesn't                       don't                       isn't
5. Mohammed Ali \_\_\_\_\_ good at doing experiments.  
 isn't                       aren't                       wasn't                       weren't
6. Einstein was good at \_\_\_\_\_.  
 Sciences                       study                       studied                       clever
7. Hellen Keller didn't \_\_\_\_\_ in France, but she lived in the USA.  
 lived                       living                       live                       lives
8. \_\_\_\_\_ Al-Farahidi live in Oman? No, he didn't.  
 Did                       Do                       Does                       Was
9. Einstein liked studying Maths and Sciences \_\_\_\_\_ he didn't like studying languages.  
 or                       and                       but                       with
10. \_\_\_\_\_ Sinan building bridges and walls for soldiers? Yes, he was.  
 Did                       Do                       Does                       Was

**Vocabulary and Grammar (3) an opinion model**

For each space, shade in the bubble  next to the correct option.

I disagree that it is important to be successful in school for you to be a great thinker. There are many (1) \_\_\_\_\_.

First, many great (2) \_\_\_\_\_ were not good at school but they invented many things. For example, Edison (3) \_\_\_\_\_ electric light, but he didn't invent it at school. This is an important invention and people (4) \_\_\_\_\_ it every day. Second, some successful people hate (5) \_\_\_\_\_ with other people. They like (6) \_\_\_\_\_ and studying alone. They (7) \_\_\_\_\_ working in groups. Third, some famous people suffered from (8) \_\_\_\_\_. They were blind and deaf but they (9) \_\_\_\_\_ at home. When they grew up, they (10) \_\_\_\_\_ important people like Hellen Keller. (11) \_\_\_\_\_ people don't get goods marks at school because they are shy and don't answer many questions, but they can change life of people in a country. Ghandi is a good example.

I (12) \_\_\_\_\_ that it is hard to be a great thinker outside school, but with (13) \_\_\_\_\_ work you can be successful. So, I disagree that it is important to be successful in school for you to be a great thinker.

- |                                    |                                     |                                 |                                     |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. <input type="radio"/> buildings | <input type="radio"/> reasons       | <input type="radio"/> poems     | <input type="radio"/> sounds        |
| 2. <input type="radio"/> musician  | <input type="radio"/> architects    | <input type="radio"/> expert    | <input type="radio"/> inventors     |
| 3. <input type="radio"/> enjoyed   | <input type="radio"/> solved        | <input type="radio"/> invented  | <input type="radio"/> built         |
| 4. <input type="radio"/> use       | <input type="radio"/> build         | <input type="radio"/> balance   | <input type="radio"/> draw          |
| 5. <input type="radio"/> measuring | <input type="radio"/> planting      | <input type="radio"/> suffering | <input type="radio"/> co-operating  |
| 6. <input type="radio"/> work      | <input type="radio"/> solving       | <input type="radio"/> working   | <input type="radio"/> moving        |
| 7. <input type="radio"/> like      | <input type="radio"/> dislike       | <input type="radio"/> love      | <input type="radio"/> disliking     |
| 8. <input type="radio"/> diseases  | <input type="radio"/> poetry        | <input type="radio"/> bridges   | <input type="radio"/> language      |
| 9. <input type="radio"/> studied   | <input type="radio"/> drew          | <input type="radio"/> built     | <input type="radio"/> hated         |
| 10. <input type="radio"/> become   | <input type="radio"/> became        | <input type="radio"/> measured  | <input type="radio"/> co-operated   |
| 11. <input type="radio"/> Rhythmic | <input type="radio"/> Interpersonal | <input type="radio"/> Visual    | <input type="radio"/> Intrapersonal |
| 12. <input type="radio"/> laugh    | <input type="radio"/> study         | <input type="radio"/> move      | <input type="radio"/> know          |
| 13. <input type="radio"/> expert   | <input type="radio"/> famous        | <input type="radio"/> hard      | <input type="radio"/> instrument    |

**Reading (1)**

Match the four sentences on the left with the texts in the box. Shade in the bubble under the correct option.

1. Architects can build many buildings like bridges, wall and hospitals. They can know shopping cost too.
2. Some people find is easy to learn a language, write a poem and enjoy playing with words.
3. A coach trains people to balance on one leg, kick a ball and move body quickly to win a competition or a champion.
4. If you can write, sing a song or play musical instruments like drums, then you are a good musician.

A. This is because you are rhythmic and like working with sounds.
B. You are naturalist and love animals and plants. You watch films about wild life.
C. Al-Khalil Bin Ahmed Al-Farahidi had linguistic skills that helped him to be an expert at Arabic language.
D. He works with people who have bodily skills. They like spots.
E. They are good at mathematics and can ask with other people to help them in their work.
F. Interpersonal people like sitting alone and thinking about themselves.

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Reading (2)

Read the text.

I agree that going to school is better than studying online. There are many reasons.

First, students in school learn to co-operate and work in groups. This is important because after school years students will work with other people. People at workplace do not work alone. So, students need learn to co-operate with others. Second, schools help students to make new good friends. So, interpersonal students can make, study, work, play and help students. Friends you make and help at school can help you one day.

Third, schools can improve many skills that students enjoy. At school, students learn to do presentations and solve their problems without using violence. Students who stay at home can't do presentations or solve hard problems. When these home-study students face a problem, they will find it hard to talk in front of people to solve their problems. Fourth, teachers at school can answer hard questions for students. If the teacher doesn't understand the question, the student can ask the question again. With online studying, students will get wrong answers when teachers fail to understand student's questions.

Finally, at school, there is always a time for students to play, tell stories, do experiments, participate in a competition and laugh. Students studying online can't do all these interesting things. Even if you suffer from a disease, you still can enjoy your time at school.

These are my reasons why I agree that going to school is better than studying online.

Write a **SHORT** answer to each question.

1. Why it is important for students to learn to co-operate ? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Where can interpersonal students make, study and work with friends ? \_\_\_\_\_
3. What skills can students learn at school ? \_\_\_\_\_
4. When will students get wrong answers ? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Do students enjoy their time at school ? \_\_\_\_\_
6. Which is better? Studying at school or online ? \_\_\_\_\_

**Writing (1)**

Write at least **60 words** on the following topic:

**" It is important to join a club in the summer holiday to improve your skills"**

Do you agree or not? Give your reasons.

