

شكراً لتحميلك هذا الملف من موقع المناهج القطرية



اوراق عمل نهاية الفصل غير مجانية

[موقع المناهج](#) ⇨ [المناهج القطرية](#) ⇨ [المستوى التاسع](#) ⇨ [لغة انجليزية](#) ⇨ [الفصل الأول](#) ⇨ [الملف](#)

تاريخ نشر الملف على موقع المناهج: 06:26:16 2023-12-19

التواصل الاجتماعي بحسب المستوى التاسع



روابط مواد المستوى التاسع على تلغرام

[الرياضيات](#)

[اللغة الانجليزية](#)

[اللغة العربية](#)

[التربية الاسلامية](#)

المزيد من الملفات بحسب المستوى التاسع والمادة لغة انجليزية في الفصل الأول

[اختبار نهاية الفصل مع الاحابة النموذجية](#)

1

[اختبار نهاية الفصل غير محاب](#)

2

[مواضيع الكتابة نهاية الفصل الجزء الثاني](#)

3

[مواضيع الكتابة نهاية الفصل](#)

4

[اختبار وتدريبات نهاية الفصل](#)

5

Language functions**Read and choose the correct response.**

1- Ali: I've bought a new Rolls Royce.

Salem: _____.

- A. Beats me!
- B. How is life?
- C. Nice to meet you.
- D. I'm happy for you.

2. Bader: Guess what! I've won the swimming competition.

Talal: _____.

- A. How do you do?
- B. It's good for you.
- C. Congratulations!
- D. Don't worry about it.

3. Muhamed: Let's go swimming.

Ahmed: _____

- A. So-so
- B. That's a good idea.
- C. Sorry to hear that.
- D. He is very confident.

4. Omar: How is it going?

Hamad: _____

- A. I'm fine thanks.
- B. They are something else.
- C. May be some other time.
- D. I fell off my bike and got hurt.

5. Jamal: I think you should apologize.

Bilal: _____.

- A. Not too much
- B. You poor thing!
- C. You have a point.
- D. I haven't got any plans.

6. Ibrahim: In my opinion, Ali is the best boy in the class.

Youssef: _____

- A. You have a point.
- B. I'm not a big fan.
- C. I haven't got a clue.
- D. I can't stand it anymore.

7. Omar: Did I tell you? I got band 7 in IELTS.

Kareem: _____

- A. Congratulations!
- B. I have other plans.
- C. You'd better give it up.
- D. It's two kilometers from here.

8. Tameem: Personally, I think Japanese is the most difficult language.

Ali: _____

- A. See you later.
- B. You have a point.
- C. How have you been?
- D. I'm afraid I can't make it.

Vocabulary**Read and choose the correct answer.**

9- It is _____ to pick your nose while people are eating.

- a. polite
- b. normal
- c. disgusting
- d. wonderful

10- Cars are made of _____

- a. metal
- b. leather
- c. rubber
- d. wood

11- _____ people are sometimes happy, sometimes sad.

- a. Cheerful
- b. Confident
- c. Optimistic
- d. Moody

12- It is _____ that you put your finger in the tea.

- a. nice
- b. salty
- c. bitter
- d. disgusting

13- English is one of the most _____ languages in the world.

- a. common
- b. delicious
- c. colourful
- d. dangerous

14- Can I have a _____ with you after the break?

- a. word
- b. speech
- c. sentence
- d. paragraph

15- Let me _____ for lunch today.

- a. pay
- b. play
- c. spend
- d. waste

16- Koshari is a _____ dish in Egypt. I will try it one day.

- a. strange
- b. common
- c. beautiful
- d. dangerous

Read the following, then fill in the gaps with suitable words.

touch - invented - shocked - imagine - silk

- 17- My brother was _____ when he knew he failed the exam.
- 18- I don't know who _____ the mobile.
- 19- Can you _____ life without the internet?
- 20- I lost _____ with my friends after we graduated from university.

mate - wonder- think - seat - luggage

- 21- I helped my father with the _____ when we went to the airport.
- 22- I usually fight with my room _____ because he is untidy.
- 23- I _____ where Ali is. I didn't find him anywhere.
- 24- The flight attendant asked me to fasten my _____ belt.

mates - discovered - word – trustworthy - invented

- 25- I still remember my play _____ when we were children.
- 26- Edison _____ the electric light bulb.
- 27- Omar is _____. You can rely on him in times of need.
- 28- Can I have a _____ with you?

fan - luggage -stand – shocked - flood

- 29- I forgot my _____ at the airport. I need to go back and get it.
- 30- The schools were closed because of the _____
- 31- Amr was _____ when he knew that his team lost the match.
- 32- I'm not a big _____ of football.

collapsed - generous -mates – famous - volcano

- 33- Our neighbour is very _____ He donates his money to the poor.
- 34- A lot of houses _____ during the earthquake.
- 35- My team _____ usually help me score by making great assists.
- 36- Which is more dangerous a _____ or a Tsunami?

Grammar

Read and choose the correct answer.

1 – They _____ TV. yesterday evening at 9:00 o'clock.

- a. watch
- b. will watch
- c. have watched
- d. were watching

2- Ali _____ reading a comic now.

- a. read
- b. reads
- c. is reading
- d. has read

3- I have been learning English _____ 2003.

- a. at
- b. in
- c. for
- d. since

4- Ronaldo has played for Al Nasr _____ two years.

