

تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج القطرية



*للحصول على أوراق عمل لجميع الصفوف وجميع المواد اضغط هنا

<https://almanahj.com/qa>

* للحصول على أوراق عمل لجميع مواد المستوى السابع اضغط هنا

<https://almanahj.com/qa/7>

* للحصول على جميع أوراق المستوى السابع في مادة لغة انجليزية ولجميع الفصول, اضغط هنا

<https://almanahj.com/qa/7english>

* للحصول على أوراق عمل لجميع مواد المستوى السابع في مادة لغة انجليزية الخاصة بـ الفصل الثاني اضغط هنا

<https://almanahj.com/qa/7english2>

* لتحميل كتب جميع المواد في جميع الفصول للمستوى السابع اضغط هنا

<https://almanahj.com/qa/grade7>

للتحدث إلى بوت المناهج القطرية على تلغرام: اضغط هنا

https://t.me/qacourse_bot

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS WORKSHEETS

Choose the correct answer:

1- A: What are you going to do on Thursday?
B: _____

- a) It seems fantastic.
- b) I get up early daily.
- c) This is a good idea.
- d) I am going to have a family party.**

2- A: What is the matter with your brother?
B: _____

- a) He has got headache.**
- b) He is kind and smart.
- c) I would like some tea.
- d) I should go to the clinic.

3- A: What is your opinion of the new film?
B: _____

- a) it is fantastic!**
- b) it is an action film!
- c) it came out in 2019.
- d) It is fantasy adventure.

4- A: We are travelling to London this summer.
B: _____

- a) Don't worry!
- b) It sounds great!**
- c) Maybe we will talk later.
- d) I don't like staying at home.

Choose the correct answer:

1- A: Sorry my uncle, my dad is not here now?

B: _____

a) I'll leave now.

b) I'll call back later.

c) Can I take a message?

d) Yes, it sounds fantastic.

2- A:

B : It came out in 2015.

a) What's the film about?

b) Where did you find it?

c) When did the film come out?

d) Who is the hero?

3- A: Why don't you learn English?

B: _____

a) My dad is a doctor

b) Spanish is easier than English.

c) I think it is important to learn it.

d) I think Arabic is not a difficult language.

4- A : Would you like to come to have dinner with me?

B : _____

a) I hope you can make it.

b) Can I take a message?

c) Maybe some other time.

d) My favourite teacher is Mr. Ahmed.

Worksheet (1) – The Most Important Vocabulary

* Students may refer to their Students' Book (pages 123-124-125) for more vocabulary.

WORD	MEANING
Exercise (v.)	يتمرن
Leading actor (n)	بطل الفلم
Hunter (n.)	صياد
Hunt (v.)	يصيد
Mystery (n.)	غموض
Play (n.)	مسرحية
Pale (adj.)	شاحب
Light (adj.)	خفيف
Mind (v.)	يمنع
Advertisement (n.)	إعلان
WORD	MEANING
Change (v.)	يغير
Fix (v.)	يصلح
Throw away (v.)	يرمي
Compete (v.)	يتنافس
Charity (n.)	مؤسسة خيرية
Shelter (n.)	ملجأ – مأوى
Proud (adj.)	فخور
Panicked (v.)	أصيب بالذعر
WORD	MEANING
Rope (n.)	حبل
Web (n.)	شبكة
Insect (n.)	حشرة
Scene (n.)	مشهد من فلم
Homeless (adj.)	متشرد
Blind (adj.)	أعمى
WORD	MEANING
Interview (v.)	يقابل (مقابل)
Upset (adj)	متعكر المزاج
Trophy (n.)	كأس
National team	منتخب وطني
Tournament (n.)	بطولة
Tennis court (n.)	ملعب تنس