Your writing should be **clear** and **well-organized**

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**Writing (2)**

Use the words in the box to help you write about **Sinan Bin Abdulmannan**. Write at least **60 words**.

born/1490/Turkey	good at / to be / building bridges
mosques / bridges / wall / built	built / Suleiman Mosque
die / 1588	

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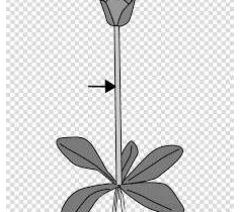

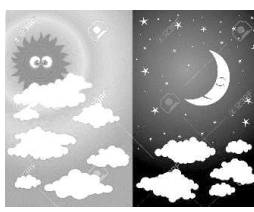
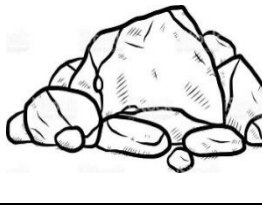


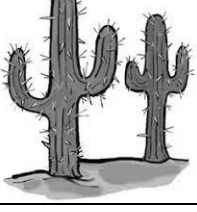






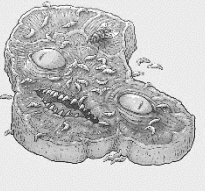


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### Unit Three

This question can help your remember the vocabulary of the unit.

continent	survive	claws	swing	stem	horrible smell	slippery	leaves
hang upside down	toes	map	day and night	sand	flower	cactus	shapes
frogs	insects	country	rotten meat	nest	rocks	roots	

1. 	2. 	3. 	4. 	5. 
6. 	7. 	8. 	9. 	
11. 	12. 	13. 	14. 	15. 
16. 	17. 	18. 	19. 	20. 
21. 	22. 	23. 		



### Vocabulary (1)

Complete the missing words in the text from the box. There are some EXTRA words.

wet continents cold dry rainforests country survive insects shapes live grow

There are seven (1) \_\_\_\_\_ in the world, which are Asia, Europe, North America, South America, Australia, Africa and Antarctica. If you look at the map, you will see four different environments. They are (2) \_\_\_\_\_, grasslands, deserts and cold places. In each environment, there live many animals and (3) \_\_\_\_\_. Some plants can (4) \_\_\_\_\_ in one environment only. Animals, plants and insects are different in size, colours and (5) \_\_\_\_\_. These differences are important for them to (6) \_\_\_\_\_ in their environment. Animals and plants that need less water usually live in hot and (7) \_\_\_\_\_ environments. Plants in rainforests need a lot of water. That is why they live in (8) \_\_\_\_\_ places.

### Vocabulary (2)

Complete the missing words in the text from the box. There are some EXTRA words.

bushes roots dry weather any store map night survive rain rocks rains

Deserts are very hot and (1) \_\_\_\_\_ places. It (2) \_\_\_\_\_ few times every year in deserts. During the day, deserts can be very hot, but at (3) \_\_\_\_\_, they can be cold. Deserts are covered in sand, stones and (4) \_\_\_\_\_. There is a desert in Oman called Bediya Sands.

Animals that live in deserts can (5) \_\_\_\_\_ with little water. Their colours help them to hide and (6) \_\_\_\_\_ water for long time. Plants that grow in deserts need less water. Small plants and (7) \_\_\_\_\_ store water in their (8) \_\_\_\_\_, stems and leaves. Are there (9) \_\_\_\_\_ people live in deserts?

### Grammar (1)

Complete the sentences using ONE word only.

- \_\_\_\_\_ are rainforests? There are rainforest in South America, Africa and Australia.
- Is Bahrain a continent? No, it \_\_\_\_\_.
- Africa is hotter \_\_\_\_\_ Europe.
- \_\_\_\_\_ plants grow in deserts? There are small trees, bushes and cactus in deserts.
- \_\_\_\_\_ there deserts in Asia and Africa? Yes, there are.

### Grammar (2)

For each item, shade in the bubble  next to each option.

- Komodo dragon is \_\_\_\_\_ largest lizard.  
 a  than  the  be
- An anaconda is the \_\_\_\_\_ snake in the world.  
 heavy  heavier  heaviest  heaviest
- Sloth is the \_\_\_\_\_ animal.  
 slow  slower  slower  slowest
- Africa is the \_\_\_\_\_ continent in the world.  
 hot  hotter  hottest  hottest
- A giraffe is taller \_\_\_\_\_ a goat.  
 then  thin  than  then
- A turtle is \_\_\_\_\_ than a sloth.  
 fast  faster  fastter  fastest
- A howler monkey is the \_\_\_\_\_ animals.  
 noisy  noisier  noisiest  noisiest
- India is \_\_\_\_\_ than China.  
 small  smaller  smallest  biggest
- I get up \_\_\_\_\_ 5:30.  
 in  on  at  with
- We don't go to school \_\_\_\_\_ Friday.  
 in  on  at  with
- The school starts \_\_\_\_\_ August.  
 in  on  at  with
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2018, I went to Qatar.  
 In  On  At  With
- \_\_\_\_\_ was Al-Farahidi born? In 718.  
 What  When  Where  How
- Every day, I eat \_\_\_\_\_ apple, but I don't eat \_\_\_\_\_ banana.  
 an - a  an - an  a - an  a - a

15. I have \_\_\_\_ pen.

an

some

ten

a

**Vocabulary and Grammar (3) an opinion model**

For each space, shade in the bubble  next to the correct option.

There are many plants that (1) \_\_\_\_\_ in rainforests. One kind of these (2) \_\_\_\_\_ plants is the orchid. The orchid can grow on the forest floor, high trees and (3) \_\_\_\_\_. Orchid roots (4) \_\_\_\_\_ in the air to get water from the rain that falls on them. They (5) \_\_\_\_\_ water in their roots.

There are millions of kinds of **insects** live in the rainforest. One kind of ant is the army ant. Army ants don't have (6) \_\_\_\_\_ to live in. They walk in a line every day to (7) \_\_\_\_\_ other insects, which they eat.

