

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج القطرية



أوراق عمل الأندلس منتصف الفصل غير مجانية

موقع المناهج ← المناهج القطرية ← المستوى السادس ← لغة انجليزية ← الفصل الأول ← أوراق عمل ← الملف

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ملفات اكتب للمعلم اكتب للطالب | اختبارات الكترونية | اختبارات | حلول | عروض بوربوينت | أوراق عمل
منهج انجليزي | ملخصات وتقارير | مذكرات وبنوك | الامتحان النهائي للمدرس

المزيد من مادة
لغة انجليزية:

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب المستوى السادس



صفحة المناهج
القطرية على
فيسبوك

الرياضيات

اللغة الانجليزية

اللغة العربية

التربية الاسلامية

المواد على تلغرام

المزيد من الملفات بحسب المستوى السادس والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

أوراق عمل الأندلس منتصف الفصل مع الإجابة النموذجية

1

أوراق عمل دعم وإثراء الفرقان منتصف الفصل مع الإجابة النموذجية

2

أوراق عمل عبد الله بن رواحة لاختبار منتصف الفصل مع الإجابة النموذجية

3

أوراق عمل أم القرى منتصف الفصل غير مجانية

4

أوراق عمل البيان منتصف الفصل مع الإجابة النموذجية

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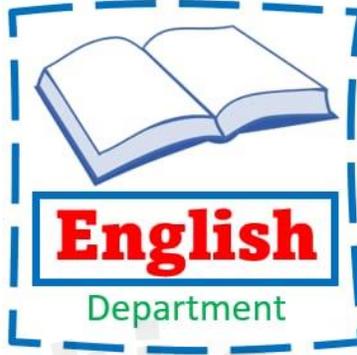
مجمع الأندلس التعليمي

Andalus Educational Complex

مدرسة الأندلس الابتدائية الخاصة للبنين

تحت إشراف وزارة التربية والتعليم والتعليم العالي

رؤية المدرسة: تَعَلَّمْ عَصْرِيٌّ مُلِمٌّ، هَيُوتِيَّةٌ وَطَنِيَّةٌ وَقِيَمٌ إِسْلَامِيَّةٌ.



Mid-Term Enrichment Exercises

Name:

توفيرُ خبراتٍ تعلمٍ متطورةٍ ومتنوعةٍ، ضمنَ بيئةٍ ثريةٍ وآمنةٍ، تُحفِّزُ على الابتكار والإبداع، وتعزِّزُ الانتماءَ للوطنِ والتمسكُ بقيمِ الدينِ.

رسالتنا

@ info@alandalus.qa



www.alandalus.qa



44011222



andalusqr 92119



Language functions

A. Read and match.

- | | |
|--|-------------------------|
| 1. Do you always have breakfast in the morning? | A. She met her friends. |
| 2. How often do you tidy your room? | B. Yes, I do. |
| 3. Is he going to take part in the Science fair? | C. Once a week. |
| 4. What did she do yesterday? | D. No, he isn't. |

B. Read and match.

- | | |
|--|-----------------------|
| 1. Whose book is this? | A. I went for a walk. |
| 2. What did you do last weekend? | B. It's hers. |
| 3. How often do you text your friends? | C. No, I am not. |
| 4. Are you studying now? | D. Every weekend. |

C. Read and match.

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| 1. Were Khalid and Hamza playing in the sand? | A. Yes, he did. |
| 2. Are you going to come with us? | B. No, they weren't. |
| 3. Whose car is this? | C. Yes, we are. |
| 4. Did he finish his project yesterday? | D. It's ours. |



Reading



A. Directions: Read the passage and answer the questions.

In the past, people didn't have notes or coins. During this period, they used stones, shells, seeds and even salt to buy things.

People first used coins 2,600 years ago in Lydia, Asia Minor. They mixed gold and silver to make them. Coins became popular in Europe and Asia soon after that.

Early coins were very interesting. They weren't round. In Olbia, a city near the Black Sea, they had some coins in the shape of a dolphin or fish.

The first Chinese coins were in the shape of shells and tools.

In Thailand, they had coins that looked like rings.

The Chinese started using paper money in 1000 CE because their coins were too heavy.

The word dollar comes from a silver coin called a thaler. In Europe people used thalers for almost 400 years. Today dollars are not only used in the USA. They are also used in Canada, Australia and in other countries! Of course, all these dollars are different from US dollars.

On January 1st, 2002, the use of the euro began. Twelve countries in Europe started using it. The euro is used by millions of Europeans! Not all European countries use the euro, though. Today, the euro is used by over 320 million Europeans!