WORD	MEANING
Avoid (v.)	يتجنب
Star (v.)	يمثل دور البطولة
Director (n.)	مخرج
Direct (v.)	يخرج
Score (n.)	نتيجة
skirt (n.)	تنورة
Junk food (n.)	وجبات سريعة
Unhealthy (adj.)	طعام غير صحي
Healthy (adj.)	صحي
Change my mind	أغير رأبي
WORD	MEANING
A pair of (n.)	زوج من
Customer (n.)	زبون
Fitting room (n.)	غرفة قياس
Championship (n)	بطولة
Change (n.)	الفكة (نقود)
Goggles (n)	نظارات سباحة
Teammate (n.)	زميل
WORD	MEANING
Hokey (n.)	هوكي
Water polo (n.)	كرة الماء
Net (n.)	شبكة
Racket (n.)	مضرب تنس
Calm down (v.)	يهدأ
Drop (v.)	يوصل
WORD	MEANING
Tired (adj.)	متعب
Exhausted (adj.)	مرهق
Terrified (adj.)	خائف
Nervous (adj.)	مرتبك
confident (adj.)	واثق
slippery (adj.)	طريق زلق

(n.) = noun (v.) = verb (adj.) = adjective (adv.) = adverb

Exam Sample (Vocabulary Questions)

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c & d:

- 1- When you go swimming, you have to take your with you.
- a) roof
 - b) skirt
 - c) goggles
 - d) championship

- 2- Don't be Relax and everything will be fine.
- a) nervous
 - b) unhealthy
 - c) interesting
 - d) confident

B- Fill in the gaps from the list below:

fitting room – fix – blind - scene

- 1- The old man is **blind**. He cannot read your messages.
- 2- Where is the **fitting room**, please? I want to try this T-shirt.
- 3- The last **scene** of the film was not very good.
- 4- I will **fix** the motor.

charity - rackets – direct – healthy

- 5- Fizzy drinks are not good for you. Try to drink something **healthy**.
- 6- Steven Spielberg is going to **direct** the film.
- 7- You need two **rackets** in order to play tennis.
- 8- I always give away my old clothes to **charity**.

interviewed – throw away– mystery - change

- 9- We don't know where she is. It is a **mystery**.
- 10- **A)** You can keep the **change**.
B) Thanks, Madam. You are very generous
- 11- I always **throw away** the things that I don't want any more.
- 12- The manager **interviewed** the new employee.

advertisement – panicked – championship - nervous

- 13- He **panicked** when he saw the accident.
- 14- I am a little bit **nervous** before exams.
- 15- I knew about that summer camp from a/an **advertisement** online.
- 16- Ali, are you going to take part in the **championship**?

Grade Seven – Pre-exam worksheets:

Worksheet (2) – The Most Important Grammatical Rules

* Students may refer to their Students' Book (pages 115-118) for more rules.

Rule 1 – conditional 'if' - type 'zero'

FORM

In zero conditional sentences, the tense in both parts of the sentence is **the simple present**.

If clause (condition)

If + simple present

If this thing happens

Main clause (result)

simple present

that thing happens.

Examples:

- If you **heat** ice, it **melts**.
- Ice **melts** if you **heat** it.
- If it **rains**, the grass **gets** wet.
- The grass **gets** wet if it **rains**.

EXERCISES:

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c & d:

- 1- If you freeze water, it a solid.
a) become
b) became
c) becomes
d) becoming
- 2- Plants die if they don't enough water.
a) get
b) got
c) gets
d) getting

3- If my husband a cold, I usually catch it.

- a) had
- b) has**
- c) have
- d) having

4- If you mix red and blue, you purple.

- a) get**
- b) got
- c) gets
- d) getting

5- If you want to come, me before 5:00.

- a) calls
- b) called
- c) call me
- d) call**

Rule 2 – Relative Clause

Who: refers to people

e.g. The police caught the man who stole the car.

Which: refers to things and animals

e.g. This is the new phone which I bought last week.

Where: refers to place

e.g. We visited the city where my father came from.

Exam Sample (relative clause)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c & d:

1- The people live next door are not very friendly.

- a) who**
- b) which
- c) where

2- This is the town I spent my childhood.

- a) who
- b) which
- c) where

3- This is the house I was born in.

- a) who
- b) which
- c) where

4- Here is an article might interest you.

- a) who
- b) which
- c) where

5- This is Ali you met last year.

- a) who
- b) which
- c) where

6- This is the boy. I like him.