**Snakes** live in the trees and on the forest floor. One large snake is the anaconda. It is one of the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ snakes in the world.

**Monkeys** live in rainforest too. They have long arms to (9) \_\_\_\_\_ from one tree to another. Some monkeys use their tails to (10) \_\_\_\_\_ onto the trees when they eat. Different monkeys eat different things. They can eat nuts, flowers, roots, and frogs. Some monkeys are so noisy. The Howler Monkey is the (11) \_\_\_\_\_ monkey.

Many of the plants, animals, and insects that live and grow in rainforests don't have names, because (12) \_\_\_\_\_ don't know many things about them.

1.  live

grow

leave

camouflage

2.  strange

weather

country

continent

3.  stems

leaves

roots

rocks

4.  hang

store

send

visit

5.  environment

mountain

ocean

store

6.  ocean

project

survive

nests

7.  hunt

rain

dry

wet

8.  largest

heavier

largest

huger

9.  swing

survive

find

smell

10.  love

hold

have

build

11.  noisy

noisier

noisiest

noisiest

12.  happen

strange

nice

scientists

**Reading (1)**

Match the four sentences on the left with the texts in the box. Shade in the bubble under the correct option.

1. Pitcher plant has slippery leaves to catch insects.
2. Pitcher plant has flowers up to 30 cm deep. This helps the flower to eat animals and insects.
3. Some lizards can camouflage easily.
4. Komodo dragon is very dangerous.

A. It can trap lots of insects, frogs and mice.
B. It is the largest lizard and can grow up to 3 meters long. Also, it eats goats, sheep and even hunt people for food.
C. There are four different kinds of environments, deserts, grasslands, rainforests and cold places.
D. They hang upside down and hold so tightly onto the trees.
E. They slip and slide into the flower. Then, insects can't escape.
F. Their small size and colours of skin help them to hide in the desert.

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Reading (2)

Read the text.

I agree that cutting down trees in rainforests is a problem that we should solve. We shouldn't cut trees. There are many reasons.

First, the more trees we keep in rainforests, the more rain we get. Rain fills wadis and rivers with water that people use every day for cooking, having showers and washing. These rivers and wadis will become dry if it rains less. Cutting and burning trees to make beds, chairs, tables and other furniture items means less rain and a hotter weather than now.

Second, rainforests give us many important things like medicine and food. We make many medicines from the strange plants that grow in rainforests. Also, trees of coffee, chocolate, bananas, corn, tea and nuts all come from the rainforest. People eat these fruit and vegetables all over the world for breakfast, lunch and dinner. These people will become hungry if they can't find food to eat.

Finally, rainforests keep many dangerous animals, insects and birds away from our houses. Some people cut trees down to make more place for them to live. Building houses and making roads in rainforests mean that many dangerous animals, insects and birds will not find a place to live. These scary animals and insects will move to towns and cities where people live. We will feel frightened and angry because of them.

These are my reasons why I agree that cutting down trees in rainforests is a problem that we should solve.

Write a **SHORT** answer to each question.

1. How do we get more rain ? \_\_\_\_\_
2. What furniture items do people make from wood ? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Where do we get medicine from ? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Why animals, birds and insects can't find a place to live ? \_\_\_\_\_
5. When people will feel frightened and angry with animals and insects ? \_\_\_\_\_

**Writing (1)**

Write at least **60 words** on the following topic:

***" It is better to keep animals, lizards and insects in cages than to live on their own environment"***

Do you agree or not? Give your reasons.

Your writing should be **clear** and **well-organized**

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**Writing (2)**

Complete the following task. Write a story of at least **60 words** about:

***" A day when you went camping in a desert, mountain or at the beach "***

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## Unit Four

This question can help your remember the vocabulary of the unit.

Label each picture with the correct word.

doll	sandals	pills	chair	t-shirt	cough syrup	bracelet
comics	yoghurt	watch	earrings	tennis rackets	loaf of bread	
an exercise bike	teddy bears	shoes	furniture	baker's	jewellery	
pharmacy	dates	incense burner	henna cones	coins	notes	

				
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
				
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
				
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
				
16	17.	18.	19.	20.
				
21.	22.	23.	24.	25.

### Vocabulary (1)

Complete the missing words in the text from the box. There are some EXTRA words.

supermarket	souk	items	loaf	dolls	bought	football	chairs	bracelets	pills	pharmacy
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When people go shopping, they usually go to a mall or a (1) \_\_\_\_\_. In the suok, there are many shops. There is a toy shop which sells things like a board game, teddy bears and (2) \_\_\_\_\_. There is also a furniture shop. This shop sells (3) \_\_\_\_\_, tables and beds. If a man is sick, he can go to a (4) \_\_\_\_\_ to buy medicine like (5) \_\_\_\_\_ or a cough syrup.

Sandals, shoes and socks are (6) \_\_\_\_\_ that you can buy from shoe shop. Usually, a baker's sells many types of delicious sandwich, (7) \_\_\_\_\_ of bread and cakes. You can taste them all.

Women like going to jeweller's to buy (8) \_\_\_\_\_, earrings, rings and a necklace. Men like going to sports shop and buy a (9) \_\_\_\_\_ or an exercise bike.

### Vocabulary (1) a story model

Complete the missing words in the text from the box. There are some EXTRA words.

shops	lucky	shopkeeper	buy	bought	much	many	sales	present	luckiest	watch
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The best day in my life was yesterday when my brother took me by his car to a mall. There were so many (1) \_\_\_\_\_ of different kinds and sizes. I saw a shop where people can go to (2) \_\_\_\_\_ video games and another shop that sells furniture items. I went to a jeweller's to buy a (3) \_\_\_\_\_ for my friend. I wanted to buy a (4) \_\_\_\_\_ for him, but I saw a box that had a silver watch and a key ring. The box was on (5) \_\_\_\_\_. I asked the shopkeeper, "how (6) \_\_\_\_\_ is the box?". He answered me, "It is 7 Omani Rials". So, I (7) \_\_\_\_\_ the watch and the key ring.