Since 1966, Qatar has used the Qatari riyal. Other Arabic countries use different kinds of money. Kuwait, for example, uses the Kuwaiti dinar.

Today, credit cards are used by lots of people. These small plastic cards are used instead of money. That's why they're called plastic money. The first credit cards appeared in the early 1950s in the USA and now people all around the world use them.



1. What is the text **MAINLY** about?

- A. money B. China C. Europe D. dollars

2. In the past people used _____ to buy what they wanted.

- B. shells B. credit cards C. tools

3. In Olbia people used coins that looked like _____.

- A. tools B. dolphins C. notes

4. People used the thaler in Europe for almost _____ years.

- A. 2,600 B. 400 C. 1000

5. Canada and _____ use dollars.

- A. Australia B. Austria C. China

6. _____ European countries started using the euro in 2002.

- A. 12 B. 10 C. 320

7. Credit cards are also called _____.

- A. notes B. silver money C. plastic money

8. What shape were the first Chinese coins in?

9. When did the Chinese start to use paper money?

10. What did people use in Europe?

11. What do they use in Qatar?

12. What is used by lots of people today?



B. Directions: Read the passage and answer the questions.

Silk is used for making beautiful dresses, shirts, scarves and other kinds of clothes. Silk is made from the cocoons of little insects called silkworms. A silkworm cocoon can produce about 300-400 metres of silk. You need about 5,000 silkworms to make a dress out of silk.

The Chinese were the first people to make silk 4,000 years ago. They didn't want anyone else to know about silk. Around 550 CE, two Europeans visited China and hid some silkworm eggs in a long piece of wood. They took them back to Europe and learnt how to make silk. Today, silk is produced all over the world.

Silk is a great material because it's cool in the summer and warm in the winter. It is not only used for making clothes. In some countries, silk is used for decorating walls. It is also mixed with other materials to make rugs and blankets.

1. What insect is used to make silk?

2. How much silk can you get from a silkworm cocoon?

3. How many silkworms do you need to make a silk dress?

4. Who made silk first?

5. How did the Europeans get silkworm eggs back to Europe?

6. Where is silk produced today?

7. Why is silk so popular for making clothes?



Vocabulary



A. Fill in the gaps with the suitable words from the box:

combs brushes check surf text tidies

1. I usually _____ my e-mail in the evening.
2. She _____ her teeth after each meal.
3. I often _____ my friends at the weekends.
4. How often do you _____ the net?
5. Noosa _____ her hair every morning.
6. My sister always _____ her room before leaving to school.



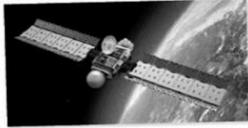
B. Fill in the gaps with the suitable words from the box:

do play schedule uniform tablet calendar

1. How often do you _____ volleyball?
2. Look at his new _____! It's the latest version.
3. What day is it today? Where is the _____?
4. Do you have a copy of the _____?
5. I like to _____ karate.
6. You must wear your school _____.



astronaut



satellite



spacesuit



towel



a tube of
toothpaste



swallow

C. Fill in the gaps with the suitable words from the box:

spacesuits satellite swallow towel tube astronauts

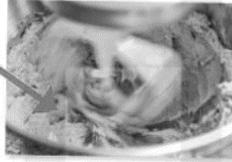
- Eshailsat is a _____ that goes round Earth.
- _____ travel to space by spaceships.
- Please, buy a _____ of toothpaste when you go shopping.
- Astronauts don't wear their _____ when they sleep.
- Use the blue _____ to dry your hands. The red one is mine.
- Don't _____ the toothpaste when you brush your teeth.



mix



soft



dough



view



hike



ancient

D. Fill in the gaps with the suitable words from the box:

hike dough mix ancient view soft

- Our hotel room had an amazing _____ of the beach.
- Fulla put some chocolate into the biscuit _____ and then mixed it.
- Last year, I visited the _____ pyramids of Giza.
- I would like to _____ through the mountains one day.
- We can get new colours when we _____ other colours.
- These biscuits are very _____.



Grammar

Present Simple

Key words: usually – always – often – sometimes – every

he / she / it → verb + s/es/ies

I / we / they / you → base form

Questions: he / she / it → Does

I / we / they / you → Do

Negative: he / she / it → doesn't + base form

I / we / they / you → don't + base form

*He texts his friends every day.

*I text my friends every day

*Does he always surf the net?

*Do they usually tidy their room?

*She doesn't always comb her hair.

*We don't need hot sauce.



A. Read and choose the correct answer.

1. Fulan usually _____ his friend after school.

- A. text B. texts C. is texting D. are texting

2. _____ he always surf the net?

- A. Is B. Do C. Did D. Does

3. – How _____ do you study English? – Everyday.