- a. at
- b. on
- c. for
- d. since

5- It _____ now. You should take an umbrella.

- a. rain
- b. rains
- c. rained
- d. is raining

6- Omar has lived in Doha _____ six years.

- a. at
- b. on
- c. for
- d. since

7- Ali used to _____ with toy cars when he was young.

- a. play
- b. plays
- c. played
- d. playing

Do as shown in brackets

8- She was ironing the clothes when her husband (arrive). (Correct the verb)

9- That is the car. It caused the accident. (Use: which)

10- He is the man. He helped me at the mall. (Use: who)

11- I feel thirsty, but I don't have **some** water. (Correct the word)

12- This is the doctor. He saved my life. (Use: who)

13- They were eating when someone (**knock**) on the door. (Correct the verb)

14- After Mona had washed the dishes, she cooked food. (Use: Before)

15- I didn't see **some** students in the exam room. (Correct the word)

16- After the boys had fed the cat, they bathed it. (Use before)

17- Salem is a policeman. He caught the thief red-handed (Use who)

18- Hamza is (**interest**) in English. (Correct the word)

19- I can't find **some** sugar in the kitchen. (Correct the word)

20- Omar (**reach**) Cairo an hour ago. (Correct the word)

21- Fatima was making salad when she (**spill**) the oil. (Correct the word)

Reading Comprehension:

Directions: Read the passage and answer the questions

Galileo was born in the year 1564 in the town of Pisa, Italy. When he was 20 years old, he was studying in Pisa. His father wanted him to be a doctor, but Galileo was bored with school except for math. Because math was the one subject where he was doing well, the court mathematician offered to tutor him privately so he could become a qualified mathematician. Galileo's father was disappointed, but finally he agreed.

Galileo began experimenting with different things because he could sell them to earn some money. He had a little bit of success with his invention that was like a compass that could be used to measure plots of land. He had already experimented with pendulums, thermometers, and magnets.

A Dutch inventor had invented something called a spyglass, but he was keeping it a top secret. When Galileo heard that he decided to work on one of his own. Within 24 hours, he had invented a telescope that could **magnify** things to make them appear ten times larger than real life.

One night, he pointed his telescope toward the sky, and made his first of many space observations: the moon was not smooth, like everyone thought. The moon was covered in bumps and holes. As technology has improved, first Galileo, and then many other scientists, have made improvements on the telescope, the wonderful device that allows us to see objects, like stars, from many a distance. In my opinion Galileo truly was the most successful scientist we have ever known.

51. What is the text Mainly about?

- A. the moon and the stars
- B. Galileo and his telescope
- C. the importance of technology
- D. A Dutch inventor and his inventions

52. What does the underlined word (magnify) in paragraph 3 mean?

- A. clarify
- B. enlarge
- C. reduce
- D. simplify

53. In paragraph one, what did Galileo's father want him to be?

54. In paragraph two, why did Galileo begin experimenting with different things?

55. In paragraph four, what were Galileo's observations about the moon?

56. What does the writer think about Galileo?

The moon is the easiest and brightest object to see in the night sky. The moon is our nearest neighbour. It is only about 238,900 miles (130 days travelling by car – 13 hours travelling by rocket). The Moon travels a distance of 1,423,000 miles around the Earth. It takes 27 days to go all the way around the Earth and return to its starting point.

The moon doesn't make its own light. The light we see comes from the sun and bounces off the moon. How much of it we see depends on its position in relation to the Earth and the Sun. If the sun wasn't there, we wouldn't be able to see the Moon. The sky of the moon is always black. The surface of the Moon has about the same area as the continent of Africa. Plants and animals can't live on the moon because it doesn't have water on its surface or oxygen in its atmosphere.

During the day, the moon is very hot (100 degrees) but at night it is very cold (minus 173 degrees). So astronauts who visit the moon wear special suits to ***protect*** themselves from the heat and the cold. The first spacecraft to reach the Moon was Luna 1 in 1959. Astronauts first landed on the moon in 1969. After that, there were at least six more trips to the moon. They brought back moon rocks, which scientists are still studying. Some poets and writers think that the moon is a symbol of beauty.

1. What is the text MAINLY about?

- A. the size of the moon
- B. the weather on the moon
- C. general information about the moon
- D. the distance between the moon and the earth

2. What does the underlined word “protect” in paragraph 3 mean?

- A. keep
- B. pay
- C. sell
- D. send

3. According to paragraph 1, how long does it take the moon to go all around the earth?

4. According to paragraph 2, why can't plants and animals live on the moon?

5. According to paragraph 2, what would happen if the sun wasn't there?

6. According to paragraph 3, what do some poets and writers think of the moon?

Writing

Write an essay about **an interesting event you have been to**.

Your post should consist of **three paragraphs**, and you should write at least **12 sentences**

Helping phrases / questions:

- what the event was
- when and where it happened
- what you expected to see
- how you felt and your opinion.

Write an essay describing a person you like.

Your essay should consist of **three paragraphs**, and you should write at least **12 sentences**

Helping phrases:

- who you are writing about
- his/her character and examples
- how he/she has influenced you
- how you feel about him/her

Write an informal email to a friend giving your latest news.

Helping phrases:

- greet your friend
- say why you are writing
- tell him about your news
- close your email and sign off

Write an article describing a place that you have visited recently.

Helping phrases:

- name of the place.
- Where it is
- Sights to see there.
- What you think of it