Before we left the shop, the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ told me that I won a ticket to play in "Fun Zone". I was so excited and soon my brother took me there. I played there for three hours. I saw one of my school friends. Finally, we were going home when my brother stopped at a restaurant to have some sandwiches. Yummy!! I was the (9) \_\_\_\_\_ boy on that day.



**Grammar (1)**

Complete the sentences using ONE word only.

- \_\_\_\_\_ much is the pencil?
- It \_\_\_\_\_ one rial.
- \_\_\_\_\_ your name. (Instruction)
- \_\_\_\_\_ play football at home. (Instruction).
- Have you got any toys? Yes, we \_\_\_\_\_

**Grammar (2)**

For each item, shade in the bubble  next to each option.

- How much \_\_\_\_\_ the pills?  
 am                                       is                                       are                                       be
- \_\_\_\_\_ are 500 baizas.  
 It's                                       They're                                       It                                       They
- \_\_\_\_\_ your hands before eating.  
 Washed                                       Washing                                       Wash                                       Washed
- \_\_\_\_\_ eat rotten meat.  
 Didn't                                       Don't                                       Was                                       Doesn't
- Have you got \_\_\_\_\_ t-shirt?  
 a                                       an                                       some                                       any
- Have you got \_\_\_\_\_ umbrella?  
 a                                       an                                       some                                       any
- Have you got \_\_\_\_\_ t-shirts?  
 a                                       an                                       one                                       any
- The shop opens \_\_\_\_\_ 8 o'clock.  
 in                                       at                                       on                                       with
- The shop doesn't open \_\_\_\_\_ Friday.  
 in                                       at                                       on                                       with
- I don't like bread, yoghurt, butter \_\_\_\_\_ cheese.  
 and                                       too                                       or                                       so
- Ahmed \_\_\_\_\_ a loaf of bread for dinner last night.  
 buy                                       bought                                       was                                       buying
- I always \_\_\_\_\_ a cough syrup from a pharmacy.  
 buy                                       bought                                       was                                       buying
- I can buy a chair from a furniture shop \_\_\_\_\_ I can't buy a doll from a baker's.  
 and                                       or                                       but                                       with
- A jeweller's sells a bracelet, an earring, a necklace \_\_\_\_\_ a ring.  
 and                                       or                                       but                                       with

Vocabulary and Grammar (3) 2 conversations at a shop

For each space, shade in the bubble  next to the correct option.

Shopkeeper:	(1) _____ I help you?
Ahmed:	(2) _____ you got a dictionary?
Shopkeeper:	No, we haven't. I'm (3) _____.
Ahmed:	Oh, Ok. Thank you.
Shop assistant:	Can I (4) _____ you?
Fatima:	Have you got (5) _____ key rings?
Shop assistant:	Yes, we (6) _____. Here they are.
Fatima:	Oh, they're (7) _____. How much are they?
Shop assistant:	They're 1 Omani rial.
Fatima:	(8) _____ like 3 please.
Shop assistant:	That's 3 Omani rials.
Fatima:	Here you are.
Shop assistant:	(9) _____ you. Goodbye.

- |                                      |                                     |                                     |                              |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. <input type="radio"/> Can         | <input type="radio"/> Is            | <input type="radio"/> Are           | <input type="radio"/> Buy    |
| 2. <input type="radio"/> Has         | <input type="radio"/> Did           | <input type="radio"/> Does          | <input type="radio"/> Have   |
| 3. <input type="radio"/> happy       | <input type="radio"/> sorry         | <input type="radio"/> angry         | <input type="radio"/> heavy  |
| 4. <input type="radio"/> buy         | <input type="radio"/> helped        | <input type="radio"/> help          | <input type="radio"/> sell   |
| 5. <input type="radio"/> a           | <input type="radio"/> an            | <input type="radio"/> one           | <input type="radio"/> any    |
| 6. <input type="radio"/> are         | <input type="radio"/> do            | <input type="radio"/> have          | <input type="radio"/> did    |
| 7. <input type="radio"/> old         | <input type="radio"/> lovely        | <input type="radio"/> ugly          | <input type="radio"/> broken |
| 8. <input type="radio"/> I had (I'd) | <input type="radio"/> I would (I'd) | <input type="radio"/> I will (I'll) | <input type="radio"/> want   |
| 9. <input type="radio"/> thank       | <input type="radio"/> Wish          | <input type="radio"/> Hope          | <input type="radio"/> Thank  |

**Reading (1)**

Match the four sentences on the left with the texts in the box. Shade in the bubble under the correct option.

1. A jeweller's is a shop that women like. They can buy many kinds of jewelleries.

2. Ali was sick yesterday. He didn't go to a hospital. He bought a medicine.

3. Ahmed built a new house. He looks for a shop to buy furniture.

4. I'm going to buy a loaf of bread and a cake. Where can I find these things? I need eat.

A. A baker's is a good shop to visit if you are hungry.
B. A pharmacy is a shop where you can buy a cough syrup, pills and many medicines.
C. That shop sells bracelets, earrings, rings and necklaces.
D. A sports shop sells items that young people need to do exercises. It sells football, tennis rackets and sports uniforms.
E. At a supermarket, you can buy many items like yoghurt, butter, cheese and meat.
F. He would like to buy some beds, chairs and tables.

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Reading (2)

Read the text.

I agree that online shopping is better than offline. There are many reasons.

First, people like online shopping because they can buy all items they want from home. There isn't a need to walk in the hot sun or at the cold nights to the shops to buy items. Instead, they can use a computer or mobile phone to do shopping from everywhere. Also, people can buy from many shops at the same time. Each shop will show the objects for them to choose. Second, people don't have to leave their home to take the items they bought. A shop assistant will bring the objects to their home.

Third, many people don't have the time to go shopping. Most shops only open during the day when people are at work. Some shops open at night but for few hours. Many people find it hard to go shopping during work days. With online shopping, people can do shopping at any time. Fourth, if you shop online, you can save your money and spend less. Objects in online shops are cheaper than objects in the souk.

Fifth, if you are intrapersonal and you hate meeting people, then online shopping keeps you away from people. You can choose the items from your computer and a shop assistant will come to your home with the items you bought. Finally, online shopping helps you to find the objects easily. All you need do is to write the name of the item, and the computer will show you everything you need.