(Join using '**who**')
تم تحميل هذا الملف من موقع المناهج القطرية

This is the boy who I like.

7- That is the car. I like it.

(Join using '**which**')
alManahj.com/qa

That is the car which I like.

8- Ahmed likes basketball. He is very tall.

(Join using '**who**')

Ahmed who likes basketball is very tall.

9- I like Cairo. I live there.

(Join using '**where**')

I like Cairo where I live.

Rule 3 – should/shouldn't

We use should and shouldn't to give advice or to talk about what we think is right or wrong.

You should means something like I think it is a good idea for you to do it.

You shouldn't means something like I think it is a bad idea for you to do it.

Examples

- Ali works very long hours. He **should** talk to his boss.
- You look tired. I think you **shouldn't** go to school today.

Exam Sample (should/shouldn't)

Change into negative:

1- You **should not** be so selfish.

2- You **should not** smoke so much.

3- You **should not** exercise more

4- You **should not** go on a diet.

5- You **should not** speak to your father like this.

6- The kids **should not** spend so much time in front of the TV.

Rule 4 – Future Tenses

Correct the verbs.

1. Look at those black clouds. **It is going to rain.**
2. **A:** Ahmed **is not going to come** to the basketball game with us this Saturday.
B: Why not?
A: He **is going to visit** his cousins.
4. I'm hungry. I **will make** a sandwich.
5. **A:** I'm late!
B: Don't worry. I **will drive** you to the airport.
6. I promise I **will not use** your computer when you're not home.
7. I'm sure she **will be** a famous photographer one day.
8. These bags are heavy. **Will you help** me carry them?

Rule 5 – **For** or **SINCE**

Complete with **For** or **SINCE**

- 1) I have been a teacher **For** 30 years
2. Bob has worked in that import export company **SINCE** he was thirty
3. I have studied English **For** four years
4. Jenny has eaten five sandwiches **SINCE** 7pm
5. My parents have been married **For** twenty years
6. I have known my best friend **SINCE** I met him at high school
7. They have travelled in the USA **For** one month
8. The boys have played tennis **For** two hours
9. Kevin has been in Greece **SINCE** July
10. My brother has drunk juice **For** two hours

11. I haven't eaten anything SINCE lunch

Rule 6 – **much** or **many**

1. There is ____ tea in the jar.
a) **much** b) any c) many d) an
2. We have ____ tomatoes for salad.
a) **many** b) any c) a d) much
3. There is ____ water in the glass.
a) **much** b) many c) any d) a
4. There aren't ____ peaches on the plate.
a) **many** b) a c) some d) much
5. Please, don't eat ____ fast food.
a) too many b) many c) **too much** d) some
6. How ____ meat will you buy?
a) **much** b) many c) some d) any
7. How ____ Pens do you want ,dear?
a) much b) **many** c) some d) any
8. You shouldn't eat too ____ butter.
a) some b) any c) many d) **much**
9. How ____ bananas are there?
a) **many** b) much c) any d) some

1- Write **an e-mail giving advice** to your friend who has to study for the exams and has tennis practice 4 times a week.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

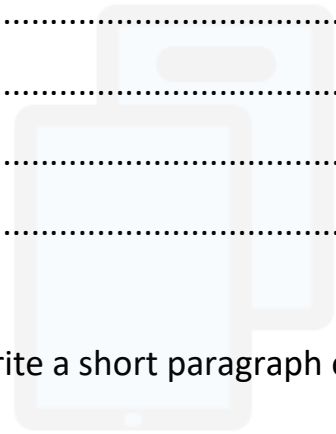
.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



تم تحميل هذا الملف من
موقع المناهج القطرية

2- Write a short paragraph of **(8 sentences)** about: **Your Favorite film**

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Reading Practice (1)

Read the passage bellow carefully, then answer the questions that follow

Once upon a time, there was a homeless man. For him, life was always hard. He was always hungry. His shoes had holes in them. He always needed a haircut. His clothes were old and dirty. "What would I do with one hundred dollars?" he said to himself. This was a game he liked to play with himself to take his mind off things. He was walking down the street on a Thursday night.