- A. always B. often C. many D. much

4. He _____ his friend every day.

- A. text B. texts C. texted D. texting

5. We always _____ our rooms.

- A. tidy B. tidies C. tided D. tidying

B. Do as shown between brackets.

1. Fulana never wake up late. (correct)

2. My parents always reads newspapers at night. (correct)

3. Do he check his email in the morning? (correct)



Present Progressive



Key words: now – at the moment – look – listen

I + am + v. + ing

→ *I am watching

he / she / it + v. + ing

→ *He is playing

we / you / they + v. + ing

→ *They are writing

Negative: am / is / are + not

→ *I am not reading / *We are not playing / *Sara is not answering

Questions: I am → Are you...?

he / she / it → Is...? we / they / you → Are.....?

*I am watching a movie.

→ *Are you watching a movie?

*Omar is playing volleyball.

→ *Is Omar playing volleyball?

*Dana and Hajar are studying English.

→ *Are they studying English?

A. Read and choose the correct answer.

1. I _____ karate now.

- A. do B. does C. is doing D. am doing

2. They _____ volleyball at the moment.

- A. play B. plays C. is playing D. are playing

3. Are you _____ now?

- A. eat B. eats C. ate D. eating

4. Fatakat _____ a book now.

- A. read B. reads C. is reading D. are reading

B. Do as shown between brackets.

1. I am read a book now.

(correct)

2. Is we leaving at the moment?

(correct)



Possessive Pronouns



Whose trainers are these? →

They're John's (trainers).

They're his (trainers).

They're his.

John's trainers are green.

Subject Personal Pronouns	I	you	he	she	it	we	you	they
Possessive Pronouns	mine	yours	his	hers	-	ours	yours	theirs

*This book is for Ahmad. It's **his**.

*These pens are for Ali, Omar and Khaled. They're **theirs**.

*This is our class. It's **ours**.

*This dress for Fatima. It's **hers**.

*This is my ball. It's **mine**.

A. Read and choose the correct answer.

1. The red bike is Ali's. It's _____.

A. his B. hers C. ours D. mine

2. This house is Hala and Lana's house. It is _____.

A. his B. hers C. ours D. theirs

3. We have got a parrot. It's _____.

A. his B. hers C. ours D. theirs

B. Do as shown between brackets.

1. The blue watch is for you. It's **ours**. (**correct**)

2. Nafeesa has a cat. The cat is (**complete**)

3. Ahmad has a car. The car is (**complete**)

4. Is this your book? Yes, it's (**complete**)

5. The new tablet is for Fulla. It's **mine**. (**correct**)



Future (be going to)

Future be going to

We use the **Future be going to** to express future plans and intentions.
e.g. He is going to play football.

Time Expressions	
today, tomorrow, tonight	next week / month / Tuesday / May / winter / year
this week / month / year	in summer, on Saturday, at six o'clock

Remember!

I	am	going to	study.
She Marwa / my mom / the girl	is	going to	sleep.
He Ali / my friend / my brother / the doctor	is	going to	go to the mall.
It the cat / the dog / the weather / the sky	is	going to	play with the ball.
You	are	going to	watch a movie.
They my parents / my cousins / my friends. Asmaa, Aliaa and Reem	are	going to	do their homework.
We my family and I	are	going to	surf the internet.

Read and choose the correct answer.

- The children _____ to the zoo next weekend.
A. going to go
B. is going to go
C. am going to go
D. are going to go
- Farida _____ part in the art competition.
A. going to take
B. is going to take
C. am going to take
D. are going to take
- I am going to _____ karate tomorrow.
A. do
B. is doing
C. does
D. am doing
- We are going to _____ volleyball next week.
A. play
B. played
C. plays
D. are playing



Don't
FORGET!

Past Simple

Key words: last / yesterday / ago

Regular Verbs: v. + ed / d / ied →

*(play - played) - (dance - danced) - (study - studied)

Irregular Verbs: MUST BE MEMORISED →

*(swim - swam) - (eat - ate) - (buy - bought)

Questions: Did + base form of v. →

*Did you eat your food? - *Did they do their homework?

Negative: did not / didn't + base form of v.

*I did not eat my food. - *They didn't do their homework. - *Sami did not go for a walk.