These are my reason why online shopping is better than offline.

Write a **SHORT** answer to each question.

1. Why do people like online shopping (1 reason only) ? \_\_\_\_\_
2. What do people use to do online shopping ? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Who brings the objects to your home in online shopping ? \_\_\_\_\_
4. When do people go to work ? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Where can you find cheaper objects ? \_\_\_\_\_

**Writing (1)**

Write at least **60 words** on the following topic:

**" It is better not to take children to souk for shopping "**

Do you agree or not? Give your reasons.

Your writing should be **clear** and **well-organized**

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**Writing (2)**

Write the story here:

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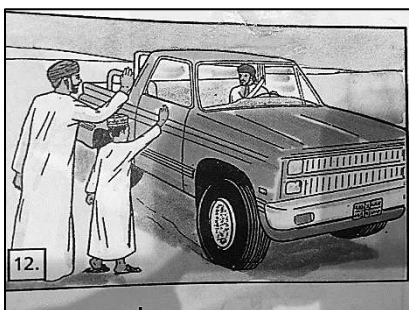
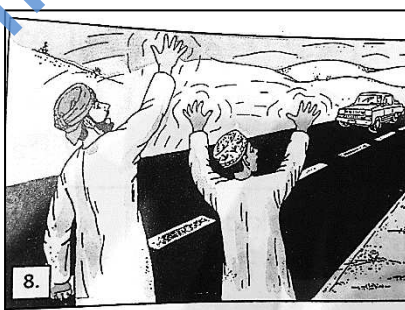
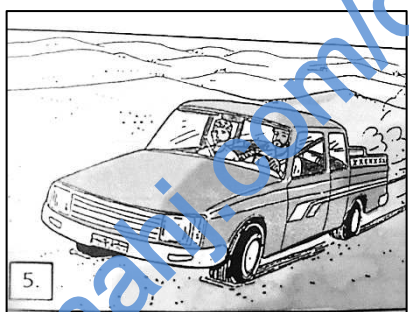
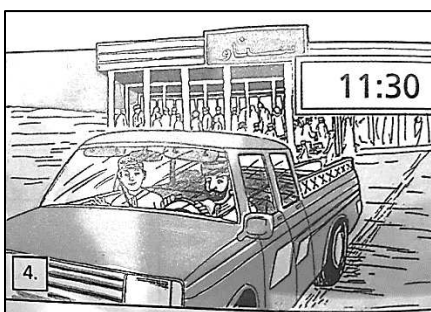
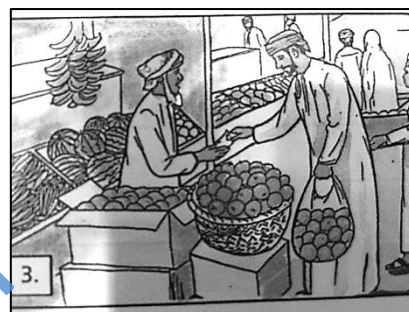
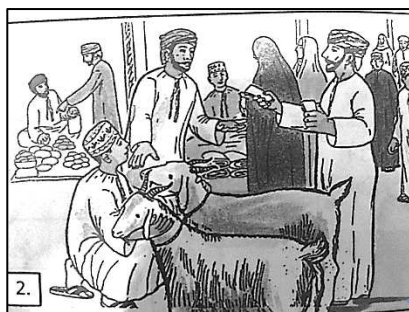
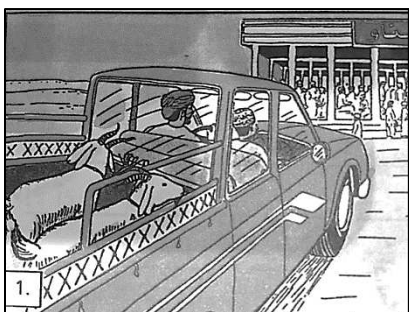
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### Writing (2)

Write a story about Salim and his dad. Write at least 60 words. Use the words in the box to help you.

went	Sinaw Souk	bought	goats	fruits
left	drove	desert	stuck	walked
	asked	helped		thanked

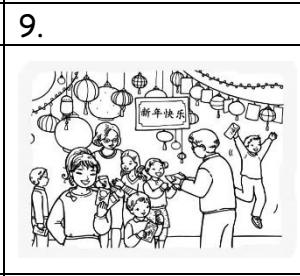

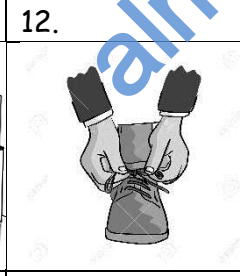
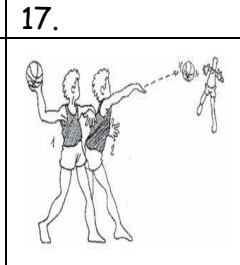
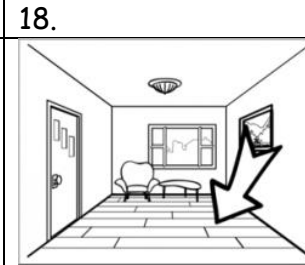


## Unit Five

This question can help your remember the vocabulary of the unit.

Label each picture with the correct word.

dance	juggle	sew	sing	chase	pass	pull	tie-up	circus	concert
festival	theatre	dinning room	floor	fridge	window	fingerprint	fingerprints	footprints	
	thief	lazy	rich	happy	unhappy	tidy	untidy		

				
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
				
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
				
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
				
16.	17.	18.	19.	20.
				
21.	22.	23.	24.	25.

### Vocabulary (1)

Complete the missing words in the text from the box. There are some EXTRA words.

poor	rich	presents	untidy	tidy	unhappy	pretty	unkind	selfish	unselfish
			غير مرتب	مرتب	غير سعيد	جميل	غير عطف	أناني	غير أناني

Ahmed was very (1) \_\_\_\_\_. He had lots of money buying and selling diamonds. He was (2) \_\_\_\_\_ because he didn't help poor people around him.