The winter air was cold on his face. "If I had one hundred dollars, I could buy new socks," he said. He continued to walk down the street. "If I had one hundred dollars, I could get a haircut," he also said. He continued to walk down the street. "If I had one hundred dollars, I could buy new pants," he said happily. He continued to walk down the street. "If I had one hundred dollars, I could get a burger," he loudly said that.

His stomach rumbled at that lovely thought. "If I had,," he looked down at the sidewalk. He could not believe what he saw! Someone lost his wallet. The homeless man picked it up. Inside were five twenty-dollar notes. "One hundred dollars!" He said. He was very excited. "Now I could buy everything I wanted!" Then, he began to think. "But this is not my money!" he said. He went straight to the nearest police station.

He gave the police officer the wallet with the money inside. "Thank you," said the police officer. "You are a very honest man." The homeless man smiled. He turned around and began to leave the police station. "**Hold on,**" the police officer said. He reached in his own pocket and gave the homeless man ten dollars. "Get yourself something to eat."

A- Answer the following questions:

1- What is the passage **MAINLY** about?

- A. a lost wallet
- B. kindness of a police officer
- C. honesty of a homeless man
- D. dishonesty of a homeless man

2- What is life like for the homeless?

- A. easy
- B. hard
- C. warm
- D. happy

3- What is the meaning of the underlined expression "**Hold on**" in the last paragraph?

- A. run
- B. wait
- C. move
- D. finish

4- What did the homeless man find on the ground?

- A. a wallet
- B. a burger
- C. a new born baby
- D. a pair of trousers

5- What did the police officer tell the homeless man to do?

"Get yourself something to eat."

6- Why did the homeless man's stomach rumble?

Because he was always hungry.

7- What could the homeless man do with the money?

He could buy everything he wanted.

8- What did the police officer give the homeless man?

He gave the homeless man ten dollars.

9- Why did the homeless man like to play a game with himself?

He liked to play with himself to take his mind off things.

10- When did the whole story happen?

It happened in the winter

Reading Practice (2)

Read the passage below carefully, then answer the questions that follow

Firefighting is an important job to keep people safe and help keep fires from damaging houses. It is a hard job, but if you like helping people, it could be the job for you! Firefighters have to make sure their bodies are strong enough to do all of the work required. They have to be able to carry heavy objects, go up many stairs and work for a long time. Firefighters also have **frequent** training.

They need to be aware of the latest techniques in fighting fires and keeping themselves and others safe. They train themselves and they also talk to other people about fire safety. One of the most important parts of being a firefighter is working as a team. Firefighters have to work together to stop fires!

Firefighters wear special equipment to keep them safe. They wear big jackets and pants made of special materials to protect them from fire. Helmets are another type of equipment to protect their heads from falling objects. They wear face masks and oxygen tanks to help them breathe even when the air is filled with smoke. Firefighters also wear boots to protect their feet from kicking objects and from the heat.

In some places, firefighters also have to be prepared to help people who are sick or injured. They are trained to help people with first aids. Fire departments have ambulances that carry the firefighters to the accident place with all the tools to help treat the injured.

Thankfully, firefighters are close by to help us if there is an emergency. Firefighting is not easy, but if you like helping people, it could be a good fit for you!

Answer the following questions:

1- What is the text **MAINLY** about?

- A. the money firefighters get
- B. the training firefighters have
- C. information about firefighters' work**
- D. the number of people firefighters save

2- What is the meaning of the underlined word "**frequent**" in paragraph 2?

- A. usual
- B. unusual
- C. **repeated**
- D. unrepeatd

3- What carries the firefighters to the accident place?

- A. lorries
- B. bicycles
- C. motorbikes
- D. **ambulances**

4- Why do firefighters wear helmets?

To protect their heads from falling objects.

5- Why do firefighters wear special jackets and pants?

To protect them from fire.

6- What is the writer's opinion of firefighting?

It's an important job to keep people safe and help keep fires from damaging houses.

7- Why is team work important in firefighting?

Because firefighters have to work together to stop fire.

8- Who could be good firefighters?

People who like to help others.

9- Why are firefighters very important people?

Because they keep people safe and put out fire.