Irregular verbs

BASE FORM	PAST SIMPLE	BASE FORM	PAST SIMPLE	BASE FORM	PAST SIMPLE
be	was - were	fly	flew	say	said
become	became	forget	forgot	see	saw
begin	began	get	got	sell	sold
blow	blew	give	gave	send	sent
break	broke	go	went	sit	sat
bring	brought	grow	grew	sleep	slept
build	built	have	had	speak	spoke
buy	bought	hear	heard	spend	spent
can	could	hide	hid	stand	stood
choose	chose	hold	held	sting	stung
come	came	keep	kept	swim	swam
cut	cut	know	knew	take	took
dig	dug	leave	left	teach	taught
do	did	let	let	tell	told
draw	drew	light	lit	think	thought
dream	dreamt	make	made	throw	threw
drink	drank	meet	met	understand	understood
drive	drove	pay	paid	wake	woke
eat	ate	put	put	win	won
feel	felt	read	read	write	wrote
fight	fought	ride	rode		
find	found	run	ran		



A. Read and choose the correct answer:

1. We didn't _____ at home yesterday.
A. stayed B. stay C. staying
2. I _____ to London last week.
A. go B. goes C. went
3. we _____ the park 3 days ago.
A. visit B. visited C. is visiting
4. we _____ a movie yesterday.
A. watched B. is watching C. watches
5. My dad _____ this house in 2000.
A. building B. build C. built
6. Ramadan _____ the room yesterday.
A. clean B. cleans C. cleaned
7. Sakina _____ her room last Friday.
A. tidy B. tidied C. was tidying
8. They _____ their parents a week ago.
A. visits B. visited C. was visiting
9. Noora _____ the washing yesterday.
A. do B. does C. did
10. She didn't _____ London last week.
A. visit B. visiting C. visited

B. Correct the underlined words or phrases:

1. Last Monday, She go to the museum. _____
2. Last Friday, Hamza meet his friend Khalid. _____
3. Yesterday, the kids hang out with their dad. _____
4. They not go to the zoo yesterday. _____
5. I do the washing up yesterday. _____



Past Progressive

was / were + v. + ing → *was eating – were reading

Negative: was / were + not + v. + ing → *wasn't eating – were not reading

I	was	<u>eating</u>	at 5 pm.
He	was	<u>playing</u>	at night.
She	was	<u>sleeping</u>	at 3 am.
It	was	<u>raining</u>	in the afternoon.
We	were	<u>watching</u>	this afternoon.
They	were	<u>doing</u>	after school.
You	were	<u>making</u>	at 9 am.



□ Do as shown between brackets.

- I were cleaning my room. (correct)

- Was you doing your homework? (correct)

- My sisters were cook pasta. (correct)

- Were your neighbours flying kites? -Yes, they _____ (Complete)
- Fahd, Khaled and Cheetos were surfing the net. (Rewrite using not)

- Was Saboona building a sandcastle? - No, she _____ (Complete)



When / While

when → past simple → past progressive (was/were + v.+ing)

When my dad arrived, I was sleeping.

past progressive (was/were + v.+ing) → **when** → past simple

I was sleeping **when** my dad arrived.

while → past progressive (was/were + v.+ing) → past simple

While my dad was reading a book, I drew a picture.

past simple → **while** → past progressive (was/were + v.+ing)

They played **while** their mom was washing the dishes.

I was walking **when** I found a wallet.



While I was walking, I found a wallet.

A. Read and choose the correct answer:

- I was walking in the street when the accident _____.
A. happen
B. happened
C. happens
D. was happening
- The students _____ when the teacher entered the class.
A. shout
B. was shouting
C. shouted
D. were shouting
- While I was studying, the movie _____.
A. start
B. was starting
C. started
D. were starting
- We were playing _____ we heard a strange noise.
A. who
B. while
C. when
D. where
- _____ I was surfing the internet, the computer shutdown.
A. When
B. Which
C. Where
D. While
- While I _____, the phone rang.
A. sleep
B. was sleeping
C. slept
D. were sleeping



B. Complete with the Past Simple or the Past Progressive of the verbs between brackets:

1. When my dad came home, I _____ . (sleep).
2. While he _____ (drive) his car, it started raining.
3. I _____ (study) when my brother slept.
4. She _____ (shop) in the supermarket when she saw her friend, Kallo.
5. When Fulla _____ (go) in the room, her sister was reading a book.
6. While Hamza _____ (read) a story, his friend called.
7. The children were playing in the garden when it _____ (start) to rain.
8. While Mum was walking in the street, she _____ (see) an old lady.
9. My Mum _____ (come) while the baby was crying.
10. When I visited my friend, he (play) _____ video games.
11. The kids were swinging at the park when it (rain) _____ .
12. I was reading a book, when my mom (cook) _____ dinner.
13. I _____ (study) for my history test when the phone rang.
14. While Nafeesa was climbing up the tree, she _____ (slip).
15. While I _____ (walk), I found a wallet.



Writing

A. Write a paragraph of seven sentences about “Your Favourite Hobby”

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