Fatima loved her uncle because he bought many (3) \_\_\_\_\_ for her. She was a (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (beautiful) girl but she was (5) \_\_\_\_\_ because she didn't help her mom at home. Also, her room was full of rubbish and boxes. She was (6) \_\_\_\_\_.

Ali was very (7) \_\_\_\_\_. He didn't have lots of money. He worked with Ahmed, but Ahmed didn't pay him much money. Ahmed was mean (بخيل). Ali was hard-working but he was sad. He was (8) \_\_\_\_\_.

### Vocabulary (2)

Complete the missing words in the text from the box. There are some EXTRA words.

healthy	unhealthy	lazy كسول	horrible متوحش / قاسي	unselfish	selfish
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Nassir is very (1) \_\_\_\_\_. He always eats junk food and smokes a lot. Also, he is (2) \_\_\_\_\_ and always asks people to help him with his work.

He is (3) \_\_\_\_\_ to children and shouts at them. He likes taking money from his brothers and he doesn't give their money back to them. He is very (4) \_\_\_\_\_.

### Grammar (1)

Complete the sentences using ONE word only.

1. Last night, my sister \_\_\_\_\_ ironing her clothes.
2. Salim and Saif \_\_\_\_\_ watching television yesterday.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ Amal making pizza for dinner? Yes, she was.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ was Khalfan living in 2017? He was living in Nizwa.
5. We were \_\_\_\_\_ football before the class began.



**Reading (1)**

Match the four sentences on the left with the texts in the box. Shade in the bubble under the correct option.

1. I like reading adventure stories. I enjoy reading them.
2. I love comedy films. I go to cinema with my dad to watch them.
3. Ahmed hates horror films. He was six years old when he first saw a horror film.
4. All people like reading detective stories. These stories help people to use their mind and think.

A. They are stories that talk about life in the future or on other planets.
B. People try to solve the crime with the detective. Some people can solve the crime even before the detective does.
C. He saw a movie where strange and frightening things happened.
D. They are exciting stories in which dangerous or unusual things happen.
E. These movies are funny ones. Many stupid things happen there. You can hear people laughing and laughing.

	A	B	C	D	E	.
1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	
2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	
3.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	
4.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	

## Reading (2)

Read the text.

I know who stole the diamond. It wasn't Mrs. Lynn. She was listening to music in the living room and Mr. Dollar saw her. It wasn't Mr. Green too. He was sleeping in the garden. But there were fingerprints on the door to the study and on the desk. These fingerprints were for Mr. Mop but he wasn't the thief. He was in the kitchen and Mrs. Lynn heard him singing a song.

Mrs. Larry wasn't the thief because she was in the study putting plates on the table. She dropped one plate and Lynn heard when Mr. Dollar shouted at her. Then, Mrs. Larry came out of the dining room and went into the hall.

The thief was Mr. Parker. He said he was answering the telephone, but Larry didn't hear the telephone ringing or anyone talking in the telephone. She was in the dining room. Mr. Mop and Mrs. Larry and Lynn came into the hall and they didn't see him there.

There weren't any fingerprints for Mr. Parker anywhere because he wiped the place. He used his handkerchief, but he dropped his handkerchief as he left.

Write a **SHORT** answer to each question.

1. Where did Mr. Dollar see Mrs. Lynn? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Who was putting the plates on the table? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Why did Mr. Dollar shout at Mrs. Larry? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What did Mr. Parker use to wipe the place? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Were there any fingerprints for Mr. Parker? \_\_\_\_\_

**Writing (1)**

Write at least **60 words** on the following topic:

***" It is better to watch a film at home than going to a cinema "***

Do you agree or not? Give your reasons.

Your writing should be **clear** and **well-organized**

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### Unit 1 Answer Key

1. take photographs	2. ride a bike	3. plane	4. tired	5. The Great Wall of China	6. tower
7. pizza	8. delicious	9. ambulance	10. Funfair	11. Camel	12. Goat
13. Fort	14. pyramids	15. Mountains	16. Skating	17. Skiing	18. Sun
19. Barbecue	20. Farm	21. sausages	22. sneeze	23. Laugh	24. Frightened
				25. Hug	

<b>Vocabulary (1)</b>	<b>Vocabulary (2)</b>	<b>Grammar (1)</b>
1. relatives	1. slept	1. went
2. stay	2. photographs	2. stayed
3. wadis	3. presents	3. ate
4. play	4. stopped	4. visited
5. delicious	5. telephoned	5. go did
6. take	6. hat	السؤال في الزمن الماضي ولكن الفعل في الزمن المضارع لوجود كلمة did الاجابات من 1 إلى 5 في الزمن الماضي، الجمل تتحدث عن اجازة الصيف

<b>Vocabulary and Grammar (3)</b>	<b>Grammar (2)</b>
1. hours	1. went
2. drove	2. At
3. dangerous	3. by
4. was	4. visit
5. noise	5. did
6. frightened	6. did
7. too	7. How
8. drank	8. playing
9. warm	9. burned
10. telephoned	10. Plant
11. Saw	4. راجع المفردة
12. photographs	
13. nice	
14. present	
15. keyring	

<b>Reading (1)</b>	<b>Reading (2)</b>	<b>Writing (2)</b>
1. E	1. puzzles.	Many years ago, my family <b>flew</b> to Egypt. It <b>took</b> four hours. When we <b>arrived</b> a hotel, we <b>were</b> very tired and we <b>slept</b> . We <b>stayed</b> in Egypt for five days. One day, we <b>went</b> to see the huge pyramids. My dad <b>was driving</b> the car back to the hotel when it <b>stopped</b> . He. My dad <b>telephoned</b> the police. We <b>stayed</b> in the hot sun for half an hour and it <b>was</b> too hot. Finally, the police <b>arrived</b> and <b>took</b> us back to the hotel. We <b>were</b> so tired.
2. F	2. six hours	
3. D	3. children were	
4. A	4. hungry/crying.	
	4. uncle.	
	5. a big hug.	
	6. tired and excited.	
		ستعمل افعال في الزمن الماضي لكتابة جميع القصص
		See page 40

## Unit 2 Answer Key

1. Maths	2. Guitar	3. Piano	4. Stars and planets	5. Science	6. intrapersonal
7. linguistic	8. Bodily/movement	9. Musical/rhythmic	10. Interpersonal	11. visual	
12. naturalist	13. Mathematical	14. patterns	15. cooperate	16. bridge	17. Light bulb
18. Do experiments	19. blind	20. Success/ succeed	21. drums	22. globe	23. deaf
24. Soldiers	25. Buildings				
<p><b><u>Vocabulary (1)</u></b></p> <p>1. solving</p> <p>2. great</p> <p>3. bodily</p> <p>4. shy      8. linguistic</p> <p>5. alone    9. Arts</p> <p>6. mathematical</p> <p>7. Songs</p>	<p><b><u>Vocabulary (2)</u></b></p> <p>1. shy</p> <p>2. poor</p> <p>3. worked</p> <p>4. changed</p> <p>5. spoke</p> <p>6. cooperate</p>	<p><b><u>Grammar (1)</u></b></p> <p>1. was</p> <p>2. was</p> <p>3. am</p> <p>4. was</p> <p>5. and</p>	<p><b><u>Grammar (2)</u></b></p> <p>1. working ing بعد افعال المحبة والكره، نكتب اسم أو فعل مع</p> <p>2. poetry ing بعد افعال المحبة والكره، نكتب اسم أو فعل مع</p> <p>3. played</p> <p>4. didn't لأن الفعل وقع في الزمن الماضي</p> <p>5. wasn't لأن الفعل وقع في الزمن الماضي</p> <p>6. Sciences ing بعد كلمة جيد، نكتب اسم أو فعل مع</p> <p>7. live did الجملة في الزمن الماضي ولكن الفعل في الزمن المضارع لوجود كلمة live</p> <p>8. Did لأن السؤال في الزمن الماضي</p> <p>9. but لأن الجملتين متعاكستين، واحدة يحب فيها، وواحدة لا يحب فيها</p> <p>10. Was أنظر إلى آخر كلمة في الجواب</p>		
<p><b><u>Vocabulary and Grammar (3)</u></b></p> <p>1. reasons      2. Inventors      3. invented</p> <p>4. use            5. Cooperating    6. working</p> <p>7. dislike        8. Diseases        9. studied</p> <p>10. became      11. Intrapersonal</p> <p>12. know        13. Hard</p>					
<p><b><u>Reading (1)</u></b></p> <p>1. E</p> <p>2. C</p> <p>3. D</p> <p>4. A</p>	<p><b><u>Reading (2)</u></b></p> <p>1. Because people at workplace don't work alone.</p> <p>2. In school.</p> <p>3. Do presentation and solve problems.</p> <p>4. When teachers in online studying fail to understand questions.</p> <p>5. Yes.</p> <p>6. Studying at school.</p>		<p><b><u>Writing (2)</u></b></p> <p>Sinan Bin Abdulmannan <b>was born</b> in Turkey in 1490. He <b>was</b> good at building bridges. He <b>built</b> mosques, bridges and walls. Also, he <b>built</b> Suleiman Mosque. He <b>died</b> in 1588.</p> <p>استعمل افعال في الزمن الماضي لكتابة جميع القصص</p> <p>See page 40</p>		

### Unit 3 Answer Key

1. insects	2. Horrible smell	3. slippery	4. Frog	5. sand	6. Roots	7. Stem
8. leaves	9. shapes	10. Day and night	11. rocks	12. swing	13. Hang upside down	
14. cactus	15. map	16. nest	17. claws	18. toes	19. flower	20. Survive
21. Rotten meat	22. country	23. Continent				

<p><b>Vocabulary (1)</b></p> <p>1. continents</p> <p>2. rainforests</p> <p>3. insects</p> <p>4. grow</p> <p>5. shapes</p> <p>6. survive</p> <p>7. dry</p> <p>8. wet</p>	<p><b>Vocabulary (2)</b></p> <p>1. dry</p> <p>2. rains</p> <p>3. night</p> <p>4. rocks</p> <p>5. survive</p> <p>6. store</p> <p>7. bushes</p> <p>8. roots</p> <p>9.any</p>	<p><b>Grammar (1)</b></p> <p>1. Where</p> <p>2. isn't</p> <p>أنظر لأول كلمة في السؤال، ولوجود كلمة <b>No</b></p> <p>3. than</p> <p>4. What</p> <p>5. Are أنظر إلى آخر كلمة في السؤال</p>	<p><b>Grammar (2)</b></p> <p>1. the</p> <p>2. heaviest</p> <p>3. slowest لا نكتب حرف مرتين</p> <p>4. hottest لوجود حرف علة واحد</p> <p>5. than</p> <p>6. faster لأن حرف العلة متبوع بحرفين</p> <p>7. noisiest</p> <p>8. smaller لأن حرف العلة متبوع بحرفين</p> <p>9. at نستعملها مع الساعة</p> <p>10. on نستعملها مع الايام</p> <p>11. in نستعملها مع الشهور والسنوات والفصول</p> <p>12. in نستعملها مع الشهور والسنوات والفصول</p> <p>13. When للسؤال عن الزمن والوقت</p> <p>14. an - a</p> <p>لأن الكلمة تبدأ بحرف ساكن-لأن الكلمة تبدأ بحرف علة</p> <p>15. a</p>	
<p><b>Vocabulary and Grammar (3)</b></p> <p>1. grow</p> <p>4. hang</p> <p>7. hunt</p> <p>10. hold</p>			<p>2. Strange</p> <p>5. Store</p> <p>8. Largest</p> <p>11. Noisiest</p>	<p>3. rocks</p> <p>6. nests</p> <p>9. swing</p> <p>12. Scientists</p>

<p><b>Reading (1)</b></p> <p>1. E</p> <p>2. A</p> <p>3. F</p> <p>4. B</p>	<p><b>Reading (2)</b></p> <p>1. By keeping more trees in rain forests.</p> <p>2. Beds, chairs and tables.</p> <p>3. Plants that grow in rain forests.</p> <p>4. Because of building houses and making road in rainforests.</p> <p>5. When animals and insects can't find a place to live and move to towns..</p>	<p><b>Writing (2)</b></p> <p>Last week, my family <b>went</b> to the beach. It <b>took</b> one hour to arrive. When we <b>arrived</b> the beach, we <b>were</b> very hungry and my mom <b>cooked</b> delicious lunch. We <b>ate</b> the lunch and then my dad slept for a while. My little brother <b>went</b> to the sea. He <b>jumped</b> in the water but he <b>wasn't</b> good at swimming. My dad <b>was sleeping</b> when he <b>heard</b> us shouting. My little brother <b>was drowning</b>. My dad <b>jumped</b> quickly into the water and <b>helped</b> my brother. We <b>were</b> very frightened but my brother was fine. Finally, we <b>left</b> the beach quickly and went home. It <b>was</b> so scary.</p> <p>استعمل افعال في الزمن الماضي لكتابة جميع القصص</p> <p>See page 40</p>
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### Unit 4 Answer Key

1. t-shirt	2. pharmacy	3. Incense burner	4. furniture	5. doll	6. shoes	7. sandals
8. Henna cones	9. earrings	10. pills	11. An exercise bike	12. chair	13. Coins	
14. Cough syrup	15. Loaf of bread	16. Jeweller's	17. Tennis rackets	18. notes	19. Baker's	
20. Bracelet	21. dates	22. comic	23. Watch	24. Teddy bears	25. Yoghurt	

<b>Vocabulary (1)</b>	<b>Vocabulary (2)</b>	<b>Grammar (1)</b>	<b>Grammar (2)</b>
1. souk 2. dolls 3. chairs 4. pharmacy 5. pills 6. items 7. loaf 8. bracelets 9. football	1. shops 2. buy 3. presents 4. watch 5. sales 6. much 7. bought 8. shopkeeper 9. luckiest	1. How 2. is 3. Write/Tell/Read/Say ... 4. Don't 5. have أنظر إلى أول كلمة في السؤال	1. are 2. They 3. wash 4. Don't 5. a 6. an لأن الكلمة تبدأ بحرف علة 7. any السؤال في الجمع 8. at نستعملها مع الساعة 9. on نستعملها مع الأيام 10. or الجملة في النفي، لذلك استعملنا هذا الجواب 11. bought الجملة في الزمن الماضي 12. buy الجملة في الزمن المضارع 13. but لأن الجملتين متعاكستين 14. and
<b>Vocabulary and Grammar (3)</b>			
1. Can 4. help 7. lovely	2. Have 5. Any 8. I would (I'd)	3. sorry 6. have 9. Thank	
<b>Reading (1)</b>	<b>Reading (2)</b>	<b>Writing (2)</b>	
1. C 2. B 3. F 4. A	1. Because they can buy from their home / they can buy from many shops at the same time / they don't have to leave their home to take the items / they can buy at any time / they can save money / they don't meet with people. 2. Computer or mobile phone. 3. A shop assistant. 4. During the day. 5. In online shops.	Two days ago, Salim and his dad <b>went</b> to Sinaw Souk. They <b>bought</b> some goats and fruits. They <b>left</b> the souk at 11:30. Salim's dad <b>drove</b> in the desert. Suddenly, the car <b>stuck</b> in the middle of the desert. They <b>walked</b> to find someone to help them. The <b>stopped</b> a man and <b>asked</b> for help. The man <b>helped</b> them. Finally, they thanked him. They <b>were</b> happy.  استعمل افعال في الزمن الماضي لكتابة جميع القصص See page 40	

### Unit 5 Answer Key

1. rich	2. Thief	3. Footprints	4. circus	5. chase	6. pull	7. lazy	8. fingerprint
9. concert	10. sing	11. happy	12. unhappy	13. window	14. festival	15. sew	
16. tidy	17. Tie-up	18. fridge	19. Theatre	20. juggle	21. untidy	22. pass	
23. floor	24. Dinning room	25. dance					

<u>Vocabulary (1)</u>	<u>Vocabulary (2)</u>	<u>Grammar (1)</u>	<u>Reading (1)</u>	<u>Reading (2)</u>
1. rich	1. unhealthy	1. was لأنه وقع في الليلة الماضية	1. D	1. In the living room.
2. unkind	2. lazy	2. were لأنه وقع بالأمس	2. E	2. Mrs. Larry.
3. presents	3. horrible	3. Was انظر إلى آخر كلمة في الجواب	3. C	3. Because she dropped one plate.
4. pretty	4. selfish	4. Where تستعمل للسؤال عن المكان	4. B	4. His handkerchief.
5. selfish		5. playing were لأنها سبقت بالفعل		5. No, there weren't.
6. untidy				
7. poor				
8. unhappy				



## Writing Opinion

Write at least 60 words on the following topic:

" It is better to spend the summer holiday in your village."

Do you agree or not? Give your reasons.

Your writing should be clear and well-organized.

I agree it is better to spend the summer holiday in your village. There are many reasons.

First, you can meet with your uncles, aunts and their children. So, you can make barbecues and eat Omani dishes. Second, you can play with your friends different games. You can play football, volleyball and other games. Third, you can go to wadis and swim with your friends or your family. Finally, you can save your money. You won't lose your money.

These are my reasons why it is better to spend the holiday in your village.

Follow rule of (1) Subject, (2) Verb and (3) Complement.

## Story Writing\*

Many years ago, my family **flew** to Egypt. It **took** four hours. When we **arrived** a hotel, we **were** very tired and we **slept**. We **stayed** in Egypt for five days. One day, we **went** to see the huge pyramids. My dad **was driving** the car back to the hotel when it **stopped**. He. My dad **telephoned** the police. We **stayed** in the hot sun for half an hour and it **was** too hot. Finally, the police **arrived** and **took** us back to the hotel. We **were** so tired.

Parts of a story:

1. Time, place and characters. Many years ago, my family flew to Egypt.
2. The action: When we arrived a hotel, we were very tired and we slept. We stayed in Egypt for five days. One day, we went to see the huge pyramids. My dad was driving the car back to the hotel when it stopped.
3. More information: He. My dad telephoned the police. We stayed in the hot sun for half an hour and it was too hot. Finally, the police arrived and took us back to the hotel.
4. Feelings or thoughts: We were so tired.

\* Write all verbs in past simple and past continuous.